

915 KF Ti-Touch



Manual

8.915.8005EN / 2022-04-30



Metrohm AG
CH-9100 Herisau
Switzerland
+41 71 353 85 85
info@metrohm.com
www.metrohm.com

915 KF Ti-Touch

Program version 5.915.0045

Manual

This documentation is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.

This documentation has been prepared with great care. However, errors can never be entirely ruled out. Please send comments regarding possible errors to the address above.

Disclaimer

Deficiencies arising from circumstances that are not the responsibility of Metrohm, such as improper storage or improper use, etc., are expressly excluded from the warranty. Unauthorized modifications to the product (e.g. conversions or attachments) exclude any liability on the part of the manufacturer for resulting damage and its consequences. Instructions and notes in the Metrohm product documentation must be strictly followed. Otherwise, Metrohm's liability is excluded.

Melody for the BEEP command: excerpt from "En Altfrentsche", with kind permission of the Laseyer Quartett, Appenzell.

Table of contents

| | | |
|----------|---|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction | 1 |
| 1.1 | Instrument description | 1 |
| 1.1.1 | Titration and measuring modes | 1 |
| 1.1.2 | Connectors | 2 |
| 1.1.3 | Intended use | 2 |
| 1.2 | About the documentation | 3 |
| 1.2.1 | Symbols and conventions | 3 |
| 2 | Safety instructions | 5 |
| 2.1 | General notes on safety | 5 |
| 2.2 | Electrical safety | 5 |
| 2.3 | Tubing and capillary connections | 6 |
| 2.4 | Flammable solvents and chemicals | 6 |
| 2.5 | Recycling and disposal | 7 |
| 3 | Overview of the instrument | 8 |
| 3.1 | Front of the instrument | 8 |
| 3.2 | Rear of the instrument | 9 |
| 4 | Installation | 10 |
| 4.1 | Setting up the instrument | 10 |
| 4.1.1 | Packaging | 10 |
| 4.1.2 | Checks | 10 |
| 4.1.3 | Location | 10 |
| 4.2 | Connecting the power supply unit | 10 |
| 4.3 | Mounting the KF titration cell | 12 |
| 4.4 | Connecting MSB devices | 13 |
| 4.4.1 | Connecting a dosing device | 14 |
| 4.4.2 | Connecting an additional stirrer or titration stand | 15 |
| 4.4.3 | Connecting a Remote Box | 15 |
| 4.5 | Connecting USB devices | 16 |
| 4.5.1 | General | 16 |
| 4.5.2 | Connecting a USB hub | 16 |
| 4.5.3 | Connecting a printer | 16 |
| 4.5.4 | Connecting a balance | 17 |
| 4.5.5 | Connecting a PC keyboard | 18 |
| 4.5.6 | Connecting a barcode reader | 19 |
| 4.5.7 | Connecting a Sample Processor | 19 |
| 4.5.8 | Connecting the 885 Compact Oven SC | 20 |

| | | |
|------------|---|------------|
| 8.5 | Exchange unit | 62 |
| 8.5.1 | Parameters for the preparation (PREP) | 64 |
| 8.5.2 | Tubing parameters | 65 |
| 8.6 | GLP test for exchange unit and dosing unit | 66 |
| 8.7 | Titer determination options and data | 68 |
| 8.7.1 | Titer validity | 68 |
| 8.7.2 | Properties of the previous titer determinations | 69 |
| 9 | Reagents | 71 |
| 9.1 | Editing reagent data | 71 |
| 9.2 | Reagent monitoring | 72 |
| 10 | Sensors | 75 |
| 10.1 | Adding a new sensor | 76 |
| 10.2 | Editing the sensor data | 76 |
| 10.3 | Monitoring the working life | 77 |
| 11 | Device manager | 79 |
| 11.1 | Adding a new device | 80 |
| 11.2 | Configuring the instrument | 80 |
| 11.3 | Ti-Touch | 81 |
| 11.3.1 | E-mail | 82 |
| 11.3.2 | PC/LIMS report | 83 |
| 11.3.3 | Shared memory | 84 |
| 11.3.4 | TCP/IP settings | 86 |
| 11.4 | Metrohm control instruments | 87 |
| 11.4.1 | Properties – Measuring input | 88 |
| 11.4.2 | Properties – MSB connector | 89 |
| 11.4.3 | Properties – Peripheral devices | 90 |
| 11.5 | Sample Processor | 91 |
| 11.5.1 | Properties – Sample Processor | 92 |
| 11.5.2 | Properties – Tower | 92 |
| 11.5.3 | Properties – Swing Head | 94 |
| 11.6 | Sample racks | 99 |
| 11.6.1 | Editing rack data | 101 |
| 11.6.2 | Rack adjustment | 106 |
| 11.7 | 885 Compact Oven SC | 107 |
| 11.7.1 | Properties - 885 Compact Oven SC | 108 |
| 11.7.2 | Properties - Tower | 109 |
| 11.7.3 | Properties - Oven module | 110 |
| 11.8 | Printer | 111 |
| 11.8.1 | PDF settings | 112 |
| 11.8.2 | Network printer | 113 |

| | | |
|--------------|--|------------|
| 11.8.3 | More options | 115 |
| 11.9 | Balance | 115 |
| 11.10 | USB/RS-232 adapter | 117 |
| 11.11 | PC keyboard | 119 |
| 11.12 | Barcode reader | 120 |
| 12 | File manager | 123 |
| 12.1 | Managing files | 123 |
| 12.1.1 | Copying a file | 125 |
| 12.1.2 | Renaming a file | 125 |
| 12.1.3 | File properties | 126 |
| 12.2 | External storage medium | 127 |
| 12.3 | Creating backups / Restoring data | 129 |
| 12.3.1 | Restoring data | 129 |
| 13 | GLP manager | 131 |
| 13.1 | Automatic system test | 132 |
| 13.2 | Test tools | 132 |
| 13.3 | GLP tests for measurement and titration | 133 |
| 13.3.1 | Parameter description | 134 |
| 13.4 | System validation | 137 |
| 13.4.1 | Parameter description | 138 |
| 13.5 | System monitoring | 141 |
| 13.5.1 | Service interval | 141 |
| 13.5.2 | Backup interval | 141 |
| 14 | Common variables | 143 |
| 14.1 | Editing common variables | 144 |
| 14.2 | Properties of common variables | 145 |
| 14.3 | Monitoring validity | 146 |
| 14.4 | Assigning a result automatically to a common variable | 147 |
| 15 | Templates | 149 |
| 15.1 | Sample data | 149 |
| 15.1.1 | Sample identification list | 150 |
| 15.1.2 | Sample assignment table | 151 |
| 15.2 | Custom result templates | 153 |
| 15.2.1 | Editing result templates | 154 |
| 15.3 | Input lines | 157 |
| 15.3.1 | Editing the input signal | 158 |

| | | |
|-----------|--|------------|
| 15.4 | Output lines | 159 |
| 15.4.1 | Editing the output signal | 161 |
| 15.5 | Report header | 162 |
| 16 | Methods | 164 |
| 16.1 | Creating a new method | 164 |
| 16.2 | Saving a method | 165 |
| 16.3 | Loading a method | 166 |
| 16.4 | Editing a method | 167 |
| 16.4.1 | Inserting a command | 168 |
| 16.5 | Method options | 169 |
| 16.5.1 | Start options | 170 |
| 16.5.2 | Stop options | 172 |
| 16.5.3 | Sample data | 173 |
| 16.5.4 | Method properties | 177 |
| 16.5.5 | Note | 179 |
| 16.5.6 | Saving a determination automatically | 179 |
| 17 | Electronic signatures | 181 |
| 17.1 | Signing methods/determinations electronically | 181 |
| 17.2 | Deleting electronic signatures | 182 |
| 18 | Control | 183 |
| 19 | Favorites | 187 |
| 19.1 | Creating favorites | 188 |
| 19.1.1 | Editing favorites | 188 |
| 20 | Sample data | 191 |
| 20.1 | Entering sample data in the main dialog | 191 |
| 20.2 | Requesting sample data at the start of the determination | 192 |
| 21 | Sample table | 194 |
| 21.1 | General | 194 |
| 21.2 | Editing sample data | 197 |
| 21.3 | Properties | 199 |
| 22 | Determination run | 202 |
| 22.1 | Carrying out a single KF determination | 202 |
| 22.2 | Performing a sample series | 203 |
| 22.3 | Canceling determinations manually | 204 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| 23 Live modifications | 205 |
| 23.1 Editing the sample data of the running determination | 205 |
| 23.2 Editing the sample table while a determination is running | 206 |
| 23.3 Live display | 207 |
| 23.4 Live parameters | 209 |
| 24 Results and more determination data | 211 |
| 24.1 More determination data | 212 |
| 24.1.1 Details | 213 |
| 24.2 Messages | 215 |
| 24.3 Local common variables | 215 |
| 24.4 Determination properties | 216 |
| 24.5 Loading a determination | 218 |
| 24.5.1 Determination list | 219 |
| 24.6 Saving a determination | 224 |
| 24.7 Curves | 224 |
| 24.8 Recalculation and reevaluation | 226 |
| 25 Statistics | 228 |
| 25.1 Displaying details for a result | 230 |
| 25.2 Deleting statistical data | 231 |
| 25.3 Adding a determination to a determination series | 231 |
| 26 Result table | 233 |
| 26.1 Properties | 234 |
| 26.2 Saving the result table | 238 |
| 26.3 Loading the result table | 238 |
| 27 Printing | 239 |
| 27.1 General report options | 241 |
| 27.2 Settings of the individual reports | 242 |
| 27.3 List of all printable reports | 243 |
| 28 Manual control | 247 |
| 28.1 Opening and closing the manual control | 248 |
| 28.2 Measuring | 249 |
| 28.2.1 Parameter description | 250 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| 28.3 Dosing | 251 |
| 28.3.1 Continuous dosing | 254 |
| 28.3.2 Dosing fixed volumes | 255 |
| 28.3.3 Preparing | 258 |
| 28.3.4 Emptying | 259 |
| 28.3.5 Filling | 259 |
| 28.3.6 Replacing reagent | 259 |
| 28.4 Stirring | 260 |
| 28.5 Remote | 262 |
| 28.6 Sample Processor | 263 |
| 28.6.1 Moving the lift | 265 |
| 28.6.2 Moving to a rack position | 267 |
| 28.6.3 External positions | 268 |
| 28.7 885 Compact Oven SC | 272 |
| 28.7.1 Controlling the heating/gas flow | 274 |
| 29 Parameters | 276 |
| 29.1 Volumetric Karl Fischer titrations (KFT) | 276 |
| 29.1.1 Start conditions | 276 |
| 29.1.2 Control parameters | 278 |
| 29.1.3 Titration parameters | 281 |
| 29.1.4 Stop conditions | 282 |
| 29.1.5 Conditioning | 283 |
| 29.1.6 Cell | 285 |
| 29.1.7 Control instrument | 285 |
| 29.1.8 Sensor | 285 |
| 29.1.9 Dosing device | 287 |
| 29.1.10 Stirrer | 287 |
| 29.2 Measurements (MEAS) | 288 |
| 29.2.1 Measuring parameters | 288 |
| 29.2.2 Control instrument | 291 |
| 29.2.3 Sensor | 291 |
| 29.2.4 Stirrer | 293 |
| 29.3 Evaluations (EVAL) | 294 |
| 29.3.1 Fixed endpoint evaluation (EVAL FIX-EP) | 294 |
| 29.3.2 Minimum and maximum evaluation (EVAL MIN/MAX) | 295 |
| 29.3.3 Rate evaluation (EVAL RATE) | 297 |
| 29.4 Calculations | 298 |
| 29.4.1 Calculations (CALC) | 298 |
| 29.4.2 Calculations (CALC LIVE) | 305 |
| 29.4.3 Formula editor | 307 |
| 29.5 Reports (REPORT) | 313 |
| 29.5.1 General report options | 314 |
| 29.5.2 Settings of the individual reports | 315 |
| 29.5.3 List of reports | 315 |

X ■■■■■■

| | |
|--|------------|
| 32 Appendix | 355 |
| 32.1 Dosing unit | 355 |
| 32.1.1 Maximum dosing and filling rate | 355 |
| 32.1.2 Default parameters for preparing (PREP) and emptying (EMPTY) | 355 |
| 32.2 Exchange unit | 356 |
| 32.2.1 Maximum dosing and filling rate | 356 |
| 32.2.2 Default parameters for preparing (PREP) | 356 |
| 32.3 Stirring rate | 356 |
| 32.4 Balance | 357 |
| 32.5 Result variables as parameter setting | 358 |
| 32.6 Using AuditTrailViewer | 359 |
| 32.6.1 Installing AuditTrailViewer | 360 |
| 32.6.2 Opening the Audit Trail | 361 |
| 32.6.3 Contents of the Audit Trail | 362 |
| 32.6.4 Filtering the Audit Trail | 363 |
| 32.6.5 Exporting the Audit Trail | 364 |
| 32.7 Diagnosis | 364 |
| 32.7.1 LCD test | 365 |
| 32.7.2 Formatting an external storage medium | 365 |
| 32.7.3 Removing an external storage medium | 366 |
| 32.7.4 Adjusting the touch screen | 366 |
| 32.7.5 Testing the touch screen | 367 |
| 32.7.6 Software update (loading program versions and language files) | 368 |
| 32.7.7 Service | 371 |
| 33 Technical specifications | 372 |
| 33.1 Touch screen | 372 |
| 33.2 Measuring inputs | 373 |
| 33.2.1 Polarizer | 373 |
| 33.2.2 Temperature | 373 |
| 33.3 Built-in magnetic stirrer | 374 |
| 33.4 Pump | 374 |
| 33.5 Interfaces | 374 |
| 33.6 Power supply | 375 |
| 33.7 Declarations of Conformity | 375 |
| 33.8 Ambient temperature | 375 |
| 33.9 Reference conditions | 375 |
| 33.10 Dimensions | 376 |
| 33.11 Storage capacity | 376 |



| | |
|-----------------------|------------|
| 34 Accessories | 377 |
| Index | 378 |

Table of figures

| | | |
|-----------|--|-----|
| Figure 1 | Front 915 KF Ti-Touch | 8 |
| Figure 2 | 915 KF Ti-Touch rear | 9 |
| Figure 3 | Connecting the power supply unit | 11 |
| Figure 4 | MSB connections | 13 |
| Figure 5 | MSB connector | 14 |
| Figure 6 | Connecting a polarizable electrode | 22 |
| Figure 7 | Connecting the temperature sensor | 23 |
| Figure 8 | Connecting the Ti-Touch to a network | 24 |
| Figure 9 | Reagent dosing for KFT | 25 |
| Figure 10 | Dosing unit – port assignment | 61 |
| Figure 11 | Exchange unit – tubing connections | 66 |
| Figure 12 | Directory structure on the external storage medium | 128 |
| Figure 13 | Live display "Preparing the dosing unit" | 258 |
| Figure 14 | Live display "Preparing the exchange unit" | 259 |
| Figure 15 | Evaluation of minimum and maximum | 296 |
| Figure 16 | Rotational speed depending on the stirring rate | 357 |

1 Introduction

1.1 Instrument description

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is a compact titration system for volumetric Karl Fischer titration. This titrator combines in a single device the touch-sensitive color monitor for convenient and efficient operation, the titration unit, the magnetic stirrer and the integrated membrane pump for adding and aspirating solvents. The upper side of the housing offers space for the titrant and the titration cell. The titrator is standard-equipped for operation with an external dosing drive of the *800 Dosino* type with a dosing unit. You can, however, also use a *805 Dosimat* with an exchange unit. Thanks to its compact construction, you can use the 915 KF Ti-Touch in a small space as a stand-alone titrator.

You manage titrants, sensors, methods, etc. conveniently in the internal memory of the 915 KF Ti-Touch. You can also save your files externally through the USB connector, e.g. on a USB flash drive. On this storage medium you can not only store your methods and determinations, but also create a backup together with all of the data and settings of your system.

The integrated Ethernet connector is available to you should you wish to connect your 915 KF Ti-Touch to a network. The network connection offers you the following advantages:

- Saving data to a computer within the network
- Printing reports on a network printer
- Sending displayed messages as e-mails

1.1.1 Titration and measuring modes

The 915 KF Ti-Touch supports the following titration and measuring modes.

- **KFT**
Volumetric water content determination according to Karl Fischer.
Measuring modes:
 - **Ipol** (voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current)
 - **Upol** (amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage)



- **MEAS**

Measuring modes:

- **Ipol** (voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current)
- **Upol** (amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage)
- **T** (temperature measurement)

1.1.2 Connectors

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is equipped with the following connectors:

- **Power connection**

For connecting to the power grid using the power supply unit provided.

- **Two MSB connectors (Metrohm Serial Bus)**

For connecting dosing devices, one additional stirrer or a Remote Box.

- **USB connector**

For connecting peripheral devices (printer, PC keyboard, etc.), a USB flash drive, a Sample Processor or a USB hub.

- **Sensor connectors**

One connector each for:

- Polarizable electrodes
- Temperature sensor (Pt1000 or NTC)

- Ethernet connector

For connecting the Ti-Touch to a network.

- **Two connection nipples**

For connecting tubing for aspirating solvent and extracting the contents of the titration cell.

1.1.3 Intended use

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is designed for usage as a titrator in analytical laboratories. Its application field is volumetric Karl Fischer titration.

This instrument is suitable for processing chemicals and flammable samples. Therefore, the use of the instrument requires the user to have basic knowledge and experience in handling toxic and caustic substances. Knowledge regarding the application of fire prevention measures prescribed for laboratories is also mandatory.

1.2 About the documentation



CAUTION

Please read through this documentation carefully before putting the instrument into operation. The documentation contains information and warnings which the user must follow in order to ensure safe operation of the instrument.

1.2.1 Symbols and conventions

The following symbols and formatting may appear in this documentation:

(5-**12**)

Cross-reference to figure legend

The first number refers to the figure number, the second to the instrument part in the figure.

1

Instruction step

Perform the steps one after the other.

Method

Dialog text, parameter in the software

File ► New

Menu or menu item

[Continue]

Button or key



WARNING

This symbol draws attention to a possible life-threatening hazard or risk of injury.



WARNING

This symbol draws attention to a possible hazard due to electrical current.



WARNING

This symbol draws attention to a possible hazard due to heat or hot instrument parts.



WARNING

This symbol draws attention to a possible biological hazard.



WARNING

Warning of optical radiation



CAUTION

This symbol draws attention to possible damage to instruments or instrument parts.



NOTICE

This symbol highlights additional information and tips.

2 Safety instructions

2.1 General notes on safety



WARNING

Operate this instrument only according to the information contained in this documentation.

This instrument left the factory in a flawless state in terms of technical safety. To maintain this state and ensure non-hazardous operation of the instrument, the following instructions must be observed carefully.

2.2 Electrical safety

The electrical safety when working with the instrument is ensured as part of the international standard IEC 61010.



WARNING

Only personnel qualified by Metrohm are authorized to carry out service work on electronic components.



WARNING

Never open the housing of the instrument. The instrument could be damaged by this. There is also a risk of serious injury if live components are touched.

There are no parts inside the housing which can be serviced or replaced by the user.

Supply voltage



WARNING

An incorrect supply voltage can damage the instrument.

Only operate this instrument with a supply voltage specified for it (see rear panel of the instrument).

Protection against electrostatic charges



WARNING

Electronic components are sensitive to electrostatic charges and can be destroyed by discharges.

Do not fail to pull the power cord out of the power socket before you set up or disconnect electrical plug connections at the rear of the instrument.

2.3 Tubing and capillary connections



CAUTION

Leaks in tubing and capillary connections are a safety risk. Tighten all connections well by hand. Avoid applying excessive force to tubing connections. Damaged tubing ends lead to leakage. Appropriate tools can be used to loosen connections.

Check the connections regularly for leakage. If the instrument is used mainly in unattended operation, then weekly inspections are mandatory.

2.4 Flammable solvents and chemicals

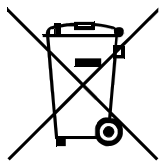


WARNING

All relevant safety measures are to be observed when working with flammable solvents and chemicals.

- Set up the instrument in a well-ventilated location (e.g. fume cupboard).
- Keep all sources of flame far from the workplace.
- Clean up spilled liquids and solids immediately.
- Follow the safety instructions of the chemical manufacturer.

2.5 Recycling and disposal



This product is covered by European Directive 2012/19/EU, WEEE – Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment.

The correct disposal of your old instrument will help to prevent negative effects on the environment and public health.

More details about the disposal of your old instrument can be obtained from your local authorities, from waste disposal companies or from your local dealer.

3.1 Front of the instrument



8 ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■

11 Bottle holder

With holding clips, for reagent bottle.

12 Support rod (lower part)

For mounting the support rod (upper part).

13 Titration stand

With built-in magnetic stirrer and membrane pump for placement of the titration cell.

3.2 Rear of the instrument

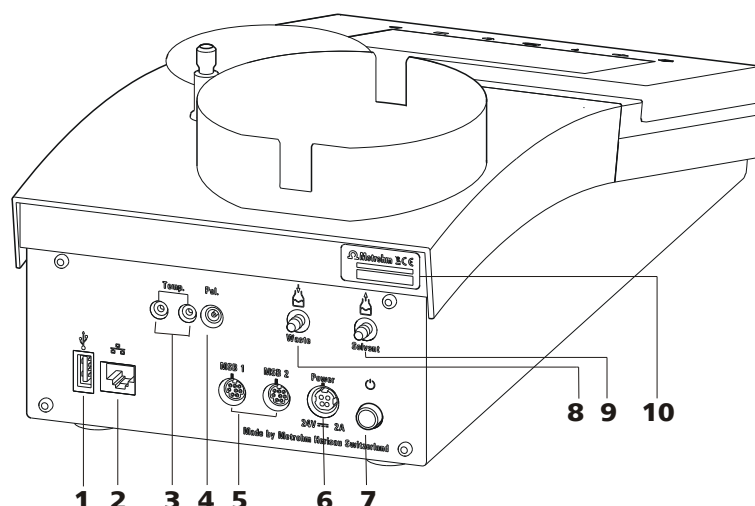


Figure 2 915 KF Ti-Touch rear

1 USB connector (type A)

For connecting a printer, USB flash drive, USB hub, Sample Processor etc.

2 Ethernet connector (RJ-45)

For connecting to a network.

3 Temperature sensor connector (Temp.)

For connecting temperature sensors (Pt1000 or NTC). Two B sockets, 2 mm.

4 Electrode connector (Pol.)

For connecting polarizable electrodes, e.g. double Pt electrodes. Socket F.

5 MSB connector (MSB 1 and MSB 2)

Metrohm Serial Bus. For connecting external dosing devices, stirrers or a Remote Box. Mini DIN, 8-pin.

6 Power socket (Power)

For connecting the external power supply unit.

7 Power switch

Switches the instrument on/off.

8 Connection nipple for PVC tubing

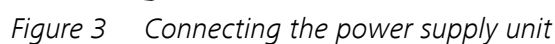
For aspirating the contents of the titration cell.

9 Connection nipple for PVC tubing

For aspirating solvent.

10 Type plate

Contains the serial number.



- 1 Connect the plug of the external power supply unit with the power socket of the Ti-Touch (*see figure 3, page 11*).



The plug of the power supply unit is protected against accidental disconnection of the cable by means of a pull-out protection feature. If you wish to pull out the plug, you first need to pull back the outer plug sleeve marked with arrows.

- 2 Connect the power cord with the external power supply unit of the Ti-Touch and with the power grid.



Switch off the Ti-Touch correctly by pressing the power switch before you disconnect the electricity supply. If this is not done, then there is a danger of data loss.

4.3 Mounting the KF titration cell

The KF titration cell can be mounted with the aid of the upper part of KF titration cell.



NOTICE

To prevent damage to the KF titration cell, the permissible height above the stirrer can be fixed with the aid of the clamping ring at the upper part of the KF titration cell.

Proceed as follows:

- 1** Push the clamping ring (6.2013.010) down as far as possible onto the mounted support rod (6.2016.050). Make sure while doing so that the indent is facing upwards.
- 2** Fix the 6.1414.030 vessel lid of the KF titration cell (with correctly inserted sealing ring from the 6.1244.040 sealing set) to the support rod.
- 3** Keep the locking lever pressed down and push the vessel lid down.
- 4** Fasten the 6.1415.220 (or 6.1415.250) KF titration cell with a 6.1903.020 (or 6.1903.030) stirring bar inside on the vessel lid. Fold back the holding bracket upwards while doing so. The markings on the vessel lid and on the plastic ring must be aligned above one another. Afterwards, press the holding bracket downwards in order to fix the KF titration cell. The levers of the holding bracket must enclose the pins of the plastic ring on the KF titration cell in order to ensure a secure hold.
- 5** Adjust the height of the KF titration cell by pressing the locking lever. It should almost touch the surface of the stirrer.
- 6** Readjust the clamping ring to the KF titration cell position and screw tight to fix the position of the KF titration cell. Make sure that the nose of the electrode holder is placed in the opening of the clamping ring.

If the height of the KF titration cell has been adjusted correctly, the entire cell can be raised and swiveled as required by pressing the locking lever.

4.4 Connecting MSB devices

In order to connect MSB devices, e.g. dosing device or Remote Box, the Ti-Touch has two connectors at what is referred to as the *Metrohm Serial Bus* (MSB). Various peripheral devices can be connected in sequence (daisy chain) at a single MSB connector (8-pin Mini DIN socket) and be controlled simultaneously by the Ti-Touch. In addition to the connection cable, stirrers and the Remote Box are each equipped with their own MSB socket for this purpose.



NOTICE

The additional stirrer must not be connected to the MSB 1!

The following figure provides an overview of the instruments that can be connected to an MSB socket, along with a number of different cabling variations.

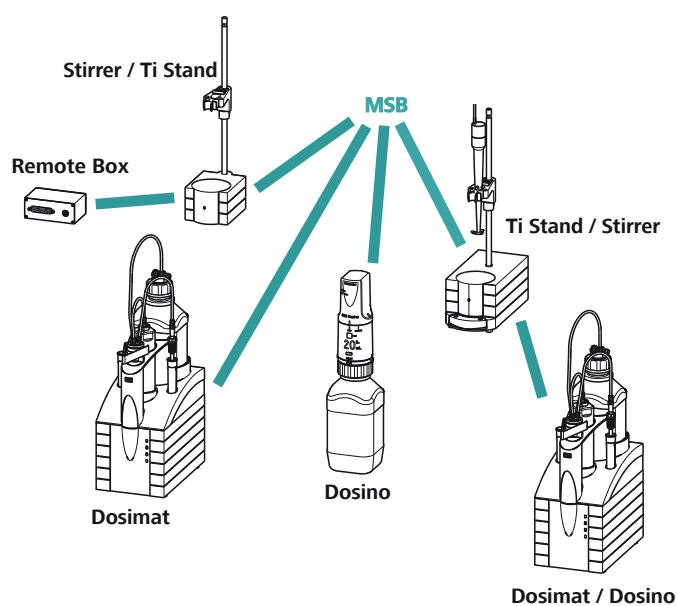


Figure 4 MSB connections



NOTICE

When connecting MSB devices together, the following must be observed:

- No additional stirrer may be connected to the MSB 1!
- Only one device of the same type may be used at a single MSB connector at one time.
- When making the connection, take care to ensure that the flat part of the MSB plug marked with arrows is pointing in the direction of the marking on the MSB connector (*see figure 5, page 14*).

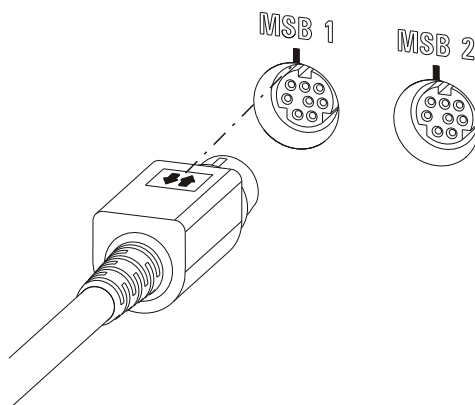


Figure 5 MSB connector



CAUTION

Switch off the Ti-Touch before you plug in MSB devices. When it is switched on, the Ti-Touch automatically recognizes which device is connected to which MSB connector. The connected MSB devices are entered automatically in the device manager.

MSB connections can be extended with the 6.2151.010 cable. The maximum connection length permitted is 6 m.

4.4.1 Connecting a dosing device

You can connect two dosing devices to the Ti-Touch.

The types of dosing devices that are supported are:

- 800 Dosino
- 805 Dosimat

Proceed as follows:

- 1** Switch off the Ti-Touch.
- 2** Connect the dosing device connection cable to an MSB connector (2-**5**) on the rear side of the Ti-Touch.
- 3** Switch on the Ti-Touch.

4.4.2 Connecting an additional stirrer or titration stand

In addition to the built-in magnetic stirrer, you can also use the magnetic stirrers 801 Stirrer, 803 Ti Stand or the 804 Ti Stand with the propeller stirrer 802 Stirrer.

Proceed as follows:

- 1** Switch off the Ti-Touch.
- 2** Connect the connection cable of the magnetic stirrer or of the titration stand to MSB 2 (2-**5**) on the rear of the Ti-Touch.
- 3** Switch on the Ti-Touch.

4.4.3 Connecting a Remote Box

Instruments that are controlled via remote lines and/or that send control signals via remote lines can be connected via the 6.2148.010 Remote Box. In addition to Metrohm, other instrument manufacturers also use similar connectors that make it possible to connect different instruments together. These interfaces are also frequently given the designations "TTL Logic", "I/O Control" or "Relay Control" and they generally have a signal level of 5 volts.

Control signals are understood to be electrical line statuses or brief (> 200 ms) electrical pulses which display the operational state of an instrument or which trigger or report an event. Sequences on a variety of instruments can thus be coordinated in a single complex automation system. However, no exchange of data is possible.

Proceed as follows:

- 1** Switch off the Ti-Touch.
- 2** Connect the Remote Box connection cable to an MSB connector (2-**5**) on the rear side of the Ti-Touch.

3 Switch on the Ti-Touch.

You can connect an 885 Compact Oven SC. The Remote Box also has an MSB socket at which a further MSB device, e.g. a dosing device, can be connected.

You will find precise information concerning the pin assignment of the interface on the Remote Box in the *appendix*.

4.5 Connecting USB devices

4.5.1 General

The 915 KF Ti-Touch has a USB connector (type A socket) for peripheral devices with USB interface and for Sample Processors. If you wish to connect more than one device to the USB, you can use a commercially available USB hub.



NOTICE

We recommend that the Ti-Touch be switched off while you set up or disconnect connections between the devices.

4.5.2 Connecting a USB hub

Use a USB hub with its own power supply.

Connect the USB hub as follows:

- 1 With the help of the 6.2151.030 cable (length 0.6 m) or the 6.2151.020 cable (length 1.8 m), connect the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (Type A) with the USB connector of the hub (Type B, see manual for the USB hub).

The USB hub is recognized automatically.

4.5.3 Connecting a printer

Printers connected to the 915 KF Ti-Touch must meet the following requirements:

- Printer languages: HP-PCL, HP-PCL-GUI, Canon BJL Commands or Epson ESC P/2
- Paper size: A4 or Letter.

Connect the printer as follows:

- 1** With the aid of the 6.2151.020 cable, connect the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (type A) with the USB connector of the printer (type B, see manual for the printer).
- 2** Configure the printer in the device manager of the Ti-Touch (*see chapter 11.8, page 111*).

4.5.4 Connecting a balance

If you want to connect a balance to the Ti-Touch you need a USB/RS-232 adapter (6.2148.050).

The following table offers an overview of the balances that you can use together with the Ti-Touch and of which cable you will need for connection to the RS-232 interface:

| Balance | Cables |
|--|--|
| AND ER, FR, FX with RS-232 interface (OP-03) | 6.2125.020 + 6.2125.010 |
| Mettler AB, AG, PR (LC-RS9) | In the scope of delivery for the balance |
| Mettler AM, PM, PE with interface option 016 or Mettler AJ, PJ with interface option 018 | 6.2146.020 + 6.2125.010 Also from Mettler: ME 47473 adapter and either ME 42500 hand switch or ME 46278 foot switch |
| Mettler AT | 6.2146.020 + 6.2125.010 Also from Mettler: ME 42500 hand switch or ME 46278 foot switch |
| Mettler AX, MX, UMX, PG, AB-S, PB-S, XP, XS | 6.2134.120 |
| Mettler AE with interface option 011 or 012 | 6.2125.020 + 6.2125.010 Also from Mettler: ME 42500 hand switch or ME 46278 foot switch |
| Ohaus Voyager, Explorer, Analytical Plus | Cable AS017-09 from Ohaus |
| Precisa balances with RS-232-C interface | 6.2125.080 + 6.2125.010 |

4.5.6 Connecting a barcode reader

The barcode reader is used as an aid for text and numerical input. You can connect a barcode reader with USB interface.

Connect the barcode reader as follows:

- 1 Connect the USB plug of the barcode reader with the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (Type A).
- 2 Enter and configure the barcode reader in the device manager of the (see chapter 11.12, page 120).

