915 KF Ti-Touch



Manual 8.915.8005EN / 2022-04-30





Metrohm AG CH-9100 Herisau Switzerland +41 71 353 85 85 info@metrohm.com www.metrohm.com

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Manual

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Technical Communication Metrohm AG CH-9100 Herisau

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1 Introduction

1.1 Instrument description

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is a compact titration system for volumetric Karl Fischer titration. This titrator combines in a single device the touch-sensitive color monitor for convenient and efficient operation, the titration unit, the magnetic stirrer and the integrated membrane pump for adding and aspirating solvents. The upper side of the housing offers space for the titrant and the titration cell. The titrator is standard-equipped for operation with an external dosing drive of the *800 Dosino* type with a dosing unit. You can, however, also use a *805 Dosimat* with an exchange unit. Thanks to its compact construction, you can use the 915 KF Ti-Touch in a small space as a stand-alone titrator.

You manage titrants, sensors, methods, etc. conveniently in the internal memory of the 915 KF Ti-Touch. You can also save your files externally through the USB connector, e.g. on a USB flash drive. On this storage medium you can not only store your methods and determinations, but also create a backup together with all of the data and settings of your system.

The integrated Ethernet connector is available to you should you wish to connect your 915 KF Ti-Touch to a network. The network connection offers you the following advantages:

- Saving data to a computer within the network
- Printing reports on a network printer
- Sending displayed messages as e-mails

1.1.1 Titration and measuring modes

The 915 KF Ti-Touch supports the following titration and measuring modes.

KFT

Volumetric water content determination according to Karl Fischer. Measuring modes:

- Ipol (voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current)
- Upol (amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage)

MEAS

Measuring modes:

- Ipol (voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current)
- Upol (amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage)
- **T** (temperature measurement)

1.1.2 Connectors

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is equipped with the following connectors:

Power connection

For connecting to the power grid using the power supply unit provided.

- Two MSB connectors (Metrohm Serial Bus)
- For connecting dosing devices, one additional stirrer or a Remote Box.
- USB connector For connecting peripheral devices (printer, PC keyboard, etc.), a USB flash drive, a Sample Processor or a USB hub.

Sensor connectors

One connector each for:

- Polarizable electrodes
- Temperature sensor (Pt1000 or NTC)
- Ethernet connector

For connecting the Ti-Touch to a network.

• **Two connection nipples** For connecting tubing for aspirating solvent and extracting the contents of the titration cell.

1.1.3 Intended use

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is designed for usage as a titrator in analytical laboratories. Its application field is volumetric Karl Fischer titration.

This instrument is suitable for processing chemicals and flammable samples. Therefore, the use of the instrument requires the user to have basic knowledge and experience in handling toxic and caustic substances. Knowledge regarding the application of fire prevention measures prescribed for laboratories is also mandatory.

1.2 About the documentation



CAUTION

Please read through this documentation carefully before putting the instrument into operation. The documentation contains information and warnings which the user must follow in order to ensure safe operation of the instrument.

1.2.1 Symbols and conventions

The following symbols and formatting may appear in this documentation:

per, the e.
life-threat-
hazard due
hazard due
biological

CAUTION				
This symbol draws attention to possible damage to instruments or instrument parts.				
NOTICE				
This symbol highlights additional information and tips.				
-				

2 Safety instructions

2.1 General notes on safety



WARNING

Operate this instrument only according to the information contained in this documentation.

This instrument left the factory in a flawless state in terms of technical safety. To maintain this state and ensure non-hazardous operation of the instrument, the following instructions must be observed carefully.

2.2 Electrical safety

The electrical safety when working with the instrument is ensured as part of the international standard IEC 61010.



WARNING

Only personnel qualified by Metrohm are authorized to carry out service work on electronic components.



WARNING

Never open the housing of the instrument. The instrument could be damaged by this. There is also a risk of serious injury if live components are touched.

There are no parts inside the housing which can be serviced or replaced by the user.

Supply voltage



WARNING

An incorrect supply voltage can damage the instrument.

Only operate this instrument with a supply voltage specified for it (see rear panel of the instrument).

Protection against electrostatic charges



WARNING

Electronic components are sensitive to electrostatic charges and can be destroyed by discharges.

Do not fail to pull the power cord out of the power socket before you set up or disconnect electrical plug connections at the rear of the instrument.

2.3 **Tubing and capillary connections**



CAUTION

Leaks in tubing and capillary connections are a safety risk. Tighten all connections well by hand. Avoid applying excessive force to tubing connections. Damaged tubing ends lead to leakage. Appropriate tools can be used to loosen connections.

Check the connections regularly for leakage. If the instrument is used mainly in unattended operation, then weekly inspections are mandatory.

2.4 Flammable solvents and chemicals



WARNING

All relevant safety measures are to be observed when working with flammable solvents and chemicals.

- Set up the instrument in a well-ventilated location (e.g. fume cupboard).
- Keep all sources of flame far from the workplace.
- Clean up spilled liquids and solids immediately.
- Follow the safety instructions of the chemical manufacturer.

2.5 Recycling and disposal



This product is covered by European Directive 2012/19/EU, WEEE – Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment.

The correct disposal of your old instrument will help to prevent negative effects on the environment and public health.

More details about the disposal of your old instrument can be obtained from your local authorities, from waste disposal companies or from your local dealer.

3 Overview of the instrument

3.1 Front of the instrument



Figure 1 Front 915 KF Ti-Touch

1	Display Touch screen.	2	Fixed key [Home] Opens the main dialog.
3	Fixed key [Back] Saves the entry and opens the next-higher dialog page.	4	Fixed key [Help] Opens the online help for the dialog dis- played.
5	Fixed key [Print] Opens the print dialog.	6	Key Pressing the key pumps air into the solvent bottle. The overpressure in the solvent bottle pushes solvent into the KF titration cell.
7	Key Pressing the key aspirates air out of the aspiration bottle. The vacuum in the aspiration bottle suctions the liquid out of the KF titration cell and into the aspiration bottle.	8	Fixed key [Manual] Opens the manual control.
9	Fixed key [STOP] Cancels the running determination.	10	Fixed key [START] Starts a determination.

11 Bottle holder

With holding clips, for reagent bottle.

13 Titration stand

With built-in magnetic stirrer and membrane pump for placement of the titration cell.

3.2 Rear of the instrument

12 Support rod (lower part) For mounting the support rod (upper part).



Figure 2 915 KF Ti-Touch rear

- 1 USB connector (type A) For connecting a printer, USB flash drive, USB hub, Sample Processor etc.
- **3 Temperature sensor connector (Temp.)** For connecting temperature sensors (Pt1000 or NTC). Two B sockets, 2 mm.
- 5 MSB connector (MSB 1 and MSB 2) Metrohm Serial Bus. For connecting external dosing devices, stirrers or a Remote Box. Mini DIN, 8-pin.
- 7 Power switch Switches the instrument on/off.
- **9 Connection nipple for PVC tubing** For aspirating solvent.

- 2 Ethernet connector (RJ-45) For connecting to a network.
- 4 Electrode connector (Pol.) For connecting polarizable electrodes, e.g. double Pt electrodes. Socket F.
- 6 Power socket (Power) For connecting the external power supply unit.
- 8 Connection nipple for PVC tubing For aspirating the contents of the titration cell.
- **10 Type plate** Contains the serial number.

4 Installation

4.1 Setting up the instrument

4.1.1 Packaging

The instrument is supplied in protective packaging together with the separately packed accessories. Keep this packaging, as only this ensures safe transportation of the instrument.

4.1.2 Checks

Immediately after receipt, check whether the shipment has arrived complete and without damage by comparing it with the delivery note.

4.1.3 Location

The instrument has been developed for operation indoors and may not be used in explosive environments.

Place the instrument in a location of the laboratory which is suitable for operation and free of vibrations and which provides protection against corrosive atmosphere and contamination by chemicals.

The instrument should be protected against excessive temperature fluctuations and direct sunlight.

4.2 **Connecting the power supply unit**

The 915 KF Ti-Touch has an external power supply unit for a 24 V power supply (DC). This is connected to the power socket of the Ti-Touch.



WARNING

An incorrect supply voltage can damage the instrument.

Operate the instrument only with the supply voltage specified for it. Use the supplied power supply unit exclusively, see chapter *Technical specifications*.

4 Installation



Figure 3 Connecting the power supply unit

Proceed as follows:

1 Connect the plug of the external power supply unit with the power socket of the Ti-Touch (*see figure 3, page 11*).



NOTICE

The plug of the power supply unit is protected against accidental disconnection of the cable by means of a pull-out protection feature. If you wish to pull out the plug, you first need to pull back the outer plug sleeve marked with arrows.

2 Connect the power cord with the external power supply unit of the Ti-Touch and with the power grid.



CAUTION

Switch off the Ti-Touch correctly by pressing the power switch before you disconnect the electricity supply. If this is not done, then there is a danger of data loss.

4.3 Mounting the KF titration cell

The KF titration cell can be mounted with the aid of the upper part of KF titration cell.



NOTICE

To prevent damage to the KF titration cell, the permissible height above the stirrer can be fixed with the aid of the clamping ring at the upper part of the KF titration cell.

Proceed as follows:

- **1** Push the clamping ring (6.2013.010) down as far as possible onto the mounted support rod (6.2016.050). Make sure while doing so that the indent is facing upwards.
- **2** Fix the 6.1414.030 vessel lid of the KF titration cell (with correctly inserted sealing ring from the 6.1244.040 sealing set) to the support rod.
- **3** Keep the locking lever pressed down and push the vessel lid down.
- **4** Fasten the 6.1415.220 (or 6.1415.250) KF titration cell with a 6.1903.020 (or 6.1903.030) stirring bar inside on the vessel lid. Fold back the holding bracket upwards while doing so. The markings on the vessel lid and on the plastic ring must be aligned above one another. Afterwards, press the holding bracket downwards in order to fix the KF titration cell. The levers of the holding bracket must enclose the pins of the plastic ring on the KF titration cell in order to ensure a secure hold.
- **5** Adjust the height of the KF titration cell by pressing the locking lever. It should almost touch the surface of the stirrer.
- **6** Readjust the clamping ring to the KF titration cell position and screw tight to fix the position of the KF titration cell. Make sure that the nose of the electrode holder is placed in the opening of the clamping ring.

If the height of the KF titration cell has been adjusted correctly, the entire cell can be raised and swiveled as required by pressing the locking lever.

4.4 Connecting MSB devices

In order to connect MSB devices, e.g. dosing device or Remote Box, the Ti-Touch has two connectors at what is referred to as the *Metrohm Serial Bus* (MSB). Various peripheral devices can be connected in sequence (daisy chain) at a single MSB connector (8-pin Mini DIN socket) and be controlled simultaneously by the Ti-Touch. In addition to the connection cable, stirrers and the Remote Box are each equipped with their own MSB socket for this purpose.



The additional stirrer must not be connected to the MSB 1!

The following figure provides an overview of the instruments that can be connected to an MSB socket, along with a number of different cabling variations.



Figure 4 MSB connections

i

NOTICE

When connecting MSB devices together, the following must be observed:

- No additional stirrer may be connected to the MSB 1!
- Only one device of the same type may be used at a single MSB connector at one time.
- When making the connection, take care to ensure that the flat part of the MSB plug marked with arrows is pointing in the direction of the marking on the MSB connector (*see figure 5, page 14*).







CAUTION

Switch off the Ti-Touch before you plug in MSB devices. When it is switched on, the Ti-Touch automatically recognizes which device is connected to which MSB connector. The connected MSB devices are entered automatically in the device manager.

MSB connections can be extended with the 6.2151.010 cable. The maximum connection length permitted is 6 m.

4.4.1 Connecting a dosing device

You can connect two dosing devices to the Ti-Touch.

The types of dosing devices that are supported are:

- 800 Dosino
- 805 Dosimat

Proceed as follows:

1 Switch off the Ti-Touch.

- 2 Connect the dosing device connection cable to an MSB connector (2-5) on the rear side of the Ti-Touch.
- **3** Switch on the Ti-Touch.

4.4.2 Connecting an additional stirrer or titration stand

In addition to the built-in magnetic stirrer, you can also use the magnetic stirrers 801 Stirrer, 803 Ti Stand or the 804 Ti Stand with the propeller stirrer 802 Stirrer.

Proceed as follows:

- **1** Switch off the Ti-Touch.
- **2** Connect the connection cable of the magnetic stirrer or of the titration stand to MSB 2 (2-5) on the rear of the Ti-Touch.
- **3** Switch on the Ti-Touch.

4.4.3 Connecting a Remote Box

Instruments that are controlled via remote lines and/or that send control signals via remote lines can be connected via the 6.2148.010 Remote Box. In addition to Metrohm, other instrument manufacturers also use similar connectors that make it possible to connect different instruments together. These interfaces are also frequently given the designations "TTL Logic", "I/O Control" or "Relay Control" and they generally have a signal level of 5 volts.

Control signals are understood to be electrical line statuses or brief (> 200 ms) electrical pulses which display the operational state of an instrument or which trigger or report an event. Sequences on a variety of instruments can thus be coordinated in a single complex automation system. However, no exchange of data is possible.

Proceed as follows:

- **1** Switch off the Ti-Touch.
- 2 Connect the Remote Box connection cable to an MSB connector (2-5) on the rear side of the Ti-Touch.

3 Switch on the Ti-Touch.

You can connect an 885 Compact Oven SC. The Remote Box also has an MSB socket at which a further MSB device, e.g. a dosing device, can be connected.

You will find precise information concerning the pin assignment of the interface on the Remote Box in the *appendix*.

4.5 **Connecting USB devices**

4.5.1 General

The 915 KF Ti-Touch has a USB connector (type A socket) for peripheral devices with USB interface and for Sample Processors. If you wish to connect more than one device to the USB, you can use a commercially available USB hub.



NOTICE

We recommend that the Ti-Touch be switched off while you set up or disconnect connections between the devices.

4.5.2 Connecting a USB hub

Use a USB hub with its own power supply.

Connect the USB hub as follows:

1 With the help of the 6.2151.030 cable (length 0.6 m) or the 6.2151.020 cable (length 1.8 m), connect the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (Type A) with the USB connector of the hub (Type B, see manual for the USB hub).

The USB hub is recognized automatically.

4.5.3 Connecting a printer

Printers connected to the 915 KF Ti-Touch must meet the following requirements:

- Printer languages: HP-PCL, HP-PCL-GUI, Canon BJL Commands or Epson ESC P/2
- Paper size: A4 or Letter.