Settings on the barcode reader:

Program the barcode reader as follows (also see manual for the barcode reader):

- 1 Switch the barcode reader to programming mode.
- 2 Specify the desired layout for the keyboard (USA, Germany, France, Spain, German-speaking Switzerland).
This setting must match the setting in the device manager.
- 3 Make sure that the barcode reader is set in such a way that Ctrl characters (ASCII 00 to 31) can be sent.
- 4 Program the barcode reader in such a way that the ASCII character 02 (STX or Ctrl B) is sent as the first character. This first character is normally referred to as the "Preamble" or "Prefix Code".
- 5 Program the barcode reader in such a way that the ASCII character 04 (EOT or Ctrl D) is sent as the last character. This last character is normally referred to as the "Postamble", "Record Suffix" or "Postfix Code".
- 6 Exit the programming mode.

4.5.7 Connecting a Sample Processor

If you wish to integrate your Ti-Touch in an automation system, then you can connect the following Sample Processors to the USB connector:

- 814 USB Sample Processor
- 815 Robotic USB Sample Processor XL
- 810 Sample Processor (from firmware version 5.915.0040)

3 Switch on the 885 Compact Oven SC.

4 Switch on the 915 KF Ti-Touch.



NOTICE

When the 915 KF Ti-Touch is started, the 885 Compact Oven SC is added to the device manager and the settings from the device manager are transferred to the instrument.

The switch-on sequence must be strictly observed with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

5 Configure the 885 Compact Oven SC in the device manager (*see chapter 11.7, page 107*).

4.6 Setting up the titration vessel

The tutorial for the 915 KF Ti-Touch describes in detail how to set up the Karl Fischer titration cell and what you need to observe while doing so.

4.7 Connecting sensors

4.7.1 General

The measuring interface includes one measuring input (**Pol.**) for a polarizable electrode and one measuring input (**Temp.**) for a temperature sensor (Pt1000 or NTC).

4.7.2 Connecting a polarizable electrode

Connect the polarizable electrode as follows:

1 Plug the electrode plug into the **Pol.** socket of the Ti-Touch.

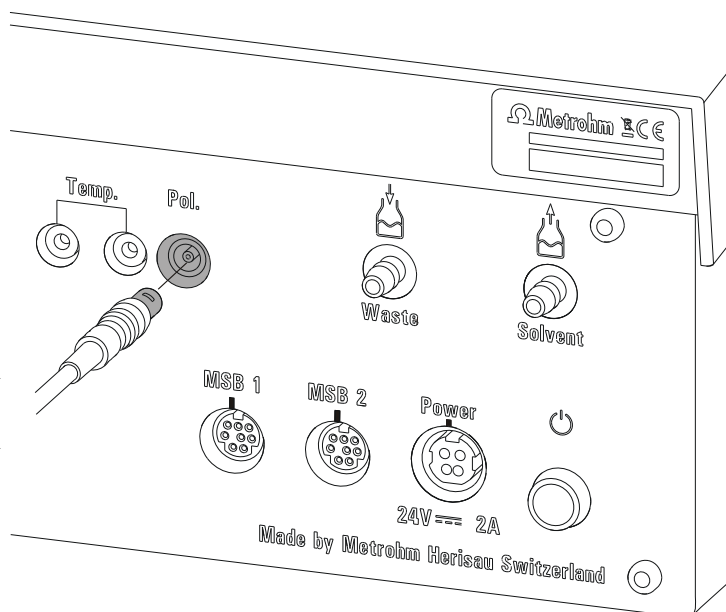


Figure 6 Connecting a polarizable electrode



NOTICE

The electrode cable is protected against accidental disconnection of the cable by means of a pull-out protection. If you wish to pull out the plug again, you first need to pull back the outer plug sleeve.

4.7.3 Connecting the temperature sensor

A temperature sensor of the Pt1000 or NTC type can be connected to the **Temp.** connector.

Connect the temperature sensor as follows:

- 1 Plug the temperature sensor plugs into the **Temp.** sockets of the Ti-Touch.

5 Titrations

5.1 Water determination according to Karl Fischer (KFT)

Karl Fischer Titration is a method for volumetric water determination. Conditioning is carried out automatically both before and after the actual titration. The reagent dosing is controlled in such a way that a predefined endpoint is reached as quickly and as accurately as possible. The volume steps and the rate of reagent dosing are regulated by the difference between the current measured value and the predefined endpoint. This means that titration is performed more slowly in the control range and that smaller volumes are added. The titration is stopped at the endpoint either drift-controlled or after a waiting time. The volume dosed until the endpoint is used to calculate the water content of the sample.

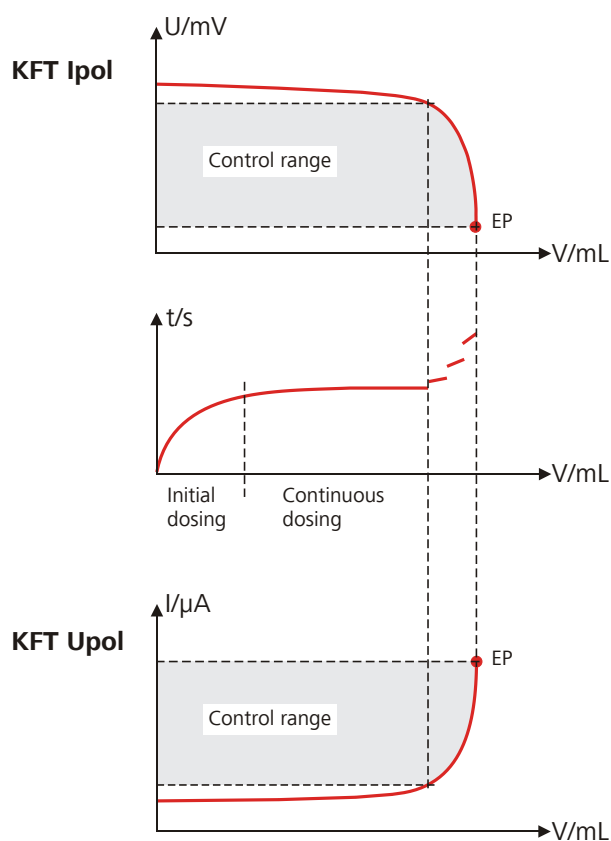


Figure 9 Reagent dosing for KFT

- Confirm the message with **[OK]**.

The main dialog is displayed:

Switching off the instrument



CAUTION

The 915 KF Ti-Touch must be switched off by pressing the power switch on the rear of the instrument before the electricity supply is interrupted. If this is not done, then there is a danger of data loss.


Proceed as follows:

- 1 Press the power switch on the left-hand side of the back panel of the 915 KF Ti-Touch.

The current data is saved and the system is shut down. This process takes just a short time. At the same time, all other instruments connected to the 915 KF Ti-Touch via a USB cable are also being switched off (except the 885 Compact Oven SC).

6.2 Fundamentals of operation

6.2.1 Touch-sensitive screen

The entire 915 KF Ti-Touch user interface is touch-sensitive. Simply touch a few of the buttons on the interface to learn how a touch-sensitive screen reacts. You can always return to the main dialog by touching .

In order to enable an element on the 915 KF Ti-Touch user interface, just touch the screen with your fingertip, the eraser of a pencil or a stylus (special tool for operating instruments with touch-sensitive screens).



CAUTION

Never touch the touch screen with a pointed or sharp object such as a ballpoint pen.

In the default setting, the software is configured in such a way that an acoustic signal will be generated every time an active control is touched. This setting can be deactivated in the system settings (*see chapter 7.5, page 50*).

Number editor

Edit command / Stop conditions

Stop time s

Input:
1 ... 999999

Default value:
off

| | | | |
|---|-----|---|------|
| 7 | 8 | 9 | off |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | R1 ▼ |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| 0 | +/- | . | |

Cancel Delete entry OK

Table 5 Editing functions

| Editing function | Description |
|------------------|--|
| [OK] | The modification is applied and the editing dialog is exited. |
| [Cancel] | The editing dialog is exited without applying the modification. |
| [Delete entry] | The content of the input field is deleted completely. |
| [off] | If not only numbers but also special values (e.g., off) can be entered, then the corresponding buttons will be shown to the right of the numerical keypad. |
| [R1] | For many parameters, a result previously defined in the method can also be entered in place of a number (see <i>chapter 32.5, page 358</i>). You can select the result variable by touching [R1] . |



NOTICE

A commercially available USB keyboard can be connected to make text and numerical input easier. The key assignment is described in *chapter 11.11, page 119*.

[Fixed keys]

Block unneeded fixed keys (see *"Blocking unneeded fixed keys"*, page 35).

[Routine dialog]

Configure functions for the routine dialog (see *"Configuring the routine dialog"*, page 36).

Selecting the dialog mode

Proceed as follows to change the dialog mode:

1 Select the dialog mode

Open the selection list **Dialog** and select either **Expert dialog** or **Routine dialog**.

2 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [↔] or [🏠].

The setting will apply to all dialogs.



NOTICE

If you have selected **Routine dialog** and if the routine dialog was configured in such a way that the dialog **System settings / Dialog options** is blocked, then you can switch back over to the expert dialog as follows:

- Operation without login function:
In the main dialog, enter **User = Metrohm**.
- Operation with login function:
A user who works with expert dialog must log in.

Blocking unneeded fixed keys

This following configurations apply for **both** dialog modes: routine dialog and expert dialog.

Blocking fixed keys

Proceed as follows to block unneeded fixed keys:

1 Display fixed keys which can be blocked

Tap on the **[Fixed keys]** button.

All fixed keys which can be blocked are displayed.



NOTICE

Once users have worked with the login function and password protection, they can no longer be deleted, even if the password protection is disabled again. The status of these users must be set to **inactive** (requirement of FDA Guidance 21 CFR Part 11).

The last user with administrator rights cannot be deleted.

[Edit]

Editing the data of the selected user (see chapter 7.3.1, page 39).

7.3.1 Editing the user configuration

User list: **User ► New / Edit**

User

The designation of the user is used for unambiguous identification, e.g. the company internal shorthand symbol or the personal number. The user name is printed out in all reports containing determination data and stored in the determination file. Each file always contains the name of the user who created it and the name of the last user to edit it.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Full name

Complete name of the user.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

3 Create the identification profile

Tap on **[Create ID profile]**.

The user configuration and the current routine dialog settings are saved.

7.3.3 Defining login options

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options**

There are a number of different ways to log onto the system:

- Without login
- Login via user name
- Login via user name and password
- Login via identification profile
- Login via identification profile and password



NOTICE

If you work with the login function activated, then the user administration is accessible only for users with administrator rights. This means that you must ensure that at least two users have administrator rights so at least one of them will be available. Keep the access rights for a user with administrator rights in a safe place so that they are accessible in an emergency.



NOTICE

If you exit this dialog with [] or [], and if you have selected one of the login variants **Login via user name** or **Login via identification profile**, then the login dialog will open automatically and you must also log in to the system.

This means that you must make sure that you have first defined all the users and created the identification profiles before you activate the login function.

[Reasons]

Predefining a list of reasons which can be selected for the modification/signature of a method or determination (*see chapter 7.3.6, page 47*).

[Modific. options]

Defining the modifications for which a reason is required (*see chapter 7.3.5, page 47*).

[Password options]

Define the settings for the password, see following chapter.

7.3.4 Password options

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Password options**

You can make various settings for password entry in the password options.

Minimum password length

Minimum number of characters of the passwords.

| | |
|---------------|----------------|
| Input range | 1 to 10 |
| Default value | 1 |

No. of entry attempts

If the user has logged in incorrectly this many times, then it will automatically be deactivated. It can only be reactivated by a user with administrator rights.

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input range | 2 to 5 |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

5 Restore the user list

Create the user list again and redefine the login options.

7.3.5 Modification options

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Modific. options**

In the dialog **Login options / Modification options**, you can define for which actions a reason must be entered. These reasons are documented in the Audit Trail (*see chapter 7.3.7, page 48*) together with the modification. The reason for the last modification is shown in the properties of the method or determination.



NOTICE

The reasons are only requested when working with activated login function and password.

Saving modified method

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then a reason must be given when saving a method modification.

Recalculating determination

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then a reason must be given when determinations are being recalculated.

7.3.6 Reasons

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Reasons**

In the dialog **Login options / Reasons**, you can create a selection list containing reasons from which a selection can be made when signing and modifying methods and determinations. Some reasons have already been provided.

Security log

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then the following events will be recorded: user login/logout, password changes, automatic deactivation of users and messages displayed during the login procedure.

User administration log

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then all changes with respect to user administration will be recorded (modifying user list/user data, changing login options, etc.).

Method log

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then all changes with respect to methods and determinations will be recorded (saving, deleting, renaming, copying and loading methods; editing method parameters; starting, stopping, pausing determinations).

Data log



on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then the following events will be recorded: changing sample data; settings in the **Control** dialog, recalculating determinations, changing statistics data, changing the titer/concentration of a titrant, changing the calibration data of a sensor, changing the value of a common variable.

System log

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then the program start and the displayed messages of the following types will be recorded:

- : General warning messages
- : Error messages

8 Titrants

Main dialog: **System ► Titrants**

This chapter describes how you can create a list of titrants used in the system. Titrants can be used in intelligent buret units or in nonintelligent buret units. Intelligent buret units have a built-in data chip on which the data for the titrant is stored. This data is automatically read out during attachment and entered in the titrant list.

| System / Titrants | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|------|-------------|
| Titrant | Cyl. | Type | Dos.device |
| CombiTitrant 2 | 10 mL | IDU | |
| Composite 5 | 5 mL | IDU | D1/Ti-Touch |
| Titrant 5 | 5 mL | IDU | |
| <div> New Delete Edit </div> | | | |

The titrant list can contain a maximum of 30 titrants. The following data is specified for each titrant:

- Designation
- Cylinder volume
- Type
 - **IDU**: dosing unit with integrated data chip
 - **IEU**: exchange unit with integrated data chip
 - **EU**: exchange unit without data chip
- MSB connector of the dosing device/control instrument (only when exchange unit/dosing unit is attached)

Titrants in exchange units/dosing units with integrated data chips are depicted in green lettering.

The following titrant data is stored in the titrant list:

- Name
 - Each titrant in the system is identified by its unambiguous name.
- Current titer
- Working life

- Data on exchange/dosing unit:
 - Parameters for the function **PREP**
 - Length and diameter of the tubings
 - Port assignment of the dosing unit
 - Cylinder volume
 - Serial number
 - etc.
- etc.



NOTICE

If data is read out from the data chip, then a check is made whether the titrant list already contains a titrant of the same type with the identical serial number. If this is the case, then the older data set will **always** be overwritten by the new data set, no matter whether the data set in the titrant list or the data set on the data chip is the most recent one.

[New]

Adding a new titrant to the list(see chapter 8.1, page 52).

[Delete]

Delete the selected titrant from the list.

[Edit]

Editing the data of the selected titrant (*see chapter 8.2, page 53*).

8.1 Adding a new titrant

Before you can use a titrant, you must add it to the titrant list. To do this, use the button **[New]**.

- Exchange unit/dosing unit with data chip:
The exchange unit or dosing unit must be attached. All dosing devices on which non-configured exchange or dosing units have been detected are included in a selection list. Tapping on the button **[Edit]** opens the properties dialog, see following chapter.
- Exchange unit without data chip:
The properties dialog is opened after the dosing unit type has been selected, see following chapter.

8.2 Editing titrant data

Titrant list: **Titrants** ► **New / Edit**

All of the data for the selected titrant is displayed in the dialog **Titrants / Edit**.

Titrant

The designation of the titrant is used for unambiguous identification.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Selection | Selection of frequently used titrants |

Concentration

Concentration of the titrant.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Input range | –999999999 to 9999999999 |
| Default value | 1.000 |

Unit of the concentration.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Entry | 10 characters maximum |
| Selection | μmol/mL \| mmol/L \| mol/L \| g/L \| mg/L \| mg/mL \| μg/L \| ppm \| % \| mEq/L |
| Default value | mol/L |

The concentration of the titrant is not relevant with Karl Fischer titration (KFT).

Comment

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|------------------------------|

Titer

Titer of the titrant.

8.3 Monitoring the working life

Titrant: **Edit ► Working life**

In the dialog **Edit titrant / Working life**, you can define the time interval after which the titrant must be replaced. This is particularly important if your titrant has a limited working life. If you do not wish to monitor the working life, then you can enter only the date of manufacture for documentation purposes.

Preparation date

Date on which the reagent was manufactured or the bottle was opened. For new titrants, the time the preparation was made will be specified.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the working life will be monitored.

Working life

If you define a time interval for the working life, then the **Expiry date** will be tracked automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
| Default value | 999 days |

Expiry date

If you define an expiry date, then the **Working life** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Display message \| Document message \| Cancel determination |
| Default value | Display message For all three options it is documented in the determination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired. |

Cylinder volume

Cylinder volume of the dosing unit. It will be read out automatically on dosing units with integrated data chips.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Selection | 2 \| 5 \| 10 \| 20 \| 50 |
| Default value | 20 |

Serial no. cyl.

Serial number of the dosing cylinder. It will be read out automatically on exchange or dosing units with integrated data chips. The number can be changed manually at any time, e.g. when a cylinder is replaced.

| | |
|-------|-------------------------|
| Entry | 8 digits maximum |
|-------|-------------------------|

[Valve disk]

Specifying the shift direction of the valve disk (*see chapter 8.4.3, page 62*).

[GLP test]

Defining the time interval for the GLP test (*see chapter 8.6, page 66*).

[PREP param.]

Entering the parameters for the preparation (*see chapter 8.4.1, page 57*).

[Tubing param.]

Entering the parameters for the connected tubing (*see chapter 8.4.2, page 59*).

8.4.1 Parameters for preparing (PREP) and emptying (EMPTY)

Titrant: **Edit ► Dosing unit ► PREP param.**

In the dialog **Dosing unit / PREP parameters**, you can adjust the parameters for the execution of the **Prepare** (command PREP) and **Empty** (command EMPTY) functions. The **Prepare** function is used to rinse the cylinder and tubing of the dosing unit and fill it air bubble-free. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once a day. The **EMPTY** function empties the cylinder and the tubings of the dosing unit.

Dosing port PREP/EMPTY

Dosing port through which the cylinder contents are ejected.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Dosing port 1 \| Dosing port 2 \| Fill port \| Special port |
| Default value | Dosing port 1 |

Dosing rate Dos. port 1

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via dosing port 1.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32.1, page 355).

Dosing rate Dos. port 2

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via dosing port 2.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32.1, page 355*).

Dosing rate Fill port

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via fill port.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32.1, page 355*).

Dosing rate Spec.port

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via the special port.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (see *chapter 32.1, page 355*).

8.4.2 Tubing parameters

Titrant: **Edit ► Dosing unit ► Tubing param.**

You can enter the length and diameter of the connected tubings in the dialog **Dosing unit / Tubing parameters**. The values which have already been entered correspond to the dimensions of the supplied standard tubings. In addition, the port assignment can be modified.



NOTICE

These parameters are important for the correct execution of the **Preparing** (PREP command) and **Emptying** (EMPTY command) functions, because the volumes of the tubing connections are taken into account.

Dosing port 1

Port

Port to be used as dosing port 1 for the **PREP** and **EMPTY** (see figure 10, page 61) functions.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Port 1 \| Port 2 \| Port 3 \| Port 4 |
| Default value | Port 1 |

Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 40.0 cm |
| | The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither be rinsed nor emptied. |

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 9.9 mm |
| Default value | 2.0 mm |

Dosing port 2

Port

Port to be used as dosing port 2 for the **PREP** and **EMPTY** functions (see figure 10, page 61).

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Port 1 \| Port 2 \| Port 3 \| Port 4 |
| Default value | Port 3 |



Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 0.0 cm |
| The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither be rinsed nor emptied. | |

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 9.9 mm |
| Default value | 2.0 mm |

Fill port

Port

Port to be used as fill port for the **PREP** and **EMPTY** functions (see figure 10, page 61).

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Selection | Port 1 \| Port 2 \| Port 3 \| Port 4 |
| Default value | Port 2 |

Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 25.0 cm |
| The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither be rinsed nor emptied. | |

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 9.9 mm |
| Default value | 2.0 mm |

Special port

Port

Port to be used as special port for the **PREP** and **EMPTY** functions (see figure 10, page 61).

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Selection | Port 1 \| Port 2 \| Port 3 \| Port 4 |
| Default value | Port 4 |

Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 0.0 cm |
| The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither be rinsed nor emptied. | |

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 9.9 mm |
| Default value | 2.0 mm |

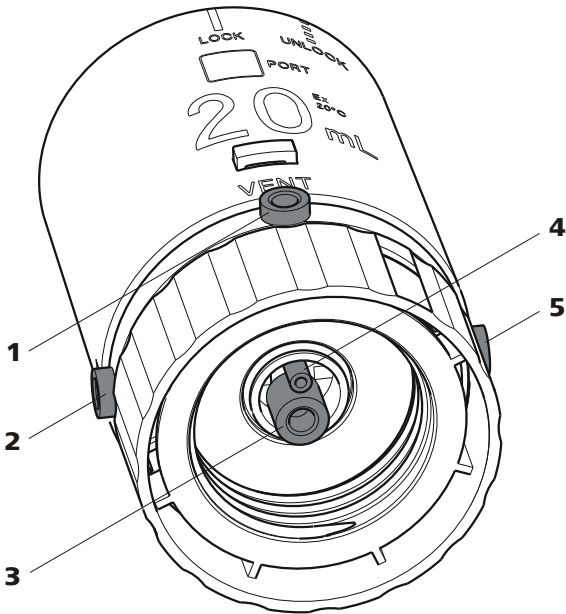


Figure 10 Dosing unit – port assignment

| | |
|--|--|
| 1 VENT This port is set up for the deaeration of the reagent bottle. An adsorber tube (filled with desiccant) is usually mounted here. | 2 Port 1 The default definition of this port is dosing port 1. |
| 3 Port 2 The default definition of this port is the filling port. A riser tube is usually mounted to it. | 4 Port 4 Air is suctioned through this port during the Emptying function. |
| 5 Port 3 The default definition of this port is dosing port 2. | |

8.4.3 Shift direction of the valve disk

Titrant: **Edit** ► **Dosing unit** ► **Valve disk**

In this dialog, you can specify the shift direction of the valve disk.

Direction

Shift direction of the valve disc.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | descending \| ascending \| automatic \| not over |
| Default value | automatic |

descending

The ports are moved to in descending order.

ascending

The ports are moved to in ascending order.

automatic

The ports are moved to by the shortest path.

not over

Define a protected port.

Not over port


This parameter can only be edited with **Direction = not over**.

Define a protected port if the valve disc is not to be rotated over this port (useful with pipetting functions). The protected port can, however, be moved to directly.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 4 |

8.5 Exchange unit

Titrant: **Edit** ► **Exchange unit**

Edit titrant / Exchange unit 

Titrant: Composite 5

Name

Order number 6.3026.150

Serial number 10950001

Cylinder volume 5 mL

Serial no. cyl.

GLP test PREP param. Tubing param.

You can edit data for the exchange unit of the titrant in this dialog.

Name

Designation of the exchange or dosing unit.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Order number

Order number of the exchange or dosing unit. It will be read out automatically on units with integrated data chips.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Serial number

Serial number of the exchange or dosing unit. It will be read out automatically on units with integrated data chips.

| | |
|-------|-------------------------|
| Entry | 8 digits maximum |
|-------|-------------------------|

Cylinder volume

Cylinder volume of the exchange unit. It will be read out automatically on exchange units with integrated data chips.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 5 \| 10 \| 20 \| 50 |
| Default value | 20 |

Serial no. cyl.

Serial number of the dosing cylinder. It will be read out automatically on exchange or dosing units with integrated data chips. The number can be changed manually at any time, e.g. when a cylinder is replaced.

| | |
|-------|-------------------------|
| Entry | 8 digits maximum |
|-------|-------------------------|

[GLP test]

Defining the time interval for the GLP test (*see chapter 8.6, page 66*).

[PREP param.]

Entering the parameters for the preparation (*see chapter 8.5.1, page 64*).

[Tubing param.]

Entering the parameters for the connected tubing (*see chapter 8.5.2, page 65*).

8.5.2 Tubing parameters

Titrant: **Edit** ▶ **Exchange unit** ▶ **Tubing param.**

You can enter the length and diameter of the connected tubings in the dialog **Exchange unit / Tubing parameters**. The values which have already been entered correspond to the dimensions of the supplied standard tubings.

Dosing tip

Tubing to the dosing tip (11-**2**).

Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 40.0 cm |

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 9.9 mm |
| Default value | 2.0 mm |

Dosing cylinder

Tubing to the dosing cylinder (11-**3**).

Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 13.0 cm |

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 9.9 mm |
| Default value | 2.0 mm |

Reagent bottle

Tubing to the reagent bottle (**11-1**).

Length

Length of the tubing.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999.9 cm |
| Default value | 25.0 cm |

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which a GLP test has to be carried out again will be monitored.

GLP test interval

If you define a time interval for the GLP test, then the date in **Next GLP test** will be tracked automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
| Default value | 999 days |

Next GLP test

If you define a date for the next GLP test, then the **GLP test interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Display message \| Document message \| Cancel determination |
| Default value | Display message For all three options it is documented in the determination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired. |

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

8.7 Titer determination options and data

Titrant: **Edit** ► **Titer options**

Detailed information concerning the titer determination is displayed in the **Edit titrant / Titer options** dialog:

- **Titer method**

Method by which the titer was determined. If the titer was entered manually, then **manual** will be displayed.

- **User**

User who carried out the titer determination.

- **Statistical data**

The following information is also displayed for automatically assigned titers if the mean value of the results has been saved as the titer (*see "Save as titer", page 155*):

- **n (titer det.)**
Number of titer determinations.
- **s abs**
Absolute standard deviation
- **s rel**
Relative standard deviation

[Validity]

Defining the time interval for the titer validity (see chapter 8.7.1, page 68).

[History]

Displaying information about the last ten titer determinations (*see chapter 8.7.2, page 69*).

8.7.1 Titer validity

Titrant: **Edit** ► **Titer options** ► **Validity**

In the dialog **Titer options / Validity**, you can define the time interval after which the titer must be determined again.

Date titer det.

Date and time of the last titer determination. For new titrants, the time the preparation was made is specified until after the first time a titer determination has been carried out.

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the titer validity will be monitored.

Titer validity

If you define a time interval for the validity of the titer, then the date in **Next titer determ.** will be tracked automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
| Default value | 999 days |

Next titer determ.

If you define a date for the next titer determination, then the time interval for the **Titer validity** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Display message \| Document message \| Cancel determination |
| Default value | Display message For all three options it is documented in the determination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired. |

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

8.7.2 Properties of the previous titer determinations**Dialog "Titer options / History"**

Titration: **Edit ► Titer options ► History**

The date, time and titer of the last ten titer determinations are displayed in tabular form in the dialog **Titer options / History**. Titrations that were determined automatically will be displayed in green; manually entered titer values will be displayed in black with the designation **(m)**. You can delete these entries, e.g. if you have opened a new bottle.

9 Reagents

Main dialog: **System ► Reagents**

This chapter describes how you can create a list of the reagents used in the system.

| System / Reagents | |
|-------------------|------------|
| Reagent | Type |
| Reagent A | Volumetric |
| Reagent B | Volumetric |
| Reagent C | Volumetric |
| | |

New

Delete

Edit

The list of reagents gives the designation and type of each reagent.

[New]

Add a new reagent to the list, see following chapter.

[Delete]

Delete the selected reagent from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected reagent, see following chapter.

9.1 Editing reagent data

Main dialog: **System** ► **Reagents** ► **New / Edit**

- at the end of the determination.

Number of determ.

The number of determinations to be carried out with a certain amount of reagent depends on the type of sample and its amount.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Working life

Working life of the reagent.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Volume

Volume of titrant dosed.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 1.0 to 999.9 mL |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

[Status]

Display the status overview of the current values of the reagent monitoring.

[Reagent replacement]

Edit the parameters for the reagent exchange.

"Reagent monitoring / Status" dialog

The current reagent monitoring values are displayed in this dialog.

[Reset]

Reset the values to zero.

Dialog "Reagent monitoring / Reagent replacement"

The parameters for the reagent replacement are defined in this dialog.

Reagent replacement

The reagent can either be exchanged manually or automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | manual \| auto |
| Default value | manual |

manual

If a monitored parameter has reached the limit set, a message is being displayed. Then the reagent has to be exchanged manually.

auto

If a monitored parameter has reached the limit set, the method defined below is started automatically.

Memory

This parameter can only be edited with **Reagent replacement = auto**.

Memory location the method is loaded from. All memory locations are selectable, even if they are currently not accessible.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Internal memory \| External memory 1 \| External memory 2 \| Shared memory |
| Default value | Internal memory |

Shared memory

Shared directory in the network.

Method

This parameter can only be edited with **Reagent replacement = auto**.

Method used for emptying the titration cell.



NOTICE

Make sure that the memory is accessible.

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Entry | 32 characters maximum |
| Selection | Selection of stored methods |

10 Sensors

Main dialog: **System ► Sensors**

This chapter describes how you can create a list of the sensors used in the system.

| System / Sensors | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Sensor | Sensor type | Meas. input |
| Double Pt-wire electrode | Metal | |
| Metal electrode | Metal | |
| Temperature sensor | Temp. | |
| <div> <div>New</div> <div>Delete</div> <div>Edit</div> </div> | | |

Two standard sensors are defined in the sensor list: **Metal electrode** and **Temperature sensor**. These sensors cannot be deleted or renamed. A maximum of 25 additional sensors can be added to these sensors.

For each sensor, the following data is displayed in the sensor list:

- Designation
- Type
 - **Metal**: Metal electrode
 - **Temp.**: Temperature sensor
 - **Other**: Other sensor

The following sensor data is stored in the list of sensors:

- Name
Each sensor in the system is identified by its unambiguous name.
- Working life
- etc.

[New]

Adding a new sensor to the list (*see chapter 10.1, page 76*).

[Delete]

Delete the selected sensor from the list.

[Edit]

Editing the data of the selected sensor (*see chapter 10.2, page 76*).

10.1 Adding a new sensor

Before you can use a sensor, you must add it to the sensor list. To do this, use the button **[New]**.

- The properties dialog is opened after the sensor type has been selected, see following chapter. The following sensor types can be selected:
 - Metal electrode (Pt electrode)
 - Other sensor
 - Temperature sensor

10.2 Editing the sensor data

Sensor list: **Sensor** ► **New / Edit**

Sensors / Edit

Sensor

Double Pt-wire electrode

Order number

6.0338.100

Serial number

Comment

Cancel

Working life

All of the data for the selected sensor is displayed in the dialog **Sensors / Edit**.

Sensor

The designation of the sensor is used for unambiguous identification.

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Order number

Order number of the sensor.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Serial number

Serial number of the sensor.

| | |
|-------|------------------|
| Entry | 8 digits maximum |
|-------|------------------|

Comment

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

[Working life]

Defining the working life of the sensor (see chapter 10.3, page 77).

10.3 Monitoring the working life

Sensor: **Edit** ► **Working life**

In the dialog **Edit sensor / Working life**, you can define the time interval after which the sensor must be replaced. If you do not wish to monitor the working life, then you can enter only the date of manufacture for documentation purposes.

Start-up

Date on which the sensor was used for the first time.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the working life will be monitored.

Working life

If you define a time interval for the working life, then the **Expiry date** will be tracked automatically.

| | |
|-------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
|-------------|----------------------|

Default value **999 days**

Expiry date

If you define an expiry date, then the **Working life** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

11 Device manager

Main dialog: **System ► Device manager**

This chapter describes how you can configure the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor and the connected peripheral devices. A detailed description of the hardware installation of the Sample Processor can be found in the corresponding installation manual.

| System / Device manager | |
|---|----------------------|
| Device name | Device type |
| 915 KF Ti-Touch | Ti-Touch operation |
| Ti-Touch | Ti-Touch titrator |
| Sample Processor | 815 Sample Processor |
| Printer | Printer |
| Balance | Balance |
| USB/RS-232 adapter | USB/RS-232 adapter |
| <div> <div>New</div> <div>Delete</div> <div>Edit</div> </div> | |

The instrument list gives the name and type of every instrument. The **Ti-Touch titrator** is a component of the 915 KF Ti-Touch and therefore permanently entered as control instrument in the device manager. A connected Sample Processor with the peripheral devices (dosing devices, stirrers, etc.) connected to the MSB connector is entered in the list automatically. A USB/RS-232 adapter will also be automatically recognized and entered in the instrument list with default settings. A printer is entered in the instrument list in the default settings. You must enter a PC keyboard, a barcode reader or a balance in the instrument list yourself.

[New]

Add a new device to the list (*see chapter 11.1, page 80*).

[Delete]

Delete the selected device from the list.



NOTICE

Devices which are recognized automatically cannot be deleted from the list while they are still connected.

[Edit]

Configure the selected device (*see chapter 11.2, page 80*).

11.1 Adding a new device

Of the following device types, you can enter one device each in the device list, even if it is not yet connected:

- Sample Processor
- Balance
- Barcode reader
- USB/RS-232 adapter
- PC keyboard

Proceed as follows:

1 Displaying the device selection

Tap on **[New]**.

2 Selecting the instrument

Tap on the button for the desired device.

The new device is entered in the list.

11.2 Configuring the instrument

Instrument list: **Instrument** ► **Edit**

The data stored for an instrument depends on the type of instrument. You can define an instrument name and a comment for each instrument. The instrument name of the Ti-Touch is printed out in the standard report header.

The description of the individual instruments can be found in the following specific chapters:

- Ti-Touch (*see chapter 11.3, page 81*)
- Metrohm control instruments (*see chapter 11.4, page 87*)
- Sample Processor (*see chapter 11.5, page 91*)
- Printer (*see chapter 11.8, page 111*)
- Balance (*see chapter 11.9, page 115*)
- PC keyboard (*see chapter 11.11, page 119*)
- USB/RS-232 adapter (*see chapter 11.10, page 117*)
- Barcode reader (*see chapter 11.12, page 120*)

11.3 Ti-Touch

Instrument list: **915 KF Ti-Touch ► Edit**

Device manager / Edit

Device type: Ti-Touch operation

Device name

915 KF Ti-Touch

Comment

Switch off display

off

min

Program version

5.915.0010

Serial number

395612

Control Remote Box

Not available

E-mail

PC/LIMS report

Shared memory

TCP/IP settings

More information

Device name

This designation is used for identification purposes when selecting control devices (command, manual control).

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|------------------------------|

Comment

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|------------------------------|

Switch off display

If this time interval has expired without the Ti-Touch having been operated, then the display will be switched off. Touching the display will switch it back on again at any time.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 min |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Program version

Program version of the software.

Serial number

Shows the serial number of the device.

Control Remote Box

Shows to which control device and MSB connector the Remote Box is connected.



The "Control Remote Box" is the interface via which the system can be started and stopped externally. If multiple Remote Boxes are connected, then the one that is recognized first when the program starts will be used as the "Control Remote Box."

| Selection | Name of the control device / Number of the MSB connector \| Not available |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

11.3.1 E-mail

915 KF Ti-Touch: **Edit** ► **E-mail**

The system allows you to send displayed messages as e-mails. The Ti-Touch must be connected to a network for this to function. The following types of messages can be sent:

- : general warning messages
- : error messages

Configuring e-mail dispatch

Proceed as follows so that messages can be sent as e-mails:

1 Activating the option

- In the instrument properties of the 915 KF Ti-Touch, tap on the **[E-mail]** button.
- In the **Edit device / E-mail** dialog, activate the **Send the following messages as e-mail:** option.

2 Configuring e-mail addresses



- Tap on the **[E-mail settings]** button.
The **E-mail / Settings** dialog is displayed.
- Enter the addresses of the mail server, the sender and the desired recipient.

Parameter description

Send the following messages as e-mail:

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then messages with the following symbols will be sent as e-mails:

- : General warning messages
- : Error messages

Send only during running determination

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, then messages will be sent as e-mails only if a determination is running. Deactivate this parameter if messages are also to be sent in normal status.

Mail server

Address of the mail server for outgoing mail, e.g. mail.metrohm.ch. You can find the address of the mail server either in your e-mail program settings or obtain it from your IT department.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 50 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Sender

E-mail address of the sender. This address must be formatted as an e-mail address, but need not necessarily correspond to an existing e-mail account, e.g. ti-touch@metrohm.com.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 50 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Recipient


The messages will be sent to this e-mail address.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 50 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

11.3.2 PC/LIMS report

915 KF Ti-Touch: **Edit ► PC/LIMS report**

You can generate a machine-readable report with all of the important data concerning a determination, which is referred to as a PC/LIMS report. This report can be saved as a TXT file (according to ISO/IEC 8859-1) or as a UTF-8 file or sent to a terminal program or a LIMS via an RS-232 interface:

- manually with the  fixed key (see chapter 27, page 239).
- automatically at the end of a determination (see chapter 16.5.6, page 179).

The file name of the report file is constructed as follows: *PC_LIMS_Report-ID1-YYYYMMDD-hhmmss.txt*. A detailed description of the contents of the PC/LIMS report can be found in the *PC/LIMS Report Guide*.

Memory

Memory location where the PC/LIMS report is stored as a file. The report will be saved in the directory `pc_lims_report`. This directory will be created

the first time a PC/LIMS report is generated. All three memory locations are listed as possible selections, even if they cannot be accessed at the moment.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | off \| External memory 1 \| External memory 2 \| Shared memory |
| Default value | off |

off

The report will not be saved as a file.

Shared memory

The report will be saved in a shared directory on the network. The shared directory is selected in the **Edit device / Shared memory** dialog (see chapter 11.3.3, page 84).

RS-232

The RS-232 interface via which the PC/LIMS report is sent. The interface parameters are adjusted in the **Edit device / Port parameters** dialog (see chapter 11.10, page 117).

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | off \| COM 1 \| COM 2 |
| Default value | off |

off

The report will not be sent via an RS-232 interface.

COM 2

This interface is inactive.

Coding

Format in which the PC/LIMS report is coded and stored.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Selection | ISO 8859-1 \| UTF-8 |
| Default value | ISO 8859-1 |

ISO 8859-1

This format is recommended for all languages that use the extended ASCII code (e.g. German, English, Spanish, etc.).

UTF-8

This format is required for all languages that do not use the extended ASCII code (e.g. Russian, Chinese, Korean, etc.).

11.3.3 Shared memory

915 KF Ti-Touch: **Edit** ► **Shared memory**

If you have your Ti-Touch connected to your network, then you can define in this dialog a shared memory location on a computer within your network for the purpose of saving data (methods, determinations, etc.).



Do not under any circumstances enter an IP address in this input field.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 32 characters |
| Default value | empty |

Password

Password of the user configured on the computer.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 32 characters |
| Default value | empty |

[Connect]

Establish the network connection. If the connection has been set up correctly, then all of the input fields will become inactive and the label switches to **[Disconnect]**. The network connection can be disconnected with this.

11.3.4 TCP/IP settings

915 KF Ti-Touch: **Edit ► TCP/IP settings**

If you have connected your Ti-Touch to your network, then you will have to define the network-relevant settings in this dialog. The Ti-Touch requires an IP address so that it is identifiable on the network. The Ti-Touch can acquire the IP address either dynamically from a DHCP server or you can enter the address directly.

Get IP address automatically (DHCP)

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, then the Ti-Touch will obtain its IP address directly from a DHCP server. In this case, the remaining parameters can no longer be edited.

IP address

IP address for the Ti-Touch. IP addresses are 32-bit numbers and are written as sequences of four decimals, each separated by a period, e.g. "10.157.212.8".

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Entry | x.x.x.x |
| Default value | 192.168.10.11 "x" is a decimal between 0 and 255. |

Subnet mask

The net mask or subnet mask, together with the IP address, indicates to which network the device to be connected belongs. Subnet masks are 32-bit numbers and are written as sequences of four decimals, each separated by a period.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Entry | x.x.x.x |
| Default value | 255.255.255.0 |

Default gateway

IP address for the standard gateway. A gateway sets up connections to several networks. It is located in the same subnet as the device to be configured.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Entry | x.x.x.x |
| Default value | 192.168.10.10 |

MAC address

Unambiguous address of the network adaptor for identification within a network. This parameter cannot be edited.

NetBIOS name

Unambiguous designation of the device within the network. This parameter cannot be edited.

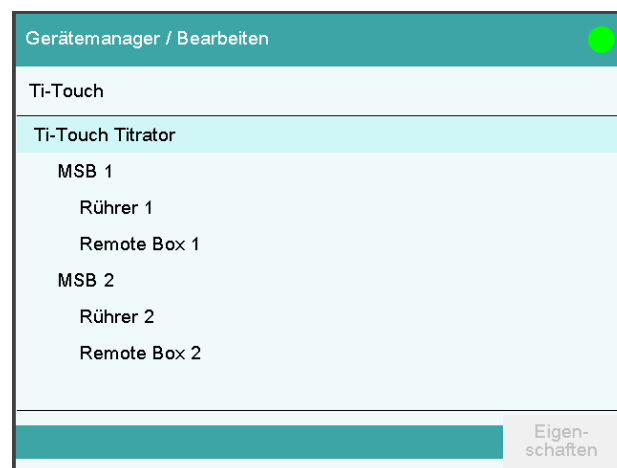
11.4 Metrohm control instruments

The following Metrohm devices can be used as control instruments:

- Ti-Touch Titrator (permanently entered as control instrument in the device manager)
- Sample Processors

The following specifications apply for all of the control instruments mentioned above.

Additional device configurations for the Sample Processor are described in a separate chapter (*see chapter 11.5, page 91*).



The dialog shows the control instrument with its measuring inputs, the MSB connectors and connected peripheral devices (dosing device, stirrer, Remote Box).

[Properties]

Open the properties dialog of the highlighted entry.

The following properties can be displayed and edited to a certain extent:

- Properties of the measuring inputs (*see chapter 11.4.1, page 88*)
- Properties of the MSB connectors (*see chapter 11.4.2, page 89*)
- Properties of the peripheral devices on the MSB connector (*see chapter 11.4.3, page 90*)

11.4.1 Properties – Measuring input

Instrument list: **Control instrument** ▶ **Edit** ▶ **Measuring input**
1 ▶ Properties

Device manager / Edit

Ti-Touch / Measuring input 1

ADC type

3.848.1210

Serial number

46180


Thick film type

3.680.0743

Temperature sensor

Type

Pt1000



R (25 °C)

30000

B value

4100

K

In this dialog, you define the type of temperature sensor you have connected to the selected measuring input.

ADC type

Type of analog-digital converter.

Serial number

Serial number of the measuring interface.

Thick film type

Type of the thick film.

Temperature sensor

Type

The instrument supports the use of two different temperature measurement techniques:

- NTC (Negative Temperature Coefficient)
- Pt1000 (Platinum resistance)

11.5 Sample Processor



NOTICE

The following settings apply to all Sample Processors.



The dialog shows the Sample Processor with its tower (or towers), the MSB connectors and connected peripheral devices (dosing device, stirrer, Remote Box). If the control instrument is not connected, then the properties dialog of the control instrument will be displayed directly (*see chapter 11.5.1, page 92*).

The settings of the MSB connectors and the connected peripheral devices are described in *Chapter "Properties – MSB connector", page 89*.

[Racks]

Configure sample racks (*see chapter 11.6, page 99*).

[Running time]

Configure the running time meter.

The running time meter adds together the time while the Sample Processor is "busy" i.e. when an action is being carried out. A message with the prompt to service the device is displayed after expiry of the time limit set here. We recommend to carry out a service after 1,000 operating hours. A reset of the running time meter can only be carried out by a Metrohm service engineer.

[Properties]

Open the properties dialog of the highlighted entry.

Properties / Edit external position

Sample Processor / Tower 1 / Swing Head 786

External position 1

Angle

60.00

°

Work position

100

mm

Properties which apply only to the selected external position can be defined in the dialog **Properties / Edit external position**.

Angle

Swing angle for the selected external position.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Input range | (Offset) to (Offset + max. swing range) ° |
| Default value | 60.00 ° |
| | The offset is made up of a design-dependent angle (approx. 8...9°) together with the robotic arm offset from the robotic arm properties. The maximum swing range is also defined under the robotic arm properties (see " <i>Properties – Robotic arm</i> ", page 96). |

Work position

Work position for the selected external position.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input range | <p>0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm</p> <p>A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the properties of the tower (<i>see "Maximum stroke path", page 93</i>).</p> |
|-------------|---|

11.6 Sample racks

Instrument list: **Sample Processor ► Edit ► Racks**

| Edit device / Sample racks | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------|
| Rack | Positions | Code |
| 6.2041.310 | 12 | 000001 |
| 6.2041.320 | 16 | 000010 |
| 6.2041.340 | 24 | 001000 |
| 6.2041.350 | 48 | 010000 |
| 6.2041.360 | 12 | 100000 |
| 6.2041.370 | 14 | 000011 |
| 6.2041.380 | 14 | 000101 |
| 6.2041.390 | 16 | 100001 |

In the dialog **Edit device / Sample racks**, you will find the list of configured racks. The attached rack is displayed in green. New racks can be loaded or created and existing ones can be edited or deleted in this dialog window.

The following data is displayed in the list:

- **Rack**
Name of the sample rack. Metrohm standard racks are designated by their order numbers.
- **Positions**
Number of positions on the rack.
- **Code**
The rack code corresponds to the arrangement of magnets on the base of the rack and is read in by the Sample Processor in order to recognize the rack.

[Load]

Load a new sample rack (see "Loading the sample rack", page 100).

[Copy]

Create a new sample rack by copying an existing rack (see "Creating a new sample rack", page 101).

[Delete]

Delete the selected sample rack from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected sample rack (see chapter 11.6.1, page 101).

Creating a new sample rack

Own sample racks can be simply and conveniently created by copying an existing sample rack. Proceed as follows:

1 Copy the existing rack

- In the dialog **Edit device / Sample racks**, select a sample rack which is to be used as a template.
- Tap on **[Copy]**.

The **Sample rack / Copy** dialog is displayed.

2 Enter the rack name and rack code

- In the field **New rack name**, enter a name for the new rack.
- In the field **New rack code**, **110000** is suggested. As a rule, this rack code is used for special racks. Apply this code or enter a new rack code and confirm with **[OK]**.

The new sample rack appears in the list of available racks.

11.6.1 Editing rack data

Sample rack list: **Rack ► Edit**

Sample rack / Edit rack data

Rack 6.2041.410, Code 001010, 142 Positions

Beaker radius samples ☐ off mm

Beaker sensor ☐ off ▼

1. Calibration pos. ☐ off ▼

Rack offset °

Adjust rack Lift pos. tower 2 Lift pos. tower 1 Special beakers

You can edit the data of the selected rack in the dialog **Sample rack / Edit rack data**.

Beaker radius samples

Actual radius of the sample vessels at the general sample positions of the rack.

This beaker radius may not be less than the minimum beaker radius defined in the tower properties (see "Min. beaker radius," page 93). If the

lift is to be moved to the work position, then these two values will be compared with one another.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 1.0 to 100.0 mm |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

off

No check takes place.

Beaker sensor

Each time a sample position is to be moved to with the **MOVE** command, the beaker sensor checks whether a vessel is present. In the **MOVE** command, you define the action that takes place if the beaker sensor does not detect a vessel at the position being moved to.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Selection | Tower \| Robotic arm \| off |
| Default value | off |

Robotic arm

A Swing Head with beaker sensor must be mounted. In addition, a suitable work position must be defined for the lift, so that the robotic arm touches the sample vessel. The work position is moved to for the purpose of beaker detection.

off

No check takes place.

Rack offset

The rack offset is a production-related tolerance value between the upper and lower sections of the rack. This value is determined when the rack is adjusted and is displayed here. It can be changed if necessary.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | -10.00 to 10.00 ° |
| Default value | 0.00 ° |

[Adjust rack]

Adjust the rack (see chapter 11.6.2, page 106).

[Lift pos. tower 1]/[Lift pos. tower 2]

Define rack specific lift positions (see "Lift positions Tower 1/2", page 102).

[Special beakers]

Define rack positions as special beakers (see "Editing special beakers", page 104).

Lift positions Tower 1/2

Sample rack list: **Rack** ► **Edit** ► **Lift pos. tower 1** / **Lift pos. tower 2**

You can define rack-specific lift positions in the dialog **Edit rack data / Lift positions tower 1/2**. These then apply for all rack positions except those that have been defined as special beakers.




These lift positions can also be assigned directly in manual control after moving to the desired lift height (*see chapter 28.6.1, page 265*).


At this lift position the electrodes, stirrer and buret tips are optimally positioned for work.

■■■■■■■ 103

[Edit]

Special beaker / Edit 

Special beaker 1

| | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Rack position | <input type="text" value="142"/> | |
| Work pos. tower 1 | <input type="text" value="100"/> | mm |
| Work pos. tower 2 | <input type="text" value="0"/> | mm |
| Beaker radius | <input type="text" value="off"/> | mm |
| Beaker sensor | <input type="text" value="Tower"/> |  |

Rack position

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input range | 0 to 'maximum number of rack positions' |
|-------------|---|

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Input range | <p>0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm</p> <p>A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the properties of the tower (<i>see "Maximum stroke path", page 93</i>).</p> |
|-------------|---|

This beaker radius may not be less than the minimum beaker radius defined in the tower properties (see "Min. beaker radius," page 93). If the

lift is to be moved to the work position, then these two values will be compared with one another.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 1.0 to 100.0 mm |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

off

No check takes place.

Beaker sensor

Each time this special beaker is to be moved to with the **MOVE** command, the beaker sensor checks whether a vessel is present. In the **MOVE** command, you define the action that takes place if the beaker sensor does not detect a vessel at the position being moved to.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Selection | Tower \| Robotic arm \| off |
| Default value | off |

Robotic arm

A Swing Head with beaker sensor must be mounted. In addition, a suitable work position must be defined for the lift, so that the robotic arm touches the sample vessel. The work position is moved to for the purpose of beaker detection.

off

No check takes place.

11.6.2 Rack adjustment

Instrument list: **Sample Processor** ▶ **Edit** ▶ **Racks** ▶ **Edit** ▶ **Adjust rack**

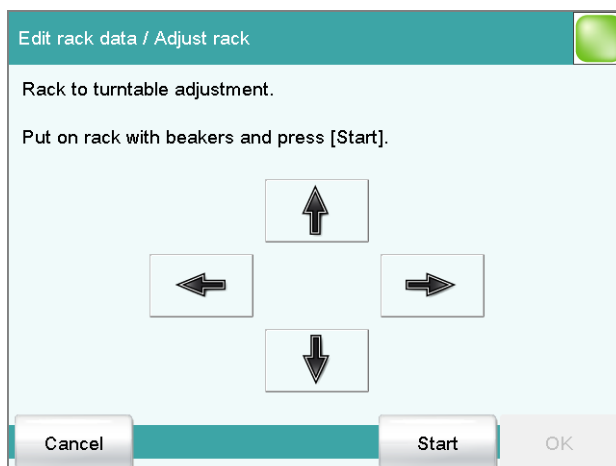
If necessary, each sample rack can be finely adjusted, i.e. the rack offset is determined in the direction of rotation. The adjustment of a rack is usually not necessary. However, if the exact positioning of a robotic arm is necessary for a high degree of accuracy (e.g. for very small sample beakers), then a fine adjustment can be carried out.

Proceed as follows:

1 Open the dialog for rack adjustment

- In the device properties of the Sample Processor, open the list of the configured sample racks.
- Select the attached rack and tap on **[Edit]**.
The **Sample rack / Edit rack data** dialog is displayed.
- Tap on the **[Adjust rack]** button.

The **Edit rack data / Adjust rack** dialog is displayed:



2 Carry out the adjustment

- Tap on the **[Start]** button (NOT on the [▶] fixed key).
The rack is being initialized. The rack then moves to position 1 and the lift is lowered to the work position.
- If necessary, the lift position can be corrected with the arrow keys [↑] and [↓].
- Now use the arrow keys [←] and [→] to rotate the rack so that the robotic arm or the center of the titration head is positioned exactly above the center of rack position 1.
- Finish the adjustment with **[OK]**.

The lift is moved to the uppermost stop.

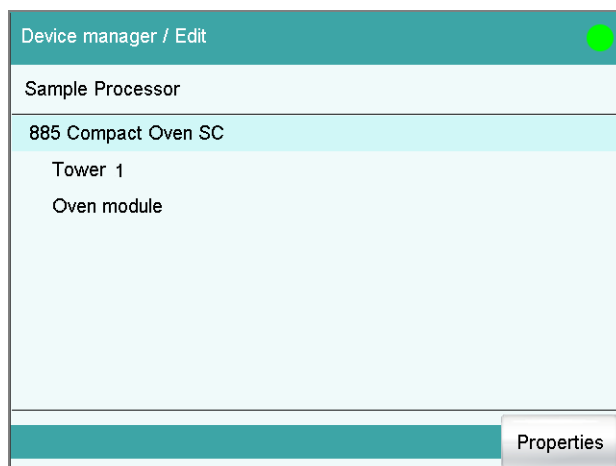
11.7 885 Compact Oven SC



NOTICE

In order for the 885 Compact Oven SC to be controlled with the 915 KF Ti-Touch, at least the following firmware versions must be installed on the instruments:

- 915 KF Ti-Touch 5.915.0045
- 885 Compact Oven SC 5.885.0013



The dialog displays the 885 Compact Oven SC with its tower and the oven module. If the control instrument is not connected, then the properties dialog of the control instrument will be displayed directly (*see chapter 11.7.1, page 108*).

Properties

Open the Properties dialog of the highlighted entry.

11.7.1 Properties - 885 Compact Oven SC

Instrument list: **885 Compact Oven SC** ► **Edit** ► **Properties**

Device name

This designation is used for identification purposes when selecting control instruments (command, manual control).

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Comment

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Program version

Program version of the device software.

Serial number

Display of the serial number of the device.

Instrument list: **885 Compact Oven SC** ▶ **Edit** ▶ **Tower** ▶ **Properties**

Device manager / Edit

Sample Processor / Tower

Sample beaker

Work position

-

78

+

mm

Conditioning beaker (Special beaker 1)

Work position

-

36

+

mm

At this lift position, the sample beaker is optimally placed in the oven and the needle has completely pierced the septum.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Input range | 0 to 96 mm (Increment: 6) |
| Default value | 78 mm |

A lift height of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position". The lift is located at the upper stop position.

At this lift position, the needle has completely pierced the septum of the conditioning beaker at the conditioning position. In the method run, the **[MOVE]** command is used to move the conditioning bucket with the **Objective** Special beaker 1.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Input range | 0 to 96 mm (Increment: 6) |
| Default value | 36 mm |

A lift height of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position". The lift is located at the upper stop position.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Selection | on \| off |
| Default value | on |

11.8 Printer

Instrument list: **Printer ► Edit**

Device manager / Edit

Device type: Printer

Device name

Printer

Comment

Printer

PCL Inkjet ▼

Connector

USB ▼

PDF settings

Network printer

More parameters

The list of devices always includes a printer, even if no corresponding device is connected. In this dialog, you also define when you would like to have a report generated as a PDF file.

Device name

Here you can enter a device name of your choice.

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|------------------------------|

Comment

| | |
|-------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|------------------------------|

Printer

Selection of the printer type.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | PCL Inkjet \| PCL Laser \| HP \| Epson \| Epson new \| Canon \| CUSTOM NEOS \| off |
|-----------|--|

PCL Inkjet
for HP DeskJet printers.

PCL Laser
for HP LaserJet printers.

CUSTOM NEOS
Due to the narrow paper size, only reports marked with # in the "List of all printable reports" (*see chapter 27.3, page 243*) can be printed.

Shared memory

The report will be saved in a shared directory on the network. The shared directory is selected in the **Edit device / Shared memory** dialog (see chapter 11.3.3, page 84).

Copy or extract content allowed

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this option is activated, then content can be copied or deleted from the PDF file.

Printing allowed

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this option is activated, then the PDF file can be printed.

Change the document allowed

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then the PDF file can be edited.

Add or change comments allowed

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this option is activated, then comments can be added to the PDF file.

11.8.2 Network printer

Printer: **Edit** ► **Network printer**

If you have connected your Ti-Touch to your network, then you can specify a network printer for your reports in this dialog.



NOTICE

If you have shared a memory location on a PC within your network and if you have configured the Ti-Touch accordingly (*see chapter 11.3.3, page 84*), then the settings for the parameters **Domain**, **User** and **Password** will be applied and can then no longer be modified in this dialog.



CAUTION

If the computer on which the network printer is configured does not have the same subnet as the Ti-Touch, then a WINS server must be present. The computer must be entered in this server. In order for the communication to work, the SMB protocol version 1 (SMBv1) must be activated. Since this function is not standard anymore in Windows 10, it has to be activated manually. From firmware version 5.915.0044, the SMB protocol version 2 and 3 is also supported.

Print server

Host name of the print server or the computer on which the network printer is configured. If you are working with Windows, then you will find the host name as follows: In the Windows **command prompt** window, enter the command **ipconfig -all**. The host name is listed together with other parameters of the print server or the computer.

Do not under any circumstances enter an IP address in this input field.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 32 characters |
| Default value | empty |

Share name

Share name of the network printer on the above-specified computer. Please note that the Share name of a network printer often does not match the name of the printer. The share name can be found on the Release tab in the Properties dialog of the released network printer.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 32 characters |
| Default value | empty |

Domain

Network domain in which the above-specified computer is located. If you are working with Windows, then you will find the domain name as follows: In the Windows **command window**, enter the command **ipconfig -all**. The domain is listed together with other parameters of the computer. Leave the field empty if the computer is not located within a domain.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 32 characters |
| Default value | empty |

User

User name of the user authorized to access the shared network printer.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 32 characters |
| Default value | empty |

Device manager / Edit

Device type: Balance

Device name

Balance

Comment

Balance type

Sartorius

▼

RS-232

COM1

▼

You define the type of balance and its connector in the dialog **Device manager / Edit**.

Device name

Here you can enter a device name of your choice.

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Comment

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Balance type

If you have connected a balance, then you have to specify the balance type here.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | AND \| Mettler \| Mettler AT \| Mettler AX \| |
| | Ohaus \| Precisa \| Sartorius \| Shimadzu |
| Default value | Sartorius |

RS-232

RS-232 interface to which the balance is connected. The interface parameters are adjusted in the **Edit device / Port parameters** dialog (see chapter 11.10, page 117).

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Selection | COM 1 \| COM 2 |
| Default value | COM 1 |

COM 2

The interface is disabled.

The following table indicates the balance type that needs to be selected for the balance model:

| Balance | Balance type |
|--|--------------|
| AND | AND |
| Mettler AB, AE, AG, AM, AJ, PE, PM, PJ, PR, XP, XS | Mettler |
| Mettler AT | Mettler AT |
| Mettler AX, MX, UMX, PG, AB-S, PB-S | Mettler AX |
| Ohaus Voyager, Explorer, Analytical Plus | Ohaus |
| Precisa | Precisa |
| Sartorius | Sartorius |
| Shimadzu BX, BW | Shimadzu |

11.10 USB/RS-232 adapter

Instrument list: **USB/RS-232 adapter** ► **Edit** ► **COM interface** ► **Edit**

As a rule, balances are equipped with a serial RS-232 interface. To connect a balance, you will require the 6.2148.050 cable. You can adjust the interface parameters in the dialog **Edit device / Port parameters**. These settings must match the settings on the connected device.



NOTICE

If you make changes to parameter settings in this dialog, then you must switch the Ti-Touch off and back on in order for the changes to take effect.

Edit device / Port parameters

Baud rate

9600

▼

Data bits

8

▼

Parity

none

▼

Stop bits

1

▼

Handshake

Hardware (DTR/CTS)

▼

Baud rate

Transfer rate in characters per second.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | 1200 \| 2400 \| 4800 \| 9600 \| 19200 \| 38400 \| 57600 \| 115200 |
| Default value | 9600 |

Data bits

Number of data bits.

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Selection | 7 \| 8 |
| Default value | 8 |

Parity

Type of parity testing.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Selection | even \| odd \| none |
| Default value | none |

Stop bits

Number of stop bits.

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 |
| Default value | 1 |

Handshake

Type of data transfer protocol.



NOTICE

In case of communication problems, try the software handshake (**Software (XON/XOFF)**).

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | none \| Software (XON/XOFF) \| Hardware (DTR/CTS) |
| Default value | Hardware (DTR/CTS) |

Software (XON/XOFF)

Use the software handshake when you send a PC/LIMS report via an RS-232 interface.

11.11 PC keyboard

Instrument list: **PC keyboard** ► **Edit**

A commercially available USB keyboard can be connected to make text and numerical input easier. It will be recognized automatically and entered in the list of devices with default settings.

Device manager / Edit

Device type: PC keyboard


Device name

PC keyboard

Comment

Keyboard layout

English US



Device name

Here you can enter a device name of your choice.

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Comment

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Keyboard layout

Define the country-specific keyboard layout here.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | English US \| German DE \| French FR \| Spanish ES \| German CH |
| Default value | English US |

To enter texts and numbers with the PC keyboard, the appropriate text and number input dialog must be opened on the Ti-Touch. Only the following keys on the PC keyboard have a function:

Table 6 Key assignment

| Function in the editing dialog | PC keyboard key |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| [Cancel] | [Esc] |

A barcode reader can be connected to read in sample data or other texts. A connected barcode reader will be recognized automatically and entered in the list of devices with default settings.

You will hear an acoustic signal as confirmation that a character string has been transmitted by the barcode reader and accepted.



Device name

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

| | |
|-------|-----------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
|-------|-----------------------|

Selection of the input field for the character string read in by the barcode reader.

Active input field

The character string is entered in the input field of the opened text- or number-input dialog.

The character string is entered in the input field **Method**.

12 File manager

Main dialog: **System ► File manager**

The saved methods, determinations, sample tables, etc. are managed in the file manager. You can also create a backup of your system (all data and settings). Also, an existing backup can be reloaded.

The file memory is organized as follows:

- **Internal memory**

The following files can be stored in the internal memory:

- Methods

- **External memory**

You can use a USB flash drive as an auxiliary storage medium, for instance. The following files can be stored on an external memory:

- Backup
- Methods
- Determinations
- Sample tables
- Result tables
- Reports as *.pdf
- PC/LIMS report

12.1 Managing files

File manager: **Internal memory / External memory 1 / External memory 2**

The saved files can be organized into groups. These groups are comparable to file directories on your PC, although unlike your PC, only one level is possible.



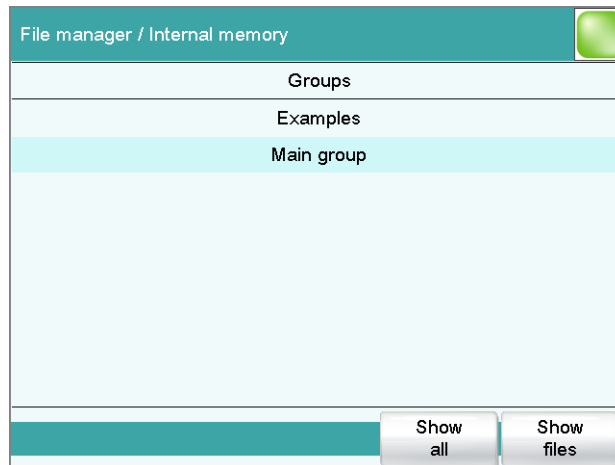
NOTICE

The file names must be unique for each memory location, i.e. you cannot save two files with the same name, even if they are in different groups.



NOTICE

If you use an external storage medium with the FAT or FAT32 file system, then you can save a maximum of 999 files per group. If you find it necessary to store more than 999 files in a single group, then you must reformat the storage medium with the file system **ExFAT** (see *chapter 32.7.2, page 365*).

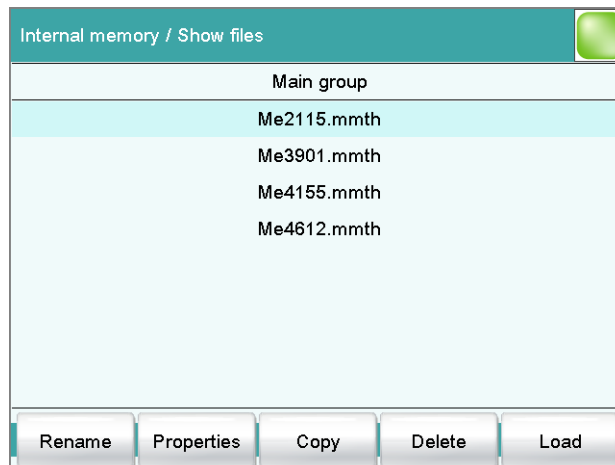


[Show all]

Display the list of all the files in the selected memory location.

[Show files]

Display the list of all the files in the selected group.



[Rename]

Rename the selected file (see chapter 12.1.2, page 125).

[Properties]

Display the file properties (see chapter 12.1.3, page 126).

[Copy]

Copy the selected file to a different memory location (*see chapter 12.1.1, page 125*).

[Delete]

Delete the selected file.

[Load]

Load the selected file.

12.1.1 Copying a file

Proceed as follows to copy a file:

1 Selecting the file

- Select the desired file.
- Tap on **[Copy]**.

The selection of memory locations is displayed.

2 Copy the file

- Tap on the desired memory location.
Only memory locations currently being accessible are active.

The file is copied. The file group is retained, i.e. the group will be created again in the new memory location if it does not already exist there.

12.1.2 Renaming a file

Proceed as follows to rename a file:

1 Selecting the file

- Select the desired file.
- Tap on **[Rename]**.

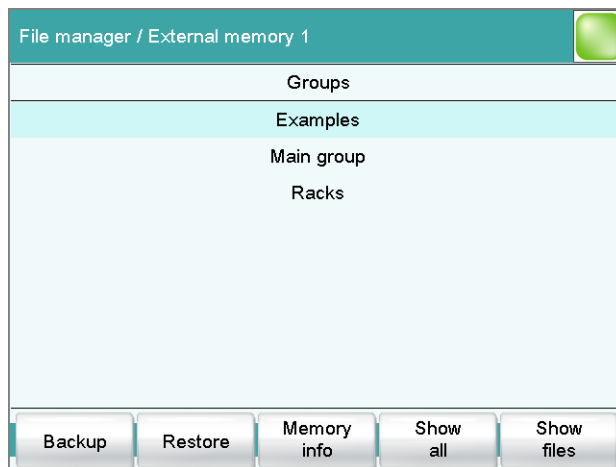
The **Show files / Rename** dialog is displayed.

2 Change the file name

- Tap on the input field **File name**.
The text editor opens.
- Enter a new file name (max. 32 characters) and confirm with **[OK]**.
- Tap on **[OK]**.

The file is saved under the new name.

12.2 External storage medium



[Backup]

Creating a backup of all data and settings on this storage medium (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

[Restore]

Load the backup. This function is active only if a backup is available (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

[Memory info]

Display information on the storage medium, see following chapter.

Storage medium – Information

Detailed information about the storage medium is displayed in the dialog **External memory 1/2 / Memory info**:

- **Name**
Designation of the storage medium.
- **Write protection**
If this option is activated, then the file cannot be saved, deleted, moved or renamed. This is only an internal write protection feature and is independent of the write protection of the operating system on your computer.
- **Storage capacity**
Total capacity of the storage medium.
- **Used memory**
Storage capacity used on the storage medium.
- **Free memory**
Free storage capacity on the storage medium.