Connect the printer as follows:

- **1** With the aid of the 6.2151.020 cable, connect the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (type A) with the USB connector of the printer (type B, see manual for the printer).
- **2** Configure the printer in the device manager of the Ti-Touch (*see chapter 11.8, page 111*).

4.5.4 Connecting a balance

If you want to connect a balance to the Ti-Touch you need a USB/RS-232 adapter (6.2148.050).

The following table offers an overview of the balances that you can use together with the Ti-Touch and of which cable you will need for connection to the RS-232 interface:

Balance	Cables
AND ER, FR, FX with RS-232 inter- face (OP-03)	6.2125.020 + 6.2125.010
Mettler AB, AG, PR (LC-RS9)	In the scope of delivery for the balance
Mettler AM, PM, PE with interface	6.2146.020 + 6.2125.010
option 016	Also from Mettler: ME 47473
or	adapter and either ME 42500 hand switch or ME 46278 foot
Mettler AJ, PJ with interface option 018	switch
Mettler AT	6.2146.020 + 6.2125.010
	Also from Mettler: ME 42500 hand switch or ME 46278 foot switch
Mettler AX, MX, UMX, PG, AB-S, PB-S, XP, XS	6.2134.120
Mettler AE with interface option	6.2125.020 + 6.2125.010
011 or 012	Also from Mettler: ME 42500 hand switch or ME 46278 foot switch
Ohaus Voyager, Explorer, Analyti- cal Plus	Cable AS017-09 from Ohaus
Precisa balances with RS-232-C interface	6.2125.080 + 6.2125.010

Balance	Cables
Sartorius MP8, MC, LA, Genius, Cubis	6.2134.060
Shimadzu BX, BW	6.2125.080 + 6.2125.010

Connect the balance as follows:

1 Connect the USB plug of the USB/RS-232 adapter with the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (Type A).

The USB/RS-232 adapter will be recognized automatically and entered in the device manager of the Ti-Touch.

- **2** Connect the RS-232 interface of the USB/RS-232 adapter with the RS-232 interface of the balance (see table for cable).
- **3** Switch on the balance.
- **4** If necessary, switch on the RS-232 interface of the balance.
- **5** Configure the RS-232 interface of the USB/RS-232 adapter in the device manager of the Ti-Touch (*see chapter 11.10, page 117*).
- **6** Enter and configure the balance in the device manager of the Ti-Touch (*see chapter 11.9, page 115*).
- 7 Make sure that the parameters of the USB/RS-232 adapter configured in the device manager match those of the balance.

4.5.5 **Connecting a PC keyboard**

The PC keyboard is used as an aid for text and numerical input.

Connect the PC keyboard as follows:

- **1** Connect the USB plug of the keyboard with the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (Type A).
- 2 Enter and configure the keyboard in the device manager of the Ti-Touch (*see chapter 11.11, page 119*).

4.5.6 Connecting a barcode reader

The barcode reader is used as an aid for text and numerical input. You can connect a barcode reader with USB interface.

Connect the barcode reader as follows:

- **1** Connect the USB plug of the barcode reader with the USB connector of the Ti-Touch (Type A).
- 2 Enter and configure the barcode reader in the device manager of the *(see chapter 11.12, page 120)*.

Settings on the barcode reader:

Program the barcode reader as follows (also see manual for the barcode reader):

- **1** Switch the barcode reader to programming mode.
- **2** Specify the desired layout for the keyboard (USA, Germany, France, Spain, German-speaking Switzerland).

This setting must match the setting in the device manager.

- **3** Make sure that the barcode reader is set in such a way that Ctrl characters (ASCII 00 to 31) can be sent.
- **4** Program the barcode reader in such a way that the ASCII character 02 (STX or Ctrl B) is sent as the first character. This first character is normally referred to as the "Preamble" or "Prefix Code".
- **5** Program the barcode reader in such a way that the ASCII character 04 (EOT or Ctrl D) is sent as the last character. This last character is normally referred to as the "Postamble", "Record Suffix" or "Postfix Code".

6 Exit the programming mode.

4.5.7 Connecting a Sample Processor

If you wish to integrate your Ti-Touch in an automation system, then you can connect the following Sample Processors to the USB connector:

- 814 USB Sample Processor
- 815 Robotic USB Sample Processor XL
- 810 Sample Processor (from firmware version 5.915.0040)

To connect a Sample Processor, you need the 6.2151.000 controller cable.

Connect the Sample Processor as follows:

1 Connect the Sample Processor to the power grid.

2 Connect the Sample Processor to the Ti-Touch with the controller cable.

The Sample Processor will be recognized automatically and entered in the device manager of the Ti-Touch.



NOTICE

The plug on the controller cable is protected against accidental disconnection by means of a pull-out protection feature. If you wish to pull out the plug, you first need to pull back the outer plug sleeve marked with arrows.

3 Configure the Sample Processor in the device manager (*see chapter 11.5, page 91*).

4.5.8 Connecting the 885 Compact Oven SC



NOTICE

In order for the 885 Compact Oven SC to be controlled with the 915 KF Ti-Touch, the following firmware versions must be installed on the instruments as a minimum requirement:

- 915 KF Ti-Touch 5.915.0045
- 885 Compact Oven SC 5.885.0013

The 885 Compact Oven SC is connected via the USB interface. The 6.2151.110 USB cable is required for this.

If the USB interface on the 915 KF Ti-Touch is also needed for other USB devices (USB flash drive, USB keyboard, USB/RS-232 adapter for balance), use a USB hub with its own power supply.

Connect the 885 Compact Oven SC as follows:

- **1** Switch off the 915 KF Ti-Touch.
- **2** Connect the 885 Compact Oven SC to the Ti-Touch using a USB cable.
3 Switch on the 885 Compact Oven SC.

NOTICE

4 Switch on the 915 KF Ti-Touch.

1

When the 915 KF Ti-Touch is started, the 885 Compact Oven SC is added to the device manager and the settings from the device manager are transferred to the instrument.

The switch-on sequence must be strictly observed with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

5 Configure the 885 Compact Oven SC in the device manager (*see chapter 11.7, page 107*).

4.6 Setting up the titration vessel

The tutorial for the 915 KF Ti-Touch describes in detail how to set up the Karl Fischer titration cell and what you need to observe while doing so.

4.7 **Connecting sensors**

4.7.1 General

The measuring interface includes one measuring input (**Pol**.) for a polarizable electrode and one measuring input (**Temp.**) for a temperature sensor (Pt1000 or NTC).

4.7.2 Connecting a polarizable electrode

Connect the polarizable electrode as follows:

1 Plug the electrode plug into the **Pol.** socket of the Ti-Touch.







The electrode cable is protected against accidental disconnection of the cable by means of a pull-out protection. If you wish to pull out the plug again, you first need to pull back the outer plug sleeve.

4.7.3 **Connecting the temperature sensor**

A temperature sensor of the Pt1000 or NTC type can be connected to the **Temp.** connector.

Connect the temperature sensor as follows:

1 Plug the temperature sensor plugs into the **Temp.** sockets of the Ti-Touch.



Figure 7 Connecting the temperature sensor



The red plug must always be plugged into the red socket for the purpose of shielding against disruptions.

4.8 **Connecting the Ti-Touch to a network**

The 915 KF Ti-Touch has a network connection (Ethernet). This can be used to integrate your Ti-Touch in your network. You can, for example, store data on a PC within the network or print reports on a network printer. In *Chapter 11, page 79*, you will find information as to which settings are necessary for the network connection.



Figure 8 Connecting the Ti-Touch to a network

5 Titrations

5.1 Water determination according to Karl Fischer (KFT)

Karl Fischer Titration is a method for volumetric water determination. Conditioning is carried out automatically both before and after the actual titration. The reagent dosing is controlled in such a way that a predefined endpoint is reached as quickly and as accurately as possible. The volume steps and the rate of reagent dosing are regulated by the difference between the current measured value and the predefined endpoint. This means that titration is performed more slowly in the control range and that smaller volumes are added. The titration is stopped at the endpoint either driftcontrolled or after a waiting time. The volume dosed until the endpoint is used to calculate the water content of the sample.



Figure 9 Reagent dosing for KFT

6 **Operation**

6.1 Switching the instrument on and off

Switching on the instrument



CAUTION

Peripheral devices (e.g., printers, 885 Compact Oven SC, etc) must be connected and switched on before you switch on the 915 KF Ti-Touch.



NOTICE

English is set as the default dialog language when the instrument is switched on for the first time.

Proceed as follows:

1 • Press the power switch on the left-hand side of the back panel of the 915 KF Ti-Touch.

The 915 KF Ti-Touch is initialized. A system test is performed. This process takes some time.



NOTICE

If a buret unit is connected, then a request appears to carry out the **Prepare** function:

010-126 Prepare dosing device			
For at least one dosing device, the request to prepare is switched on.			
Execute the "Prepare" function. You find it under "Manual control/Dosing".			
ок			

All tubings and the cylinder are rinsed with the **Prepare** function. The preparing of the buret unit is described in *chapter 28.3.3, page 258*. • Confirm the message with **[OK]**.

The main dialog is displayed:

Switching off the instrument



CAUTION

The 915 KF Ti-Touch must be switched off by pressing the power switch on the rear of the instrument before the electricity supply is interrupted. If this is not done, then there is a danger of data loss.

Proceed as follows:

1 Press the power switch on the left-hand side of the back panel of the 915 KF Ti-Touch.

The current data is saved and the system is shut down. This process takes just a short time. At the same time, all other instruments connected to the 915 KF Ti-Touch via a USB cable are also being switched off (except the 885 Compact Oven SC).

6.2 Fundamentals of operation

6.2.1 Touch-sensitive screen

The entire 915 KF Ti-Touch user interface is touch-sensitive. Simply touch a few of the buttons on the interface to learn how a touch-sensitive screen reacts. You can always return to the main dialog by touching [\widehat{m}].

In order to enable an element on the 915 KF Ti-Touch user interface, just touch the screen with your fingertip, the eraser of a pencil or a stylus (special tool for operating instruments with touch-sensitive screens).



CAUTION

Never touch the touch screen with a pointed or sharp object such as a ballpoint pen.

In the default setting, the software is configured in such a way that an acoustic signal will be generated every time an active control is touched. This setting can be deactivated in the system settings (see chapter 7.5, page 50).

6.2.2 Display elements and controls

			Ω Metrol
New method	17:34:58	•	
User			
Identification 1			
Identification 2			
Sample size	1.0 g		
System Load method	Control Edit parameters	Results	
☆ ↔ ?	酉		5
ш 🗸 :		<u> </u>	

The following display elements and controls are available:

Table 1Fixed keys which are always available

	[Home] always opens the main dialog.
¢	[Back] saves the entry and opens the next-higher dialog page.
?	[Help] opens the online help for the dialog displayed.
B	[Print] opens the printing dialog.
\mathcal{C}	[Manual] opens the manual control.
	[Stop] cancels the running determination.
\triangleright	[Start] starts a determination.

The file name of the loaded method, the time and the system status are displayed in the main dialog in the **Title bar**.

In the other dialogs, the title bar shows the headings of the next upper level and of the displayed dialog. This is an aid for orientation during navigation through the user dialog.

Table 2Screen elements



Delete	Inactive buttons with gray lettering indicate that the respective function is not available at the moment.
1.0	Input fields open an input dialog when tapped.
	Tapping on the selection symbol opens a selec- tion list.
	A check box can also be activated or deactiva- ted by tapping on it.

6.2.3 Status display

The current status of the system is displayed in the upper right-hand corner of the title bar.

Table 3Status displays



The instrument is in normal status.

The working medium is being conditioned.



Conditioning has been paused.



The working medium is conditioned.



A method has been started.



A method has been paused.



An action has been started in manual control.

6.2.4 Entering text and numbers

In the editing dialog for text or numerical input, enter the individual characters by tapping in the input field. The following functions are available:

Text editor

New m	ethod				17:3	35:32	•
			User				
А	В	С	D	E	F	G	×
Н	I	J	к	L	М	Ν	Delete entry
0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	A
V	w	Х	Y	Z	ш		
Car	icel	a - z		0 - 9	S ch	Special aracters	ок

Table 4Editing functions

Editing function	Description
[OK]	The modification is applied and the editing dialog is exited.
[Cancel]	The editing dialog is exited without applying the modification.
[Delete entry]	The content of the input field is deleted com- pletely.
[□]	The character in front of the cursor is deleted.
[⇔]	The cursor within the input field is shifted to the left by one character.
[⇔]	The cursor within the input field is shifted to the right by one character.
[az]	The lower-case letters are displayed. The label changes to [AZ] . The upper-case letters are displayed again by tapping.
[0–9]	Numbers and mathematical characters are dis- played.
[Special charac- ters]	Special characters are displayed. You can use the button [More] to navigate through all available characters.

Number editor

Edit command / Stop conditions						
	Stop time			off	s	
Input: 1 999999		7	8	9	off	
Default value: off		4	5	6	R1	
		1	2	3		
		0	+/-			
Cancel	Delete entry				OK	(

Table 5 Editing functions

Editing function	Description
[OK]	The modification is applied and the editing dialog is exited.
[Cancel]	The editing dialog is exited without applying the modification.
[Delete entry]	The content of the input field is deleted com- pletely.
[off]	If not only numbers but also special values (e.g., off) can be entered, then the corresponding but- tons will be shown to the right of the numerical keypad.
[R1]	For many parameters, a result previously defined in the method can also be entered in place of a number (<i>see chapter 32.5, page 358</i>). You can select the result variable by touching [R1] .



NOTICE

A commercially available USB keyboard can be connected to make text and numerical input easier. The key assignment is described in *chapter* 11.11, page 119.

7 System settings

Main dialog: **System** ► **System settings**

This chapter describes the various system settings and configurations.

System / System settings		
Date and time	2011-07-05	10:49:54
Local time - UTC	off	
Dialog language	English	n 🔍
Dialog style	Metrohr	n 🔍
Acoustic signals		User Dialog dmin. options

- Selecting the dialog language (see chapter 7.1.1, page 32).
- Setting the date and time (see chapter 7.1.2, page 33).
- Defining system-specific dialog options (see chapter 7.2, page 34).
- User administration (see chapter 7.3, page 37).
- Defining settings for the measured value display (see chapter 7.4, page 50).
- Configuring settings for acoustic signals (see chapter 7.5, page 50).

7.1 General system settings

7.1.1 Selecting the dialog language

The user interface is available in several languages. In addition to the two default dialog languages *English* and *German*, additional languages can be selected.

Proceed as follows to select the dialog language:

1 Opening the system settings

- In the main dialog, tap on **[System]**.
- Tap on [System settings].

The **System / System settings** dialog is displayed.

2 Selecting the dialog language

• Tap on the **Dialog language** list box and select the desired language.

3 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [\triangleleft] or [$\widehat{\Box}$].

The main dialog is displayed in the respective dialog language.

7.1.2 Setting the date, time and local time

The Ti-Touch displays the date and time in accordance with ISO standard 8601.

Proceed as follows to set the date and time:

1 Opening the system settings

- In the main dialog, tap on [System].
- Tap on [System settings].

The System / System settings dialog is displayed.

2 Entering the date

- Tap on the input field for the date. The editor opens.
- Enter the current date in the format **YYYY-MM-DD** and confirm with **[OK]**.

The arrow keys $[\leftarrow]$ and $[\rightarrow]$ are used to move the cursor to the left or to the right by one character.

The input is saved and the editor is closed.

3 Entering the time

- Tap on the input field for the time. The editor opens.
- Enter the current time in the format **hh:mm:ss** (24-hour format) and confirm with **[OK]**.

The arrow keys $[\Leftrightarrow]$ and $[\Rightarrow]$ are used to move the cursor to the left or to the right by one character.

The input is saved and the editor is closed.

4 Enter the local time

 Tap on the list box Local time - UTC and select the difference from the UTC (Coordinated Universal Time). The selection off means that the time is saved with no difference from the UTC.

5 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [\triangleleft] or [].

The time settings are saved.

7.2 System-specific dialog options

Main dialog: System > System settings > Dialog options

System settings / Dialog option	าร	
Device-specific dialog configu	ation	
Dialog	Expert dialog	
	Fixed keys	Routine dialog

If you work without a login function, in this dialog you can define whether the system should generally be operated in expert mode or in routine mode. If you work with the login function activated, you must define this setting separately for each user (*see chapter 7.3.1, page 39*).

Dialog

Dialog mode in which the user may operate the system.

Selection	Expert dialog Routine dialog

Expert dialog

All functions that are supported by the system are available.

Routine dialog

The user dialog can be limited for routine operations. Only selected functions are available (*see Configuring the routine dialog, page 36*).

[Fixed keys]

Block unneeded fixed keys (see "Blocking unneeded fixed keys", page 35).

[Routine dialog]

Configure functions for the routine dialog (*see "Configuring the routine dialog", page 36*).

Selecting the dialog mode

Proceed as follows to change the dialog mode:

1 Select the dialog mode

Open the selection list **Dialog** and select either **Expert dialog** or **Routine dialog**.

2 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [\frown] or [$\widehat{\Box}$].

The setting will apply to all dialogs.

NOTICE

1

nave selected **Routine dialog** and if th

If you have selected **Routine dialog** and if the routine dialog was configured in such a way that the dialog **System settings / Dialog options** is blocked, then you can switch back over to the expert dialog as follows:

- Operation without login function:
 In the main dialog, enter User = Metrohm.
- Operation with login function: A user who works with expert dialog must log in.

Blocking unneeded fixed keys

This following configurations apply for **both** dialog modes: routine dialog and expert dialog.

Blocking fixed keys

Proceed as follows to block unneeded fixed keys:

1 Display fixed keys which can be blocked

Tap on the [Fixed keys] button.

All fixed keys which can be blocked are displayed.

2 Deactivate fixed keys

Deactivate those fixed keys which are not permitted to be used.

3 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [\frown] or [$\widehat{\Box}$].

Deactivated fixed keys cannot be used.

Configuring the routine dialog

A suitable **Standard configuration** has already been saved for routine operations:

- Methods can only be loaded, but not modified or created.
- Determinations cannot be recalculated.

You can readjust this standard configuration by disabling additional functions or re-enabling disabled functions.

i	
Ш	

NOTICE

The configuration of the routine dialog applies for all routine users. You also have the option of defining user-specific routine settings. To do this, you must work with the login function activated and create an identification profile for each user (*see chapter 7.3.2, page 42*).

Proceed as follows to modify the configuration for the routine dialog:

1 Opening the dialog

Tap on the **[Routine dialog]** button.

The list of all buttons in the main dialog, in the manual control, etc. is displayed:

Dialog options / Routine dialog	
Active buttons in the main dialog	
System	
Load method	
Control	
Edit parameter	
Results	
System Load Control Edit Resu	ılts

2 Deactivate buttons

Deactivate those buttons which are not permitted to be used.

All deactivated buttons will appear grayed-out, i.e. they are inactive.

3 Deactivate other functions

Many additional buttons and parameters can be disabled in the dialogs of **[System]**, **[Load method]**, **[Control]**, **[Edit parameters]** and **[Results]**. The corresponding option must be activated in order to enable these buttons.

4 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [\frown] or [$\widehat{\Box}$].

All deactivated functions will appear grayed-out, i.e. they are inactive.

7.3 User administration

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► User admin.**

All of the functions of the user administration are described in this chapter. No user administration is mandatory for the simple operation of a titration system. If, however, you wish to be in compliance with *FDA Guidance 21 CFR Part 11*, then you must use the functions of the user administration. Additional information regarding the requirements of the FDA Guidance can be found in the document *Compliance Guide Touch Control*.



NOTICE

If you work with the login function activated, then the user administration is accessible only for users with administrator rights. This means that you must ensure that at least two users have administrator rights so at least one of them will be available. Keep the access rights for a user with administrator rights in a safe place so that they are accessible in an emergency.

System settings / User administration			
User	Dialog	Status	
Administrator	E×pert dialog	active	
ak	Routine dialog	active	
ga	Routine dialog	active	
jb	E×pert dialog	active	
wl	E×pert dialog	active	
Login options ID profile	New Delete	Edit	

The following data is displayed in the user list for each user:

- Name
- Dialog mode in which the user may operate the system.
- Status

You can use the user list two different ways:

	 Operation with login function: If you work with the login function activated, i.e. if each user must log into the system before starting work, then only those users entered in the list can log in. The user who is currently logged in is shown in the main dialog. Operation without login function: If you work without the login function, the users whose names are entered in the list can be selected in the main dialog or a user name can be entered. This makes it possible to document who has operated the titration system.
[Login options]	
	Define the settings for the login, Audit Trail, etc. <i>(see chapter 7.3.3, page 43)</i> .
[Create ID profile]	
	Create an identification profile for the selected user on a storage medium (<i>see chapter 7.3.2, page 42</i>).
[New]	
	Adding a new user to the list (see chapter 7.3.1, page 39).
[Delete]	
	Delete the selected user from the list.



NOTICE

Once users have worked with the login function and password protection, they can no longer be deleted, even if the password protection is disabled again. The status of these users must be set to **inactive** (requirement of FDA Guidance *21 CFR Part 11*).

The last user with administrator rights cannot be deleted.

[Edit]

Editing the data of the selected user (see chapter 7.3.1, page 39).

7.3.1 Editing the user configuration

User list: **User ► New / Edit**

User administration / Edit u	ser		
User			
Full name			
Dialog	Expe	ert dialog	
Status	a	ictive	
Admin. rights			
Cancel	Favorites	Signature method	Signature determ.

User

The designation of the user is used for unambiguous identification, e.g. the company internal shorthand symbol or the personal number. The user name is printed out in all reports containing determination data and stored in the determination file. Each file always contains the name of the user who created it and the name of the last user to edit it.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Full name

Complete name of the user.

Entry	24 characters maximum	
Default value	empty	

Dialog

Dialog mode in which the user may operate the system.

Expert dialog

All functions that are supported by the system are available.

Routine dialog

The user dialog can be limited for routine operations. Only selected functions are available (*see Configuring the routine dialog, page 36*).

Status

Status of the user. Users can be deactivated. This function is useful, for instance, if the user is no longer authorized to operate the system or no longer works for the company.

Selection	active inactive
Default value	active

active

The user is authorized to operate the system.

inactive

The user is not authorized to operate the system and can no longer log in.

Admin. rights

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user has administrator rights.

T I	

NOTICE

The last user with administrator rights cannot be deleted anymore.

[Favorites]

Saving methods and sample tables as user-specific favorites (*see chapter 19, page 187*).

[Signature method]

Assign the permission to use and sign methods (*see ""Edit user / Signature method" dialog", page 40*).

[Signature determ.]

Assign the permission to use and sign determinations (*see ""Edit user / Signature determination" dialog", page 41*).

"Edit user / Signature method" dialog User: Edit ► Signature method

Authorizations for using and signing methods can be defined in this dialog. These settings are only effective if you are working with the login function enabled and password protection.

Use only released methods

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may only start methods that have been released.

Review methods (signature level 1)

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may only sign methods which have the status **saved**. The method is assigned the status **reviewed**.

Release methods (signature level 2)

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may only sign methods which have the status **reviewed**. The method is assigned the status **released**.



NOTICE

If the two options **Review methods** and **Release methods** are selected for a user, then this user can sign different methods at either level 1 or level 2, but not the same method at both level 1 and level 2.

Delete signatures

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may delete the signatures of a method which has been released. The method is assigned the status **saved**. The signatures of a method can only be deleted if it has the status **released**.

"Edit user / Signature determination" dialog

User: Edit ► Signature determ.

Authorizations for signing determinations can be defined in this dialog. These settings are only effective if you are working with the login function enabled and password protection.

Review determinations (signature level 1)

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may only sign determinations at the first level. The determination is assigned the status **reviewed**.

Release determinations (signature level 2)

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may only sign determinations at the second level. The determination is assigned the status **released**.

Delete signatures

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user may delete the signatures of a determination which has been released. The signatures of a determination can only be deleted if it has the status **released**.

7.3.2 Creating an identification profile

User list: User Create ID profile

If you plan to carry out the login with an identification profile (*see chapter* 7.3.3, page 43), then you must first create an identification profile on a storage medium for each user. A check can then be made at the time of login as to whether or not the user does exist and whether or not he or she is working in the expert dialog or in the routine dialog. After a successful login the routine dialog settings stored on the card are loaded.



NOTICE

In addition to the user name, the current routine dialog settings are also stored in this identification profile. This means you can define user-specific routine dialog settings for each user. However, you must configure them (*see "Configuring the routine dialog", page 36*), **before** you create the identification profile.

Before you create the identification profile, check whether the desired routine dialog settings are active.

1 Plug in a storage medium

Plug in the USB storage medium.

2 Select a user

In the user list, select the user for whom the profile is to be created.

3 Create the identification profile Tap on [Create ID profile].

The user configuration and the current routine dialog settings are saved.

7.3.3 Defining login options

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options

There are a number of different ways to log onto the system:

- Without login
- Login via user name
- Login via user name and password
- Login via identification profile
- Login via identification profile and password



NOTICE

If you work with the login function activated, then the user administration is accessible only for users with administrator rights. This means that you must ensure that at least two users have administrator rights so at least one of them will be available. Keep the access rights for a user with administrator rights in a safe place so that they are accessible in an emergency.



NOTICE

If you exit this dialog with [\triangleleft] or [\square], and if you have selected one of the login variants **Login via user name** or **Login via identifica-tion profile**, then the login dialog will open automatically and you must also log in to the system.

This means that you must make sure that you have first defined all the users and created the identification profiles before you activate the login function.



Login via user name

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user must log in with his or her unambiguous identification.

Login via identification profile

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the login will take place via USB storage medium with the identification profile stored on it.

Password required

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user must enter a password in addition to his or her user name or identification profile.

Logout automatically

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user will be logged out automatically after the specified time.

Input range	1 to 60 min	
-------------	-------------	--

Login only for the same user

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then only the same user may log in again after he or she has logged out. Users with administrator rights can, however, log in at any time.

[Audit Trail]

Define the settings for recording an Audit Trail (see chapter 7.3.7, page 48).

[Reasons]

Predefining a list of reasons which can be selected for the modification/ signature of a method or determination (*see chapter 7.3.6, page 47*).

[Modific. options]

Defining the modifications for which a reason is required (*see chapter 7.3.5, page 47*).

[Password options]

Define the settings for the password, see following chapter.

7.3.4 Password options

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Password options

You can make various settings for password entry in the password options.

Login options / Password options			
Minimum password length	1]	
No. of entry attempts	off]	
Special characters requ	uired		
Password expires			
every	365	days	

Minimum password length

Minimum number of characters of the passwords.

Input range	1 to 10	
Default value	1	

No. of entry attempts

If the user has logged in incorrectly this many times, then it will automatically be deactivated. It can only be reactivated by a user with administrator rights.

Input range	2 to 5	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Special characters required

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the password must contain one of the following special characters: $\$ + \frac{1}{1} @ * \# c \% \& \neg () = '^` ~] [] { - _ : . ; , > }$ < f !

Password expires

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the user must define a new password after the time specified. A password that has already been used cannot be used again.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Default value	365 days

Forgotten password



CAUTION

If a user has forgotten his password, a new user name must be defined. The same user name can only be used again after a re-installation and re-creating the user list.

Proceed as follows:



Create a backup (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

2 Executing a system initialization

Switch off the Ti-Touch and execute a system initialization (see chapter 30.1, page 348).

3 Restore backed-up data

Use the function **Restore** to reload the data from the backup into your system (see chapter 12.3.1, page 129).

Deactivate the options User list and System settings / User admin.

4 Switch on the Ti-Touch

Switch the Ti-Touch back on again after a few seconds.

5 Restore the user list

Create the user list again and redefine the login options.

7.3.5 Modification options

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Modific. options

In the dialog **Login options / Modification options**, you can define for which actions a reason must be entered. These reasons are documented in the Audit Trail (*see chapter 7.3.7, page 48*) together with the modification. The reason for the last modification is shown in the properties of the method or determination.



NOTICE

The reasons are only requested when working with activated login function and password.

Saving modified method

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then a reason must be given when saving a method modification.

Recalculating determination

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then a reason must be given when determinations are being recalculated.

7.3.6 Reasons

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Reasons

In the dialog **Login options / Reasons**, you can create a selection list containing reasons from which a selection can be made when signing and modifying methods and determinations. Some reasons have already been provided.

Login options / Reasons	
Reason	
Approval	
Authorship	
Method created	
Method optimized	
Release	
Responsibility	
Results checked	
Review	
New Delete Edit	_

[New]

Add a new reason to the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected reason from the list.

[Edit]

Change the designation of the selected reason.

7.3.7 Audit Trail

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Login options ► Audit Trail

An Audit Trail is an automatically generated log of all user activities. An Audit Trail contains precise logs of user actions (date, time, user, action, etc.). Recording an Audit Trail is important for compliance with *FDA Guidance 21 CFR Part 11* when using PC programs. A step-by-step description of how you must proceed to remain in compliance with the FDA Guidance is included in the document *Compliance Guide Touch Control*. The Audit Trail is saved to the internal memory.