12.3 Creating backups / Restoring data

File manager: **External memory 1 / External memory 2**

You can use the **[Backup]** function to easily create a backup containing all the data and settings of your system. You should make a backup at regular intervals in order to avoid data loss.



NOTICE

Only **one** backup can be created on a storage medium.

If a backup has already been stored on the medium, then it will be overwritten when this function is carried out again.

12.3.1 Restoring data

You can use the function **[Restore]** to restore either a complete backup or only certain data.



CAUTION

All of the methods in the internal memory will be deleted.

Backups are not backward compatible, i.e. backups of the latest version cannot be restored using earlier versions.

Proceed as follows to restore backed-up data:

1 Select the storage medium

- Connect the storage medium on which the backup is located.
- Select the storage medium under **System ► File manager**.

2 Select data

- Tap on **[Backup]**.
The selection of the data that can be restored separately is displayed (see the following).
- Deselect the data sets which are not to be restored.
- Tap on **[Load data]**.

The selected data blocks are restored.

3 Complete the restoration

- Switch the Ti-Touch off and on again.

13 GLP manager

Main dialog: **System ► GLP manager**

In the GLP manager you can document data for various GLP tests. The results of the automatic system tests carried out after switching on are also documented.

The following tests can be documented:

- GLP test "Measurement" (*see chapter 13.3, page 133*)
- GLP test "Titration" (*see chapter 13.3, page 133*)
- System validation (*see chapter 13.4, page 137*)

In addition, you can also:

- Create a list with your test tools (*see chapter 13.2, page 132*).
- Define a service interval for having routine maintenance carried out by a Metrohm service technician (*see chapter 13.5, page 141*).
- Define an interval for the regular performance of backups (*see chapter 13.5, page 141*).

Further information about quality management and validation is also given in the documentation series **Quality Management with Metrohm** and **Application Bulletin AB 255** (Validation of Metrohm Karl Fischer titrators in accordance with GLP/ISO 9001).

| System / GLP manager | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Test | Last test | Next test |
| Automatic system test | 2010-08-30 | Power on |
| System validation | 2010-08-02 | 2011-01-04 |
| GLP test "Measurement" | 2010-07-01 | 2011-01-03 |
| GLP test "Titration" | 2010-07-02 | 2011-01-04 |
| <div> <div>Test tools</div> <div>GLP tests HW/SW</div> <div>System validation</div> <div>Monitoring</div> <div>View test data</div> </div> | | |

The table shows the last time that each test was carried out and when the next test is to be carried out. A test is entered in the list the first time that it is documented.

[Test tools]

Configuring the test tools for GLP tests (*see chapter 13.2, page 132*).



[GLP tests HW/SW]

Document the GLP tests "Measurement" and "Titration" (see chapter 13.3, page 133).

[System validation]

Document the system validation (see chapter 13.4, page 137).

[Monitoring]

Defining the time intervals for system maintenance and backups (*see chapter 13.5, page 141*).

[\[View test data\]](#)

Display the data of the selected test.

13.1 Automatic system test

The system test is carried out automatically when the Ti-Touch is switched on. The result of each individual test is shown in green if no error has occurred. If a result is shown in red, then an error occurred when the respective test was carried out. Switch the Ti-Touch off and back on again. If the error still occurs please notify Metrohm Service.

Print report at system start

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the result of the system test will be printed out automatically when the Ti-Touch is switched on.

13.2 Test tools

Main dialog: **System ► GLP manager ► Test tools**

You can create a list of test tools to be used in the tests in the GLP manager.

The following test tools have already been defined:

- **767 Calibrated Reference:** Device for checking measuring inputs and electrode cable.
- **822 Titr.Curve Simulator:** Curve simulator for checking the hardware and software.
- **773 pH/mV Simulator:** Device for checking measuring inputs and electrode cable.
- **868 UR Generator:** Device for checking measuring inputs and electrode cable.

[New]

Add a new test tool to the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected test tool from the list.

[Edit]

Change the designation of the selected test tool.

13.3 GLP tests for measurement and titration

Main dialog: **System ► GLP manager ► GLP tests HW/SW ► GLP test "Measurement" / GLP test "Titration"**

You can document the GLP tests for measurements and titrations in the dialog **GLP manager / GLP tests Hardware/Software** and its subdialogs. The following procedure describes the GLP test "Measurement," but also applies for the GLP test "Titration".

Proceed as follows:

1 Open the properties dialog

- In the **System / GLP manager** dialog, tap on the **[GLP tests HW/SW]** button and then on the **[GLP test "Measurement"]** button.

2 Edit data

- Define the test method, the test results, etc. (see "Dialogs "GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Measurement"" and "GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Titration"", page 134).

3 Define the hardware used

- Tap on **[Hardware]**.

[GLP test interval]

Defining the time interval for the GLP test (see "Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Test interval" and "GLP test "Titration" / Test interval", page 135).

[Hardware]

Documenting the hardware with which the GLP test was carried out (see "Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Hardware" and "GLP test "Titration" / Hardware", page 136).

Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Test interval" and "GLP test "Titration" / Test interval"

Test date

Date on which the GLP was carried out.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which a GLP test has to be carried out again will be monitored.

GLP test interval

If you define a time interval for the GLP test, then the date in **Next GLP test** will be tracked automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
| Default value | 999 days |

Next GLP test

If you define a date for the next GLP test, then the **GLP test interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Display message \| Document message \| Cancel determination |
| Default value | Display message For all three options it is documented in the determination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired. |

13.4 System validation

Main dialog: **System ► GLP manager ► System validation**

In the dialog **GLP manager / System validation** and its subdialogs, you can document the system validation results and define the time interval after which validation must be carried out again.

Proceed as follows:

1 Open the properties dialog

- In the **System / GLP manager** dialog, tap on the **[System validation]** button.

2 Edit data

- Define the method, the result, etc. (see *"GLP manager / System validation" dialog*, page 138).

3 Define the validation interval

- Tap on **[Validation interval]**.
- Enter the time interval or the date for the next system validation (see *"Dialog "System validation / Validation interval"*, page 139).
- Tap on the fixed key [**↩**].

The dialog **GLP manager / System validation** appears again.

4 Enter statistical data

- Tap on **[Test statistics]**.
- Enter the statistical data for the last system validation (see *"System validation / Test statistics" dialog*, page 140).
- Tap on the fixed key [**↩**].

13.5 System monitoring

13.5.1 Service interval

Main dialog: **System ► GLP manager ► Monitoring ► Service interval**

In the dialog **GLP manager / Service interval**, you can define the time interval for the maintenance of the system by the Metrohm Service department. The service interval is checked each time the system is started.

Last service

Date on which the last servicing was carried out.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which system maintenance must be carried out again will be monitored.

Service interval

If you define a time interval for the system maintenance, then the date in **Next service** will be tracked automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 days |
| Default value | 999 days |

Next service

If you specify a date for the next system maintenance, then the **Service interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

13.5.2 Backup interval

Main dialog: **System ► GLP manager ► Monitoring ► Backup interval**

In the dialog **GLP manager / Backup interval**, you can define the time interval for backups. The backup interval is checked each time the system is started.

Last backup

Date on which the last backup was created.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

14 Common variables

Main dialog: **System ► Common variables**

You can save 25 **method-independent variables**, or common variables. These variables can be used in future calculations (as variables **CV01... CV25**). Common variables are useful, e.g. for the following applications:

- Determination of a blank value which will be taken into account during the content determination of the sample.
- Determination of the content of a standard solution, which will be taken into account during the content determination of the sample.

| System / Common variables | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| CV | Name | Value |
| 01 | Blank value | 0.0143 mL |
| 02 | .... | .... |
| 03 | .... | .... |
| 04 | .... | .... |
| 05 | Density | 0.986 g/mL |
| 06 | .... | .... |
| 07 | .... | .... |
| 08 | .... | .... |
| | | <div>Delete</div> <div>Edit</div> |

The designation and the value (including the unit) are displayed for every common variable in the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected common variable from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected common variable, see following chapter.

Next assignment

This parameter is displayed only if a validity has been defined for the common variable.

Date on which the validity of the common variable expires.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

[Validity]

Defining the time interval for the validity of the common variable (see chapter 14.3, page 146).

[Properties]

Display the properties of the common variable, see following chapter.

14.2 Properties of common variables

Common variable: **Edit ► Properties**

Detailed information concerning the common variable is displayed in the **Edit common variables / Properties** dialog:

- **Status**
Status of the common variable. If the time interval for the validity has expired, then **invalid** will be displayed.
- **Method**
Method with which the value has been assigned to the common variable. If the value was entered manually, then **manual** will be displayed.
- **Method status** (only for automatic assignment from the determination run)
- **Determination status** (only for automatic assignment from the determination run)
- **Last assignment**
Date and time of the last assignment.
- **User**
User who assigned the value to the common variable.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

14.4 Assigning a result automatically to a common variable

**NOTICE**

This instruction is based on the assumption that the method contains a calculation command with a calculation.

Proceed as follows to assign a result to a common variable:

1 Opening the editing dialog of the result

- In the command list, select the command **CALC**.
- Tap on the **[Edit command]** button.
- Select the result whose value is to be assigned to a common variable and tap on **[Edit]**.

The editing dialog of the result is displayed.

2 Define result options

- Tap on the **[Result options]** button.

Edit calculation / Result options

R1 Blank value

Variable for mean value SMN1 ▼

Save as titer off ▼

☒ Save as common variable

Variable CV01 ▼

More options

- Activate the parameter **Save as common variable**.
- Define **Variable** = CV01...CV25.

15 Templates

Main dialog: **System ► Templates**

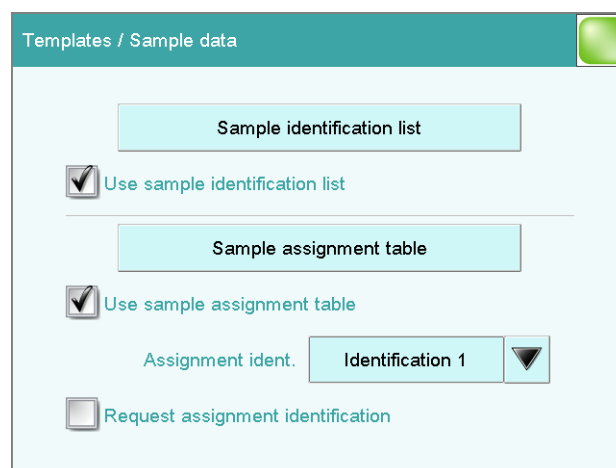
You have the option of defining **system-specific templates**. You can use these templates when editing the respective data.

You can create the following templates:

- **Sample data** (see chapter 15.1, page 149)
Create sample identifications and sample assignments.
- **Custom result templates** (see chapter 15.2, page 153)
Define formulas for result calculations.
- **Input lines** (see chapter 15.3, page 157)
Define input signals on the remote interface.
- **Output lines** (see chapter 15.4, page 159)
Defining output signals on the remote interface.
- **Report header** (see chapter 15.5, page 162)
Create a system-specific report header that contains information concerning the laboratory, for example.

15.1 Sample data

Main dialog: **System** ► **Templates** ► **Sample data**



You can create the following templates in the dialog **Templates / Sample data**:

- Sample identifications (*see chapter 15.1.1, page 150*)
List with sample identifications. If you must enter the sample identification before starting a determination, then you can select the entries contained in this list.

- Sample assignments (see chapter 15.1.2, page 151)
You can assign a particular method to a sample identification.

Use sample identification list

on | off (Default value: **off**)

Activate this parameter so that the sample identifications defined in the list will be displayed as selections.

Use sample assignment table

on | off (Default value: **off**)

Activating/deactivating the use of the sample assignment table.



NOTICE

If this parameter is activated, the following will no longer be possible:

- Carrying out determinations without their sample identification being defined in the sample assignment table.
- Defining a method in the sample table. Previously defined methods will be ignored.

Assignment ident.

Identification which is used as assignment identification to load the correct method.

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Selection | Identification 1 \| Identification 2 |
| Default value | Identification 1 |

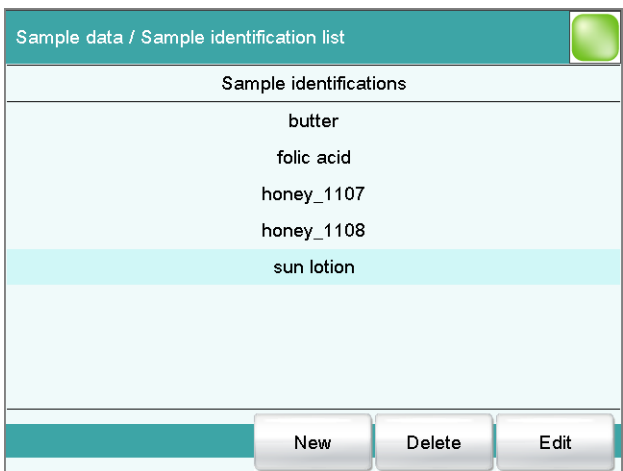
Request assignment identification

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the sample identification will be requested automatically at the start of a determination.

15.1.1 Sample identification list

Main dialog: **System ► Templates ► Sample data ► Sample identification list**



You can create a system-specific list with sample identifications in the dialog **Sample data / Sample identification list**. This list makes it easier for you to enter frequently used sample identifications, i.e. this list is available to you for entering them (main dialog, command **REQUEST**, etc.). It may be a good idea to define the unchanging part of the identification as a template and to add the variable part during sample data input.

[New]

Add a new sample identification to the list.

[Delete]

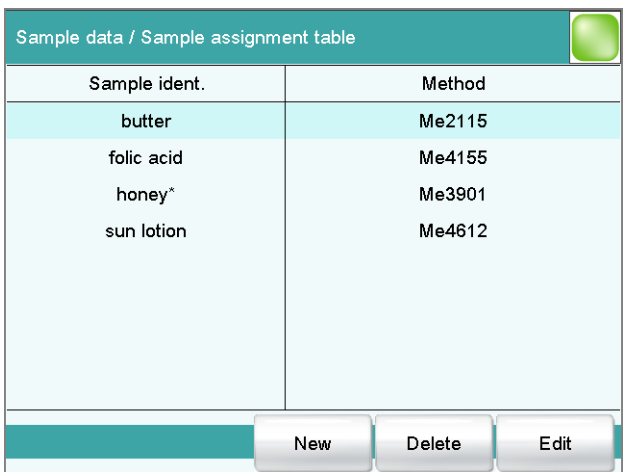
Delete the selected sample identification from the list.

[Edit]

Change the designation of the selected sample identification.

15.1.2 Sample assignment table

Main dialog: **System ► Templates ► Sample data ► Sample assignment table**



In the sample assignment table, a particular method is assigned to a sample identification. In this way, you ensure that your samples will be processed with the correct method; mix-ups are not longer possible. When you start a determination, you need only enter the sample identification; the method is loaded automatically.

[New]

Add a new sample assignment to the list, see following chapter.

[Delete]

Delete the selected sample assignment.

[Edit]

Edit the selected sample assignment, see following chapter.

Editing the sample assignment

Identification

Identification of the sample.



NOTICE

You can place an `*` as a wildcard at the beginning or end of the character string. Doing so allows you to prefix or suffix a sequential number, for example, to the identification, which will be ignored when methods are being assigned.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Selection | Selection of defined identifications in the sample identification list |

Memory

Memory location the method is loaded from. All memory locations are selectable, even if they are currently not accessible.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Internal memory \| External memory 1 \| External memory 2 \| Shared memory |
| Default value | Internal memory |

Shared memory

Shared directory in the network.

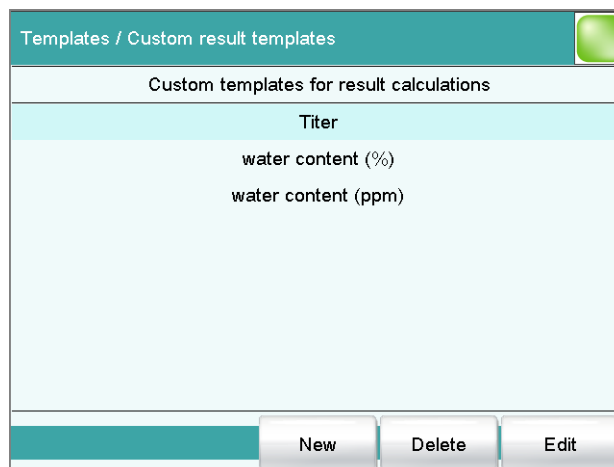
Method

Method that is loaded when a sample with the above-specified identification is processed. You can also enter a method that does not yet exist in the selected memory. When a determination is started there is a check whether the method is available.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Entry | 32 characters maximum |
| Selection | Selection of methods stored in the selected memory |

15.2 Custom result templates

Main dialog: **System ► Templates ► Custom result templates**



In the dialog **Templates / Custom result templates**, you can define the result calculations which can be loaded in the calculation command **CALC**. With the exception of the following points, creating a result template is identical to editing a calculation in the command **CALC** (see chapter 29.4.1.2, page 301):

- No result variable can be assigned to the template.
- The definition of limit values is not possible.



NOTICE

Up to nine **wildcards** can be inserted in the calculation formula, the **Variables F1...F9**. Use these variables, e.g. for the molar mass of your analyte. If you have loaded a result template with these wildcards in the calculation command, then you will automatically be prompted to enter the numerical values.

[New]

Add a new result template to the list, see following chapter.

[Delete]

Delete the selected result template from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected result template, see following chapter.

16.2 Saving a method

If you modify method parameters, then you can save these as your own method.

To save a method, proceed as follows:

1 Open the command sequence

- In the main dialog, tap on **[Edit parameters]**.

The command sequence of the method is displayed:

| Parameters / Sequence | | |
|----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Current method: New method | | |
| 01 | WAIT | Wait |
| 02 | REQUEST | Data request |
| 03 | KFT Ipol | Karl Fischer titration Ipol |
| 04 | CALC | Calculation |
| 05 | REPORT | Report |
| 06 | ... | |

Save method
Method options
Insert command
Delete command
Edit command

2 Modifying/applying the method name

- Tap on **[Save method]**.

A method name will be suggested for new methods. If the method has already been saved once, then the method name will be displayed.

| Sequence / Save method | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Memory | Internal memory ▼ |
| Group | Main group ▼ |
| File name | Me2115 ▼ |

Cancel
Save

Applying the name:

3 Loading the method

- Tap on **[Load]**.

The method is now loaded. The method name is displayed in the main dialog in the title line.



NOTICE

The data of the current determination will be deleted when you load a method.

16.4 Editing a method

Main dialog: **Edit parameters**

| Parameters / Sequence | | |
|---|----------|-----------------------------|
| Current method: New method | | |
| 01 | WAIT | Wait |
| 02 | REQUEST | Data request |
| 03 | KFT Ipol | Karl Fischer titration Ipol |
| 04 | CALC | Calculation |
| 05 | REPORT | Report |
| 06 | ... | |
| <div> <div>Save method</div> <div>Method options</div> <div>Insert command</div> <div>Delete command</div> <div>Edit command</div> </div> | | |

In the dialog **Parameters / Sequence**, you can define and edit the method commands which are executed successively during a determination.

The following data is displayed in the command list for each command:

- Line number
- Name
- Comment

You can adjust the comment in accordance with your requirements.

[Save method]

Save the current method (*see chapter 16.2, page 165*).

[Method options]

Define various settings which refer to the entire method, e.g. statistics, automatic saving of determinations, settings for sample data, etc. (*see chapter 16.5, page 169*).

This dialog contains all of the commands which can be inserted into a method run, organized into thematic groups.

2 Select a command group

- Tap on the desired command group.

In the case of **[Report]**, the command is inserted directly into the command list. For all other command groups, the available commands will be displayed (titration / measuring commands, etc.).

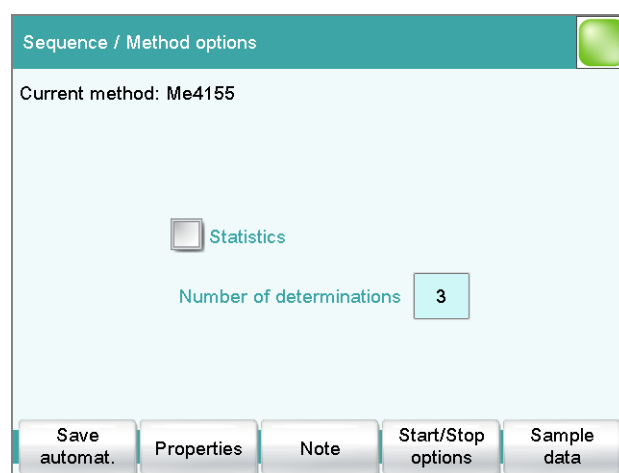
3 Inserting a command

Tap on the desired command.

The dialog is closed and the command is displayed in the command list.

16.5 Method options

Main dialog: **Edit parameters ► Method options**



Method options are settings which apply to the method as a whole and not to an individual command.

The following settings are available:

- Activate/deactivate statistics calculations
- Save determination automatically
- Sign a method electronically
- Check the method when the determination starts
- Define a fixed sample size
- etc.

Statistics

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then statistics calculations will be carried out for all of the defined results. The prerequisite here, however, is that a variable for the mean value is defined in the result options (see "Dialog "Edit calculation / Result options"", page 303).

Number of determinations

The number of determinations that are carried out for the statistics calculations.

If an additional determination has to be added to the determination series, because one determination has been incorrect, for example, then this can be accomplished in the statistical overview (*see chapter 25, page 228*).

| | |
|---------------|----------------|
| Input range | 2 to 20 |
| Default value | 3 |

[Save automat.]

Define the settings for automatically saving the determination (see chapter 16.5.6, page 179).

[Properties]

Display the properties of the current method and sign electronically (*see chapter 16.5.4, page 177*).

[Note]

Enter a note on the method (*see chapter 16.5.5, page 179*).

[Start/Stop options]

Edit functions which are carried out immediately after the method is started or stopped, *see chapter Start options, page 170* and *chapter Stop options, page 172*.

[Sample data]

Specify method-specific settings for the sample data, e.g. designation of the sample identifications, limits for the sample size (*see chapter 16.5.3, page 173*).

16.5.1 Start options

Main dialog: **Edit parameters** ► **Method options** ► **Start/Stop options** ► **Start options**

In the dialog **Method options / Start options**, you can configure the functions which are carried out when a determination is started.

Method check at start

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this option is activated, then the following tests are carried out at the method start.

- Are the required control and peripheral devices connected?
- Are the titrant and the sensor on hand?
- Have the monitoring intervals expired?
- etc.



NOTICE

We recommend that the method check only be deactivated if the titration must begin immediately after the start of the determination (e.g. with very rapid reactions such as enzyme-catalyzed reactions). If the method check is deactivated, it could happen that the determination run will be interrupted, e.g. because devices, titrants or sensors are not on hand.

The following settings can be implemented for a connected Sample Processor:

Rack reset

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then the sample rack is initialized at the time of the method start. The following actions are carried out:

- The lift is moved upwards.
- The sample rack is rotated to the starting position.
- The rack code of the rack attached is being read out and the corresponding rack data is transferred to the Sample Processor.
- The sample variable is reset to the value 1.

Check rack

Definition of the sample rack which must be attached at the time of the method start. This ensures that the method will be carried out only with this sample rack.



NOTICE

The sample rack can, however, only be checked if the **Rack reset** option is activated.

For methods for the 885 Compact Oven SC, this parameter must be set to **no** as it has a fixed rack.

| | | |
|---------------|-----------|---|
| Selection | no | Selection of the configured sample racks |
| Default value | no | |

Increase sample variable automatically

on | off (Default value: **on**)

The sample variable describes the current position of the sample on the rack of the Sample Processor. If this option is activated, then the sample variable is automatically increased by 1 at the end of each determination.

This option must be deactivated if the sample variable is to be altered specifically with a **SAMPLE** command.

Request rack position at start

on | off (Default value: **off**)


If this option is activated, then the rack position of the first sample to be processed is requested.

16.5.2 Stop options

Main dialog: **Edit parameters** ► **Method options** ► **Start/Stop options** ► **Stop options**

In the dialog **Method options / Stop options**, you can define the actions which are carried out when a method is canceled.

The method can be canceled as follows:

- Manual stop with the fixed key []
- Stop because of an error
- Stop by remote signal via the Control Remote Box

Switch off pumps

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this option is activated, then all of the connected pumps will be switched off.

on | off (Default value: **on**)

Below you will find an example demonstrating the effects on the main dialog of the settings in this dialog (see "*Modifying sample data*", page 175).

Identification 1, Identification 2

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this option is activated, then the input field for the sample identification in the main dialog will be displayed.

Designation

A designation of your own choosing can be defined for the input field for each method.

Entry **16 characters maximum**

Fixed sample size

on | off (Default value: **off**)

Activate this parameter if the same sample amount is always to be used for all determinations. If this is case, then you can define the sample size here. It will be displayed in the main dialog, but it can no longer be changed there.

Sample size

This parameter can only be edited when **Fixed sample size** is activated.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Input range | –999999999 to 999999999 |
| Default value | 1.0 |

Unit of sample size.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Selection | g \| mg \| µg \| mL \| µL \| pieces |
| Default value | g |



NOTICE

You can also use the parameter **Fixed sample size** if you would like to establish a default for the sample size.

Example: For a particular determination, you require 10 mL of sample. Now and again, however, you have too little sample available and you must perform the determination with 5 mL, for instance. In this case, proceed as follows:

1. Activate the parameter **Fixed sample size**.
2. Define the value and unit for the sample size, in the above example, for instance, **[10 mL]**.
3. Deactivate the parameter **Fixed sample size** again.
4. Save method.

⇒ Each time you load this method, 10 mL is entered as the sample size, but in the example mentioned you can enter the lesser quantity of 5 mL.

[Sample size limits]

This button is accessible only if **Fixed sample size** is deactivated.

Define the limit values for the sample size (see "Defining limit values for the sample size", page 176).

Modifying sample data

This instruction is for the purpose of clarifying the settings which are possible in this dialog. The following settings should be made:

- Change the designation for the input field of the first sample identification.
- Hide the input field for the second sample identification.
- Define a fixed sample size.

Proceed as follows:

1 Change the designation for the input field

- Tap on the input field **Identification 1**.
The text editor opens.
- Change the designation in **Batch** and confirm with **[OK]**.
- Deactivate the parameter **Identification 2**.

2 Define a fixed sample size

- Activate the parameter **Fixed sample size**.

- Enter the value **10 mL** as **Sample size**.


3 Displaying the main dialog

Tap on the fixed key [].


The data is saved and the adjusted main dialog appears.

New method


09:08:13




User



Batch



Sample size



System

Load method

Control/Logout

Edit parameters

Results

Only Identification 1 is shown with the title "Batch." The fixed sample size "10 mL" is shown, but cannot be edited.

Defining limit values for the sample size

In the dialog **Sample data / Sample size limits**, you can define the limit values for the sample size. These values are not monitored during sample data input, but rather:

- when the determination is started.
- when the determination is finished.
- upon automatic sample data query via the command **REQUEST**.
- when the determination is being recalculated.

An entry is made in the message list automatically when these limits are infringed (see chapter 24.2, page 215).

Monitoring sample size limits

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the sample size will be monitored.

Lower limit

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Input range | –999999999 to 999999999 |
| Default value | 0 |

Upper limit

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Input range | –999999999 to 999999999 |
| Default value | 999999999 |

Display message

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, a message is displayed in case the limits are infringed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

If this parameter is deactivated, then the message will be entered only in the message list of the determination.

Timeout

The message is displayed during this time. Afterwards, the determination is continued automatically.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999999 s |
| Default value | 30 s |
| Selection | off |

off

The determination will not be continued until after the message has been confirmed.

16.5.4 Method properties

Main dialog: **Edit parameters ► Method options ► Properties**

Detailed information concerning the method is displayed in the **Method options / Properties** dialog and the methods can be signed electronically here:

- **Method status**

Current status of the method.

- **new**
The method has been newly created and not yet saved.
- **saved**
The current method has been saved.
- **modified**
The current method has been modified.
- **reviewed**
The current method has been signed at level 1.
- **released**
The current method has been signed at level 2.

- **Created by**

User who created the method.

18 Control

Main dialog: **Control**

In the dialog **Control**, the settings for the execution of a single determination or of one sample series are defined.

If you work with the login function activated, you can log off the system in this dialog. The login dialog will then be shown immediately.

Statistics

on | off (Default value: **off**)

With this option, you can enable or disable the statistics calculations for individual determinations (see *"Statistics"*, page 185).



NOTICE

The parameter **Statistics** in the method options will not be changed as a result. This setting here will be adjusted automatically to match the one in the method options.

Sample table

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, the sample data for a sample series can be entered in a table (see *chapter 21*, page 194).

[Delete statistics]

Delete all statistics data.

The statistics data should be deleted manually if a sample series has been canceled and a new sample series is to be started.

The statistics data is deleted automatically in following cases:

- when all of the determinations of the determination series have been carried out and a new determination has been started afterwards.
- when a new method is loaded.
- when a determination is loaded (the method with which the determination was carried out is loaded simultaneously with the determination).

Statistics

In the dialog **Control**, you can deactivate the statistics calculations for individual determinations. This option is required primarily in order to insert the processing of an "**urgent sample**" during the processing of a sample series when the urgent sample is not to be included in the statistics calculations.

Interrupting a determination series for an "urgent sample"

If the same method is required for the "urgent sample" as is being used for the sample series, then you need only deactivate the option **Statistics** and then reactivate it after the determination is completed. Proceed as follows if you need to process the "urgent sample" with a different method:

1 Deactivate statistics calculation

- Deactivate the option **Statistics**.

2 Saving the determination

- Save the current determination of the sample series (*see chapter 24.6, page 224*).

3 Carrying out the determination

- Load the method for the "urgent sample".
- Carry out the determination.

4 Load the last determination of the sample series

- Reload the previously saved last determination.

The determination, the method used for it and the current statistical data are loaded. The option **Statistics** is activated again and the

value of the statistics counter corresponds to that in effect before the interruption.

5 Continuing the sample series

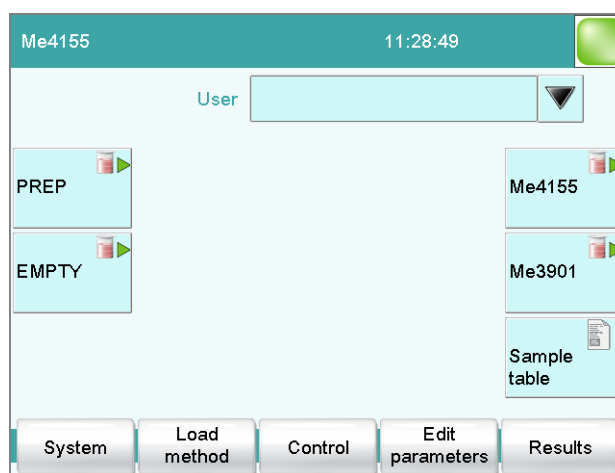
- Carry out the remaining determinations in the sample series.

19 Favorites

Main dialog: **Control ► Favorites**

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Edit ► Favorites**

This chapter describes how you can create favorites. Favorites are comparable to the favorites/bookmarks in your Internet browser. In the main dialog, a button is created for each favorite. By pressing a single key, you can trigger an action without having to navigate through different dialogs.



The following objects can be saved as favorites:

- Methods
- Sample tables

User-specific or common favorites can be created, depending on whether you are working with or without the login function.

- Operation with login function:
If you are working with the login function activated, **user-specific favorites** can be created. These can only be used by a certain user. User-specific favorites are created as follows:
 - in the user administration by a user with administrator rights (**System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Edit**).
 - in the dialog **Control** for the user who is logged in.
- Operation without login function:
If you are working without the login function, **common favorites** can be created. These favorites are available for all users. Common favorites are created in the **Control** dialog.

20 Sample data

You can enter the sample data (identification, sample size, etc.) in a variety of ways:

- Directly in the main dialog.
- Using the sample table. This is particularly useful with sample series. The sample table is a table in which the sample data for up to 999 samples can be entered (*see chapter 21, page 194*).
- Automatic request immediately after the start of the determination (*see chapter 20.2, page 192*).

You can also send the sample size and the unit from a connected balance in any case. With some balances, the sample identification and method can be also sent (*see chapter 32.4, page 357*).

20.1 Entering sample data in the main dialog

For a sample, you can enter the sample data directly in the main dialog, even while the determination is running (*see chapter 23, page 205*).

Identification 1

Sample identification. The sample identification can be used in calculations as the variable **CI1**. If you have defined a sample identification list (*see chapter 15.1.1, page 150*) then the entries can be selected here.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Entry | 24 characters maximum |
| Default value | empty |

Me2115

01 REQUEST Data request

Identification 1

Sample size mL

Continue

To accomplish this, you must insert and configure the command **REQUEST** in the method (see chapter 29.9.3, page 345).

If the **Hold sequence** parameter is activated, then the run will be paused and must be continued with **[Continue]** after the sample data has been entered. If the **Hold sequence** parameter is deactivated, then the determination will continue in the background until the measured data is required for further processing. This dialog will be displayed until the entering of the sample data is confirmed with **[Continue]**, even if the titration/measurement is already completed. This ensures that the sample data is available for calculations.

If a fixed sample size has been defined in the method (see chapter 16.5.3, page 173), then it will be displayed at the time of the entry but it will not be editable.