You can also use the Audit Trail function specifically to record the data which are of interest to you.

You can view, filter and export the Audit Trail on a PC with the supplied software program *AuditTrailViewer*. Details concerning utilization of the *AuditTrailViewer* can be found in the Appendix (*chapter 32.6, page 359*).

If necessary, you can delete all of the entries in the Audit Trail with **[Delete Audit Trail]**. Do not fail to create a backup before doing so, however.

Security log

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the following events will be recorded: user login/logout, password changes, automatic deactivation of users and messages displayed during the login procedure.

User administration log

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then all changes with respect to user administration will be recorded (modifying user list/user data, changing login options, etc.).

Method log

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then all changes with respect to methods and determinations will be recorded (saving, deleting, renaming, copying and loading methods; editing method parameters; starting, stopping, pausing determinations).

Data log

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the following events will be recorded: changing sample data; settings in the **Control** dialog, recalculating determinations, changing statistics data, changing the titer/concentration of a titrant, changing the calibration data of a sensor, changing the value of a common variable.

System log

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the program start and the displayed messages of the following types will be recorded:

- 🕰: General warning messages
- Error messages

7.4 Measured value display

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► Meas. value display

The number of decimal places can be defined for voltages.

This setting refers exclusively to the display of the measured values in the live display and in the manual control. The values will, however, always be stored with their full accuracy.

7.5 Acoustic signals

Main dialog: **System ► System settings ► Acoustic signals**

You can define acoustic signals in order to direct attention to particular events. You can define signals for the following events:

Wrong manipulation

An acoustic signal will sound each time an invalid action is attempted (e.g. pressing [?] again when Help is open).

• Display a message

A short beep will sound each time a message appears on the display. This informs the user that the message must be confirmed.

Button contact

Each time a button is touched on the touch screen, this will be confirmed by an acoustic signal.

• External data input

An acoustic signal will provide confirmation each time data is received from external devices (e.g. balance, barcode reader).

8 Titrants

Main dialog: System > Titrants

This chapter describes how you can create a list of titrants used in the system. Titrants can be used in intelligent buret units or in nonintelligent buret units. Intelligent buret units have a built-in data chip on which the data for the titrant is stored. This data is automatically read out during attachment and entered in the titrant list.

System / Titrants				
Titrant	Cyl.	Туре	Dos	.device
CombiTitrant 2	10 mL	IDU		
Composite 5	5 mL	IDU	D1/T	ï-Touch
Titrant 5	5 mL	IDU		
	New		Delete	Edit

The titrant list can contain a maximum of 30 titrants. The following data is specified for each titrant:

- Designation
- Cylinder volume
- Type
 - IDU: dosing unit with integrated data chip
 - IEU: exchange unit with integrated data chip
 - EU: exchange unit without data chip
- MSB connector of the dosing device/control instrument (only when exchange unit/dosing unit is attached)

Titrants in exchange units/dosing units with integrated data chips are depicted in green lettering.

The following titrant data is stored in the titrant list:

- Name
 - Each titrant in the system is identified by its unambiguous name.
- Current titer
- Working life

- Data on exchange/dosing unit:
 - Parameters for the function **PREP**
 - Length and diameter of the tubings
 - Port assignment of the dosing unit
 - Cylinder volume
 - Serial number
 - etc.
- etc.

NOTICE

If data is read out from the data chip, then a check is made whether the titrant list already contains a titrant of the same type with the identical serial number. If this is the case, then the older data set will **always** be overwritten by the new data set, no matter whether the data set in the titrant list or the data set on the data chip is the most recent one.

[New]

[Delete]

Adding a new titrant to the list(see chapter 8.1, page 52).

Delete the selected titrant from the list.

[Edit]

Editing the data of the selected titrant (see chapter 8.2, page 53).

8.1 Adding a new titrant

Before you can use a titrant, you must add it to the titrant list. To do this, use the button **[New]**.

- Exchange unit/dosing unit with data chip: The exchange unit or dosing unit must be attached. All dosing devices on which non-configured exchange or dosing units have been detected are included in a selection list. Tapping on the button **[Edit]** opens the properties dialog, see following chapter.
- Exchange unit without data chip: The properties dialog is opened after the dosing unit type has been selected, see following chapter.

8.2 Editing titrant data

Titrant list: **Titrants ► New / Edit**

Titrants / Edit			
Titrant	Com	posite 5	
Concentration			
Comment			
Titer	4.955	mg/mL	
Date titer det.	2011-07-08 10:	02:09	
	Working life	Dosing unit	Titer options

All of the data for the selected titrant is displayed in the dialog **Titrants / Edit**.

Titrant

The designation of the titrant is used for unambiguous identification.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Selection	Selection of frequently used titrants

Concentration

Concentration of the titrant.

Input range	-9999999999 to 9999999999	
Default value	1.000	
Unit of the conce	ntration.	
Entry	10 characters maximum	
Selection	µmol/mL mmol/L mol/L g/L mg/L mg/mL	
Default value	μg/L ppm % mEq/L mol/L	
The concentration (KFT).	n of the titrant is not relevant with Karl Fischer titration	
	n of the titrant is not relevant with Karl Fischer titration 24 characters maximum	

Comment

Titer

Titer of the titrant.

	Input range	-9999999999 to 9999999999
	Default value	1.000
	Unit of the titer.	
	Entry	10 characters maximum
	Default value	empty
	Selection	μmol/mL mmol/L mol/L g/L mg/L mg/mL μg/L ppm % mEq/L
		Ε
	date and would the rected value, then y	ter of the titrant in a loaded determination at a later en like to recalculate the determination with the cor- you must modify the value in the determination data (Titrant data (see "Titrant data", page 214).
Date titer det.		
		e last titer determination. For new titrants, the time made is specified until after the first time a titer deter- arried out.
[Working life]		
	Defining the working	g life of the titrant (<i>see chapter 8.3, page 55</i>).
[Dosing unit]		
	This button is only d	isplayed for Type = IDU .
	Defining the propert <i>56</i>).	ies of the dosing unit used (see chapter 8.4, page
[Exchange unit]		
	This button is only d	isplayed for Type = IEU or EU .
	Defining the propert 62).	ies of the exchange unit used (<i>see chapter 8.5, page</i>
[Titer options]		
	Displaying the prope <i>68</i>).	rties for titer determination (see chapter 8.7, page

8.3 Monitoring the working life

Titrant: Edit ► Working life

	In the dialog Edit titrant / Working life , you can define the time inter- val after which the titrant must be replaced. This is particularly important if your titrant has a limited working life. If you do not wish to monitor the working life, then you can enter only the date of manufacture for docu- mentation purposes.
Preparation date	
	Date on which the reagent was manufactured or the bottle was opened. For new titrants, the time the preparation was made will be specified.
	Format: YYYY:MM:DD
Monitoring	
	on off (Default value: off)
	If this parameter is activated, then the working life will be monitored.
Working life	
	If you define a time interval for the working life, then the Expiry date will be tracked automatically.
	Input range1 to 999 daysDefault value999 days
Expiry date	
	If you define an expiry date, then the Working life will be tracked auto- matically.
	Format: YYYY:MM:DD
Action	
	Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.
	Selection Display message Document message Cancel determination

determination
Display message
For all three options it is documented in the deter-
mination data (see dialog More determination
data / Messages), that the time interval has been
expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

8.4 Dosing unit

Titrant: Edit ► Dosing unit

Edit titrant / Dosing unit			
Titrant: Titrant 5			
Name			
Order number	6.3032.150		
Serial number	10170557		
Cylinder volume	5 mL		
Serial no. cyl.	867		
Valve disk	GLP test	PREP param.	Tubing param.

You can edit data for the dosing unit of the titrant in this dialog.

Name

Designation of the exchange or dosing unit.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Order number

Order number of the exchange or dosing unit. It will be read out automatically on units with integrated data chips.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Serial number

Serial number of the exchange or dosing unit. It will be read out automatically on units with integrated data chips.
Cylinder volume			
	•	the dosing unit. It will be read out automatically on tegrated data chips.	
	Selection Default value	2 5 10 20 50 20	
Serial no. cyl.			
	Serial number of the dosing cylinder. It will be read out automatically on exchange or dosing units with integrated data chips. The number can be changed manually at any time, e.g. when a cylinder is replaced.		
	Entry	8 digits maximum	
[Valve disk]			
	Specifying the shift 62).	direction of the valve disk (see chapter 8.4.3, page	
[GLP test]			
	Defining the time in	terval for the GLP test (see chapter 8.6, page 66).	
[PREP param.]			
	Entering the parameters for the preparation (<i>see chapter 8.4.1, page 57</i>).		
[Tubing param.]			
	Entering the parame <i>page 59)</i> .	eters for the connected tubing (see chapter 8.4.2,	
8.4.1 Paramet		g (PREP) and emptying (EMPTY)	
	Titrant: Edit ► Dos	ing unit ► PREP param.	
	parameters for the e Empty (command I rinse the cylinder an You should carry ou	g unit / PREP parameters , you can adjust the execution of the Prepare (command PREP) and EMPTY) functions. The Prepare function is used to ad tubing of the dosing unit and fill it air bubble-free. It this function before the first determination or once a nction empties the cylinder and the tubings of the	
Dosing port PREP/EM	ΊΡΤΥ		
	Desing part through	which the culinder contents are ejected	

Dosing port through which the cylinder contents are ejected.

Selection	Dosing port 1 Dosing port 2 Fill port Spe- cial port
Default value	Dosing port 1

Dosing rate Dos. port 1

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via dosing port 1.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32.1, page 355*).

Dosing rate Dos. port 2

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via dosing port 2.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min		
Selection	maximum		
Default value	maximum		

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32.1, page 355*).

Dosing rate Fill port

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via fill port.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min		
Selection	maximum		
Default value	maximum		

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32.1, page 355*).

Dosing rate Spec.port

Rate used for the aspiration and ejection of the reagent via the special port.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32.1, page 355*).

8.4.2 **Tubing parameters**

Titrant: Edit ► Dosing unit ► Tubing param.

You can enter the length and diameter of the connected tubings in the dialog **Dosing unit / Tubing parameters**. The values which have already been entered correspond to the dimensions of the supplied standard tubings. In addition, the port assignment can be modified.



NOTICE

These parameters are important for the correct execution of the **Preparing** (PREP command) and **Emptying** (EMPTY command) functions, because the volumes of the tubing connections are taken into account.

Dosing port 1

Port

Port to be used as dosing port 1 for the **PREP** and **EMPTY** (see figure 10, page 61) functions.

Selection	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4
Default value	Port 1

Length

Length of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm		
Default value	40.0 cm		
	The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither		
	be rinsed nor emptied.		

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 9.9 mm	
Default value	2.0 mm	

Dosing port 2

Port

Port to be used as dosing port 2 for the **PREP** and **EMPTY** functions (see figure 10, page 61).

Selection	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4
Default value	Port 3

					_
L	e	n	g	t	h

Length		
	Length of the tub	ing.
	Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm
	Default value	0.0 cm
		The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither
		be rinsed nor emptied.
Diamatan		
Diameter		
	Diameter of the t	ubing.
	Input range	0.0 to 9.9 mm
	Default value	2.0 mm
Fill port		
Fill port		
Port		
	Port to be used as	s fill port for the PREP and EMPTY functions (see figure
	10, page 61).	
	Selection	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4
	Default value	Port 2
Length		
	Length of the tub	ing.
	Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm
	Default value	25.0 cm
		The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither
		be rinsed nor emptied.
Diameter		
Diameter	Diamatar of the t	ubing
	Diameter of the t	-
	Input range	0.0 to 9.9 mm
	Default value	2.0 mm
Special port		
Special port		
Port		
		s special port for the PREP and EMPTY functions (see
	figure 10, page 6	1).
	Selection	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4
	Default value	Port 4
Length		
	Length of the tub	ing.

Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm
Default value	0.0 cm
	The setting 0.0 means that this tubing will neither be rinsed nor emptied.

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.



Figure 10 Dosing unit – port assignment

1 VENT

This port is set up for the deaeration of the reagent bottle. An adsorber tube (filled with desiccant) is usually mounted here.

3 Port 2

The default definition of this port is the filling port. A riser tube is usually mounted to it.

5 Port 3

The default definition of this port is dosing port 2.

2 Port 1

The default definition of this port is dosing port 1.

4 Port 4

Air is suctioned through this port during the **Emptying** function.

8.4.3 Shift direction of the valve disk

Titrant: Edit ► Dosing unit ► Valve disk

In this dialog, you can specify the shift direction of the valve disk.

Direction

Shift direction of the valve disc.

Selection	descending ascending automatic not over
Default value	automatic

descending

The ports are moved to in descending order.

ascending

The ports are moved to in ascending order.

automatic

The ports are moved to by the shortest path.

not over

Define a protected port.

Not over port

This parameter can only be edited with **Direction** = **not over**.

Define a protected port if the valve disc is not to be rotated over this port (useful with pipetting functions). The protected port can, however, be moved to directly.

Selection	1 2 3 4
Default value	4

8.5 Exchange unit

Titrant: Edit ► Exchange unit

Edit titrant / Exchange unit			
Titrant: Composite 5			
Name			
Order number	6.3026.150		
Serial number	10950001		
Cylinder volume	5 mL		
Serial no. cyl.	41424		
	GLP test	PREP param.	Tubing param.

You can edit data for the exchange unit of the titrant in this dialog.

Name	Designation of the	exchange or dosing unit.	
	Entry Default value	24 characters maximum empty	
Order number			
		ne exchange or dosing unit. It will be read out automat- integrated data chips.	
	Entry Default value	24 characters maximum empty	
Serial number			
		ne exchange or dosing unit. It will be read out automat- integrated data chips.	
	Entry	8 digits maximum	
Cylinder volume	Cylinder volume of the exchange unit. It will be read out automatically on exchange units with integrated data chips.		
	Selection Default value	1 5 10 20 50 20	
Serial no. cyl.			
	Serial number of the dosing cylinder. It will be read out automatically on exchange or dosing units with integrated data chips. The number can be changed manually at any time, e.g. when a cylinder is replaced.		
	Entry	8 digits maximum	
[GLP test]			
	Defining the time in	nterval for the GLP test (see chapter 8.6, page 66).	
[PREP param.]	Entering the param <i>64)</i> .	neters for the preparation (see chapter 8.5.1, page	
[Tubing param.]	Entering the param <i>page 65)</i> .	neters for the connected tubing (see chapter 8.5.2,	

8.5.1 Parameters for the preparation (PREP)

Titrant: **Edit ► Exchange unit ► PREP param.**

In the dialog **Exchange unit / PREP parameters**, you can adjust the parameters for the execution of the **Prepare** function (command PREP). This function is used to rinse the cylinder and tubings of the exchange unit and fill it air bubble-free. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once a day.