Loading a sample table

Proceed as follows to load a sample table:

1 Display the list of saved sample tables

- In the **Sample table** dialog, tap on the **[Load/ Save]** button.
The **Sample table / Load/Save** dialog is displayed.
If no external storage medium is plugged in or if no file system is shared, then **[Load]** is disabled.
- Tap on **[Load]**.
The selection of memory locations is displayed. This selection will be skipped if only one memory can be accessed.
- Select the memory location where the desired sample table is stored.
The selection of file groups is displayed (*see chapter 12.1, page 123*). If only one group is available, then the list of the saved sample tables will be displayed directly.
- Select the group with the desired sample table.
- Tap on **[Show files]**.

The list with the saved sample table is opened.

2 Select the sample table

- Select the desired sample table.

3 Loading a sample table

- Tap on **[Load]**.

The sample table is now loaded.

21.2 Editing sample data

Sample table / Edit

Line number: - 1 +

Method: Me2115

Identification 1: #2370015

Identification 2:

Sample size: 1.0 g

5 Entering the sample size

- Tap on the input field **Sample size** in the dialog.
The number editor opens.
- Enter the sample size and confirm with **[OK]**.

The KF titration is already executed in the background during the entry of the sample size.

After the confirmation of the sample size, the live curve of the titration is displayed.

Sequence of the determination

- After a determination is started, a check is made as to
 - whether all of the devices required are connected and ready for operation.
 - whether all titrants and sensors are present.
 - whether the monitoring intervals for titrants, sensors and common variables are still valid.
 - if a sample assignment table is activated (*see chapter 15.1.2, page 151*):
whether the entered sample identification is defined in the sample assignment table. If this is the case, then the assigned method will be loaded automatically and the actual determination will be started.

22.2 Performing a sample series

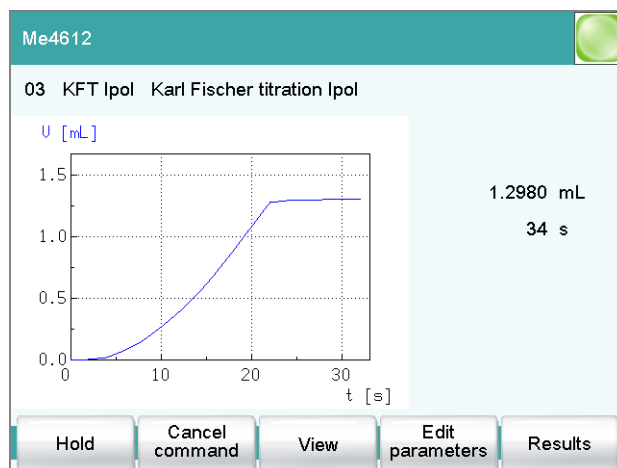
You can use the following functions with sample series:

- **Statistics for multiple determinations**
The statistics calculations are enabled in the method options (*see chapter 16.5, page 169*).
- **Sample table**
You can enter the sample data for an entire sample series in the sample table (*see chapter 21, page 194*).

The live dialog is displayed once again.

23.3 Live display

Main dialog: **Live display**



The current method and the system status are displayed in the title line. The currently running command is displayed directly underneath the title line.

The following functions are available to you while a determination is running:

- **[Hold]**
Pause the determination. The label changes to **[Continue]**. This can be used to continue the run.
- **[Cancel command]**
Cancel the current method command. The next command is started.
- **[View]** (only for titrations/measurements)
To modify the settings for the curve and measured value display, see below.
- **[Sample data]** (visible only if a titration or a measurement is not currently running)
Switch to the main dialog in order to edit the sample data.
- **[Edit parameters]**
Edit the method options and live parameters (see chapter 23.4, page 209).
- **[Results]**
Display the results dialog (see chapter 24, page 211).

Dialog "View"

Main dialog: **Live display ► View**

23.4 Live parameters

Live display: **Edit parameters**

Certain method parameters can be edited while a determination is being carried out. The modified parameters are taken into account at once. If you modify, for instance, the start conditions after the start volume has been dosed, then these modifications will not be taken into account until the next determination.



NOTICE

If the live modifications are also to be used in the future, then the method must be saved after the determination has been completed. The live modifications are discarded as soon as you load a new method.

If you are working with the sample table and a different method is used for the next sample, then the live modifications will be discarded.

Proceed as follows to modify method parameters during an ongoing determination:

1 Select the method command

- Tap on **Edit parameters**.
The command sequence is displayed.

| Parameters / Sequence | | |
|---|----------|-----------------------------|
| Current method: Me4612 | | |
| 01 | WAIT | Wait |
| 02 | REQUEST | Data request |
| 03 | KFT Ipol | Karl Fischer titration Ipol |
| 04 | CALC | Calculation |
| 05 | ... | |
| <div> Save method Method options Insert command Delete command Edit command </div> | | |

[Edit command] is enabled only for those commands for which the live parameters can be edited.

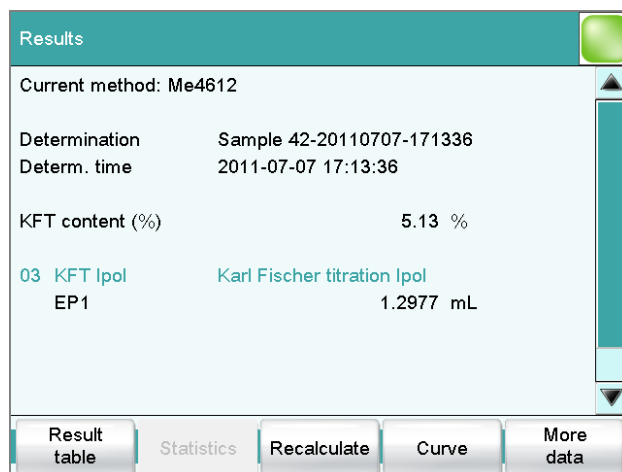
All of the functions except for the method properties can be edited with **[Method options]**.

- Select the desired method command.
- Tap on **[Edit command]**.

24 Results and more determination data

Main dialog: **Results**

Detailed specifications concerning the current determination are displayed in the **Results** dialog:



- **Current method**
Method with which the determination was carried out.
- **Determination**
Name of the determination. Displayed only if the determination has been saved.
- **Determination time**
Date and time at which the determination was carried out.
- **Results**
Calculated results. If monitoring of the result limits is activated, then the result will be highlighted in color:
 - Green lettering: The result is within the limits
 - Red lettering: The result is outside the limits
- **Commands**
List of the data-generating commands (titrations, measurements, etc.). The most important data is displayed for each command.

[Result table]

Open result table (*see chapter 26, page 233*). The result table is a table in which the results for several determinations can be saved.

[Statistics]

Display the statistical overview of a determination series (*see chapter 25, page 228*).

[Local com. var.]

(available only with loaded determinations)

Display the list of the common variables defined at the time of the determination (see chapter 24.3, page 215).

[Messages]

Display list with all of the messages which occurred during the determination (see chapter 24.2, page 215).

[View data]

Display all of the details for the selected command.

24.1.1 Details

Results dialog: **More data ► View data**

| More determination data / View data | | | |
|---|--------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 03 KFT Ipol Karl Fischer titration Ipol | | | 1M |
| Stop criterion | Regular stop | MTS | |
| Titration duration | 27.8 s | MCD | |
| Start volume | 0.0000 mL | MSV | |
| End volume | 1.2975 mL | MCV | |
| Temp. measurement | manual | MTM | |
| Initial measured value | 636.7 mV | MIM | |
| Initial temperature | 25.0 °C | MIT | |
| Start duration | 1.2 s | MSD | |
| Start measured value | 636.7 mV | MSM | |
| Start temperature | 25.0 °C | MST | |
| End measured value | 247.3 mV | MCM | |
| | | Endpoint details | Measuring point list |

All of the variables generated by the determination are listed in the **More determination data / View data** dialog. These can be used in calculations.

[Titrant data]

(available only with loaded determinations)

Display titrant data which was valid at the time of the determination (see "Titrant data", page 214).

[Endpoint details]

Display details for each endpoint found (see "Endpoint details", page 214).

[Measuring point list]

Display measuring point list of titrations and measurements (see "Measuring point list", page 214).



The titer of the titrant can be modified retroactively. The values displayed here are used for the recalculation of a loaded determination. The values saved in the dialog **System / Titrants** are not changed as a result.

NOTICE

- **Status of deter.**
 - **original**
The determination has not been recalculated.
 - **recalculated**
The determination has been recalculated.
 - **loaded**
The determination has been loaded.
 - **saved**
The determination has been saved. The version number indicates how many times the file has been saved.
 - **reviewed**
The determination has been signed at level 1.
 - **released**
The determination has been signed at level 2.

The following data is displayed only if the option **Recalculating determination** under **Login options / Modification options** is activated:

- **Recalculated by**
User who recalculated the determination.
- **Recalculated on**
Date and time at which the determination was recalculated.
- **Reason**
Reason for the recalculation of the determination.
- **Comment**
Comment for the recalculation of the determination.

The following information is displayed only if the determination has been signed at level 1:

- **Reviewed by**
User who signed the determination at level 1.
- **Reviewed on**
Date and time at which the determination was signed at level 1.
- **Reason**
Reason for the signing of the determination.
- **Comment**
Comment for the signing of the determination.

The following information is displayed only if the determination has been signed at level 2:

- **Released by**
User who signed the determination at level 2.
- **Released on**
Date and time at which the determination was signed at level 2.
- **Reason**
Reason for the signing of the determination.



- **Comment**

Comment for the signing of the determination.

- **Used devices**

Hardware that was used for the determination.

- Ti-Touch with program version of the software and the serial number.
- Measuring inputs with ADC type und serial number.
- MSB connector with peripheral devices connected to it (dosing device, stirrer).

[Delete signature]

Delete all of the signatures for the method or the determination. This button is inactive if level 2 has not yet been signed (*see chapter 17.2, page 182*).

[Sign]

Sign the method or determination. This button is active only when working with activated login function and password (*see chapter 17.1, page 181*).

24.5 Loading a determination

Proceed as follows to load a determination:

1 Opening the determination list

- In the results dialog, tap on **[More data]**.
- Tap on **[Load/ Save]**.
- Tap on **[Load]**.

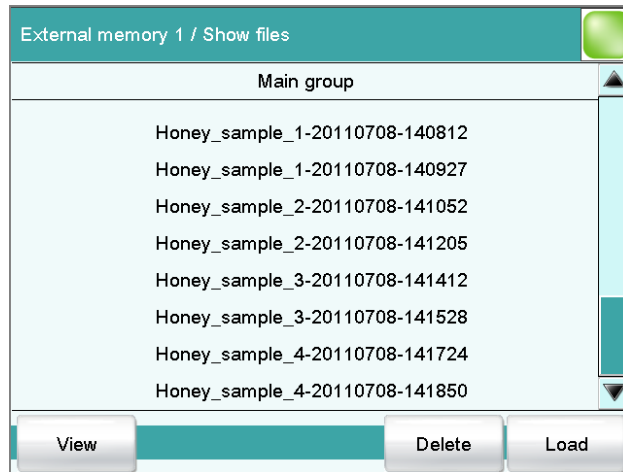
The selection of memory locations is displayed. This selection will be skipped if only one external storage medium is available.

- Select the memory location where the desired determination is saved.

The selection of file groups is displayed (see *chapter 12.1, page 123*). If only one group is available, then the determination list will be displayed directly.

- Select the group with the desired determination.
- Tap on **[Show files]**.

The determination list with the stored determination opens:



2 Selecting a determination

- Select the desired determination.

3 Loading the determination

- Tap on **[Load]**.

The determination is now loaded. The properties are displayed in the results dialog.



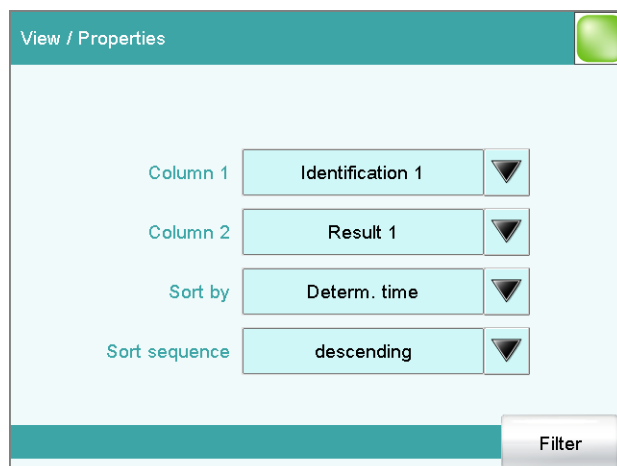
NOTICE

When you load a determination, the method with which the determination was carried out will be loaded automatically.

For this reason, save any modifications which may have been made to the method currently loaded before you load a determination.

24.5.1 Determination list

Results dialog: **More data** ► **Load/ Save** ► **Load** ► **Show files** ► **View**



In the **View / Properties** dialog, you can define which data is displayed in the columns and the criteria according to which the determinations are to be sorted.

Column 1

Selection of what is to be displayed in the first column.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Identification 1 \| Identification 2 \| Determ. time \| Result name \| Method \| Sample size \| User |
| Default value | Identification 1 |

Column 2

Selection of what is to be displayed in the second column.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | <p>Result 1...9</p> <p>The numbering of the results corresponds to the order in which the results were calculated in the determination run.</p> |
|-----------|--|

Sort by

Selection according to which criterion the list is to be sorted.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Identification 1 \| Identification 2 \| Determ. time \| Result \| Method \| Sample size \| User |
| Default value | Determ. time |

Identification 1

Sort alphabetically according to the first sample identification.

Identification 2

Sort alphabetically according to the second sample identification.

Determ. time

Sort chronologically according to the determination time.

[Endpoint details]

Display details for each endpoint found (see "Endpoint details", page 214).

[Measuring point list]

Display measuring point list of titrations and measurements (see "Measuring point list", page 214).

[Curve options]

Define the settings for the curve display (see "Curve options", page 225). The settings are saved separately for each titration/measuring mode and apply not only for the live display but also for the curve display in the results dialog.

Curve options

Results dialog: **Curve ► Curve options**

Curve / Options

Display of the curve for mode KFT

x axis Time

y1 axis Volume Color [blue]

y2 axis none Color [magenta]

☒ Grid

☐ Display measuring points

You can make the settings for the curve display in the **Curve / Options** dialog. These settings are saved separately for each mode (KFT, MEAS, etc.) and also apply for the live display. Both the selection of the quantities and the default setting depend on the mode.

x axis

Quantity which is shown on the x axis of the graph.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Selection | Volume \| Measured value \| Time \| Temperature \| Volume drift \| Signal drift |
|-----------|---|

y1 axis

Quantity which is shown on the y1 axis of the graph.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Selection | Volume \| Measured value \| Time \| Temperature \| Volume drift \| Signal drift |
|-----------|---|

- EVAL commands:
All evaluations are carried out again. You can also insert new evaluations retroactively.
- CALC command:
All calculations are carried out again. You can also define new calculations retroactively.
If you subsequently modify the titrant in a method, then the variable TITER of the "new" titrant will be used. If a result is assigned to the variable TITER in a calculation, then the titer of the "new" titrant will also be overwritten.

If a determination has been recalculated, this will be documented in the determination properties (see chapter 24.4, page 216).

Recalculation/reevaluation of loaded determinations

With loaded determinations, it is assumed that they were carried out a long time ago and that the **titrant data** and **common variables** of the system no longer correspond to those of the determination. This is why the most important titrant data of the titrants used and the list of **common variables** are stored with each determination. This data will be used if you recalculate a loaded determination. If you wish to recalculate the result with a corrected **common variable** or with a corrected titer, you must therefore modify the respective values in the **More determination data / Local common variables** or **More determination data / View data** dialog.

If a result is assigned to the variable TITER or to a **common variable**, then the titer or **common variable** which is currently valid in the system will not be overwritten until after a query has been confirmed.

If you modify the titrant retroactively in the method, this will not be taken into account.

The recalculated results of loaded determinations are not saved in the result table.

25 Statistics

Main dialog: **Results ► Statistics**

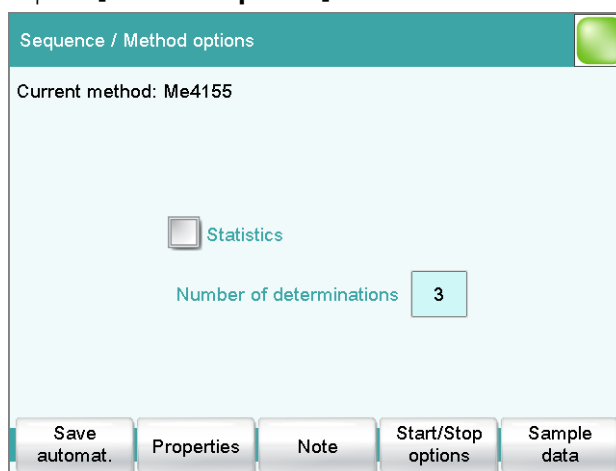
In the dialog **Results**, you can use **[Statistics]** to display the statistical overview of a determination overview. You can statistically evaluate a maximum of nine results calculated in a determination. A statistical series can contain a maximum of 20 determinations.

Activating the statistics function

Proceed as follows to activate the statistics function:

1 Editing the method options

- In the main dialog, tap on **[Edit parameters]**.
- Tap on **[Method options]**.



- Activate the **Statistics** option.
- Under **Number of determinations**, enter the desired number of determinations.

The results for which statistical calculations are performed are defined in the calculation command **CALC** (see "*Variable for mean value*", page 155).

| Results / Statistics | |
|--|--------------|
| Current method: Me4155 3 of 3 | |
| Result name | Mean value |
| KFT Titer | 5.0080 mg/mL |
| <div> <div>Add determ.</div> <div>Details</div> </div> | |

In this dialog, the method with which the determination was carried out is displayed in the first line. The second line shows how many determinations have already been carried out and the total number of determinations to be carried out. The name of the result and the mean value are shown for each result.

[Add determ.]

Add a further determination to the determination series (*see chapter 25.3, page 231*).

[Details]

Display the statistics results for the selected result and the single results from all determinations, see next chapter.



NOTICE

If you recalculate a determination, the statistics for this determination are also recalculated.

**NOTICE**

If the mean value has been assigned to a common variable or to the variable TITER (see command **CALC**), then the determination must be recalculated manually (see chapter 24.8, page 226).

25.2 Deleting statistical data

In the dialog **Control**, you can delete all of the statistics data manually with the function **[Delete statistics]**. The statistics data is deleted automatically in the following cases:

- when all of the determinations of the determination series have been carried out and a new determination has been started afterwards.
- when a new method is loaded (even if it is the same method)
If the **sample table** or the **sample assignment table** is used, the statistics data is only deleted when another method is loaded.

25.3 Adding a determination to a determination series

You can use the function **[Add determ.]** to add an additional sample to a determination series, e.g. because a determination was faulty and had to be removed from the statistics.

| Results / Statistics | |
|--|--------------|
| Current method: Me4155 3 of 3 (+2) | |
| Result name | Mean value |
| KFT Titer | 5.0080 mg/mL |
| <div> <div>Add determ.</div> <div>Details</div> </div> | |

The number of determinations by which the set statistics counter has been increased is shown above the list in brackets. This modification is also displayed in the main dialog and in the statistics report.

26 Result table

Main dialog: **Results ► Result table**

| Results / Result table | | |
|--|------------------|--------------|
| Sorted by Determ. time | | 6 of 100 |
| No. | Identification 1 | Result 1 |
| 1 | Composite 5 | 4.7159 mg/mL |
| 2 | Composite 5 | 4.8095 mg/mL |
| 3 | Composite 5 | 4.6912 mg/mL |
| 4 | Honey1 #44 | 16.56 % |
| 5 | Honey1 #43 | 16.49 % |
| 6 | Honey1 #42 | 16.54 % |
| <div> <div>Load/Save</div> <div>Properties</div> <div>Delete all</div> <div>Delete</div> <div>Details</div> </div> | | |

The result table is suitable for displaying in detail the results of all of the determinations performed on a single day, for instance. You can save the results of up to 200 determinations. A maximum of 9 results from a single determination can be saved in the result table. You define which results from this table are to be saved using the **CALC** command. Because the size of the display is not sufficient to display all of the data at the same time, it is practical to print out the result table.

The sorting criterion and the number of determinations from which results are saved in the result table are displayed at the top. The list contains numbered lines; each line represents one determination. In the default settings, the first sample identification and the first calculated result of each determination are displayed. In the properties, you define which data is displayed in the columns and the criteria according to which the determinations are sorted (*see chapter 26.1, page 234*). In addition, you can define search filters to aid you in finding the desired determinations (*see "Filter criteria", page 236*).

[Load/ Save]

Load a saved result table (*see chapter 26.3, page 238*) or save the current result table (*see chapter 26.2, page 238*).

[Properties]

Configure the display of the columns and define filter criteria.

[Delete all]

Delete the result table completely.

Result

In the input fields **Value from ... to**, specify the value range according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Method

In the field **is equal to**, select or enter the method name according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Sample size

In the input fields **Value from ... to**, specify the value range according to which filtering is to be carried out.

User

In the field **is equal to**, select or enter the user according to whom filtering is to be carried out.

**NOTICE**

The filter can be applied to empty fields as well, for example, if no sample identification has been entered. In this case, select only the desired filter criterion and leave the fields below empty.

Deleting the result table automatically

Result table: **Properties ► Delete automat.**

In the **Properties / Delete automatically** dialog, you define when the contents of the result table is to be automatically deleted.

Delete oldest line only

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated at the same time that the result table is full, the oldest entry will be deleted as soon as the results of a new determination are saved.

Time when result table is deleted:**Switch on**

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this option is activated, then the result table will be deleted each time you switch on the Ti-Touch.


Start a new sample series

on | off (Default value: **off**)

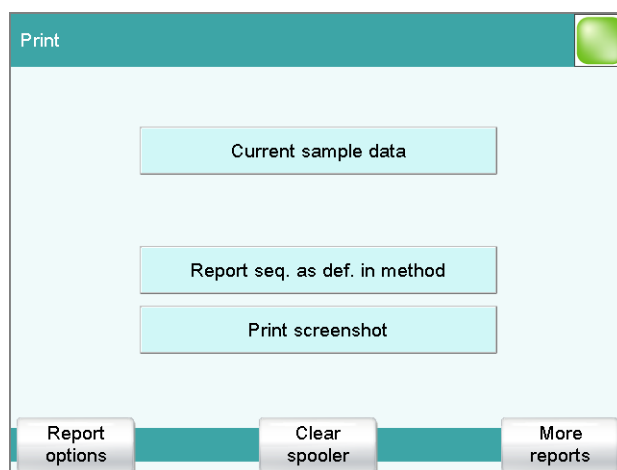
If this option is activated, then the result table will be deleted when you start a new sample series (with activated autostart function!).

27 Printing

Reports can be printed out as follows:

- Manually with the  fixed key in this dialog.
The fixed key is disabled while a determination is running.
- Automatically in the determination run with the command **REPORT** (see chapter 29.5, page 313).

How to configure a printer is described in *Chapter 11.8, page 111*.




This screenshot shows the printing dialog associated with the main dialog. The sample data is entered in the main dialog, which is why you can print out the sample data from there in a context-sensitive manner with **[Current sample data]**.

The following buttons are also available in the other print dialogs:

[Report seq. as def. in method]

Print out all of the reports which are defined in the loaded method.

[Print screenshot]

Activate the "Print Screen" function. The current screen contents will be printed out the next time the fixed key  is tapped on.

[Report options]

Defining the general settings for the report output.

[Clear spooler]

Delete all outstanding printing orders.

[More reports]

Open the list of available reports.

[Send]

Create a PC/LIMS report.

[Edit]

Edit the settings of the selected report.

[Print]

Print the selected report.

27.1 General report options

Fixed key : **Report options**

The settings for the report printout can be adjusted in the dialog **Print / Report options** to indicate, for example, whether a report header, a signature line or a frame is to be printed.

Report header

Defining the output of the report header. The report header contains general information such as device type, serial number, program version and the printing date.



NOTICE

You can also define your own report header, which is printed in addition to this report header (**System ► Templates ► Report header**).

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Selection | off \| once \| on each page |
| Default value | on each page |

off

The report header will not be printed.

once

The report header will only be printed on the first page.

on each page

The report header will be printed on every page.

Signature line

Output of a special line for date and signature. This line will be printed at the very bottom of every page.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Selection | off \| once \| on each page |
| Default value | off |

off

No signature line will be printed.

27.3 List of all printable reports

The following reports can be printed out with the fixed key :



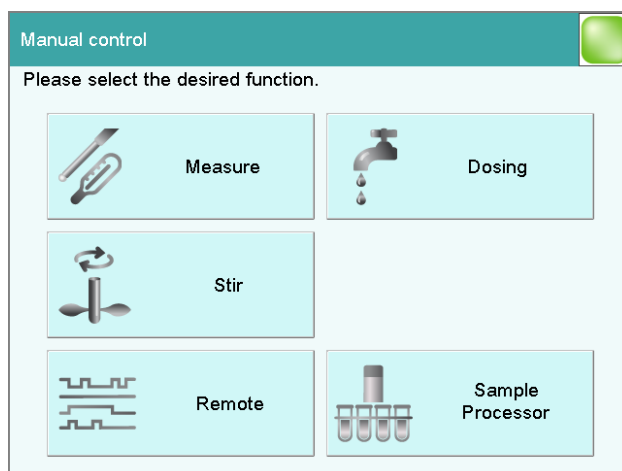
NOTICE

If you have selected a **CUSTOM NEOS** printer, you can print only the reports that are marked with a # on the display.

| Report | Contents |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Result report | # Report with determination properties, sample data, calculated results, etc. If there are multiple determinations, the statistics will also be printed out. |
| Curve | # Curve report. The settings for the curve print-out are adopted from the curve options of the live display. |
| Measuring point list | # Measuring point list report. |
| Calculations | # Details concerning the calculations carried out (parameter settings in accordance with the CALC command and the calculated results). |
| Used devices | The devices used for the determination, as displayed in the More determination data / Properties dialog. |
| Variables | All determination variables, as displayed in the results dialog. |
| Monitoring | Details for the monitored quantities. |
| Statistics | |
| Statistics short | # Summary of the statistics calculations. The number of determinations, the mean value, and the absolute and relative standard deviations are printed out for each result. |
| Statistics overview | # Detailed statistical overview. The sample data and all individual results are printed out for each determination. The number of determinations, the mean value, and the absolute and relative standard deviations are printed out for each result. |
| PC/LIMS | |

| Report | Contents |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Dialog options | Settings for routine dialog and expert dialog. |
| User list | List with all of the users configured in the system, together with their data, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the user list. |
| Login options | Login options, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the respective dialog. |
| Titrants | |
| Titrant list | List of all the titrants configured in the system. |
| All titrant data short | The most important titrant data of all titrants (name, concentration, titer, last titer determination). |
| All titrant data full | All of the titrant data of all of the titrants (working life, titer options, data concerning the exchange unit/dosing unit). |
| Titrant data short | The most important titrant data of the selected titrant, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog. |
| Titrant data full | All titrant data of the selected titrant, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog. |
| Sensors | |
| Sensor list | List of all the sensors configured in the system. |
| All sensor data short | The most important sensor data for all sensors. |
| All sensor data full | All of the sensor data for all of the sensors (name, working life, etc.). |
| Sensor data short | The most important sensor data of the selected sensor, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog. |
| Sensor data full | All of the sensor data of the selected sensor, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog. |
| Device manager | |
| Device list | List of all devices configured in the system. |
| All device properties | Properties of all the devices configured in the system. |
| Device properties | Properties of the selected device, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog. |
| GLP manager | |
| GLP data | All data stored in the GLP manager. |
| Common variables | |

28 Manual control



The following functions are available in the manual control:

[Measure]

Carrying out manual measurements (*see chapter 28.2, page 249*).

Measuring modes:

- **Ipol** (voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current)
- **Upol** (amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage)
- **T** (temperature measurement)

[Dosing]



NOTICE

Only active if a Dosino or dosing unit is connected.

Manual dosing (*see chapter 28.3, page 251*).

The following dosing functions are available:

- Preparing the exchange unit or dosing unit
- Emptying the dosing unit
- Filling the dosing cylinder of the exchange unit/dosing unit
- Dosing a specified volume
- Dosing continuously

[Stir]

Controlling the stirrer manually (*see chapter 28.4, page 260*).

[Remote]

Scanning the input lines on the remote interface and setting the output lines (*see chapter 28.5, page 262*).


[Sample Processor]

Controlling the Sample Processor manually (see chapter 28.6, page 263).

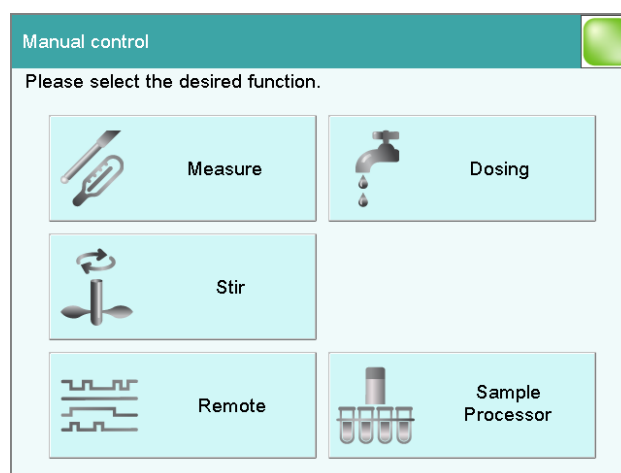
28.1 Opening and closing the manual control

Opening the manual control

1 Opening the dialog window

- Tap on the fixed key [].

Manual control opens:



2 Select the function

- Tap on the button for the desired function.

If the function can be carried out by several devices, a dialog to select the device will appear first; otherwise the dialog for the selected function will appear immediately.

Closing the manual control

- 1 ■ Tap on the fixed key .



NOTICE

Manual control can also be exited when a manual sequence has been started but has not yet ended. The fact that a sequence has been started in manual control can be recognized by the corresponding symbol in the title line (see chapter 6.2.3, page 29).

28.2 Measuring

Manual control ► Measure

Manual control / Measure

Device: Ti-Touch

Sensor: Metal electrode ▼

Measuring input: 1 ▼

Measuring mode: Ipol ▼

Temperature: 25 °C

Pol. current: - 5.0 + µA

Info sensor Start

Manual measurements can be carried out with the function **[Measure]**.

Proceed as follows:

1 Selecting a sensor

- Select the desired sensor from the sensor list.
All of the sensors available in the sensor list are displayed. Sensors are defined under **System ► Sensors**.
- Select the measuring input at which the sensor is connected.

2 Select a measuring mode

- Select the desired measuring mode.
Only those measuring modes are displayed which are advisable for the selected sensor.

Measuring mode

Selection of the measuring mode. Only those measuring modes are displayed which are advisable for the selected sensor.

| Selection | Ip_{ol} \| Up_{ol} \| T |
|------------------------|---|
| Ip_{ol} | voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current |
| Up_{ol} | amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage |
| T | temperature measurement |

Temperature

Temperature entered manually. If a temperature sensor is connected, then the temperature will be measured continuously.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | –20.0 to 150.0 °C |
| Default value | 25.0 °C |

[Info sensor]

Display information on the sensor.

28.3 Dosing

Manual control ► Dosing

The following dosing functions are available:

- Preparing the exchange or dosing unit (*see chapter 28.3.3, page 258*)
- Emptying the dosing unit (*see chapter 28.3.4, page 259*)
- Filling the dosing cylinder of the exchange unit/dosing unit (*see chapter 28.3.5, page 259*)
- Dosing a specified volume (*see chapter 28.3.2, page 255*)
- Dosing continuously (*see chapter 28.3.1, page 254*)

Selecting the dosing device

If several dosing devices are connected to a control instrument, then the dialog for selecting a dosing device will be opened.

- Type 8XX with integrated data chip:
If an exchange or dosing unit with integrated data chip is attached, the data stored on the data chip is displayed.

Manual control / Dosing device 1

Device: Ti-Touch

Dosing dev. type 800

Cylinder volume 10 mL

Titrant Composite 5

Titer 4.827

Empty Prepare Fill Dosing fixed vol. Dosing

- Type 8XX without integrated data chip:
If an exchange unit without integrated data chip is attached, then the titrant can be selected from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the parameters defined for the titrant for the preparing are used. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**.

Manual control / Dosing device 2

Device: Ti-Touch

Dosing dev. type 805

Cylinder volume 10 mL

Titrant Titrant 5 ▼

Prepare Fill Dosing fixed vol. Dosing

[Empty]

Empty the cylinder and the tubings of the dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.4, page 259).

[Prepare]

Rinse the cylinder and the tubings of the exchange / dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.3, page 258).

[Fill]

Fill the cylinder of the exchange / dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.5, page 259).


3 Fill the cylinder

- Tap on **[Fill]**.

The dosing cylinder is filled. The displayed volume value will be reset to 0.0000 mL.



NOTICE

If you exit the dialog with the fixed key [>], the dosing cylinder is filled automatically.

Parameter description

Dosing rate

Rate at which it is dosed.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum \| dynamic |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

dynamic

This setting can only be selected when the dosing cylinder is filled. The dosing is being carried out faster and faster until the maximum dosing rate is reached (starting with 1 mL/min and then doubling the dosing rate every 1.5 s).

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

28.3.2 Dosing fixed volumes

Manual control: **Dosing ► Dosing fixed vol.**

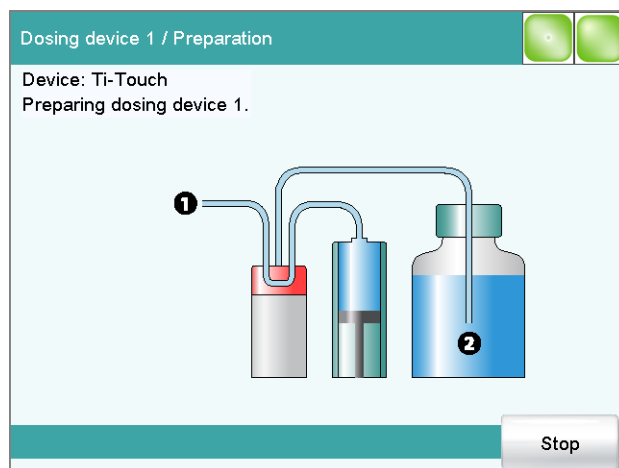


Figure 14 Live display "Preparing the exchange unit"

28.3.4 Emptying

Manual control: **Dosing ► Empty**



NOTICE

The function **Empty** is possible only with dosing units.

The cylinders and the tubings of the dosing unit are emptied with this function.

If the titrant is selected (see "Selecting the dosing function", page 252), the parameters defined for the titrant for preparing/emptying and the tubing parameters will be used. If the titrant is not selected, default parameters will be used (see Chapter 32.2.2, page 356 and Chapter 32.1.2, page 355).

28.3.5 Filling

Manual control: **Dosing ► Fill**

You can use the function **[Fill]** to fill the dosing cylinder of the exchange unit/dosing unit manually. The filling rate cannot be configured; the maximum filling rate will be used.

28.3.6 Replacing reagent



NOTICE

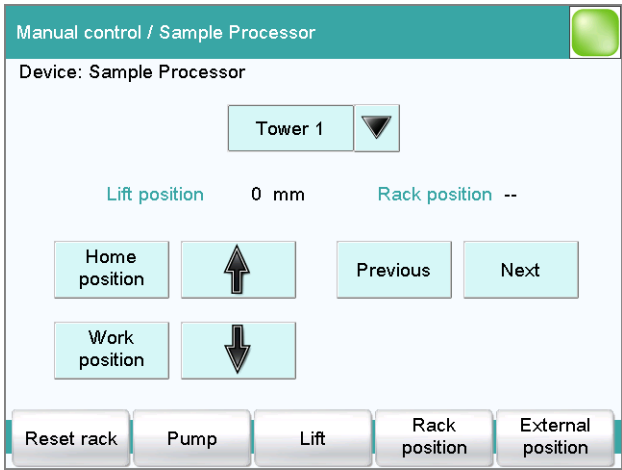
You can easily change the reagent in a dosing unit without no contact with the chemicals using the functions **Prepare** and **Empty**.

[Set]

Set a defined output signal.

28.6 Sample Processor

Manual control ► Sample Processor



With the function **[Sample Processor]**, you can control a connected Sample Processor manually. The following functions are available:

- Rotating the sample rack
- Moving the lift
- Defining specific lift positions (work position, rinse position, etc.)
- Switching pumps on and off
- Initializing the rack
- Defining external positions outside of the sample rack (only with Swing Head)

Tower for the manual control.

| Selection | Tower 1 \| Tower 2 |
|----------------|--|
| Tower 1 | View from the front, the right tower. |
| Tower 2 | View from the front, the left tower. This selection is only available for Sample Processors with two towers. |

Lift position

Current lift position.

Rack position

Current rack position. If the rack is not set to a valid position, e.g. after a rack reset, -- is displayed to indicate this.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Input range | 0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the properties of the tower (<i>see "Maximum stroke path", page 93</i>). If a higher value is entered, an error message will be displayed. |
| Selection | Work position \| Shift position \| Rinse position \| Special position |
| Default value | Work position |

Lift rate

Rate at which the lift is moved in the manual control.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Input range | 5 to 25 mm/s |
| Default value | 25 mm/s |

[Assign lift pos.]

Assign the current lift position to a preset lift position.

Assigning lift positions

Specific lift position are stored separately for every sample rack used as well as for tower 1 and tower 2. The following specific lift positions are available:

- **General rack positions**
For general rack positions you can define one work position, one shift position and one rinse position as well as one special position.
- **Special beaker positions**
A specific work position can be defined for each special beaker. The definitions of the general rack positions are used for the shift position, rinse position and special position of the affected tower.
- **External positions** (only with robotic arm and mounted Swing Head, *see Chapter 28.6.3, page 268*)
For each of the four possible external positions, a specific work position can be defined. Shift position and rinse position can only be defined for all four external positions commonly. A special position is not possible.

Proceed as follows to assign the current lift position to a specific lift position:

1 Move to lift position

- Enter the desired lift position in mm and tap on **[Start]**.

The lift moves to the desired lift position.

2 Assign lift position

- Tap on **[Assign lift pos.]**.
The **Lift / Assign lift position** dialog is displayed:

| Lift / Assign lift position | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Current lift pos. 100 mm | |
| Position name | Position height |
| Work position | 130 mm |
| Shift position | 50 mm |
| Rinse position | 100 mm |
| Special position | 0 mm |
| Assign | |

- Select the desired specific lift position and tap on **[Assign]**.
The current lift position is assigned to the specific lift position.

28.6.2 Moving to a rack position

Manual control: **Sample Processor ► Rack position**

| Sample Processor / Rack position | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Tower 1 | |
| Current rack pos. 1 | |
| Rack position | 1 ▼ |
| Shift rate | Special beaker 1 %/s |
| Shift direction | auto ▼ |
| Swing rate | 55 %/s |
| Start | |

In the dialog **Sample Processor / Rack position**, you can move to any position on the attached rack.

Current rack pos.

Current rack position. If the rack is not set to a valid position, e.g. after a rack reset, -- is displayed to indicate this.

Rack position

Desired rack position.

2 Assign the external position

- Tap on **[Assign Ext. pos.]**.

The **External position / Assign swing angle** dialog is displayed:

| External position / Assign swing angle | |
|--|---------|
| Current robotic arm angle 98.0 ° | |
| External position | Angle |
| 1 | 105.0 ° |
| 2 | 60.0 ° |
| 3 | 60.0 ° |
| 4 | 60.0 ° |
| Assign | |

- Select the desired external position and tap on **[Assign]**.

The current angle position of the robotic arm is assigned to the external position.

3 Move to the external position

- Tap on **[↩]**.

The next higher-level dialog is displayed.

- Select **Move to ext. pos. = External position X** (X = 1...4) and tap on **[Start]**.

The robotic arm swings to the desired position.

4 Move to lift position

- Move the lift to the desired height with the arrow keys **[↑]** or **[↓]**.

Rack position

Current rack position. If the rack is not set to a valid position, e.g. after a rack reset, -- is displayed to indicate this.



NOTICE

Note that the rack has to be set to a valid position for all lift movements! Otherwise a corresponding error message will be displayed.

Move to a valid rack position with **[Previous]** or **[Next]**. Alternatively, you can carry out a MOVE command.

[Home position]

Move the lift to the home position (corresponds to lift position 0 mm).

[Work position]

Move the lift to the work position of the current rack position.

The work position for sample beakers and conditioning beakers is defined in the device manager (*see chapter 11.7.2, page 109*).

[↑]

Move the lift continuously upwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift moves in 6 mm steps.

[↓]

Move the lift continuously downwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift moves in 6 mm steps.

[Previous]

Move to the previous rack position.

[Next]

Move to the next rack position.

[Reset rack]

Initialize the rack. This function is identical with the command **RACK**. The following actions are carried out:

- The lift is moved upwards.
- The sample rack is rotated to the starting position.
- The sample variable is reset to the value 1.

[Heater Gas flow]

Display, control and settings of the current temperature and current gas flow.

Initial measured value

The **[Initial meas. value]** is measured before carrying out the **start conditions**. This value is used for the **titration direction determination** when the titration direction is set to **auto**.

Signal drift

Maximum permissible drift for the measured value acceptance, i.e. maximum change of the measured value per minute. For this value, a suitable maximum waiting time is automatically calculated except you already have modified this waiting time.

Measuring mode Ipol:

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Input range | 0.1 to 999.0 mV/min |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Measuring mode Upol:

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 99.90 µA/min |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Min. waiting time

The measured value is not accepted until the minimum waiting time has elapsed, even if the signal drift has already been reached. The minimum waiting time is only important for drift-controlled measurements.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999999 s |
| Default value | 0 s |

Max. waiting time

If the signal drift has been switched off or has not yet been reached, then the measured value will be accepted when the maximum waiting time has elapsed. As default value, a suitable waiting time for the signal drift is automatically calculated.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999999 s |
| Default value | 1 s |

ume increment defined under **Min. increment** has been reached. The larger the control range, the slower the titration. Outside the control range, dosing is carried out continuously, and the dosing rate is defined under **Max. rate**.

The values that are actually measurable may vary from the values specified here, depending on the hardware. The binding measurement value ranges can be found in the .

Measuring mode Ipol:

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | 0.1 to 2,000.0 mV |
| Default value | 100.0 mV |
| Selection | off |

Measuring mode Upol:

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 200.00 µA |
| Default value | 10.00 µA |
| Selection | off |

Max. rate

Rate at which dosing is carried out outside of the control range.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

Min. increment

Minimum volume increment that is dosed at the beginning of the titration and in the control range at the end of the titration. This parameter has a decisive influence on the titration rate and thus also on the accuracy. The smaller the selected minimum increment, the slower the titration.

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| Input range | 0.10 to 99.90 µL |
| Selection | minimum |
| Default value | minimum |

Table 9 Default values of the predefined titration rates for KFT

| | Titration rate | | |
|----------|----------------|----------|---------|
| | slow | optimal | fast |
| Dynamics | | | |
| – Ipol | 300.0 mV | 100.0 mV | 30.0 mV |
| – Upol | 40.00 µA | 10.00 µA | 5.00 µA |

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 µL/min |
| Default value | 20 µL/min |

Delay time

This parameter can only be edited with **Stop criterion = time**.

When the endpoint has been reached, the specified time is allowed to elapse after the last dosing and the titration is then stopped.

| | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999 s |
| Default value | 10 s |

Relative stop drift

This parameter can only be edited with **Stop criterion = rel. drift**.

The titration is stopped when the endpoint and the sum of the drift at the start of the titration and the relative stop drift have been reached.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 µL/min |
| Default value | 10 µL/min |

29.1.3 Titration parameters

Under **[Titration parameters]**, the parameters influencing the run of the entire titration are defined.

Titration direction

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Selection | + \| - \| auto The default value depends on the measuring mode: Ipol = -, Upol = + |
|-----------|---|

+

Positive measured value change by the addition of titrant, i.e. in the direction of a greater voltage or greater current.

-

Negative measured value change by the addition of titrant, i.e. in the direction of a lesser voltage or lesser current.

auto

The titration direction is determined automatically from the initial measured value and the set endpoint.

Extraction time

Minimum duration of the titration. The titration will not be stopped during the extraction time, even if the endpoint has already been reached. The titration is however stopped if a stop condition is fulfilled during this time (see chapter 29.1.4, page 282). The entering of an extraction time is e.g. recommended with samples that release water slowly or if a Karl Fischer oven is used.

maximum


The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

29.1.5 Conditioning

The conditions required for conditioning are defined under **[Conditioning]**.

Conditioning

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, then the first time the titration is started the working medium will be titrated to the endpoint with the specified control parameters. The status is kept stable. The actual method run does not begin until [] has been pressed once more.

Start drift

Conditioning OK will be displayed as soon as this drift has been reached and the titration can be started.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 µL/min |
| Default value | 20 µL/min |

Drift correction

The endpoint volume can be corrected by taking the drift value into account. For this, the drift is multiplied with the drift correction time and this value is then subtracted from the endpoint volume. The drift correction time is the time interval between the end of conditioning and the end of the determination.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Selection | auto \| manual \| off |
| Default value | off |

auto

The value of the current drift is automatically applied at the start of the titration.

manual

If the drift is known throughout a longer period of time, this can be entered manually.

off

No drift correction takes place.

Drift value

This parameter can only be edited with **Drift correction = manual**.

Drift for manual drift correction.

29.1.6 Cell

The monitoring of the reagent used is activated or deactivated under **[Cell]**.

Reagent monitoring

Selection of the reagent from the list of reagents. The selection depends on the titration mode. Reagents are defined under **System ► Reagents**.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured reagents \| off |
| Default value | off |

off

The reagent monitoring is not active.

29.1.7 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System ► Device manager**.



NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | Selection of configured control instruments |
|-----------|--|

29.1.8 Sensor

The parameters for the sensor are edited under **[Sensor]**.

Measuring input

Selection of the measuring input the sensor is connected to. The selection is not dependent on whether the control device has one or two measuring interfaces.

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 |
| Default value | 1 |

Sensor

Selection of the sensor from the sensor list. The selection depends on the measuring mode. Sensors are defined under **System ► Sensors**. You can also enter a sensor name which is not contained in the sensor list. When a

automatic

If a temperature sensor is connected then the temperature will be measured continuously. Otherwise, the temperature entered manually will be used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

off

The temperature will not be measured. The temperature entered manually is used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

29.1.9 Dosing device

The parameters for the dosing device are edited under **[Dosing device]**.

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 1 |

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the correct data (titer, etc.) is always used for the calculation. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without an integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured titrants \| not defined |
| Default value | not defined |

not defined

No check takes place.

29.1.10 Stirrer

The parameters for the stirrer are edited under **[Stirrer]**.

**NOTICE**

A constant measured value is often only reached after a certain time, as mixing and the reaction itself require a certain time. The response time of an electrode can also increase with time, i.e., reaching a constant measured value takes longer and longer. Drift-controlled measured value acceptance is particularly advisable in such cases, as the measured values are only accepted when equilibrium has almost been reached.

Measuring mode I_{pol} :

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Input range | 0.1 to 999.0 mV/min |
| Default value | 10.0 mV/min |
| Selection | off |

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Measuring mode U_{pol} :

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Input range | 0.01 to 99.90 μA/min |
| Default value | 10.00 μA/min |
| Selection | off |

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Measuring mode T :

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Input range | 0.1 to 999.0 $^{\circ}$C/min |
| Default value | 0.5 $^{\circ}$C/min |
| Selection | off |

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Min. waiting time

The measured value is not accepted until the minimum waiting time has elapsed, even if the signal drift has already been reached. The minimum waiting time is only important for drift-controlled measurements.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999999 s |
| Default value | 0 s |

Time interval MP

Time interval for entering a measuring point in the measuring point list. The measuring point list is limited to 1000 measuring points.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | 0.1 to 999999.0 s |
| Default value | 2.0 s |

29.2.2 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System ► Device manager**.



NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | Selection of configured control instruments |
|-----------|--|

29.2.3 Sensor

The parameters for the sensor are edited under **[Sensor]**.

The parameters are valid for all measuring modes except for **Temp. measurement**. This parameter is not available with the **MEAS T** command (temperature measurement).

Measuring input

Selection of the measuring input the sensor is connected to. The selection is not dependent on whether the control device has one or two measuring interfaces.

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 |
| Default value | 1 |

Sensor

Selection of the sensor from the sensor list. The selection depends on the measuring mode. Sensors are defined under **System ► Sensors**. You can also enter a sensor name which is not contained in the sensor list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the sensor is contained in the sensor list.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | Selection of configured sensors |
|-----------|--|

off

The temperature will not be measured. The temperature entered manually is used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

29.2.4 Stirrer

The parameters for the stirrer are edited under **[Stirrer]**.

Stirrer

Selection of the MSB connector the stirrer is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 \| off |
| Default value | 1 |

off

No stirrer will be used.

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of –15 to +15. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*. The optimum stirring rate can be tested in the manual control.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "–": clockwise rotation

| | |
|---------------|------------------|
| Input range | –15 to 15 |
| Default value | 8 |

Switch off automatically

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, the stirrer will be switched off automatically at the end of the titration, measurement, etc.

Fixed EP1 at

The fixed endpoint must lie between the first and the final entry in the measuring point list.

The values that are actually measurable may vary from the values specified here, depending on the hardware. The binding measurement value ranges can be found in the .

Measured value (measuring mode Ipol):

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Input range | –2,000.0 to 2,000.0 mV |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Measured value (measuring mode Upol):

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Input range | –200.00 to 200.00 µA |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Measured value (measuring mode T):

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | –20.0 to 150.0 °C |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Time:

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Input range | 0.0 to 999999.9 s |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Volume:

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.00000 to 9,999.99 mL |
| Selection | off |
| Default value | off |

Fixed EP2 at...Fixed EP9 at

See **Fixed EP1 at**.

29.3.2 Minimum and maximum evaluation (EVAL MIN/MAX)

For the minimum or maximum measured value the associated volume, time and temperature are interpolated from the measuring point list. The evaluation begins as soon as the slope of the curve exceeds a particular threshold value.

The rate evaluation provides the median dosing rate in a defined range (so-called window). The median dosing rate is determined by means of linear regression through a minimum of three measuring points. If the dosing is carried out with only one dosing device and if more than one cylinder volume is dosed, then the median dosing rate will be reduced as a result of the filling time.

29.4 Calculations

The following calculation commands are available:

CALC Defining calculations of a determination.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| CALC LIVE | Defining the calculation whose result will be displayed in the live display (so-called live result) during a titration or measurement. |
|------------------|--|

29.4.1 Calculations (CALC)

Calculations are defined with the command **CALC**. A method may contain a maximum of nine calculation commands. A maximum of nine calculations can be defined per command. A series of variables (raw data from the determination, previously calculated results, etc.) is available for the calculations.

The command contains the following options, among others:

- Save result as titer
- Save result as common variable
- Save result in result table
- Define result limits

| Sequence / Edit command | |
|---|-------------|
| 02 CALC | Calculation |
| Result | Result name |
| R1 | Content |
| <div> <div>New</div> <div>Delete</div> <div>Edit</div> </div> | |

The result name is specified in the list for each calculation.

[New]

Define a new calculation or load an existing template, see following chapter.

[Delete]

Delete the selected calculation from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected calculation (see chapter 29.4.1.2, page 301).

29.4.1.1 Loading a result template

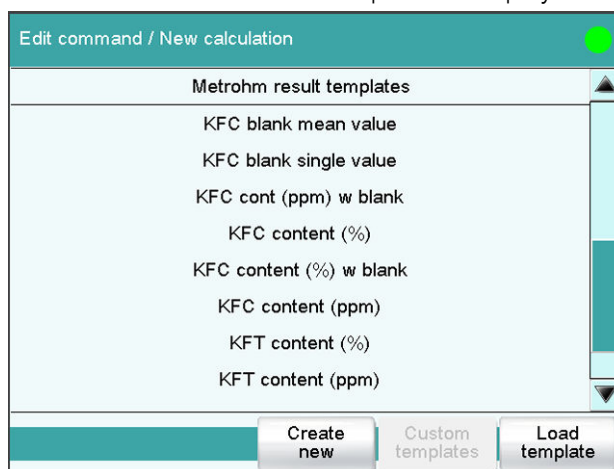
The most common calculations are already available, the so-called result templates, in order to facilitate the definition of a new calculation. You also have the option, however, of defining templates of your own (see dialog **System / Templates**).

Proceed as follows to load an existing template:

1 Select a result template

- In the **Sequence / Edit command** dialog, tap on the **[New]** button.

The list of Metrohm result templates is displayed:

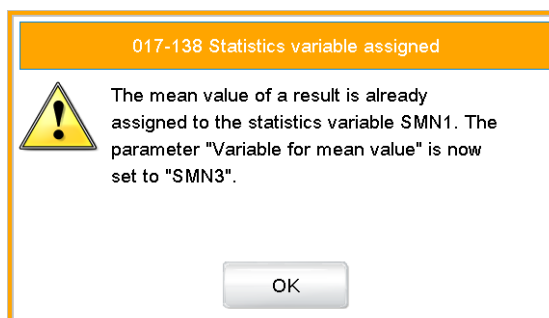


- Select the desired Metrohm result template and tap on **[Load template]**.

or

Tap on **[Custom templates]** and select a template you generated yourself.

If a statistic variable SMN# (# = 1...9) is defined in the template which is already used in another calculation, then the following message will be displayed:



2 Confirm the message

- Tap on **[OK]**.

The Note dialog is displayed. This note is defined in the dialog **Edit result template / Note for wizard**.

New calculation / Load template

Enter the following variable:

F1= Water content of the standard in mg/g

Please consider the information
in the note under edit result.

Cancel

Back

Next

3 Enter the numerical values of the wildcards

- Tap on **[Next]**.

The list of wildcards is displayed:

New calculation / Load template

| | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|
| F1= | <input type="text" value="10.02"/> | F6= | <input type="text"/> |
| F2= | <input type="text"/> | F7= | <input type="text"/> |
| F3= | <input type="text"/> | F8= | <input type="text"/> |
| F4= | <input type="text"/> | F9= | <input type="text"/> |
| F5= | <input type="text"/> | | |

Cancel Back Next

- Enter the numerical values of the wildcards.
- Tap on **[Next]**.

The editing dialog of the new calculation is displayed:

The calculation can now be edited further, e.g. define result limits, see following chapter.

Result name

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 24 characters |
| Default value | R1...R9 |

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Entry | max. 100 characters |
| Default value | empty |

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input range | 0 to 5 |
| Default value | 2 |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Entry | max. 10 characters |
| Selection | % \| mol/L \| mmol/L \| g/L \| mg/L \| mg/mL \| mg/100 g \| ppm \| g \| mg \| µg \| mL \| µL \| mg/ piece \| °C \| µg/min \| mL/min \| µL/min |
| Default value | % |

[Note]

Entering a note on the calculation.

[Result variable]

Modifying the result variable.

[Result limits]

Defining the limits for the monitoring of the result.

[Result options]

Defining additional settings for the calculation.

Dialog "Edit calculation / Note"

In this dialog you can enter a short text, e.g. to describe the variables used.

Dialog "Edit calculation / Result variable"

When a new calculation is created, the result variable will be automatically issued. In this dialog, however, it can be modified at any time.

Result variable

To each calculation belongs an unambiguous result variable. With this result variable you can use this result in additional calculations.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| Selection | R1 \| R2 \| R3 \| R4 \| R5 \| R6 \| R7 \| R8 \| R9 The selection contains only those result variables which are not issued in this calculation command yet. |
|-----------|---|

Dialog "Edit calculation / Result limits"

For each result, limit values can be defined. These result limits are monitored when the calculation is carried out. If monitoring is activated, the results are shown as follows in the result display:

- Green, if the result falls within the limit values
- Red, if the result lies outside the limit values

Monitoring result limits

on | off (Default value: **off**)

Enabling and disabling the monitoring function.

Lower limit

When the monitored quantity falls below this value, the action defined in the following is triggered.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 9999999999 |
| Default value | 0 |

Upper limit

When this value is exceeded, the action defined in the following is triggered.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 9999999999 |
| Default value | 9999999999 |

Action

Selection of the action, which is carried out when the result limits are exceeded.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Display message \| Document message \| Cancel determination |
| Default value | Display message |

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the result limits have been exceeded.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

Dialog "Edit calculation / Result options"

In the dialog **Edit calculation / Result options**, settings for how to process the calculated result are defined.

Variable for mean value

If the statistic calculations have been activated (see method options), the mean value of the single results will be saved as variable SMN1 to SMN9. As default value, always the first free variable is being displayed.

| | |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| Selection | SMN1 ... SMN9 \| off |
|-----------|----------------------------|

off

For the result not statistic calculations are carried out.

Save as titer

The result can be saved as titer for the selected titrant.



NOTICE

The titer is assigned to the titrant defined in the last titration command before the calculation. Please note that the CALC command containing the titer assignment is inserted after the titration command with which the titer is determined.

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------|-----|
| Selection | Single value | Mean value | off |
| Default value | off | | |

Single value

The result of the current determination is saved as titer.

Mean value

If statistic calculations are carried out for the result, the current mean value of the determination series is saved.

off

The result is not saved as titer.

Save as common variable

on | off (Default value: **off**)

The calculated result can be saved as a method-independent variable, a so-called common variable. The result is then also available in other methods for calculations. In all cases, only the single value will be saved, even if the statistics function is enabled.

Variable

Selection of the common variable to which the result is being assigned.

| | |
|-----------|---------------|
| Selection | CV01 ... CV25 |
|-----------|---------------|

Display result

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If you deactivate this parameter, the result is neither displayed in the result dialog nor printed in the result report. This can be advisable for intermediate results.

Save result in result table

on | off (Default value: **off**)

The calculated result can be saved in the result table. This may be advisable if e.g. the results of all determinations carried out on a particular day are to be displayed clearly. A maximum of nine results from a determination can be saved in the result table.

Precision

Setting, with which accuracy the result is used in additional calculations.

| Selection | Round \| Truncate \| Full precision |
|---------------|--|
| Default value | Round |

Round

The result is rounded to the defined number of decimal places (commercial rounding, in accordance with the US Pharmacopeia USP). If the digit at the first dropped decimal place is **1, 2, 3 or 4**, then it will be rounded off; if this digit is **5, 6, 7, 8 or 9**, then it will be rounded up. Negative digits will be rounded in accordance with their amount, i.e. away from zero.

Truncate

The result is cut to the number of decimal places defined.

Full precision

The result is used with full accuracy (floating point number either in "single precision" (32 bit) or in "double precision" (64 bit), according to the standard IEEE 754).

29.4.2 Calculations (CALC LIVE)

The command **CALC LIVE** can be used to define a calculation, the result of which will be shown in the live display during a titration or measurement. The current volume or measured value, respectively, is used for this purpose. This is helpful, e.g. for Karl Fischer titrations, in order to be able to track the water content directly during the titration.



CAUTION

The command must be inserted directly before the corresponding titration or measuring command.

This command is identical with the **CALC** command except for the following differences:

- The number of variables is limited.
- There are no result options.
- The result cannot be monitored.
- The result variable cannot be modified.
- The result will only be displayed in the live display. It appears neither in the results dialog nor in a report.

Result name

With live calculations no custom result name can be defined, the designation **LR** cannot be modified.

3 Display the live display

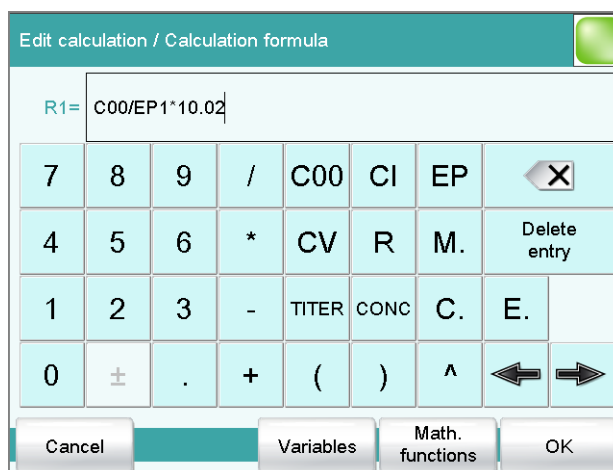
- Tap twice on [↔].

The current result is displayed,

29.4.3 Formula editor

The formulas for the calculations are entered with the formula editor. The maximum formula length is 100 characters.

The formula editor contains buttons for entering numbers, mathematical operators and variables. The variables can be selected from lists. This is advisable in order to avoid spelling mistakes. The formula editor is equipped with an automatic syntax check, which is activated when applying the formula. The standard rules of priority apply for the calculation operations.



| Key | Description |
|--------------|---|
| C00 | Sample size |
| CI | Sample identification CI# (# = 1 - 2) |
| EP | Volume of endpoint EP# (# = 1...9) |
| CV | Common Variable CV# (# = 1...25) |
| R | Result R# (# = 1 - 9) |
| TITER | Titer of the titrant selected in the previous command |
| CONC | Concentration of the titrant selected in the previous command |
| □ | The character in front of the cursor is deleted. |
| Delete entry | The content of the input field is deleted completely. |

| Key | Description |
|-----|---|
| ⇐ | The cursor within the input field is shifted to the left by one character. |
| ⇒ | The cursor within the input field is shifted to the right by one character. |

If the method contains more than one data-generating command (titration, measurement etc.) before the calculation command, then you will have to indicate the command identification in front of the variable:

| Variable | Description |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| #M. | Titration or measuring command |
| #C. | Calculation command |
| #E. | Evaluation command |

"#" stands for a sequential number that you must enter manually. The number for each command identification will be counted separately and does not necessarily correspond to the number of the command line.

Example: The variable **1M.TITER** corresponds to the titer of the titrant selected in the first titration command.



CAUTION

The command identifications are not adjusted automatically when additional commands are subsequently inserted into the method. Check the formula for correctness in such cases.

[Variables]

Opening the list of additional variables (*see chapter 29.4.3.1, page 308*).

[Math. functions]

Opening the list with mathematical functions (see chapter 29.4.3.2, page 309).

29.4.3.1 Variables

All of the variables which can be used for calculations are divided up according to subject in the dialog **Calculation formula / Variables**:

- **System variable**
List of the system-specific variables. These variables describe the current status of the system.
- **Result and statistics variables**
List of the variables which are required for calculating results and statistics for the current determination.

- **Common variables**

List of common variables. All of the common variables are listed, no matter whether they possess a value or not.

You will find a detailed description of all of the variables in *chapter 29.4.3.3, page 310*.

29.4.3.2 Mathematical functions

The following mathematical functions can be utilized in a calculation formula:

| Function | Description |
|----------|--|
| y^z | Power function Example: $4^2 = 16$ |
| SQRT(X) | square root of X Example: $\sqrt{EP1}$ |
| ABS(X) | absolute value of X Example: ABS(C00); in order, e.g. with reweighings, to convert the negative sample size to a positive value for later calculations |
| LN(X) | natural logarithm of X |
| LOG(X) | decimal logarithm of X |
| FRAC(X) | Fraction of X Example: $FRAC(2.5971) = 0.5971$ |
| INT(X) | integer part of X Example: $INT(2.5971) = 2$ |
| TST(X,Y) | Test function If invalid variables (e.g. missing endpoints) occur in a calculation, then these can be replaced with a valid value by using this function. In this way invalid results can be avoided. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Syntax: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – X = variable to be tested – Y = substitute value |

29.4.3.3 Variable list

The following table contains all of the variables which can be used for calculations. For variables having an index (e.g. **'EP1'**), the index must be entered manually. In the following table, this index is characterized with the character "#"

| Variable | Description |
|--|--|
| C00 | Sample size |
| CI1, CI2 | Sample identifications The sample identifications can be used in calculations only if numerical values are entered. |
| DD | Duration of the entire determination |
| Titrants | |
| TITER | Titer of the titrant selected in the titration command |
| CONC | Concentration of the titrant selected in the titration command |
| Titrations, measurements, calibrations | |
| EP# | Volume/quantity of endpoint EP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| EC# | Charge at endpoint EP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| EM# | Measured value of endpoint EP# (# = 1...9) |
| EF# | ERC of endpoint EP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| ET# | Temperature at endpoint EP# (# = 1...9) |
| ED# | Time at endpoint EP# (# = 1...9) |
| ESI# | Recognition of endpoint EP# (# = 1 - 9) Endpoint found = 1, no endpoint = 0 |
| FMN | Mean gas flow during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF |
| TMN | Mean temperature during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF |
| TMI | Minimum temperature during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF |
| TMA | Maximum temperature during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF |
| MIM | Initial measured value, i.e. measured value prior to the processing of the start conditions |
| MIT | Initial temperature, i.e. temperature prior to the processing of the start conditions |
| MSA | Volume for start volume |
| MSP | Volume for start measured value |
| MSS | Volume for start slope |
| MSV | Volume for all the start conditions |
| MSD | Duration of start conditions |
| MSM | Start measured value, i.e. measured value after the processing of the start conditions |
| MST | Start temperature, i.e. temperature after the processing of the start conditions |

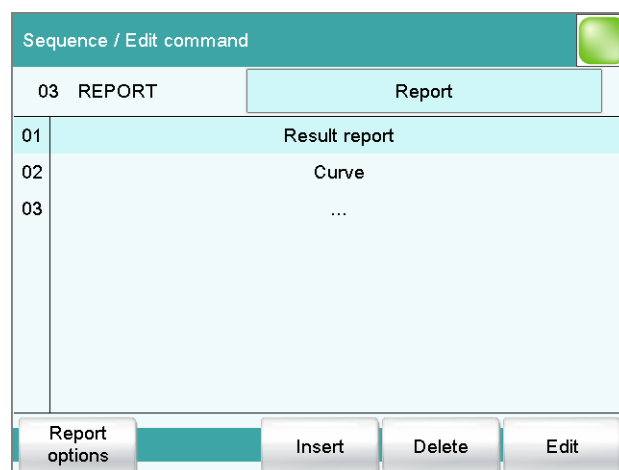
| Variable | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| MCD | Total duration of the titration, measurement or calibration |
| MTM | Type of temperature measurement (Pt1000, NTC or manually) Format = Text |
| MDD | Duration of effective dosing, i.e. without filling times, pauses |
| MDC | Drift for drift correction |
| DDC | Time for drift correction |
| MCV | End volume, i.e. total dosed volume at the end of the titration |
| MCQ | End quantity, i.e. total amount of removed water or of generated bromine, respectively, at the end of the titration (in µg) |
| MCC | Final charge, i.e. total charge in mAs at the end of the titration |
| MCM | End measured value |
| MCT | End temperature |
| MMP | Number of measuring points in measuring point list |
| MTS | Stop type Format = Text |
| LV | Currently dosed volume of the ongoing determination |
| LM | Current measured value of the ongoing determination |
| LD | Current duration of the ongoing titration or measuring command |
| LT | Current temperature of the ongoing determination |
| Sensor | |
| MEN | Electrode zero point pH(0) or E(0) |
| MSL | Electrode slope |
| MVA | Electrode variance (mathematically only defined for three standards or more); |
| MCL | Cell constant of conductivity measuring cell |
| Evaluations | |
| FP# | Volume of fixed endpoint FP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| FM# | Measured value of fixed endpoint FP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| FT# | Temperature at fixed endpoint FP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| FD# | Time at fixed endpoint FP# (# = 1 - 9) |
| HP# | Volume of pK value / half neutralization potential HP# |
| HM# | Measured value of pK value / half neutralization potential HP# |
| HT# | Temperature at pK value / half neutralization potential HP# |
| HD# | Time at pK value / half neutralization potential HP# |
| XIP | Volume/quantity of minimum measured value |

| Variable | Description |
|----------|---|
| %SS | Status of the sample table (sample table activated = 1, sample table deactivated = 0) |
| %SL | Number of the current sample table line |
| %SE | Last sample in the sample table processed (yes = 1, no = 0) |

29.5 Reports (REPORT)

The reports to be printed out are defined with the command **REPORT**. A maximum of ten reports can be defined for each command. The following reports can be inserted, among others:

- Result report
- Calculation report
- Parameter report
- System reports (system settings, sensor list, GLP data etc.)
- Method reports (method run, method parameters etc.)