Volume

Volume of titrant dosed during a rinsing cycle.

Input range	0.00000 to 99999.9 mL
Selection	Cylinder volume
Default value	Cylinder volume

Cylinder volume

The entire cylinder volume is being dosed.

Cycles

Number of rinsing cycles. We recommend carrying out at least two rinsing cycles in order to remove all air bubbles.

Selection	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Default value	2

Dosing rate

The rate at which dosing takes place.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min	
Selection	maximum	
Default value	maximum	

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

8.5.2 Tubing	parameters
--------------	------------

Titrant: Edit 🕨	• Exchange unit 🕨	Tubing param.
-----------------	-------------------	---------------

You can enter the length and diameter of the connected tubings in the dialog **Exchange unit / Tubing parameters**. The values which have already been entered correspond to the dimensions of the supplied standard tubings.

Dosing tip

Tubing to the dosing tip (11-2).

Length

Length of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm
Default value	40.0 cm

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 9.9 mm	
Default value	2.0 mm	

Dosing cylinder

Tubing to the dosing cylinder (11-3).

Length

Length of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm	
Default value	13.0 cm	

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 9.9 mm	
Default value	2.0 mm	

Reagent bottle

Tubing to the reagent bottle (11-1).

Length

Length of the tubing.

Input range	0.0 to 999.9 cm	
Default value	25.0 cm	

Diameter

Diameter of the tubing.



Figure 11 Exchange unit – tubing connections

1 Tubing to the reagent bottle

2 Tubing to the dosing tip

3 Tubing to the dosing cylinder

8.6 GLP test for exchange unit and dosing unit

Titrant: Edit ► Dosing unit / Exchange unit ► GLP test

In the dialog **Exchange unit / GLP test** or **Dosing unit / GLP test**, respectively, you can define the time interval after which a GLP test must be carried out again for the exchange unit or dosing unit.

GLP test date

Date on which the last GLP test was carried out.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which a GLP test has to be carried out again will be monitored.

GLP test interval

If you define a time interval for the GLP test, then the date in **Next GLP test** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Default value	999 days

Next GLP test

If you define a date for the next GLP test, then the **GLP test interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel determination
Default value	Display message For all three options it is documented in the deter- mination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

8.7 Titer determination options and data

Titrant: Edit > Titer options

Detailed information concerning the titer determination is displayed in the **Edit titrant / Titer options** dialog:

Titer method

Method by which the titer was determined. If the titer was entered manually, then **manual** will be displayed.

User

User who carried out the titer determination.

Statistical data

The following information is also displayed for automatically assigned titers if the mean value of the results has been saved as the titer (*see* "Save as titer", page 155):

– n (titer det.)

Number of titer determinations.

- s abs
 - Absolute standard deviation
- s rel

Relative standard deviation

[Validity]

Defining the time interval for the titer validity (see chapter 8.7.1, page 68).

[History]

Displaying information about the last ten titer determinations (*see chapter* 8.7.2, page 69).

8.7.1 Titer validity

Titrant: Edit ► Titer options ► Validity

In the dialog **Titer options / Validity**, you can define the time interval after which the titer must be determined again.

Date titer det.

Date and time of the last titer determination. For new titrants, the time the preparation was made is specified until after the first time a titer determination has been carried out.

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the titer validity will be monitored.

Titer validity

If you define a time interval for the validity of the titer, then the date in **Next titer determ.** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Default value	999 days

Next titer determ.

If you define a date for the next titer determination, then the time interval for the **Titer validity** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD	
--------------------	--

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Display message Document message Cancel determination
Display message For all three options it is documented in the deter- mination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

8.7.2 **Properties of the previous titer determinations**

Dialog "Titer options / History"

Titrant: Edit ► Titer options ► History

The date, time and titer of the last ten titer determinations are displayed in tabular form in the dialog **Titer options / History**. Titers that were determined automatically will be displayed in green; manually entered titer values will be displayed in black with the designation **(m)**. You can delete these entries, e.g. if you have opened a new bottle.



NOTICE

If multiple determinations have been carried out in order to determine the titer, then only one entry will be made in the history.

[Delete History]

Delete the entire history.

[Graph]

Open the diagram of the titer values, see following chapter.

Dialog "History / Graph"



In this diagram, titer values are plotted against the date of the titer determination. You can define warning limits (blue dashed lines) and intervention limits (red dashed lines). These limits will not, however, be monitored.

[Limits]

Define warning and intervention limits.

9 Reagents

Main dialog: **System > Reagents**

This chapter describes how you can create a list of the reagents used in the system.

System / Reagents			
Reagent		Туре	
Reagent A		Volumetric	
Reagent B	Volumetric		
Reagent C	Volumetric		
	New	Delete	Edit

The list of reagents gives the designation and type of each reagent.

[New]

Add a new reagent to the list, see following chapter.

[Delete]

Delete the selected reagent from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected reagent, see following chapter.

9.1 Editing reagent data

Main dialog: System ► Reagents ► New / Edit

Reagents / Edit		
Reagent	Reagent A	
Comment		
		Reagent monitoring

Reagent

The designation of the reagent is used for unambiguous identification.

Comment

Entry	24 characters maximum	

[Reagent monitoring]

Set the parameters for the reagent monitoring, see following chapter.

9.2 Reagent monitoring

The conditions for the monitoring of the reagent are defined in the dialog **Edit reagent / Reagent monitoring**.

Edit reagent / Reagent mo	nitoring		
Number of determ.	off		
Working life	off		days
Volume	off		mL
		Status	Reagent exchange

If one of the following values is reached, then the reagent must be replaced. The values are checked in the following cases:

• at the start of the determination.

• at the end of the determination.

Number of determ.

The number of determinations to be carried out with a certain amount of reagent depends on the type of sample and its amount.

Input range	1 to 999	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Working life

Working life of the reagent.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Selection	off
Default value	off

Volume

Volume of titrant dosed.

Input range	1.0 to 999.9 mL	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

[Status]

Display the status overview of the current values of the reagent monitoring.

[Reagent replacement]

Edit the parameters for the reagent exchange.

"Reagent monitoring / Status" dialog

The current reagent monitoring values are displayed in this dialog.

[Reset]

Reset the values to zero.

Dialog "Reagent monitoring / Reagent replacement"

The parameters for the reagent replacement are defined in this dialog.

Reagent replacement

The reagent can either be exchanged manually or automatically.

Selection	manual auto	
Default value	manual	

manual

If a monitored parameter has reached the limit set, a message is being displayed. Then the reagent has to be exchanged manually.

auto

If a monitored parameter has reached the limit set, the method defined below is started automatically.

Memory

This parameter can only be edited with **Reagent replacement = auto**.

Memory location the method is loaded from. All memory locations are selectable, even if they are currently not accessible.

Selection	Internal memory External memory 1 Exter- nal memory 2 Shared memory
Default value	Internal memory

Shared memory

Shared directory in the network.

Method

This parameter can only be edited with **Reagent replacement = auto**.

Method used for emptying the titration cell.



NOTICE

Make sure that the memory is accessible.

Entry	32 characters maximum
Selection	Selection of stored methods

10 Sensors

Main dialog: System > Sensors

This chapter describes how you can create a list of the sensors used in the system.

System / Sensors		
Sensor	Sensor type	Meas. input
Double Pt-wire electrode	Metal	
Metal electrode	Metal	
Temperature sensor	Temp.	
	New	Delete Edit

Two standard sensors are defined in the sensor list: **Metal electrode** and **Temperature sensor**. These sensors cannot be deleted or renamed. A maximum of 25 additional sensors can be added to these sensors.

For each sensor, the following data is displayed in the sensor list:

- Designation
- Type
 - Metal: Metal electrode
 - **Temp.**: Temperature sensor
 - Other: Other sensor

The following sensor data is stored in the list of sensors:

 Name Each sensor in the system is identified by its unambiguous name. Working life etc.
Adding a new sensor to the list (see chapter 10.1, page 76).
Delete the selected sensor from the list.
Editing the data of the selected sensor (see chapter 10.2, page 76).

10.1 Adding a new sensor

Before you can use a sensor, you must add it to the sensor list. To do this, use the button **[New]**.

- The properties dialog is opened after the sensor type has been selected, see following chapter. The following sensor types can be selected:
 - Metal electrode (Pt electrode)
 - Other sensor
 - Temperature sensor

10.2 Editing the sensor data

Sensor list: **Sensor ► New / Edit**

Sensors / Edit		
Sensor	Double Pt-wire electrode	
Order number	6.0338.100	
Serial number		
Comment		
Cancel		rking ife

All of the data for the selected sensor is displayed in the dialog **Sensors / Edit**.

Sensor

The designation of the sensor is used for unambiguous identification.

Entry	24 characters maximum	

Order number

Order number of the sensor.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Serial number

Serial number of the sensor.

	Entry	8 digits maximum
	Entry	
Comment		
	Entry	24 characters maximum
[Working life]		
	Defining the workir	ig life of the sensor (see chapter 10.3, page 77).
10.3 Monite	oring the wor	king life
	Sensor: Edit 🕨 Wo	rking life
	val after which the	ensor / Working life , you can define the time inter- sensor must be replaced. If you do not wish to monitor en you can enter only the date of manufacture for doc- es.
Start-up		
	Date on which the	sensor was used for the first time.
	Format: YYYY:MM:	DD
Monitoving		
Monitoring	on off (Default va	
	•	
	If this parameter is a	activated, then the working life will be monitored.
Working life		
	If you define a time be tracked automat	interval for the working life, then the Expiry date will ically.
	Input range Default value	1 to 999 days 999 days
Expiry date		
	If you define an exp matically.	iry date, then the Working life will be tracked auto-
	Format: YYYY:MM:	DD
Action		
	Selection of the act expired.	ion which is carried out when the time interval has

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel
	determination
Default value	Display message
	For all three options it is documented in the deter-
	mination data (see dialog More determination
	data / Messages), that the time interval has been
	expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

11 Device manager

Main dialog: System > Device manager

This chapter describes how you can configure the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor and the connected peripheral devices. A detailed description of the hardware installation of the Sample Processor can be found in the corresponding installation manual.

System / Device manager				
Device name			Device f	уре
915 KF Ti-Touch		Ti-Touch operation		
Ti-Touch			Ti-Touch t	itrator
Sample Processor		815 Sample Processor		
Printer		Printer		
Balance		Balance		
USB/RS-232 adapter		USB/RS-232 adapter		
	New		Delete	Edit

The instrument list gives the name and type of every instrument. The **Ti-Touch titrator** is a component of the 915 KF Ti-Touch and therefore permanently entered as control instrument in the device manager. A connected Sample Processor with the peripheral devices (dosing devices, stirrers, etc.) connected to the MSB connector is entered in the list automatically. A USB/RS-232 adapter will also be automatically recognized and entered in the instrument list with default settings. A printer is entered in the instrument list in the default settings. You must enter a PC keyboard, a barcode reader or a balance in the instrument list yourself.

[New]

Add a new device to the list (see chapter 11.1, page 80).

[Delete]

Delete the selected device from the list.



NOTICE

Devices which are recognized automatically cannot be deleted from the list while they are still connected.

[Edit]

Configure the selected device (see chapter 11.2, page 80).

11.1 Adding a new device

Of the following device types, you can enter one device each in the device list, even if it is not yet connected:

- Sample Processor
- Balance
- Barcode reader
- USB/RS-232 adapter
- PC keyboard

Proceed as follows:

1 Displaying the device selection Tap on [New].

2 Selecting the instrument

Tap on the button for the desired device.

The new device is entered in the list.

11.2 Configuring the instrument

Instrument list: Instrument ► Edit

The data stored for an instrument depends on the type of instrument. You can define an instrument name and a comment for each instrument. The instrument name of the Ti-Touch is printed out in the standard report header.

The description of the individual instruments can be found in the following specific chapters:

- Ti-Touch (see chapter 11.3, page 81)
- Metrohm control instruments (see chapter 11.4, page 87)
- Sample Processor (see chapter 11.5, page 91)
- Printer (see chapter 11.8, page 111)
- Balance (see chapter 11.9, page 115)
- PC keyboard (see chapter 11.11, page 119)
- USB/RS-232 adapter (see chapter 11.10, page 117)
- Barcode reader (see chapter 11.12, page 120)

11.3 Ti-Touch

Device manag	er / Edit			
Device type: 1	i-Touch opera	ation		
	Device name	915	KF Ti-Touch	
	Comment			
Swit	ch off display	off	min	
Pro	gram version	5.915.0010		
s	Serial number	395612		
Control	Remote Box	Not available		
E-mail	PC/LIMS report	Shared memory	TCP/IP settings	More information

Instrument list: **915 KF Ti-Touch Edit**

Device name

This designation is used for identification purposes when selecting control devices (command, manual control).

Entry	24 characters maximum

Comment

[m+m/	24 shave store maximum	
ENUIV	24 characters maximum	

Switch off display

If this time interval has expired without the Ti-Touch having been operated, then the display will be switched off. Touching the display will switch it back on again at any time.

Input range	1 to 999 min	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Program version

Program version of the software.

Serial number

Shows the serial number of the device.

Control Remote Box

Shows to which control device and MSB connector the Remote Box is connected.

The "Control Remote Box" is the interface via which the system can be started and stopped externally. If multiple Remote Boxes are connected, then the one that is recognized first when the program starts will be used as the "Control Remote Box."

Selection Name of the control device / Number of the MSB connector | Not available

11.3.1 E-mail

915 KF Ti-Touch: Edit ► E-mail

The system allows you to send displayed messages as e-mails. The Ti-Touch must be connected to a network for this to function. The following types of messages can be sent:

- A: general warning messages
- 📟: error messages

Configuring e-mail dispatch

Proceed as follows so that messages can be sent as e-mails:

1 Activating the option

- In the instrument properties of the 915 KF Ti-Touch, tap on the [E-mail] button.
- In the Edit device / E-mail dialog, activate the Send the following messages as e-mail: option.

2 Configuring e-mail addresses

- Tap on the [E-mail settings] button.
 The E-mail / Settings dialog is displayed.
- Enter the addresses of the mail server, the sender and the desired recipient.

Parameter description

Send the following messages as e-mail:

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then messages with the following symbols will be sent as e-mails:

- 🕰: General warning messages
- Error messages

Send only during running determination

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then messages will be sent as e-mails only if a determination is running. Deactivate this parameter if messages are also to be sent in normal status.