[Report options]

Defining the general settings for the report output.

[Insert]

Add a new report to the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected report from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the settings of the selected report.

29.5.1 General report options

The settings for the report printout can be adjusted in the dialog **Edit command / Report options** to indicate, for example, whether a report header, a signature line or a frame is to be printed.

Report header

Defining the output of the report header. The report header contains general information such as device type, serial number, program version and the printing date.



NOTICE

You can also define your own report header, which is printed in addition to this report header (**System ► Templates ► Report header**).

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Selection | off \| once \| on each page |
| Default value | on each page |

off

The report header will not be printed.

once

The report header will only be printed on the first page.

on each page

The report header will be printed on every page.

Signature line

Output of a special line for date and signature. This line will be printed at the very bottom of every page.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Selection | off \| once \| on each page |
| Default value | off |

off

No signature line will be printed.

once

The signature line will only be printed on the last page.

on each page

The signature line will be printed on every page.

Frame

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, a frame is printed as lateral marking.

29.5.2 Settings of the individual reports

Fixed key [: **More reports ► Report ► Edit**

Command REPORT: **Report ► Edit**

Settings can be edited for the following reports (for details, see online help):

- **Result report**
- **Curve**
Definition of the curve size, display of the individual measuring points and grid lines, etc.
- **Measuring point list**
Definition of the method command to which the measuring point list is to be printed.
- **Calculations**
Definition of the accuracy with which the variables used as well as the results calculated are printed.
- **Statistics short**
Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination or only at the end of a sample series).
- **Statistics overview**
Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination or only at the end of a sample series).
- **Sample table**
- **Result table**
Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination, at the end of a sample series or at the end of the sample table).
- **Used devices**
- **Variables**
- **Monitoring**

29.5.3 List of reports

The following reports can be inserted in the command **REPORT**:



NOTICE

If you are using a **CUSTOM NEOS** printer, you can print only the reports that are marked with a **#** on the display.

| Report | Contents |
|----------------------|--|
| Result report | # Report with determination properties, sample data, calculated results, etc. If there are multiple determinations, the statistics will also be printed out. |

| Report | Contents |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| System settings | |
| System settings | Settings for acoustic signals and accuracy of the measured value display. |
| Dialog options | Settings for routine dialog and expert dialog. |
| Titrants | |
| Titrant list | List of all the titrants configured in the system. |
| All titrant data short | The most important titrant data of all titrants (name, concentration, titer, last titer determination). |
| All titrant data full | All of the titrant data of all of the titrants (working life, titer options, data concerning the exchange unit/dosing unit). |
| Sensors | |
| Sensor list | List of all the sensors configured in the system. |
| All sensor data short | The most important sensor data for all sensors. |
| All sensor data full | All of the sensor data for all of the sensors (name, working life, etc.). |
| Device manager | |
| Device list | List of all devices configured in the system. |
| All device properties | Properties of all the devices configured in the system. |
| GLP manager | |
| GLP data | All data stored in the GLP manager. |
| Common variables | |
| Common variable list | List of all the common variables defined in the system, together with their most important data (name, value, status). |
| All common variable properties | Properties of all common variables (name, value, validity, status). |
| Templates | |
| Templates sample data | Sample identification list and sample assignment table. |
| Result template list | List with all of the user-generated result templates. |
| All result templates details | Details of the all of the user-generated result templates (calculation formula, result options, note). |
| Input/Output lines | List with all of the defined input and output lines at the remote interface (name, bit pattern). |
| Custom calibration buffers | Temperature tables for all defined custom calibration buffers. |
| Rack tables | |
| Sample rack list | List with all of the sample racks configured in the system, together with designation, number of positions and rack code. |
| Miscellaneous | |
| Form feed | If this entry is inserted between two reports, then these will each be printed out on a separate page. |

29.6 Dosing and Liquid Handling

The following dosing commands are available:

| | |
|--|--|
| Preparing the exchange unit or dosing unit (PREP) | Rinsing the cylinder and the tubings of the exchange unit / dosing unit. |
| Emptying the dosing unit (EMPTY) | Emptying the cylinder and the tubings of the dosing unit. |
| Dosing a fixed volume (ADD) | Dosing a specified volume. |
| Liquid Handling (LOH) | Carrying out complex dosing tasks with a Dosingo. |

29.6.1 Preparing an exchange or dosing unit (PREP)

The **PREP** command is used to rinse and fill air bubble-free the cylinder and tubings of the exchange or dosing unit. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once a day.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System ► Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

| Selection | Selection of configured control devices |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 1 |

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the parameters defined for the titrant for the preparing as well as the tubing parameters (dosing unit only) are used. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether

the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured titrants \| not defined |
| Default value | not defined |

not defined

No check takes place. The command is carried out with default parameters (see Chapter 32.1.2, page 355 and Chapter 32.2.2, page 356).

Cylinder volume to

This parameter can only be edited with **Titrant = not defined**.

Selection of the port via which the titrant is ejected. This setting is only relevant for dosing units, in case of preparing an exchange unit, this setting is ignored.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Port 1 \| Port 2 \| Port 3 \| Port 4 |
| Default value | Port 1 |

29.6.2 Emptying a dosing unit (EMPTY)

The **EMPTY** command is used to empty the cylinder and tubings of the dosing unit.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System ► Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | Selection of configured control devices |
|-----------|--|

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 1 |

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the parameters defined for the titrant for the preparing as well as the tubing parameters (dosing unit only) are used.

Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured titrants \| not defined |
| Default value | not defined |

not defined

No check takes place. The command is carried out with default parameters (see *Chapter 32.1.2, page 355* and *Chapter 32.2.2, page 356*).

Air inlet

This parameter can only be edited with **Titrant = not defined**.

Selection of the port via which air is aspirated. This setting is only relevant for dosing units, in case of preparing an exchange unit, this setting is ignored.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Port 1 \| Port 2 \| Port 3 \| Port 4 |
| Default value | Port 4 |

29.6.3 Dosing a specified volume (ADD)

You can dose a specified volume with the command **ADD**.

29.6.3.1 Dosing parameters

The parameters for the dosing are defined under **[Dosing parameters]**.

Volume

Volume which is dosed.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Input range | 0.00000 to 99999.9 mL |
| Default value | 10.0000 mL |

Dosing rate

The rate at which dosing takes place.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

29.6.3.2 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System ► Device manager**.

**NOTICE**

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | Selection of configured control instruments |
|-----------|--|

29.6.3.3 Dosing device

The parameters for the dosing device are edited under **[Dosing device]**.

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 1 |

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the correct data (titer, etc.) is always used for the calculation. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a

determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without an integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured titrants \| not defined |
| Default value | not defined |

not defined

No check takes place.

Tandem dosing

A second dosing device can be defined under **[Tandem dosing]** in order to enable uninterrupted dosing. Dosing is carried out with a combination of two dosing devices so that the second dosing device is dosing while the first one is being filled and vice versa.

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 \| off |
| Default value | off |

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, only the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit is checked at the start of the determination.

**NOTICE**

The concentration, validity of the titer and the working life of the titrant are ignored.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured titrants \| not defined |
| Default value | not defined |

not defined

No check takes place.

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

However, in order to ensure uninterrupted dosing, the following points must be taken into account:

- Use the highest possible filling rate in order to keep the filling times as short as possible. The filling rate should be decreased for viscous liquids.
- When you use two buret units with different dosing cylinders, the filling rate for the larger sized cylinder must be at the minimum:

$$v_{2,Fill} \geq v_{1,Fill} \cdot \frac{V_{Cyl.2}}{V_{Cyl.1}}$$

$v_{2,Fill}$ = filling rate in mL/min for the larger sized cylinder

$v_{1,Fill}$ = filling rate in mL/min for the smaller cylinder

$V_{Cyl.2}$ = cylinder volume in mL of the buret unit of the second dosing device

$V_{Cyl.1}$ = cylinder volume in mL of the buret unit of the first dosing device

Example:

Dosing device 1: volume = 20 mL, filling rate = 50 mL/min

Dosing device 2: volume = 50 mL

Filling rate 2 \geq 50 mL/min · 50 mL / 20 mL \geq 125 mL/min

- The dosing rate must not exceed 75% of the filling rate of the smaller cylinder. These values are listed in the following table, valid at maximum filling rate:

Table 10 Maximum dosing rate for different dosing cylinders

| Cylinder volume | maximum dosing rate | |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| | Exchange unit | Dosing unit |
| 1 mL | 2.25 mL/min | – |
| 2 mL | – | 5.00 mL/min |
| 5 mL | 11.25 mL/min | 12.50 mL/min |
| 10 mL | 22.50 mL/min | 25.00 mL/min |
| 20 mL | 45.00 mL/min | 50.00 mL/min |
| 50 mL | 112.50 mL/min | 124.50 mL/min |

29.6.3.4 **Stirrer**

The parameters for the stirrer are edited under **[Stirrer]**.

Stirrer

Selection of the MSB connector the stirrer is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 \| off |
| Default value | 1 |

off

No stirrer will be used.

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of -15 to $+15$. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*. The optimum stirring rate can be tested in the manual control.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "-": clockwise rotation

| | |
|---------------|------------------|
| Input range | -15 to 15 |
| Default value | 8 |

Switch off automatically

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, the stirrer will be switched off automatically at the end of the titration, measurement, etc.

29.6.4 Liquid Handling (LQH)

The command **LQH** can be used to carry out Liquid Handling tasks with a dosing device of the type **Dosino 800**. The manifold options of the Dosino can be exploited in full in combination with a USB Sample Processor. The four ports of the dosing units can be used at will as output or input ports. This means that not only simple dosing and filling procedures are possible. Complex Liquid Handling tasks such as pipetting or sample transfers can be carried out without difficulty. Several LQH and automation commands are required for this purpose which are best combined into subsequences.

29.6.4.1 Liquid Handling parameters

The parameters for the Liquid Handling function are defined under **[Liquid Handling param.]**.

Function

Type of Liquid Handling function.

| Selection | Dose \| Fill \| Aspirate \| Eject \| Exchange position \| Change port \| Compensate \| End volume |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

Dose

The given volume is dosed. The dosing cylinder neither is automatically filled before nor afterwards.

Fill

The dosing cylinder is filled. The valve disc then remains at the selected port.

Aspirate

Liquid is aspirated. The dosing cylinder neither is automatically filled before nor afterwards. The aspirating volume has to be aspirated with a single piston stroke.

Eject

The whole cylinder content is ejected. The piston is, in contrast to the function **End volume**, lowered to the stop point, i.e. past the maximum volume mark. This function should only be carried out for preparing a dosing unit before the pipetting procedure.

Exchange position

The dosing cylinder is filled. This means that, for example, air can be aspirated via Port 4. The valve disc is then rotated to Port 2 and the dosing drive can be removed from the dosing unit.

Rate at which it is dosed or filled.

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Input range | 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min |
| Selection | maximum |
| Default value | maximum |

maximum

The maximum dosing and filling rates depend on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

29.6.4.2 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System ► Device manager**.



NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Selection | Selection of configured control instruments |
|-----------|--|

29.6.4.3 Dosing device

The parameters for the dosing device are edited under **[Dosing device]**.

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 1 |

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the correct data (titer, etc.) is always used for the calculation. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether

the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without an integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Selection of configured titrants \| not defined |
| Default value | not defined |

not defined
No check takes place.

29.7 Communication

The following communications commands are available:

| | |
|--|---|
| Scanning remote lines (SCAN) | Defining remote signals which are awaited before the next method command is started. |
| Setting remote lines (CTRL) | Defining remote signals. |
| Receiving RS-232 commands (SCAN RS) | Defining RS-232 commands which are awaited before the next method command is started. |
| Sending RS-232 commands (CTRL RS) | Defining the RS-232 commands which are sent. |

29.7.1 Scanning remote lines (SCAN)

The command **SCAN** can be used to define input signals at the remote interface which are awaited before the next method command is started.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System ► Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

| Selection | Selection of configured control devices |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

Remote Box

Selection of the MSB connector the Remote Box is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument. The remote signal defined is requested on this Remote Box.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 3 \| 4 |
| Default value | 1 |

Input signal

Selection of the signal out of the templates or entering the required bit pattern. Templates are defined under **System ► Templates ► Input lines**.

Entering a bit pattern:

- 0 = line inactive
- 1 = line active
- * = retain line status

The input lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal *******1** line 0 is expected to be active.



NOTICE

We recommend masking lines that are of no interest or for which no defined condition can be predicted with an asterisk (*).

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Entry | Bit patterns containing exactly 8 characters or a max. of 24 characters for the name of the template |
| Default value | ***** |
| Selection | Selection of the templates defined |

Timeout

When this time interval has expired without recognizing the remote signal, the action defined in the following is triggered.

| | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999 s |
| Default value | 0 s |

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Display message \| Document message \| Cancel determination |
| Default value | Display message For all three options it is documented in the determination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired. |

The output lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal *******1** line 0 is set. With a pulse, the length is set to 200 ms. If it is required to set pulses with other lengths, you have to define a corresponding template.



NOTICE

We recommend masking lines that are of no interest or for which no defined condition can be predicted with an asterisk (*).

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Entry | Bit patterns containing exactly 14 characters or a max. of 24 characters for the name of the template |
| Default value | ***** |
| Selection | Selection of the templates defined |

29.7.3 Scanning the RS-232 interface (SCAN RS)

The command **SCAN RS** can be used to define RS-232 commands which are awaited before the next method command is started.

Serial port

Selection of the serial interface the peripheral device is connected to. The RS-232 command defined is requested on this interface.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | COM1 \| COM2 \| COM3 \| COM4 \| COM5 \| COM6 \| COM7 \| COM8 |
| Default value | COM1 |

Character string

Input of the RS-232 command as character string. All characters of the ASCII code page can be used. Control characters (Esc, FF etc.) have to be entered as a three-place, decimal ASCII code, starting with a slash. Each command is automatically terminated with the ASCII characters **CR** and **LF**. The ***** can be used for one or more characters.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Entry | ASCII string with a max. of 24 characters |
| Default value | !*.R |

Timeout

When this time interval has expired without recognizing the RS-232 command, the action defined in the following is triggered.

| | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999 s |
| Default value | 0 s |

29.8 Automation

29.8.1 Rotating sample rack (MOVE)

The command **MOVE** is used to move to a rack position or an external position.

Tower

Selection of the tower, with which the command is carried out. Both Tower 1 and Tower 2 can always be selected, even if your Sample Processor has only one tower.

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 |
| Default value | 1 |

1

View from the front, the right tower.

2

View from the front, the left tower.

Destination

Selection of the required target position.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | Sample \| Ext. position \| Special beaker \| Rack position \| Current sample + \| Current sample - \| Next position \| Prev. position \| Calibration pos. \| rotate + \| rotate - \| swing + \| swing - |
| Default value | Sample |

Sample

Rack position, which is defined by the sample variable. The sample variable is automatically increased by 1 after every method run or it can selectively be modified with the command **SAMPLE**.

Ext. position

One of the four external positions which can be moved to with the Swing Head. Enter the number of the external position (**1...4**) in the field to the right.

Special beaker

Special beakers, which are defined in the rack table, can be directly moved to. Enter the number of the special beaker (**1...16**) in field to the right.

Rack position

Any rack position. Enter the number of the rack position (**1...999**) in the field to the right.

Rotate rack

The rack is moved to the next vessel on a sample position. **Exception:** If the sample variable is newly defined in the method before this command (command **SAMPLE**), then the option **Display message** is automatically valid.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

**NOTICE**

This parameter is ignored with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

Options**Shift rate**

Rate at which the sample rack is moved.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| Input range | 3 to 20 °/s |
| Default value | 20 °/s |

**NOTICE**

This parameter is ignored with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

Shift direction

Direction in which the rack is moved.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Selection | auto \| + \| - |
| Default value | auto |

auto

A shift direction, with which the shorter way has to be passed, is automatically selected.

+

Counterclockwise rotation.

-

Clockwise rotation.

Swing rate

Rate at which the robotic arm is swung.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Input range | 10 to 55 °/s |
| Default value | 55 °/s |

29.8.3 Controlling pumps (PUMP)

The **PUMP** command is used to control the pumps mounted on or connected to the tower of the sample changer.

Tower

Selection of the tower, with which the command is carried out. Both Tower 1 and Tower 2 can always be selected, even if your Sample Processor has only one tower.

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 |
| Default value | 1 |

1

View from the front, the right tower.

2

View from the front, the left tower.

Pump

Selection of the pump.

| | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Selection | 1 \| 2 \| 1 + 2 |
| Default value | 1 |

1

Pump 1 of the selected tower is switched.

2

Pump 2 of the selected tower is switched.

1 + 2


Both pumps of the selected tower are switched at the same time.

Status/Duration

Switching the pump(s) on and off.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Input range | 0 to 999 s (Increment: 1) The pump is running during this time. |
| Selection | on \| off |
| Default value | on |

on

The pump is switched on. The pump is running until it is explicitly switched off. If the determination is canceled with the key [], the pump is also switched off.

off

The pump is switched off.

-

The sample variable corresponds to the current value minus the number entered in the field **Value**.

Value

Value by which the current sample variable is to be modified.



NOTICE

The sample variable can only be set on rack positions which are not defined as special beakers.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Input range | 1 to 999 |
| Default value | 1 |

29.8.6 Creating a subsequence (SUBSEQ)

It is useful, particularly with more complex tasks, e.g. rinsing sequences or Liquid Handling, to combine individual command sequences into a single subsequence. Subsequences are managed the same as method commands. A maximum of 99 commands can be combined to form a single subsequence. There is no limit to the number of subsequences within one method.

[Load/ Save]

Loading a saved subsequence or saving the current subsequence.

[Subseq. options]

Defining various settings which correspond to the entire subsequence.

[Insert command]

Insert a new method command. It is inserted before the selected command.



NOTICE

Not all commands are available for subsequences. Commands which cannot be inserted into subsequences are disabled.

[Delete command]

Delete the selected method command.

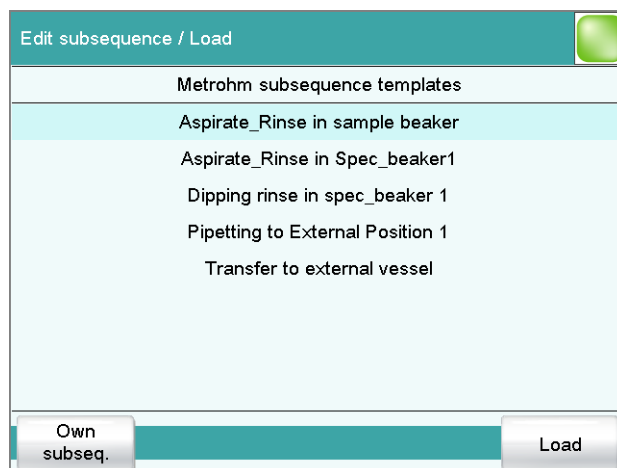
[Edit command]

Edit the selected method command.

29.8.6.1 Loading / saving a subsequence

[Load/ Save] is used to load stored subsequences or to save new subsequences. This means that they are available for all methods and only have to be created once.

Loading a subsequence



[Own subseq.]

Opening the list of own subsequences.

[Load]

Loading the selected subsequence.

Saving a subsequence

Custom-made subsequences are saved in the internal memory.



NOTICE

In order to be able to use the subsequences also for other titration systems, you have to create a backup. You can only restore the subsequences from this backup on another system.

File name

File name of the subsequence.

Entry

max. 32 characters

[Save]

Saving the subsequence to the internal memory.

29.8.6.2 Subsequence options

In this dialog, the settings can be defined which correspond to the entire subsequence.

Subsequence type

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Selection | Sample sequence \| Start sequence \| End sequence \| Stop sequence \| Cond. sequence |
| Default value | Sample sequence |

Sample sequence

The subsequence is carried out with every determination.

Start sequence

This subsequence is only carried out at the start of a sample series when the autostart counter = 1.

End sequence

This subsequence is only carried out at the last sample of a series when the autostart counter has reached the setpoint value (number of autostarts).

Stop sequence

The stop sequence is only carried out when canceling a method because of one of the following cases: Manual stop with **[☐]**, stop because of an error, stop via remote signal.

Cond. sequence

This subsequence is carried out directly before the conditioning. This gives you the possibility to start e.g. a connected Polytron® high-frequency homogenizer before the conditioning as well as to set its stirring rate. Use the command **CONTROL RS** for this.

Cycles

Number of directly consecutive repetitions of the subsequence.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 999 |
| Default value | 1 |
| Selection | Calibration |

Calibration

For automatic calibrations with a Sample Processor (relevant only if the Ti-Touch supports calibrations).

[Note]

Entering a note on the subsequence.

Dialog "Subsequence options / Note"

A short text can be entered in this dialog, e.g. for the description of the subsequence commands or for the application purpose.

Flow rate

Flow rate for the gas flow.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Input range | 10 to 150 mL/min (Increment: 1) |
| Default value | 50 mL/min |

Gas supply

Selection of the gas supply.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Selection | pump \| valve |
| Default value | pump |

pump

The integrated air pump is used for the gas flow.

valve

The integrated inlet valve is used for the gas flow. The inlet valve in the 885 Compact Oven SC is connected to compressed air or nitrogen.

Gas type

Gas type of the carrier gas used.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Selection | air \| nitrogen |
| Default value | air |

29.8.9 Starting the measurement for temperature and gas flow (MEAS T/F ON)

Data acquisition and evaluation of the data of the 885 Compact Oven SC is started with the **MEAS T/F ON** command.

The following values are output as raw data and are available as variables:

- Mean gas flow (evaluation starts after 10 s).
- Mean temperature
- Minimum temperature
- Maximum temperature

After a **MEAS T/F ON** command, there must also be a **MEAS T/F OFF** command present in the method run. If one of the two commands is missing or the order is not followed, the command is depicted in red. No parameters can be edited for this command.

29.8.10 Exiting the measurement for temperature and gas flow (MEAS T/F OFF)

The data acquisition evaluation of the data of the 885 Compact Oven SC is finished with the **MEAS T/F OFF** command. There must be a **MEAS T/F ON** command present before a **MEAS T/F OFF** command in the method run. The command will be depicted in red if this is not fulfilled. No parameters can be edited for this command.

| | |
|---------------|------------------|
| Input range | -15 to 15 |
| Default value | 8 |

29.9.2 Pausing the method run (WAIT)

The method run can be paused with the command **WAIT**.

Hold sequence

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the method run is paused until it is continued manually.

Waiting time

This parameter can only be edited when **Hold sequence** is deactivated.

The method run is automatically continued after this waiting time.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Input range | 0 to 99999 s |
| Default value | 30 s |

Message

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, the text message defined in the following is displayed during the waiting time.

Message text

This parameter can only be edited when **Message** is activated.

Text which is displayed during the waiting time.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Entry | max. 28 characters |
| Default value | empty |

29.9.3 Scan data (REQUEST)

The following data can be scanned in the method run with the command **REQUEST:**

- Sample data
 - Sample identification 1
 - Sample identification 2
 - Sample size (value and unit)
- Common variable

You can select thereby whether the sequence should be paused or resumed in the background.

Sample ident.

Selection of the sample identification that is queried in the method run.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Selection | off \| Identification 1 \| Identification 2 \| ID1 & ID2 |
| Default value | off |

Sample size

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, then the value for the sample size will be requested.

Sample size unit

on | off (Default value: **off**)

If this parameter is activated, then the unit for the sample size will be requested.

Common variable

Selection of the common variable which is queried in the method run.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Selection | CV01...CV25 \| off |
| Default value | off |

Hold sequence

on | off (Default value: **on**)

If this parameter is activated, then the run will be paused during the request. If this parameter is deactivated, then the method continues in the background until the following measurement or titration has been completed.

29.9.4 Defining an acoustic signal (BEEP)

The **BEEP** command can be used to produce an acoustic signal.

Duration

Approximate playing time in seconds of the permanently stored melody.

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input range | 1 to 9 |
| Default value | 1 |

29.9.5 Signing a determination (SIGN)

A determination can be signed with the **SIGN** command. The method run is automatically paused as soon as this command is reached. At the same time a switch is made to the result view. The run will not be continued until the determination has been signed or the **SIGN** command has been canceled. You can specify whether a routine user is allowed to cancel the **SIGN** command in the setting **System ► System settings ► Dialog options ► Routine dialog**. No parameters can be edited for this com-

mand. The parameters for signing determinations are described in *chapter 17.1, page 181*.



NOTICE

Methods with this command can only be started if you are working with login and password protection.

The command should always be inserted at the end directly before the **REPORT** command or at the end of the method sequence if a PC/LIMS report is to be sent automatically.

29.9.6 Canceling the method run (END)

The method run will cancel as soon as the **END** command is reached. This is a good idea if you wish to test only the first part of a method. No parameters can be edited for this command.

30 Operation and maintenance

30.1 System initialization

In very rare instances, a faulty file system (e.g. because of a program crash) may lead to an impairment of program functioning. The internal file system must be initialized in such cases.



CAUTION

If you carry out a system initialization, then all user data except the methods will be deleted.

We recommend creating a backup of the system at regular intervals in order to avoid data losses.

Proceed as follows for the system initialization:

1 Switching off the instrument

- Press the power switch at the rear.

2 Switching on the instrument

- Press the power switch at the rear.
An image with a frog will be displayed after a couple of seconds.
- While the image is being displayed, press the power switch again and hold it down.
- Do not release the power switch until an acoustic signal sounds.

A system message is displayed.

3 Confirm system initialization

- Confirm the message with **[Yes]**.
A second security prompt is displayed.
- Confirm this message with **[Yes]** as well.

Initialization is started. After the initialization has been completed, the 915 KF Ti-Touch is started automatically.

30.2 Maintenance

Maintenance

The electronic and mechanical functional groups of Metrohm instruments can and should be checked by specialist personnel from Metrohm as part of a regular preventive maintenance schedule. Please ask your local Metrohm representative regarding the precise terms and conditions involved in concluding a corresponding maintenance agreement.

For detailed information on this topic, please visit www.metrohm.com.

Cleaning

Cleaning the surfaces of the instrument

Prerequisites

- The instrument is disconnected from the power grid.

- 1 Clean the surfaces with a damp cloth.



NOTICE

Water or ethanol can be used as a cleaning medium.




NOTICE

The connectors at the rear of the instrument must only be cleaned with a dry cloth.

31.3 Results/Statistics

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|--|--|---|
| No statistics are carried out for a result. | <i>Statistics is not activated.</i> | In the method options, activate the option Statistics (see chapter 16.5, page 169). |
| | <i>No statistics variable has been assigned to the calculation.</i> | In the result options (command CALC), define a variable for the mean value (see "Variable for mean value", page 155). |
| | <i>Statistics is not activated.</i> | In the control dialog, activate the Statistics option (see chapter 18, page 183). |
| A result has been removed from the statistics, the mean value has not been reassigned to the common variable or to the TITER variable. | <i>Assignment is not carried out automatically with retroactive modifications.</i> | Recalculate the determination manually (see chapter 24, page 211). |
| The result is not displayed in the result table. | <i>The column display in the result table is incorrectly configured.</i> | Modify the settings for the display accordingly (see chapter 26.1, page 234). |
| | <i>The parameter Save result in result table is not activated.</i> | In the result options (command CALC), activate the parameter (see "Save result in result table", page 156). |

31.4 Printing

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Tapping on the fixed key  has no effect. | <i>The fixed key is disabled.</i> | In the Dialog options / Fixed keys dialog, activate the Print option (see chapter 7.2, page 34). |
| | <i>A determination is running.</i> | Wait until the determination is finished. |

31.8 Volumetric Karl Fischer Titration

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|---|---|---|
| The drift is very high during conditioning. | The titration cell is leaking. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the seals and the septum. Replace if necessary. Replace the molecular sieve. |
| | The sample releases water very slowly. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjust the method. Add solubility promoter. Increase the temperature (possibly using a KF oven). See technical literature. |
| | A side reaction is taking place. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use special reagents. Adjust the method (increase/decrease the temperature, external extraction). See technical literature. |
| | The pH value is no longer in the optimum range. | Add buffer, see technical literature. |
| The titration will not be finished. | The titration cell is leaking. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the seals and the septum. Replace if necessary. Replace the molecular sieve. |
| | The minimum increment is too low. | Define Titration rate = user and increase the minimum volume increment (Min. increment) (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278). |
| | The stop criterion is unsuitable. | Adjust the control parameters (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase the stop drift. Select a short delay time. |
| | See also: The drift becomes greater after each titration. | |
| The sample is over-titrated. | The increments at the end of the titration are too high. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define Titration rate = user and reduce the dosing rate (Max. rate) (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278). <p>The following experiment provides a clue for the optimum dosing rate: During conditioning, display the drift and add sample without starting the titration. Select a value below the highest drift as dosing rate.</p> |

| Problem | Cause | Remedy |
|---|--|--|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stir faster. |
| | <i>The amount of methanol in the working medium is too low.</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace the working medium. Reduce the amount of solubility promoter, if working with solvent mixtures, see technical literature. |
| | <i>The electrode may be covered.</i> | Wipe off the electrode with ethanol or a suitable solvent. |
| The solution becomes darker after each titration. | | Replace the working medium. |
| | <i>The electrode may be covered.</i> | Wipe off the electrode with ethanol or a suitable solvent. |
| | <i>The electrode has a short circuit.</i> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check the Pt wires. Activate the electrode check. |
| The endpoint is reached too quickly. | <i>The dosing rate outside the control range is too high.</i> | Define Titration rate = user and reduce the dosing rate (Max. rate) (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278). |
| The titration times with volumetric titration are constantly longer. | <i>The buffer capacity of the solvent can be exhausted for two-component reagents.</i> | Replace the working medium. |

32 Appendix

32.1 Dosing unit

32.1.1 Maximum dosing and filling rate

The maximum dosing rate and maximum filling rate for the dosing unit depend on the cylinder volume:

| Cylinder volume | Maximum rate |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 2 mL | 6.67 mL/min |
| 5 mL | 16.67 mL/min |
| 10 mL | 33.33 mL/min |
| 20 mL | 66.67 mL/min |
| 50 mL | 166.00 mL/min |

Independent of the cylinder volume, values ranging from 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min can always be entered. When the function is carried out the rate will be, if necessary, decreased automatically to the highest possible value.

32.1.2 Default parameters for preparing (PREP) and emptying (EMPTY)

The **PREP** command is used to rinse and fill the cylinder and tubings of the dosing unit air bubble-free. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once per day.

The command **EMPTY** is used to empty the cylinders and the tubings of the dosing unit.

If no titrant is selected in the command, preparing and emptying will be carried out with the following default parameters:

- The entire cylinder volume is dosed at the maximum dosing rate through Port 1.
- The cylinder is filled at the maximum filling rate through Port 2.
- The following dimensions apply for the tubings:
 - Tubing at Port 1: length = 40.0 cm, diameter = 2 mm
 - Tubing at Port 2: length = 25.0 cm, diameter = 2 mm

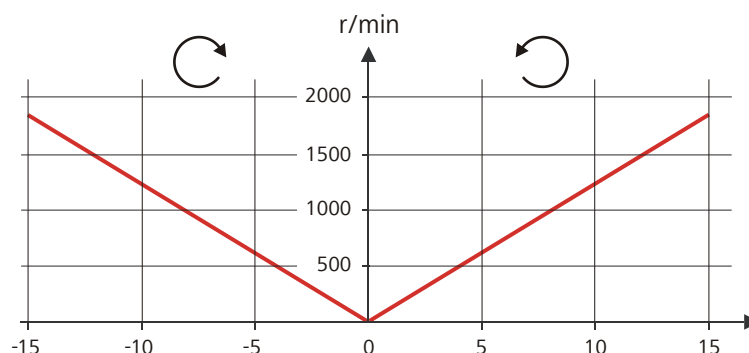


Figure 16 Rotational speed depending on the stirring rate

The information on the separately connectable 802 propeller stirrer can be found in the "802 Stirrer" manual.

32.4 Balance

The sample size and the associated unit can be sent from a connected balance. The sample size is transmitted as a number with up to ten characters (including algebraic sign and decimal point).