Mail server

Address of the mail server for outgoing mail, e.g. mail.metrohm.ch. You can find the address of the mail server either in your e-mail program settings or obtain it from your IT department.

Entry	50 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Sender

E-mail address of the sender. This address must be formatted as an e-mail address, but need not necessarily correspond to an existing e-mail account, e.g. ti-touch@metrohm.com.

Entry	50 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Recipient

The messages will be sent to this e-mail address.

Entry	50 characters maximum
Default value	empty

11.3.2 PC/LIMS report

915 KF Ti-Touch: Edit ► PC/LIMS report

You can generate a machine-readable report with all of the important data concerning a determination, which is referred to as a PC/LIMS report. This report can be saved as a TXT file (according to ISO/IEC 8859-1) or as a UTF-8 file or sent to a terminal program or a LIMS via an RS-232 interface:

- manually with the [-] fixed key (see chapter 27, page 239).
- automatically at the end of a determination (see chapter 16.5.6, page 179).

The file name of the report file is constructed as follows: *PC_LIMS_Report-ID1-YYYYMMDD-hhmmss.txt*. A detailed description of the contents of the PC/LIMS report can be found in the *PC/LIMS Report Guide*.

Memory

Memory location where the PC/LIMS report is stored as a file. The report will be saved in the directory *pc_lims_report*. This directory will be created

the first time a PC/LIMS report is generated. All three memory locations are listed as possible selections, even if they cannot be accessed at the moment.

Selection	off External memory 1 External memory 2
	Shared memory
Default value	off

off

The report will not be saved as a file.

Shared memory

The report will be saved in a shared directory on the network. The shared directory is selected in the **Edit device / Shared memory** dialog (*see chapter 11.3.3, page 84*).

RS-232

The RS-232 interface via which the PC/LIMS report is sent. The interface parameters are adjusted in the **Edit device / Port parameters** dialog *(see chapter 11.10, page 117).*

Selection	off COM 1 COM 2
Default value	off

off

The report will not be sent via an RS-232 interface.

COM 2

This interface is inactive.

Coding

Format in which the PC/LIMS report is coded and stored.

Selection	ISO 8859-1 UTF-8
Default value	ISO 8859-1

ISO 8859-1

This format is recommended for all languages that use the extended ASCII code (e.g. German, English, Spanish, etc.).

UTF-8

This format is required for all languages that do not use the extended ASCII code (e.g. Russian, Chinese, Korean, etc.).

11.3.3 Shared memory

915 KF Ti-Touch: Edit ► Shared memory

If you have your Ti-Touch connected to your network, then you can define in this dialog a shared memory location on a computer within your network for the purpose of saving data (methods, determinations, etc.).



CAUTION

If the computer on which you share a memory location does not have the same subnet as the Ti-Touch, then a WINS server must be present. The computer must be entered in this server. In order for the communication to work, the SMB protocol version 1 (SMBv1) must be activated. Since this function is not standard anymore in Windows 10, it has to be activated manually. From firmware version 5.915.0044, the SMB protocol version 2 and 3 is also supported.

Computer

Host name of the computer on which a memory location is to be shared. If you are working with Windows, then you will find the host name of the computer as follows: In the Windows **command prompt** window, enter the command **ipconfig -all**. The host name is listed together with other parameters of the computer.

Do not under any circumstances enter an IP address in this input field.

Entry	max. 32 characters	
Default value	empty	

Share name

Share name of the shared memory location (file directory) on the abovespecified computer. Please note that the Share name of a file directory often does not match the name of the file directory. The share name can be found on the Release tab in the Properties dialog of the shared file directory.

Entry	max. 32 characters
Default value	empty

Domain

Network domain in which the above-specified computer is located. If you are working with Windows, then you will find the domain name as follows: In the Windows **command window**, enter the command **ipconfig -all**. The domain is listed together with other parameters of the computer. Leave the field empty if the computer is not located within a domain.

Entry	max. 32 characters
Default value	empty

User

User name of the user authorized to access the shared memory location.

Entry	max. 32 characters
Default value	empty

Password

Password of the user configured on the computer.

Entry	max. 32 characters
Default value	empty

[Connect]

Establish the network connection. If the connection has been set up correctly, then all of the input fields will become inactive and the label switches to **[Disconnect]**. The network connection can be disconnected with this.

11.3.4 TCP/IP settings

915 KF Ti-Touch: Edit ► TCP/IP settings

If you have connected your Ti-Touch to your network, then you will have to define the network-relevant settings in this dialog. The Ti-Touch requires an IP address so that it is identifiable on the network. The Ti-Touch can acquire the IP address either dynamically from a DHCP server or you can enter the address directly.

Get IP address automatically (DHCP)

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then the Ti-Touch will obtain its IP address directly from a DHCP server. In this case, the remaining parameters can no longer be edited.

IP address

IP address for the Ti-Touch. IP addresses are 32-bit numbers and are written as sequences of four decimals, each separated by a period, e.g. "10.157.212.8".

Entry	X.X.X.X		
Default value	192.168.10.11		
	"x" is a decimal between 0 and 255.		

Subnet mask

The net mask or subnet mask, together with the IP address, indicates to which network the device to be connected belongs. Subnet masks are 32-bit numbers and are written as sequences of four decimals, each separated by a period.

Entry	X.X.X.X
Default value	255.255.255.0

Default gateway

IP address for the standard gateway. A gateway sets up connections to several networks. It is located in the same subnet as the device to be configured.

Entry	X.X.X.X	
Default value	192.168.10.10	

MAC address

Unambiguous address of the network adaptor for identification within a network. This parameter cannot be edited.

NetBIOS name

Unambiguous designation of the device within the network. This parameter cannot be edited.

11.4 Metrohm control instruments

The following Metrohm devices can be used as control instruments:

- Ti-Touch Titrator (permanently entered as control instrument in the device manager)
- Sample Processors

The following specifications apply for all of the control instruments mentioned above.

Additional device configurations for the Sample Processor are described in a separate chapter (see chapter 11.5, page 91).

Gerätemanager / Bearbeiten	•
Ti-Touch	
Ti-Touch Titrator	
MSB 1	
Rührer 1	
Remote Box 1	
MSB 2	
Rührer 2	
Remote Box 2	
	Eigen- schaften

The dialog shows the control instrument with its measuring inputs, the MSB connectors and connected peripheral devices (dosing device, stirrer, Remote Box).

[Properties]

Open the properties dialog of the highlighted entry.

The following properties can be displayed and edited to a certain extent:

- Properties of the measuring inputs (see chapter 11.4.1, page 88)
- Properties of the MSB connectors (see chapter 11.4.2, page 89)
- Properties of the peripheral devices on the MSB connector (*see chapter* 11.4.3, page 90)

11.4.1 Properties – Measuring input

Instrument list: Control instrument

Edit
Measuring input

1 Properties

Device manager / Edit		
Ti-Touch / Measuring input 1		
ADC type Serial number		
Thick film type		
Temperature sensor		
Type Pt1000	R (25 °C)	30000
	B value	4100 K

In this dialog, you define the type of temperature sensor you have connected to the selected measuring input.

ADC type

Type of analog-digital converter.

Serial number

Serial number of the measuring interface.

Thick film type

Type of the thick film.

Temperature sensor

Туре

The instrument supports the use of two different temperature measurement techniques:

- NTC (Negative Temperature Coefficient)
- Pt1000 (Platinum resistance)

Select here the type that has been connected to the instrument. If an NTC sensor is used, then it is also necessary to enter two sensor characteristics. These characteristics are listed in the specifications of the sensor.

Selection	Pt1000 NTC
Default value	Pt1000

R (25 °C)

This parameter can only be edited with **Type = NTC**.

Nominal resistance of the NTC sensor at 25 °C.

Input range	1000 to 99999 ohm
Default value	30000 ohm
	The default value applies to Metrohm sensors with an NTC sensor.

B value

This parameter can only be edited with **Type = NTC**.

Material constant of the NTC sensor. B values of NTC sensors are frequently based on different reference temperatures (usually 25 °C and 50...100 °C). When entering the B value the influence of the second reference temperature is negligible in comparison with the measuring accuracy of an NTC sensor.

Input range	1000 to 9999 K
Default value	4100 K
	The default value applies to Metrohm sensors with an NTC sensor. If no B value is given for your sensor then you can retain the default value.

11.4.2 Properties – MSB connector

Instrument list: Control instrument ► Edit ► MSB connector 1/2 ► Properties



In this dialog, you can define when the request to carry out the **Prepare** function for connected dosing devices is to be displayed. This setting applies for all dosing devices of the selected MSB connector. The manual control contains a description of how to prepare the exchange unit and/or the dosing unit *(see chapter 28.3.3, page 258)*.

Switch on

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then you will be requested to prepare the dosing device when the Ti-Touch is switched on.

Attach an exchange or dosing unit

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then you will be requested to prepare the dosing device when the exchange/dosing unit is attached.

Time interval

on | off (Default value: off)

Activate this parameter if you wish to receive a regular request to prepare the dosing unit.

Input range	0.1 to 999.9 h
Default value	12.0 h

11.4.3 Properties – Peripheral devices

Instrument list: Control instrument ► Edit ► Peripheral device ► Properties

The following data is displayed for the connected dosing devices and stirrers:

- Type
 - The display includes the device number, e.g. "800" (Dosino).
- Serial number

11.5 Sample Processor



The settings of the MSB connectors and the connected peripheral devices are described in *Chapter "Properties – MSB connector", page 89*.

Configure sample racks (see chapter 11.6, page 99).

[Running time]

[Racks]

Configure the running time meter.

The running time meter adds together the time while the Sample Processor is "busy" i.e. when an action is being carried out. A message with the prompt to service the device is displayed after expiry of the time limit set here. We recommend to carry out a service after 1,000 operating hours. A reset of the running time meter can only be carried out by a Metrohm service engineer.

[Properties]

Open the properties dialog of the highlighted entry.

11.5.1 Properties – Sample Processor

Instrument list: Sample Processor Edit Properties

This designation is used for identification purposes when selecting control devices (command, manual control).

	Entry 24 characters maximum
Comment	
	Entry 24 characters maximum
Program version	
	Program version of the instrument software.
Serial number	
	Shows the serial number of the device.
Rack name	
	Name of the currently attached sample rack.
[Adjustment data]	
	Display the internal adjustment data (EEPROM data) of the Sample Pro- cessor.
	CAUTION
	Do not modify and save these settings under any circumstances. This data is required by the service engineer in case of positioning problems.

11.5.2 Properties – Tower

Instrument list: Sample Processor
 Edit
 Tower 1/2
 Properties
Device manager / Edit			
Sample Processor / Tower 1			
Maximum stroke path	235	mm	
Min. beaker radius	off	mm	
Rotation increment	5.00	۰	
Axial distance	196.00	mm	

1 NOTICE

In the case of a Sample Processor with 2 towers, Tower 1 is the tower on the right and Tower 2 is the tower on the left, when viewed from the front.

Maximum stroke path

Lowest permissible lift position for automatic and manual operation.

This is a safety setting. A correct specification of this value can prevent the glass of an electrode from breaking, because a titration head can not be moved below the position specified.

Input range	1 to 235 mm
Default value	235 mm

Min. beaker radius

Smallest permissible radius of the sample vessels for automatic and manual operation.

This is a safety setting. It is intended to prevent a completely loaded, wide titration head from being moved into a narrow sample vessel.

Input range	1.0 to 100.0 mm (Increment: 0.1)
	If the lift is to be moved to the work position, a
	check is made to see whether the beaker radius
	defined for the attached rack (see "Beaker radius
	samples", page 101) is less than this value.
Selection	off
Default value	off
Deradic value	

off

No check takes place.

Rotation increment

Amount by which the sample rack can be rotated forward or backward relative to its current position. This parameter is required in the command **MOVE** for the settings **Destination** = **rotate** + and **rotate** -.

Input range	0 to 353.99 °
Default value	5.00 °

Axial distance

Distance between the axis of rotation of the sample rack and the swing axis of the robotic arm.

for 814 USB Sample Processor:

Input range	100.0 to 300.0 mm	
Default value	166.0 mm	

for 815 Robotic USB Sample Processor XL:

Input range	100.0 to 300.0 mm	
Default value	196.0 mm	

for 810 Sample Processor:

<i>,</i>	
Input range	100.0 to 300.0 mm
Default value	166.0 mm

11.5.3 **Properties – Swing Head**

Instrument list: Sample Processor ► Edit ► Swing Head ► Properties

Edit device / Sample Prod Serial numb	cessor / Tower 1	/ Swing Head 786
Ext. pos.	Angle [°]	Work [mm]
1	60.00	100
2	60.00	0
3	60.00	0
4	60.00	0
Ext. pos. 1-4	Robotic arm	Adjustment Edit

The dialog **Edit device / Properties** shows a list of all external positions with the assigned swing angle and the specific work position for each.

[Ext. pos. 1-4]	
	Edit the settings that apply for all external positions (see "Properties – External positions 1-4", page 95).
[Robotic arm]	
	Edit the robotic arm settings (see "Properties – Robotic arm", page 96).
[Adjustment data]	
	Display the overview of the EEPROM data of the Swing Head. This dialog cannot be edited.
[Edit]	
	Edit specific settings of the selected external position (<i>see "Properties – External position", page 97</i>).

Properties – External positions 1-4

Swing Head: **Properties** ► **Ext. pos. 1-4**

Properties / Edit external position	s 1-4		
Sample Processor / Tower 1 / Sv	ving Head	786	
External positions	1-4		
Shift position	0	mm	
Rinse position	0	mm	
Swing increment	10.00	o	

Properties which apply to all four external positions can be defined in the dialog **Properties / Edit external positions 1-4**.

Shift position

Lift position at which the robotic arm rotates to the external positions.

Input range	0 to 'Maximum stroke path' mm	
Default value	0 mm	
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home	
	position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop	
	position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the	
	properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke	
	path", page 93).	

Rinse position

Lift position used for rinsing.

Input range	0 to 'Maximum stroke path' mm
Default value	0 mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke path", page 93).

Swing increment

Amount by which the robotic arm can be swung relative to its current position. This parameter is used in the command **MOVE** for the settings **Destination** = **swing +** and **swing -**.

Input range	0.00 to 180.00 °
Default value	10.00 °

Properties – Robotic arm

Swing Head: **Properties ► Robotic arm**

Properties / Robotic arm			
Robotic arm Tower 1			
Swing offset	0.00	0	
Maximum swing angle	84.00	•	
Swing radius	110.00	mm	
Rotation offset	0.00	•	
Swing direction	-		

Properties of the robotic arm can be defined in the dialog **Properties / Robotic arm**.

Swing offset

The swing offset is a physical angle offset of a specific robotic arm model. The required values can be found in the leaflet for the robotic arm.

Input range	–270.00 to 270.00 °
Default value	0.00 °

Maximum swing angle

Useable swing range of the robotic arm. Each robotic arm model displays a different value on the basis of its construction. The range can also be reduced if necessary. You will find the required values in the leaflet for the robotic arm.

	Input range	0.00 to 330.00 °
	Default value	60.00 °
Swing radius		
	on the length of the (see "Axial distance,	ius of the robotic arm. The swing radius is dependent robotic arm and is, together with the axial distance <i>" page 94</i>), the most important variable for precise position. You will find the required values in the leaf- m.
	Input range Default value	30.00 to 300.00 mm 110.00 mm
Rotation offset		
	of the robotic arm. T Swing Head is to be	the offset from the center of the tower to the center his value does not usually need to be changed. If a mounted on the tower with a lateral offset, then this ined by the service technician when the rack is adjus-
	lnput range Default value	-270.00 to 270.00 ° 0.00 °
Swing direction	•	of the robotic arm depends on its type. For a 2-tower rm must be defined as right-swinging on Tower 1 and Fower 2.
	Selection Default value	+ - -
	+ Left-swinging. - Right-swinging.	
	Properties – Exte	ernal position
	Swing Head: Proper	rties ► Edit

Properties / Edit external positior	ì		
Sample Processor / Tower 1 / S	wing Head 7	86	
External position	on 1		
Angle	60.00	°	
Work position	100	mm	

Properties which apply only to the selected external position can be defined in the dialog **Properties / Edit external position**.

Angle

Swing angle for the selected external position.

Input range	(Offset) to (Offset + max. swing range) °
Default value	60.00 ° The offset is made up of a design-dependent angle (approx. 89°) together with the robotic arm off- set from the robotic arm properties. The maximum swing range is also defined under the robotic arm properties (see "Properties – Robotic arm", page 96).

Work position

Work position for the selected external position.

Input range	0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home
	position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop
	position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the
	properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke
	path", page 93).

11.6 Sample racks

Edit device / Sampl	e racks		
Rack	Positions	Code	
6.2041.310	12	00000	1
6.2041.320	16	00001	0
6.2041.340	24	00100	0
6.2041.350	48	01000	0
6.2041.360	12	10000	0
6.2041.370	14	00001	1
6.2041.380	14	00010	1
6.2041.390	16	10000	1
	(
Load	Сору	Delete	Edit

Instrument list: Sample Processor
 Edit
 Racks

In the dialog **Edit device / Sample racks**, you will find the list of configured racks. The attached rack is displayed in green. New racks can be loaded or created and existing ones can be edited or deleted in this dialog window.

The following data is displayed in the list:

	 Rack Name of the sample rack. Metrohm standard racks are designated by their order numbers. Positions Number of positions on the rack.
	• Code The rack code corresponds to the arrangement of magnets on the base of the rack and is read in by the Sample Processor in order to recognize the rack.
[Load]	
	Load a new sample rack (see "Loading the sample rack", page 100).
[Copy]	
	Create a new sample rack by copying an existing rack (<i>see "Creating a new sample rack", page 101</i>).
[Delete]	
	Delete the selected sample rack from the list.
[Edit]	
	Edit the data of the selected sample rack (see chapter 11.6.1, page 101).

Loading the sample rack

When you receive the file for a new sample rack from your Metrohm representative, you can easily import this file into your existing system. Proceed as follows:

1 Copying the file to an external storage medium

- Copy the file to a subdirectory of "Files".



If this structure is not maintained, the new rack will not be found because the software directly accesses subdirectories of "Files".

• Plug in the external storage medium at the Ti-Touch.

2 Display the list of saved sample racks

 In the Edit device / Sample racks dialog, tap on the [Load] button.

The selection of file groups on the external storage medium is displayed. If only one group is available, then the list of the saved sample rack files will be displayed directly.

- Select the group with the desired sample rack.
- Tap on [Show files].

The list with the saved sample rack files is opened.

3 Load the sample rack file

- Select the desired file.
- Tap on **[Load]**.

The new sample rack is now loaded and appears in the list of available racks.

Creating a new sample rack

Own sample racks can be simply and conveniently created by copying an existing sample rack. Proceed as follows:

1 Copy the existing rack

- In the dialog Edit device / Sample racks, select a sample rack which is to be used as a template.
- Tap on [Copy].

The Sample rack / Copy dialog is displayed.

2 Enter the rack name and rack code

- In the field **New rack name**, enter a name for the new rack.
- In the field New rack code, 110000 is suggested. As a rule, this rack code is used for special racks. Apply this code or enter a new rack code and confirm with [OK].

The new sample rack appears in the list of available racks.

11.6.1 Editing rack data

Sample rack list: **Rack ► Edit**

Sample rack / Edit rack data			
Rack 6.2041.410, Code 00101	0, 142 Pos	itions	
Beaker radius samples	off	mm	
Beaker sensor		off	
1. Calibration pos.		off	
Rack offset	0.00	•	
	Lift pos. tower 2	Lift pos. tower 1	Special beakers

You can edit the data of the selected rack in the dialog **Sample rack /** Edit rack data.

Beaker radius samples

Actual radius of the sample vessels at the general sample positions of the rack.

This beaker radius may not be less than the minimum beaker radius defined in the tower properties (see "Min. beaker radius," page 93). If the

lift is to be moved to the work position, then these two values will be compared with one another.

Input range	1.0 to 100.0 mm
Selection	off
Default value	off

off

No check takes place.

Beaker sensor

Each time a sample position is to be moved to with the **MOVE** command, the beaker sensor checks whether a vessel is present. In the **MOVE** command, you define the action that takes place if the beaker sensor does not detect a vessel at the position being moved to.

Selection	Tower Robotic arm off
Default value	off

Robotic arm

A Swing Head with beaker sensor must be mounted. In addition, a suitable work position must be defined for the lift, so that the robotic arm touches the sample vessel. The work position is moved to for the purpose of beaker detection.

off

No check takes place.

Rack offset

The rack offset is a production-related tolerance value between the upper and lower sections of the rack. This value is determined when the rack is adjusted and is displayed here. It can be changed if necessary.

Input range	-10.00 to 10.00 °
Default value	0.00 °

[Adjust rack]

Adjust the rack (see chapter 11.6.2, page 106).

[Lift pos. tower 1]/[Lift pos. tower 2]

Define rack specific lift positions (see "Lift positions Tower 1/2", page 102).

[Special beakers]

Define rack positions as special beakers (see "Editing special beakers", page 104).

Lift positions Tower 1/2

Sample rack list: Rack ► Edit ► Lift pos. tower 1 / Lift pos. tower 2

Edit rack data / Lift positions towe	er 1	
Rack 6.2041.410, Code 001010,	142 Positions	
Work position	120	mm
Rinse position	0	mm
Shift position	0	mm
Special position	0	mm

You can define rack-specific lift positions in the dialog **Edit rack data / Lift positions tower 1/2**. These then apply for all rack positions except those that have been defined as special beakers.

These positions can be moved to directly under manual control and with the LIFT command. Only lift positions within the maximum stroke path can be entered. This is defined in the device properties of the tower.



NOTICE

These lift positions can also be assigned directly in manual control after moving to the desired lift height (*see chapter 28.6.1, page 265*).

Work position

At this lift position the electrodes, stirrer and buret tips are optimally positioned for work.

Input range	0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home
	position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop
	position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the
	properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke
	path", page 93).

Rinse position

Lift position used for rinsing.

Input range	0 to 'Maximum stroke path' mm
Default value	0 mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the properties of the tower (<i>see "Maximum stroke</i> <i>path", page 93</i>).

Shift position

The lift is raised to this position with each rotational movement of the rack whenever it is located at a lower lift position.

Input range	0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home
	position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop
	position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the
	properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke
	path", page 93).

Special position

For sample positions, you can define an additional lift position for special applications.

Input range	0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home
	position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop
	position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the
	properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke
	path", page 93).

Editing special beakers

Sample rack list: **Rack > Edit > Special beakers**

Edit rack data / Special beakers		
Rack 6.2041.410, Code 001010, 142 Posi	tions	
Special beaker	Rack position	
Special beaker 1	142	
Special beaker 2	0	
Special beaker 3	0	
Special beaker 4	0	
Special beaker 5	0	
Special beaker 6	0	
Special beaker 7	0	V
	Ec	dit

A maximum of 16 rack positions can be defined as special beakers for each sample rack. The dialog **Edit rack data / Special beakers** shows a list of all special beakers with their assigned rack positions.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected special beaker, see the following.

Special beaker / Edit			
Special beaker 1			
		1	
Rack position	142		
Work pos. tower 1	100	mm	
Work pos. tower 2	0	mm	
Beaker radius	off	mm	
Beaker sensor	Tower		

You can edit the data of the selected special beaker in the dialog **Special beaker / Edit**.

Rack position

Number of rack position for selected special beaker. Any rack position can be defined as a special beaker. It is, however, preferable to set them at high rack positions in order to be able to begin sample series at rack position 1. Rack positions defined as special beakers can no longer be used as sample positions.

Work pos. tower 1/2

Work position for the selected special beaker. One specific work position can be defined for tower 1 and tower 2.

Input range	0 to 'maximum stroke path' mm
	A lift position of 0 mm corresponds to the "home
	position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop
	position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the
	properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke
	path", page 93).

Beaker radius

Actual radius of the selected special beaker.

This beaker radius may not be less than the minimum beaker radius defined in the tower properties (see "Min. beaker radius," page 93). If the

lift is to be moved to the work position, then these two values will be compared with one another.

Input range	1.0 to 100.0 mm	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

off

No check takes place.

Beaker sensor

Each time this special beaker is to be moved to with the **MOVE** command, the beaker sensor checks whether a vessel is present. In the **MOVE** command, you define the action that takes place if the beaker sensor does not detect a vessel at the position being moved to.

Selection	Tower Robotic arm off
Default value	off

Robotic arm

A Swing Head with beaker sensor must be mounted. In addition, a suitable work position must be defined for the lift, so that the robotic arm touches the sample vessel. The work position is moved to for the purpose of beaker detection.

off

No check takes place.

11.6.2 Rack adjustment

Instrument list: Sample Processor ► Edit ► Racks ► Edit ► Adjust rack

If necessary, each sample rack can be finely adjusted, i.e. the rack offset is determined in the direction of rotation. The adjustment of a rack is usually not necessary. However, if the exact positioning of a robotic arm is necessary for a high degree of accuracy (e.g. for very small sample beakers), then a fine adjustment can be carried out.

Proceed as follows:

1 Open the dialog for rack adjustment

- In the device properties of the Sample Processor, open the list of the configured sample racks.
- Select the attached rack and tap on [Edit].
- The Sample rack / Edit rack data dialog is displayed.
- Tap on the **[Adjust rack]** button.

The Edit rack data / Adjust rack dialog is displayed:

Edit rack data / Adjust rack			
Rack to turntable adjustment.			
Put on rack with beakers and press [Start	Put on rack with beakers and press [Start].		
1			
Cancel	Start OK		

2 Carry out the adjustment

- Tap on the [Start] button (NOT on the [▷] fixed key). The rack is being initialized. The rack then moves to position 1 and the lift is lowered to the work position.
- If necessary, the lift position can be corrected with the arrow keys
 [1] and [4].
- Now use the arrow keys [←] and [→] to rotate the rack so that the robotic arm or the center of the titration head is positioned exactly above the center of rack position 1.
- Finish the adjustment with **[OK]**.

The lift is moved to the uppermost stop.

11.7 885 Compact Oven SC



NOTICE

In order for the 885 Compact Oven SC to be controlled with the 915 KF Ti-Touch, at least the following firmware versions must be installed on the instruments:

- 915 KF Ti-Touch 5.915.0045
- 885 Compact Oven SC 5.885.0013

Device manager / Edit	
Sample Processor	
885 Compact Oven SC	
Tower 1	
Oven module	
	Properties

The dialog displays the 885 Compact Oven SC with its tower and the oven module. If the control instrument is not connected, then the properties dialog of the control instrument will be displayed directly *(see chapter 11.7.1, page 108)*.

Properties

Open the Properties dialog of the highlighted entry.

11.7.1 Properties - 885 Compact Oven SC

Instrument list: 885 Compact Oven SC ► Edit ► Properties

Device name

This designation is used for identification purposes when selecting control instruments (command, manual control).

	Entry	24 characters maximum	
Comment			
	Entry	24 characters maximum	
Program version			
	Program vers	ion of the device software.	
Serial number			

Display of the serial number of the device.

11.7.2 Properties - Tower

Instrument list: 885 Compact Oven SC ► Edit ► Tower ► Properties

Device manager / Edit	
Sample Processor / Tower	
Sample beaker	
Work position - 78 + mm	
Conditioning beaker (Special beaker 1)	
Work position - 36 + mm	

Sample beaker

Work position

At this lift position, the sample beaker is optimally placed in the oven and the needle has completely pierced the septum.

Input range	0 to 96 mm (Increment: 6)
Default value	78 mm

A lift height of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position". The lift is located at the upper stop position.

Conditioning beaker (special beaker 1)

Work position

At this lift position, the needle has completely pierced the septum of the conditioning beaker at the conditioning position. In the method run, the **[MOVE]** command is used to move the conditioning bucket with the **Objective** Special beaker 1.

Input range	0 to 96 mm (Increment: 6)
Default value	36 mm

A lift height of 0 mm corresponds to the "home position". The lift is located at the upper stop position.

11.7.3 Properties - Oven module

Instrument list: 885 Compact Oven SC ► Edit ► Oven module ► Properties

Device manager / Edit		
Sample Processor / Oven module		
Program version	5.860.0011	
Serial number	07134	
Initial temperature	110	°C
Action when turning off the touch-device		
Turn off heater		
Turn off gas flow		

Program version

Program version of the oven module.

Serial number

Display of the serial number of the oven module.

Initial temperature

Entering an initial temperature means that the oven will heat up to the set temperature when the 915 KF Ti-Touch is switched on.

Input range	50 to 250 °C (Increment: 1)
Default value	110 °C
Selection	off

off

The oven is not switched on.

Action when switching off the touch device.

Switch off heater

Setting for the behavior of the heater of the oven module when the Ti-Touch is switched off.

Selection	on off
Default value	on

Switch off the gas flow

Setting for the behavior of the gas flow of the oven module when the Ti-Touch is switched off.