Sample size and unit are sent as a single character string. They are separated by a space character. The string is terminated with the ASCII characters **CR** and **LF**.

If the balance sends a negative sample size (e.g. when you are reweighing a sample), then the algebraic sign is adopted. The algebraic sign is, however, ignored for the calculations.



NOTICE

With some balances, the sample identification and the method can be sent in addition to the sample size.

Make sure that the balance does not send the sample size until the end.

Mettler AX

For the Mettler AX balance, the fields that contain the sample identification or the method must be designated as follows:

- Designation for the field with the method name: **METHOD**
- Designation for the field with sample identification 1: **ID1**
- Designation for the field with sample identification 2: **ID2**

The selection of the result variables is displayed in the number editor.



Please note that the result must be within the input range of the parameter, as otherwise the determination run will be stopped when the parameter is accessed.

32.6 Using AuditTrailViewer

When you work in accordance with the *FDA Guidance 21 CFR Part 11*, logs with detailed user activities (Audit Trail) are important. The *AuditTrailViewer* supports you in your efforts to compile, filter and export logs of this type as TXT files.

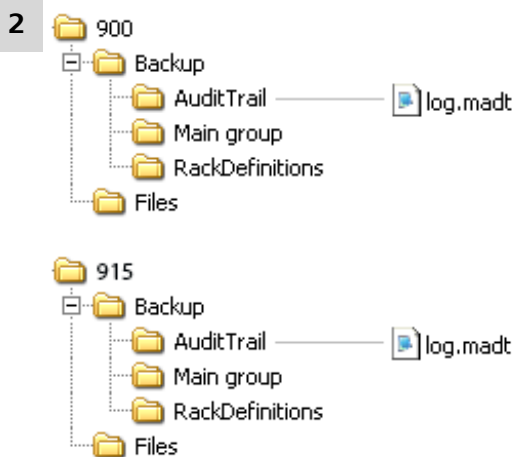
First you must install the *AuditTrailViewer* on your PC. Afterwards, you must create a backup of your Ti-Touch (see chapter 12.3, page 129). The Audit Trail is generated automatically when you create the backup. The file name of the Audit Trail is **log.madt**. In the following you will find detailed information about how you must proceed.

If the preceding instruction step has been skipped, then the *AuditTrailViewer* will start.

32.6.2 Opening the Audit Trail






































Create a backup of the data and of the settings of your Ti-Touch (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

1 Open the backup on your PC.



Open the file **log.madt** with the *AuditTrailViewer*.

AuditTrailViewer dialog window



















| File Filter Info | | | | | |
|---|---|---------|----------|----------------------|--|
|     | | | | | |
| No. | Date | User | Category | Action | Details |
| 1 |  2011-10-31 11:30:22 | Johnson | Method | New | 01 Dynamic Titration pH |
| 2 |  2011-10-31 11:30:34 | Johnson | Method | Delete command | New method V0 03 REPORT |
| 3 |  2011-10-31 11:30:40 | Johnson | Method | Edit | New method V0 01 DET pH Stirrer off |
| 4 |  2011-10-31 11:30:43 | Johnson | Method | Edit | New method V0 01 DET pH Titrant not defined |
| 5 |  2011-10-31 11:30:43 | Johnson | Method | Edit | New method V0 01 DET pH Titrant |
| 6 |  2011-10-31 11:30:48 | Johnson | Method | Load result template | New method V0 Content (g/L) |
| 7 |  2011-10-31 11:30:52 | Johnson | Method | Edit | New method V0 Calc. formula EP1*CONC*TITER*3/C00 |
| 8 |  2011-10-31 11:31:08 | Johnson | System | Message | 003-908 Number of autostarts Yes/OK |
| 9 |  2011-10-31 11:31:14 | Johnson | Method | Start | Start key pressed |
| 10 |  2011-10-31 11:31:15 | Johnson | Method | Start | New method V0 1.0 g |
| 11 |  2011-10-31 11:31:28 | Johnson | Method | Manual stop | New method V0 |
| 12 |  2011-10-31 11:31:36 | Johnson | System | Message | 002-907 Method modified Yes/OK |
| 13 |  2011-10-31 11:31:36 | Johnson | Security | Logout | |
| 14 |  2011-10-31 11:31:55 | Meier | Security | Login message | Wrong password |
| 15 |  2011-10-31 11:31:57 | Johnson | System | Message | 002-102 Wrong password Yes/OK |
| 16 |  2011-10-31 11:31:58 | Meier | Security | Log in | |
| 17 |  2011-10-31 11:32:27 | Meier | Method | Load | KFT 2 V1 Internal memory |
| 18 |  2011-10-31 11:32:32 | Meier | Security | Logout | |
| 19 |  2011-10-31 11:32:45 | Meier | Security | Login message | Wrong password |
| 20 |  2011-10-31 11:32:47 | Meier | System | Message | 002-102 Wrong password Yes/OK |
| 21 |  2011-10-31 11:33:01 | Meier | Security | Change password | |
| 22 |  2011-10-31 11:33:03 | Meier | Security | Login message | Wrong password |
| 23 |  2011-10-31 11:33:05 | Meier | System | Message | 002-102 Wrong password Yes/OK |
| 24 |  2011-10-31 11:33:08 | Meier | Security | Log in | |
| 25 |  2011-10-31 11:33:12 | Meier | Method | Start | Start key pressed |
| 26 |  2011-10-31 11:33:13 | Meier | Method | Start | KFT 2 V1 1.0 g |
| 27 |  2011-10-31 11:33:14 | Meier | System | Message | 009-111 Stirrer missing Yes/OK |
| 28 |  2011-10-31 11:33:15 | Meier | Security | Logout | |
| 29 |  2011-10-31 11:33:27 | Chang | Security | Log in | |
| 30 |  2011-10-31 11:33:32 | Chang | Method | New | 01 Dynamic Titration pH |
| 31 |  2011-10-31 11:33:38 | Chang | Method | Delete command | New method V0 03 REPORT |
| 32 |  2011-10-31 11:33:43 | Chang | Method | Edit | New method V0 01 DET pH Start volume 5 mL |
| 33 |  2011-10-31 11:33:48 | Chang | Method | Load result template | New method V0 Content (g/L) |

32.6.3 Contents of the Audit Trail

In the following you will find a description of the dialog window and of the menu bar of the *AuditTrailViewer*.

Table 11 Dialog window

| Column | Content |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| No. | Each entry is numbered in sequence. |

| Column | Content | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Symbol | <p>Classification of the entry:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Actions that are neither relevant to safety nor alter the determination data.  Actions, e.g. changes to the login options and recalculation of determinations.  Errors that occur, e.g. entry of an incorrect password. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date | Precise time of the event. | | | | | | | | | | |
| User | User who triggered the action. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category | Category to which the entry belongs. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Action | Designation of the action. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Details | Details of the action. | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table> <tr> <td colspan="2">Menu bar</td></tr> <tr> <td> Print</td><td> <p>Print Audit Trail.</p> <p>An Audit Trail can be printed by means of the  symbol.</p> </td></tr> <tr> <td> Update</td><td> <p>Update view.</p> <p>The list is updated automatically only at the time the dialog window is opened.</p> </td></tr> <tr> <td> Quick filter</td><td>Filter the Audit Trail.</td></tr> <tr> <td> Show all</td><td>Display all entries once again.</td></tr> </table> | | Menu bar | |  Print | <p>Print Audit Trail.</p> <p>An Audit Trail can be printed by means of the  symbol.</p> |  Update | <p>Update view.</p> <p>The list is updated automatically only at the time the dialog window is opened.</p> |  Quick filter | Filter the Audit Trail. |  Show all | Display all entries once again. |
| Menu bar | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  Print | <p>Print Audit Trail.</p> <p>An Audit Trail can be printed by means of the  symbol.</p> | | | | | | | | | | |
|  Update | <p>Update view.</p> <p>The list is updated automatically only at the time the dialog window is opened.</p> | | | | | | | | | | |
|  Quick filter | Filter the Audit Trail. | | | | | | | | | | |
|  Show all | Display all entries once again. | | | | | | | | | | |

32.6.4 Filtering the Audit Trail


The entries in the Audit Trail can be filtered. You can set the following filter criteria:

- **Date**
- **User**
- **Category**
- **Action**


Proceed as follows:

- 1 Click in a cell that contains the desired filter criterion (e.g. **Category** = **Method**).



- 2 Click on the  icon or the menu item **Filter** ► **Quick filter**.

The only entries which will be displayed are those which correspond to the desired filter criterion.

- 3 Click on the  icon or the menu item **Filter** ► **Show all**.

All of the entries are displayed once again.

32.6.5 Exporting the Audit Trail

You can export the Audit Trail as .txt file. This way, the Audit Trail can be archived and is available as required for inspections.

Proceed as follows:

- 1 Use the menu item **File ► Export** to open the dialog window for the export.

- 2** Enter the path and file name with the extension **.txt**.

- 3** Click on **[Open]** and then on **[Export]**.

The Audit Trail is exported.

32.7 Diagnosis

System ► Diagnosis

The electronic and mechanical functional groups of Metrohm instruments can and should be checked by specialist personnel from Metrohm as part of a regular maintenance schedule. Please ask your local Metrohm representative regarding the precise terms and conditions involved in concluding a corresponding maintenance agreement.

The following functions are available:

- **LCD test**
Check the display for faulty pixels (*see chapter 32.7.1, page 365*).
- **Format storage medium**
Format the external storage medium (*see chapter 32.7.2, page 365*).
- **Remove storage medium**
Remove the external storage medium safely (*see chapter 32.7.3, page 366*).
- **Touch adjustment**
Adjust the touch-sensitive screen (*see chapter 32.7.4, page 366*).

- **Touch screen test**
Test the function of the touch-sensitive screen (*see chapter 32.7.5, page 367*).
- **Software update**
Update the software of Ti-Touch and of the control instruments (*see chapter 32.7.6, page 368*).
- **Service**
Special functions for the service technician (*see chapter 32.7.7, page 371*).

32.7.1 LCD test

System ► Diagnosis ► LCD test

You can use the LCD test to check the display for faulty pixels. To do this, various test images are displayed one after the other.



NOTICE

The [↩] fixed key is used to display the preceding test picture; the test can be stopped at any time with the [🏠] fixed key.

Proceed as follows:

- 1 ▪ Tap on **[LCD test]**.
The entire display turns white.
- 2 ▪ Check the display for pixel errors and other irregularities.
▪ Continue the test with [▶].
Other colors and patterns will be displayed one after the other.
- 3 ▪ Repeat step 2 until the **System / Diagnosis** dialog is displayed again.
- 4 ▪ Contact your Metrohm representative in the event of faults or irregularities.

32.7.2 Formatting an external storage medium

System ► Diagnosis ► Format storage medium

With this function, you have the option of formatting an external storage medium directly on the 915 KF Ti-Touch (quick formatting).

The following file systems can be selected:

- **FAT**



- FAT32
- ExFAT



CAUTION

If you format the storage medium with the **ExFAT** file system, it is possible that it will no longer be recognized by a PC. Read the pertinent information from Microsoft Support at <http://support.microsoft.com>.

Do not use this file system unless you need to be able to save more than 999 files in a single group.

32.7.3 Removing an external storage medium

System ► Diagnosis ► Remove storage medium

As long as the stored data is not being accessed (reading/saving data), you can plug in and disconnect the storage medium without difficulty at any time. The **[Remove storage medium]** function offers additional protection. This ensures that the storage medium cannot be removed while any data is being transferred.

32.7.4 Adjusting the touch screen

System ► Diagnosis ► Touch adjustment

With time the touch-sensitive screen may not register touches at their precise position. You can readjust the screen in this dialog.

Proceed as follows:

- 1 In the main dialog, tap on **[System]**.

- 2** Tap on **[Diagnosis]**.

- 3** Tap on **[Touch adjustment]**.

A message in English and a cross hair will appear in the center of the screen.

- 4 Touch a stylus (a special pen-shaped instrument for operating devices with touch screens) to the center of the cross hair and maintain this position until the cross hair moves to a new position on the screen.

- 5 Repeat this process as long as the cross hair continues to be repositioned on the screen.

A message in English will appear.

6 Tap at any location on the screen to confirm the adjustment.

7 Press [] to finish the adjustment.

32.7.5 Testing the touch screen


System ► Diagnosis ► Touch screen test

You can use this test to check the function of the touch-sensitive monitor screen.

A calibration is not possible with this test. If the Touch screen does not work correctly anymore, it will need to be replaced. For that please contact your Metrohm representative.



NOTICE

You can use the [] fixed key to stop the test at any time.

Proceed as follows:

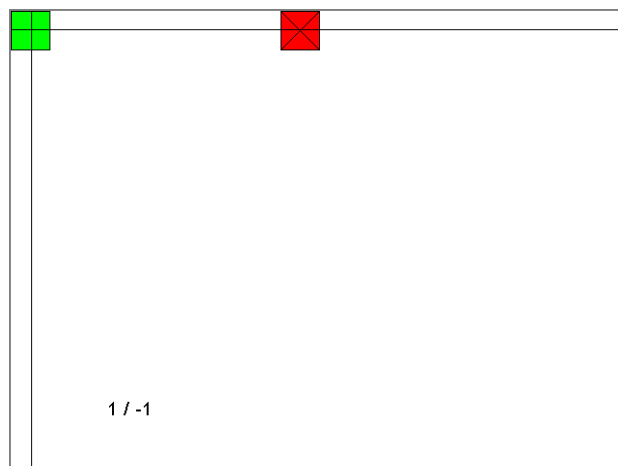
1 Tap on **[Touch screen test]**.

A red square is displayed at the upper left.

2 Tap on the square as close to the center as possible.

The actual detected point of contact will be displayed by a cross hair, and the deviation from the center will also be displayed on the lower edge of the image.

The next red square will also be displayed.



- Firmware of the control instrument:
5XXXyyyy.BIN
 - XXX = instrument type (e.g. 814 for the 814 USB Sample Processor)
 - yyyy = program version

Language files

Language files may have the following content:

- one or more additional dialog languages
- the online help for one or more additional dialog languages
- supplements for existing dialog languages/online help documents

They can be recognized by means of the two-digit language code in the file name. The file name has the following structure:

- **5XXXyZZZML.BIN**
5XXXyZZZML.MBIN
 - XXX = instrument type (i.e. "915" for the 915 KF Ti-Touch)
 - y = version number of the language package
 - ZZZ = program version

32.7.6.1 Carrying out a software update



CAUTION

Make sure that the power supply is guaranteed during the entire update process. Otherwise there is the chance that the instrument will no longer be able to be switched on and that it will need to be sent in for repair.



NOTICE

Make sure that no USB/RS-232 adapter is connected!

Proceed as follows:

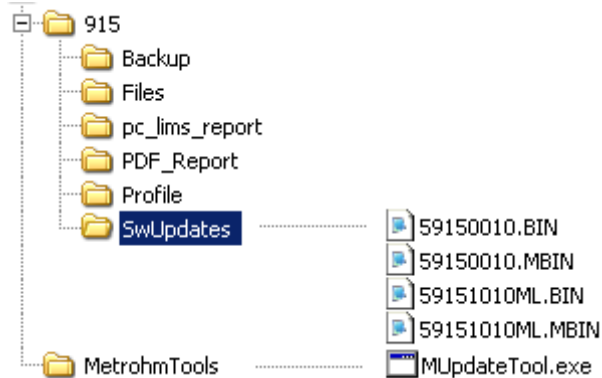
1 Copying files to an external storage medium



NOTICE

In the case of the program versions and language files for the Ti-Touch, it is imperative that both the BIN file and the associated MBIN file be copied.

- Copy the files to the "SwUpdates" directory.
 - Copy also the "MetrohmTools" folder with the "MUpdate-Tool.exe" file to the external storage medium.
- Make sure that the file is stored at the top level of the external storage medium. This also applies to the "915" folder.



For the software update from version 5.915.0043, an additional folder that is on the same level as Metrohm-Tools with the name SRVPRF900 containing the file St900_SrPrf.cfg is required

If this structure is not maintained, then the files will not be found, because the directories are accessed directly during the update process.

- Plug in the external storage medium at the Ti-Touch.

2 Opening the update dialog

- Under **System ► Diagnosis**, tap on the button **Software update**.


3 Selecting the instrument

- Tap on the **Control device** list box and select the instrument to be updated.


4 Selecting the file

- Tap on the **Binary file** list box.
The selection list with the BIN files saved in the "SwUpdates" directory is opened.
- Select the required file.
- Tap on **[Select]**.
- Update of the Ti-Touch: Continue with Step 5.
Update of the Sample Processor: Continue with Step 6.

5 Starting the update (915 KF Ti-Touch)

- Tap on the **[Start]** button (NOT on the [] fixed key).
- The message **023-102 Program update** is displayed.
- Confirm the message with **[Yes]**.
The update process is started, it runs automatically. The device is automatically switched off and back on during this process, possibly several times. No user intervention is required.
- **After successfully updating the software, remove the external storage medium (USB flash drive) from the instrument.**

6 Starting the update (control instruments)

- Tap on the **[Start]** button (NOT on the [] fixed key).
If **Result = No errors** is displayed, then the update has been successful.
- **Remove the external storage medium (USB flash drive) from the instrument.**
- Switch the 915 KF Ti-Touch off and then back on again.

32.7.7 Service

System ► Diagnosis ► Service

Access to the service functions is password-protected and only accessible to Metrohm service technicians. We recommend that you have maintenance performed on the system regularly by the Metrohm Service Department. You can automatically monitor the time interval after which the next service visit is due (*see chapter 13.5.1, page 141*).

33 Technical specifications

33.1 Touch screen

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <i>Display</i> | VGA color display (640 pixels x 320 pixels), diagonal approx. 5.7" |
| <i>Touch panel</i> | resistive |
| <i>Resistance to chemicals</i> | <p>resistant to the following chemicals (no visible changes after 24 h of duration of action):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ without protective cover: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Methanol – Toluene – Ethyl acetate – Acetone – Dichloromethane – Hydrochloric acid $c(\text{HCl}) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$ ▪ with protective cover (order number 6.2723.300): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Methanol – Propanol – Toluene – Xylene – Acetone – Chloroform – Formamide – Sulfuric acid $c(\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$ – Hydrochloric acid $c(\text{HCl}) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$ – Caustic soda $c(\text{NaOH}) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$ – Composite 5 – 1-butanol – 1-hexanol – Decanol |

33.2 Measuring inputs

The measuring cycle is 100 ms for all measuring modes.

33.2.1 Polarizer

One measuring input (**Pol.**) for polarizable electrodes.

Measuring mode
I_{pol} Determination with adjustable polarization current.

Polarization current –120 to +120 μA (increment: 1 μA)
–125 to –121 μA / +121 to +125 μA : non-guaranteed values,
dependent on reference voltage +2.5 V

Measuring range –1200 to +1200 mV

Resolution 0.1 mV

Measuring accuracy ± 0.2 mV
(± 1 digit, without sensor error, under reference conditions)

Measuring mode
U_{pol} Determination with adjustable polarization voltage.

Polarization voltage –1200 to +1200 mV (increment: 10 mV)
–1250 to –1210 mV / +1210 to +1250 mV: non-guaranteed values,
dependent on reference voltage +2.5 V

Measuring range –120 to +120 μA

Resolution 0.01 μA

Measuring accuracy –

33.2.2 Temperature

A measuring input (**Temp.**) for temperature sensors of the Pt1000 or NTC type with automatic temperature compensation.

R (25 °C) and B value can be configured for NTC sensors.

Measuring range

Pt1000 –150 to +250 °C

NTC –5 to +250 °C

(For an NTC sensor with R (25 °C) = 30'000 Ω and B (25/50) = 4'100 K)

Resolution

Pt1000 0.1 °C

NTC 0.1 °C

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>Pt1000</i> | ±0.2 °C (Applies for measuring range –20 to +150 °C) |
| <i>NTC</i> | ±0.6 °C (Applies for measuring range +10 to +40 °C) |

33.6 Power supply

Instrument

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| <i>Input voltage</i> | 24 V DC |
| <i>Max. power consumption</i> | 2.0 A |

External power supply unit 6.2164.010, LPS conformity according to UL60950-1

| | |
|----------------------------|-------|
| <i>Input current</i> | 1.5 A |
| <i>Max. output current</i> | 2.7 A |

33.7 Declarations of Conformity

Up-to-date information on the *EU conformity* and the *requirements for electromagnetic compatibility* for your product can be found on the Internet under <https://www.metrohm.com/en-us/products-overview/>.

Using the article number, you can download the *Declaration of conformity for ...* under the documents of the product.

33.8 Ambient temperature

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <i>Nominal function range</i> | +5 to +45 °C at max. 80% relative humidity, non-condensing |
| <i>Storage</i> | +5 to +45 °C |

33.9 Reference conditions

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <i>Ambient temperature</i> | +25 °C (±3 °C) |
| <i>Relative humidity</i> | ≤ 60% |
| <i>Operating temperature status</i> | Instrument in operation at least 30 min |
| <i>Validity of the data</i> | After adjustment |



33.10 Dimensions

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| <i>Width</i> | 193 mm |
| <i>Height</i> | |
| <i>without support rod</i> | 135 mm |
| <i>with support rod</i> | 430 mm |
| <i>Depth</i> | 438 mm |
| <i>Weight (including power supply unit)</i> | 5650 g |
| <i>Material</i> | |
| <i>Housing</i> | Poly(butylene terephthalate) (PBT) |
| <i>Base</i> | Steel, stainless, coated |

33.11 Storage capacity

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>Random access memory</i> | 128 MB |
| <i>Internal memory</i> | 1 GB of which 900 MB available. |
| <i>Required memory per method</i> | 3–6 KB |

34 Accessories

Up-to-date information on the scope of delivery and optional accessories for your product can be found on the Internet. You can download this information using the article number as follows:

Downloading the accessories list

- 1** Enter <https://www.metrohm.com/> into your Internet browser.
- 2** Enter the article number (e.g. **915**) into the search field.
The search result is displayed.
- 3** Click on the product.
Detailed information regarding the product is shown on various tabs.
- 4** On the **Included parts** tab, click on **Download the PDF**.
The PDF file with the accessories data is created.



NOTICE

Once you have received your new product, we recommend downloading the accessories list from the Internet, printing it out and keeping it together with the manual for reference purposes.

| | |
|--------------------|----|
| 800 Dosino | 14 |
| 801 Stirrer | 15 |
| 803 Ti Stand | 15 |
| 804 Ti Stand | 15 |
| 805 Dosimat | 14 |

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Acoustic signals | 50 |
| ADD | 320 |
| Audit Trail | 48 |
| Archive | 364 |
| Export | 364 |
| Filter | 363 |
| Open | 361 |
| AuditTrailViewer | |
| Installing | 360 |
| Automatic system test | 132 |
| Automation | 333 |
| Axial distance | 94 |

| | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Backup | 129 |
| Interval | 141 |
| Balance | 17, 115, 357 |
| Barcode reader | |
| Connect | 19 |
| Beaker radius | |
| Sample vessel | 101 |
| Special beaker | 105 |
| Beaker sensor | |
| Sample vessel | 102 |
| Special beaker | 106 |
| BEEP | 346 |

| | |
|----------------------|-----|
| CALC | 298 |
| CALC LIVE | 305 |
| Calculation | 298 |
| Add | 298 |
| Delete | 298 |
| Edit | 298 |
| Load template | 299 |
| Note | 302 |
| Result options | 303 |
| Cell | |
| KFT | 285 |
| Command | |
| ADD | 320 |
| BEEP | 346 |
| CALC | 298 |

| | |
|-------------------------|-----|
| CALC LIVE | 305 |
| CONTROL RS | 332 |
| CTRL | 330 |
| EMPTY | 319 |
| END | 347 |
| EVAL FIX-EP | 294 |
| EVAL MIN/MAX | 295 |
| EVAL RATE | 297 |
| FLOW | 342 |
| HEATER | 342 |
| Insert | 168 |
| KFT | 276 |
| LIFT | 336 |
| LQH | 325 |
| MEAS | 288 |
| MEAS T/F OFF | 343 |
| MEAS T/F ON | 343 |
| MOVE | 333 |
| PREP | 318 |
| PUMP | 337 |
| RACK | 338 |
| REPORT | 313 |
| REQUEST | 345 |
| SAMPLE | 338 |
| SCAN | 328 |
| SCAN RS | 331 |
| SIGN | 346 |
| STIR | 344 |
| SUBSEQ | 339 |
| WAIT | 345 |
| Command list | 167 |
| Common variable | |
| Delete | 143 |
| Edit | 143 |
| Properties | 145 |
| Validity | 146 |
| Communication | 328 |
| Conditioning | |
| KFT | 283 |
| Connect | |
| Balance | 17 |
| Barcode reader | 19 |
| Dosing device | 14 |
| MSB devices | 13 |
| PC keyboard | 18 |
| Power supply unit | 10 |
| Printer | 16 |
| Remote Box | 15 |
| Sample Processor | 19 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Stirrer or titration stand | 15 |
| USB devices | 16 |
| USB hub | 16 |
| Control | 183 |
| Control instrument | 87 |
| Parameters | |
| ..... | 285, 291, 321, 327 |
| Control parameters | |
| KFT | 278 |
| Control Remote Box | 81 |
| CONTROL RS | 332 |
| CTRL | 330 |
| Curve options | 225 |
| Curves | 224 |
| Custom logo | 162 |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Delete | |
| Signature | 182 |
| Statistics data | 185 |
| Determination | |
| Cancel | 204 |
| Carry out | 202 |
| Data | 211 |
| Define filters | 222 |
| Delete signatures | 182 |
| Endpoint details | 214 |
| List of saved determinations | |
| | 219 |
| Load | 218 |
| Measuring point list | 214 |
| Message | 215 |
| Properties | 216 |
| Recalculate | 226 |
| Reevaluate | 226 |
| Save | 224 |
| Save automatically | 179 |
| Send PC/LIMS report | 179 |
| Sign | 181 |
| Titrant data | 214 |
| Determination run | 202 |
| Device | |
| 885 Compact Oven SC | 107 |
| Add | 80 |
| Balance | 115 |
| Delete | 79 |
| Edit | 79 |
| New | 79 |
| Printer | 111 |

- Sample Processor 91
 Ti-Touch titrator 87
 USB/RS-232 adapter 117
 Device manager 79
 885 Compact Oven SC 107
 Diagnosis 364
 Dialog language 32
 Dialog options 34
 Dialog settings
 System-specific 34
 Directory structure 128
 Dosing 251
 Continuous 254
 Fixed volume 255
 Dosing curve 224
 Dosing device
 Connect 14
 Parameters 287, 321, 327
 Dosing parameters
 ADD 320
 Dosing port 57
 Dosing rate
 Maximum 355, 356
 Dosing unit
 Data 56
 GLP test 66
 Preparing parameters 57
 Replace reagent 259
 Tubing parameters 59
- E**
- E-mail 82
 Electrode 75
 Parameters 285, 291
 Electrostatic charge 6
 EMPTY 319
 Default parameters 355
 Emptying 259
 Default parameters 355
 END 347
 Endpoint details 214
 Ethernet connector 23
 EVAL FIX-EP 294
 EVAL MIN/MAX 295
 EVAL RATE 297
 Evaluation
 Fixed endpoint 294
 Maximum 295
 Minimum 295
 Rate 297
 Evaluations 294
 Exchange unit
 Data 62
 GLP test 66
- Preparing parameters 64
 Tubing parameters 65
 Expiry date
 Sensor 77
 Titrant 55
 External position
 Swing angle 98
- F**
- Favorite 187
 Add 188
 Delete 188
 Edit 188
 FDA Guidance 21 CFR Part 11
 37, 48
 File
 Copy 125
 Properties 126
 Rename 125
 File manager 123
 Filling 259
 Filling rate
 Maximum 355, 356
 Filter
 Determination 222
 Result table 236
 Fixed endpoint
 Evaluation 294
 Fixed key 8
 FLOW 342
 Format storage medium 365
 Formula editor 307
- G**
- GLP manager 131
 GLP test "Measurement" .. 133
 GLP test "Titration" 133
 System validation 137
 Test tool 132
 GLP test
 Dosing unit 66
 Exchange unit 66
- H**
- HEATER 342
- I**
- ID profile
 Create 42
 Identification profile
 Create 42
 Initialization 348
 Input line
 Template 157
- Installation
 Set up instrument 10
 Instrument
 Configure 80
 Switch off 27
 Switch on 26
 Ti-Touch 81
 Intervention limit
 Titer 70
- K**
- Key functions 119
 Keyboard
 Connect 18
 KFT 1, 25, 276
- L**
- LCD test 365
 LIFT 336
 Lift rate 266
 Limit values
 Sample size 176
 Liquid Handling parameters 325
 Live display 207
 Live modifications 205
 Live parameters 209
 Live result
 Note 306
 Load
 Determination 218
 Sample table 197
 Load result template 299
 Login
 Options 43
 Logout automatically 44
 LQH 325
- M**
- Magnetic stirrer
 Connect 15
 Manual control 247
 885 Compact Oven SC 272
 Continuous dosing 254
 Dosing 251
 Dosing fixed volume 255
 Emptying 259
 Filling 259
 Measuring 249
 Preparing 258
 Remote lines 262
 Sample Processor 263
 Stirring 260
 Troubleshooting 352
 Max. swing angle 96
 Maximum evaluation 295

| | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| R | |
| Rack | |
| Copy | 99 |
| Delete | 99 |
| Edit | 99 |
| Load | 99 |
| RACK | 338 |
| Rack adjustment | 106 |
| Rack name | 92 |
| Rack offset | 102 |
| Rate evaluation | 297 |
| Reagent | 71 |
| Add | 71 |
| Delete | 71 |
| Edit | 71 |
| Replace | 259 |
| Reagent monitoring | 72 |
| Reagent replacement | 73 |
| Reason | 47 |
| Modification option | 47 |
| Recalculation | 226 |
| Reevaluation | 226 |
| Remote Box | |
| Connect | 15 |
| Remote lines | |
| Manual control | 262 |

- Report 239
 Print 239
 REPORT 313
 Report header 162
 REQUEST 345
 Resolution
 Measured value display 50
 Result 211
 Calculation formula 301
 Limits 302
 Save as a common variable
 147
 Template 153
 Result table 233
 Define filters 236
 Delete automatically 237
 Save 238
 Result variable 302
 As parameter setting 358
 Robotic arm 96
 Max. swing angle 96
 Rotation offset 97
 Swing direction 97
 Swing increment 96
 Swing offset 96
 Swing radius 97
 Swing rate 268, 270, 335
 Rotation increment 94
 Rotation offset 97
 Routine dialog 36
 Standard configuration 36
- S**
- Safety instructions 5
 SAMPLE 338
 Sample assignment table 149
 Sample data 191
 Modify live 205
 Settings 173
 Sample identification
 Modify designation 173
 Modify the designation 201
 Sample identification list 149
 Sample Processor 263
 Connect 19
 Sample rack 99
 Sample series
 Perform 203
 Sample size
 Fixed 173
 Limit value 176
 Limits 173
 Send from a balance 357
- Sample table 194
 Save as favorite 187
 Troubleshooting 350
 Save
 Determination 224
 Result table 238
 Sample table 196
 SCAN 328
 SCAN RS 331
 Sensor 75
 Add 75
 Delete 75
 Edit 75
 Expiry date 77
 Parameters 285, 291
 Working life 77
 Sensor list 75
 Serial number
 Dosing cylinder 57, 63
 Dosing unit 56
 Exchange unit 63
 Service 5, 371
 Set the date 33
 Set the time 33
 Set up instrument 10
 Sign
 Determination 181
 Method 181
 SIGN 346
 Signature
 Delete 182
 Software update 368
 Special beakers
 Edit 104
 Spooler 115
 Start conditions
 KFT 276
 Start options 170
 Statistics 185, 228
 Delete 185
 Troubleshooting 351
 STIR 344
 Stirrer
 Connect 15
 Parameters 287, 293, 324
 Stirring 260
 Stirring rate 356
 Stop conditions
 KFT 282
 Stop criterion
 KFT 280
 Stop options 172
 SUBSEQ 339
- Subsequence 339
 Load 340
 Note 341
 Options 341
 Save 340
 Supply voltage 5
 Swing direction 97
 Swing Head
 Properties 94
 Swing increment 96
 Swing offset 96
 Swing radius 97
 Swing rate 268, 270, 335
 Switch off 27
 Switch on 26
 System initialization 348
 System settings 32
 System test 132
 System validation 137
- T**
- Tandem dosing 322
 Template
 Input line 157
 Output line 159
 Report header 162
 Result template 153
 Sample assignment table .. 149
 Sample identification list ... 149
 Templates 149
 Text input 30
 Ti-Touch 81
 Time zone 33
 Titer
 History 69
 Intervention limit 70
 Properties 68
 Warning limit 70
 Titrant 51
 Add 52
 Delete 52
 Edit 52
 Expiry date 55
 Working life 55
 Titrant data 214
 Titrant list 51
 Titration curve 224
 Titration mode
 KFT 1
 Titration parameters
 KFT 281
 Titration stand 15
 Connect 15
 Troubleshooting 352

[illegible]

| | |
|--------------------------|-----|
| USB hub | |
| Connect | 16 |
| USB/RS-232 adapter | 117 |
| User profile | |
| Create | 42 |

W

| | |
|--|-----|
| WAIT | 345 |
| Warning limit | |
| Titer | 70 |
| Water determination according to Karl Fischer | 25 |
| Working life | |
| Sensor | 77 |
| Titrant | 55 |
| Write protection | |
| External memory | 127 |