Selection	on off
Default value	on

11.8 Printer

Instrument list: **Printer ► Edit**

Device manager / Edit		
Device type: Printer		
Device name	Printer	
Comment		
Printer	PCL Inkjet	
Connector	USB	
	PDF Network settings	

The list of devices always includes a printer, even if no corresponding device is connected. In this dialog, you also define when you would like to have a report generated as a PDF file.

Device name			
	Here you can en	iter a device name of your choice.	
	Entry	24 characters maximum	
Comment			
	Entry	24 characters maximum	
Printer			
	Selection of the	printer type.	
	Selection	PCL Inkjet PCL Laser HP Epson Epson new Canon CUSTOM NEOS off	
	PCL Inkjet for HP DeskJet printers.		
	PCL Laser for HP LaserJet printers.		
	CUSTOM NEOS Due to the narrow paper size, only reports marked with # in the "List of all printable reports" (<i>see chapter 27.3, page 243</i>) can be printed.		

off

The reports will not be printed out on paper.

Connector

Selection of the connection type for the printer.

Selection	USB Ethernet
Default value	USB

USB

Local printer at a USB interface.

Ethernet

Network printer.



The **Ti-Touch** prints the reports with a fixed resolution of 300 dpi. If you are using a printer with a resolution of 360 dpi (or a multiple thereof, e.g. an Epson), then the text will be printed out somewhat smaller than with printers with a resolution of 300 dpi (or a multiple thereof, e.g. a Canon or HP).

11.8.1 PDF settings

Printer: Edit > PDF settings

The settings for saving a report as a PDF file are defined in this dialog.

Memory

Memory location where the PDF file will be saved. The report will be saved in the directory *PDF_Report*. This directory is created when a PDF file is generated. The file name is appended with the date and time when the determination was started and the date and time when the PDF was generated (e.g.: **Identification 1**-20130320-141044-20130320-141220). The first date and time set indicates the start of the determination, the second date and time set indicates the generation of the PDF file. This prevents previously created PDF files from being overwritten each time a new file is created, e.g. when a result is recalculated and the report is generated again.

All three memory locations are listed as possible selections, even if they cannot be accessed at the moment.

Selection	off External memory 1 External memory 2 Shared memory
Default value	off

off

The report will not be saved as a PDF file.

Shared memory

The report will be saved in a shared directory on the network. The shared directory is selected in the **Edit device / Shared memory** dialog (*see chapter 11.3.3, page 84*).

Copy or extract content allowed

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then content can be copied or deleted from the PDF file.

Printing allowed

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then the PDF file can be printed.

Change the document allowed

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the PDF file can be edited.

Add or change comments allowed

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then comments can be added to the PDF file.

11.8.2 Network printer

Printer: Edit > Network printer

If you have connected your Ti-Touch to your network, then you can specify a network printer for your reports in this dialog.



NOTICE

If you have shared a memory location on a PC within your network and if you have configured the Ti-Touch accordingly (*see chapter 11.3.3, page 84*), then the settings for the parameters **Domain**, **User** and **Password** will be applied and can then no longer be modified in this dialog.



CAUTION

If the computer on which the network printer is configured does not have the same subnet as the Ti-Touch, then a WINS server must be present. The computer must be entered in this server. In order for the communication to work, the SMB protocol version 1 (SMBv1) must be activated. Since this function is not standard anymore in Windows 10, it has to be activated manually. From firmware version 5.915.0044, the SMB protocol version 2 and 3 is also supported. **Print server** Host name of the print server or the computer on which the network printer is configured. If you are working with Windows, then you will find the host name as follows: In the Windows command prompt window, enter the command **ipconfig -all**. The host name is listed together with other parameters of the print server or the computer. Do not under any circumstances enter an IP address in this input field. max. 32 characters Entry Default value empty Share name Share name of the network printer on the above-specified computer. Please note that the Share name of a network printer often does not match the name of the printer. The share name can be found on the Release tab in the Properties dialog of the released network printer. max. 32 characters Entry Default value empty Domain Network domain in which the above-specified computer is located. If you are working with Windows, then you will find the domain name as follows: In the Windows **command window**, enter the command **ipconfig** -all. The domain is listed together with other parameters of the computer. Leave the field empty if the computer is not located within a domain. max. 32 characters Entry Default value empty User User name of the user authorized to access the shared network printer. Entry max. 32 characters Default value empty

Password

Password of the user configured on the computer.

Entry	max. 32 characters	
Default value	empty	

11.8.3 More options

Paper size

Selection of the paper size.

	CE
The paper size sel	lected will be ignored when the report is printed on a printer.
Selection	A4 (210 mm x 297 mm) Letter (216 mm x 279 mm)
Default value	A4 (210 mm x 297 mm)

Color

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the report will be printed out in color.

Spooler

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then you can continue to work while the printer is printing. If this option is deactivated, then the Ti-Touch will be blocked while the printout is being produced.

11.9 Balance

List of devices: **Balance** ► **Edit**

Device manager / Edit		
Device type: Balance		
Device name	Balance	
Comment		
Balance type	Sartorius	
RS-232	сом1	

You define the type of balance and its connector in the dialog **Device** manager / Edit.

Device name		
	Here you can ente	er a device name of your choice.
	Entry	24 characters maximum
Comment		
	Entry	24 characters maximum
Balance type		
	If you have conne type here.	ected a balance, then you have to specify the balance
	Selection	AND Mettler Mettler AT Mettler AX Ohaus Precisa Sartorius Shimadzu
	Default value	Sartorius
RS-232		
		to which the balance is connected. The interface Jjusted in the Edit device / Port parameters dialog <i>0, page 117</i>).
	Selection Default value	COM 1 COM 2 COM 1
	COM 2 The interface i	s disabled.
	The following tab for the balance m	le indicates the balance type that needs to be selected odel:

Balance	Balance type
AND	AND
Mettler AB, AE, AG, AM, AJ, PE, PM, PJ, PR, XP, XS	Mettler
Mettler AT	Mettler AT
Mettler AX, MX, UMX, PG, AB-S, PB-S	Mettler AX
Ohaus Voyager, Explorer, Analytical Plus	Ohaus
Precisa	Precisa
Sartorius	Sartorius
Shimadzu BX, BW	Shimadzu

11.10 USB/RS-232 adapter

Instrument list: USB/RS-232 adapter Edit COM interface Edit

As a rule, balances are equipped with a serial RS-232 interface. To connect a balance, you will require the 6.2148.050 cable. You can adjust the interface parameters in the dialog **Edit device / Port parameters**. These settings must match the settings on the connected device.



NOTICE

If you make changes to parameter settings in this dialog, then you must switch the Ti-Touch off and back on in order for the changes to take effect.

Edit device / Port paramet	ters	
Baud rate	9600	
Data bits	8	
Parity	none	
Stop bits	1	
Handshake	Hardware (DTR/CTS)	

Baud rate

Baud rate	Transfer rate in characters per second.		
	Selection	1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200	
	Default value	9600	
Data bits			
	Number of data bits		
	Selection Default value	7 8 8	
Parity			
	Type of parity testing	g.	
	Selection Default value	even odd none none	
Stop bits			
	Number of stop bits		
	Selection Default value	1 2 1	
Handshake			
	Type of data transfe	r protocol.	
		E	
	In case of commun ware (XON/XOFF	nication problems, try the software handshake (Soft- -)).	
	Selection	none Software (XON/XOFF) Hardware (DTR/ CTS)	
	Default value	Hardware (DTR/CTS)	
	Software (XON Use the software RS-232 interface.	handshake when you send a PC/LIMS report via an	

11.11 PC keyboard

Instrument list: PC keyboard ► Edit

A commercially available USB keyboard can be connected to make text and numerical input easier. It will be recognized automatically and entered in the list of devices with default settings.

Device manager / Edit			
Device type: PC keyboa	rd		
Device name	PC keyboard		
Comment]	
Keyboard layout	English US		

Device name

Here you can enter a device name of your choice.

Entry	24 characters maximum	

Comment

Entry	24 characters maximum

Keyboard layout

Define the country-specific keyboard layout here.

Selection	English US German DE French FR Spanish
	ES German CH
Default value	English US

To enter texts and numbers with the PC keyboard, the appropriate text and number input dialog must be opened on the Ti-Touch. Only the following keys on the PC keyboard have a function:

Table 6 Key assignment

Function in the editing dialog	PC keyboard key
[Cancel]	[Esc]

Function in the editing dialog	PC keyboard key
Enter respective character	Numbers, letters and special char- acters + Shift
[OK]	[Enter] / [↓]
[0]	[←] (backspace)
Line break (for multi-line text input)	[Enter] / [↓]
The cursor is moved up or down by one character.	[↑] [↓]
The cursor is moved to the left or to the right by one character.	[←] [→]
?	[F1]
凸	[F2]
\mathcal{C}	[F3]
	[F4]
\triangleright	[F5]
<i>\$</i>	[F6]
	[F7]



NOTICE

The lettering of the USB keyboard may differ from above lettering, depending on the country-specific keyboard used.

11.12 Barcode reader

List of devices: **Barcode reader > Edit**

Device manager / Edit		
Device type: Barcode reader	r	
Device name	Barcode reader	
Comment		
Barcode input target	Active input field	
Keyboard layout	English US 🛛 🖤	

A barcode reader can be connected to read in sample data or other texts. A connected barcode reader will be recognized automatically and entered in the list of devices with default settings.

You will hear an acoustic signal as confirmation that a character string has been transmitted by the barcode reader and accepted.



NOTICE

The data will be read only if the system is in normal status, i.e. when no determination is running.

Device name

Here you can enter a device name of your choice.

Entry	24 characters maximum	

Comment

Entry 24 characters maximum

Barcode input target

Selection of the input field for the character string read in by the barcode reader.

Selection	Active input field Method Identification 1
	Identification 2 Sample size

Active input field

The character string is entered in the input field of the opened text- or number-input dialog.

Method

The character string is entered in the input field **Method**.

Identification 1

The character string is entered in the input field **Identification 1**.

Identification 2

The character string is entered in the input field **Identification 2**.

Sample size

The character string is entered in the input field **Sample size**. Character strings containing characters other than numbers and decimal separators will be ignored.

Keyboard layout

Specify the country-specific keyboard layout for the emulation of the PC keyboard. This setting must match the setting on the barcode reader (see documentation for the barcode reader).

Selection	English US German DE French FR Spanish
	ES German CH
Default value	English US

12 File manager

Main dialog: System > File manager

The saved methods, determinations, sample tables, etc. are managed in the file manager. You can also create a backup of your system (all data and settings). Also, an existing backup can be reloaded.

The file memory is organized as follows:

Internal memory

The following files can be stored in the internal memory:

- Methods
- External memory

You can use a USB flash drive as an auxiliary storage medium, for instance. The following files can be stored on an external memory:

- Backup
- Methods
- Determinations
- Sample tables
- Result tables
- Reports as *.pdf
- PC/LIMS report

12.1 Managing files

File manager: Internal memory / External memory 1 / External memory 2

The saved files can be organized into groups. These groups are comparable to file directories on your PC, although unlike your PC, only one level is possible.



NOTICE

The file names must be unique for each memory location, i.e. you cannot save two files with the same name, even if they are in different groups.



NOTICE

If you use an external storage medium with the FAT or FAT32 file system, then you can save a maximum of 999 files per group. If you find it necessary to store more than 999 files in a single group, then you must reformat the storage medium with the file system **ExFAT** (see chapter 32.7.2, page 365).

File manager / Internal memory		
Groups		
Examples		
Main group		
	Show all	Show files

[Show all]

Display the list of all the files in the selected memory location.

[Show files]

Display the list of all the files in the selected group.

Internal memory / Show files				
		Main group		
	1	/le2115.mmth		
	1	/le3901.mmth		
	ŋ	/le4155.mmth		
	1	/le4612.mmth		
	()			
Rename	Properties	Сору	Delete	Load

[Rename]

Rename the selected file (see chapter 12.1.2, page 125).

[Properties]

Display the file properties (see chapter 12.1.3, page 126).

[Copy]

Copy the selected file to a different memory location (see chapter 12.1.1, page 125).

[Delete]

Delete the selected file.

[Load]

Load the selected file.

12.1.1 Copying a file

Proceed as follows to copy a file:

1 Selecting the file

- Select the desired file.
- Tap on [Copy].

The selection of memory locations is displayed.

2 Copy the file

Tap on the desired memory location.
 Only memory locations currently being accessible are active.

The file is copied. The file group is retained, i.e. the group will be created again in the new memory location if it does not already exist there.

12.1.2 Renaming a file

Proceed as follows to rename a file:

1 Selecting the file

- Select the desired file.
- Tap on [Rename].

The Show files / Rename dialog is displayed.

2 Change the file name

- Tap on the input field **File name**. The text editor opens.
- Enter a new file name (max. 32 characters) and confirm with **[OK]**.
- Tap on [OK].

The file is saved under the new name.

12.1.3 File properties

File manager: Internal memory / External memory 1 / External memory 2 ► Show all / Show files ► Properties

Detailed information concerning the file is displayed in the **Show files / Properties** dialog. They can be edited to a certain extent.

File name

Name of the file.

File group

Entry or selection of the group in which the file will be saved. If you enter a new name, then the file will be moved into the new group.

Write protection

If this option is activated, then the file cannot be saved, deleted, moved or renamed. This is only an internal write protection feature and is independent of the write protection of the operating system on your computer.

Created by

User who saved the file initially.

Created on

Date and time at which the file was saved for the first time.

- Last saved by
 - User who saved the file most recently.
- Last saved on

Date and time at which the file has been saved most recently. Additionally, the version of the file is displayed. The version number will be increased by one each time the file is saved.

- Size
 - File size.
- Program version

Program version of the software with which the file was last saved.

12.2 External storage medium

File manager / External memory 1				
		Groups		
		Examples		
		Main group		
		Racks		
		Ú)		
Backup	Restore	Memory info	Show all	Show files

[Backup]

Creating a backup of all data and settings on this storage medium (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

[Restore]

Load the backup. This function is active only if a backup is available (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

[Memory info]

Display information on the storage medium, see following chapter.

Storage medium – Information

Detailed information about the storage medium is displayed in the dialog **External memory 1/2 / Memory info**:

- Name Designation of the storage medium.
- Write protection
 If this option is activated, then the file cannot be saved, deleted,
 moved or renamed. This is only an internal write protection feature and
 is independent of the write protection of the operating system on your
 computer.
- **Storage capacity** Total capacity of the storage medium.

Used memory Storage capacity used on the storage medium. Free memory

Free storage capacity on the storage medium.

Directory structure

The directory structure appears as follows on the external storage medium:



Figure 12 Directory structure on the external storage medium

5	5
Backup	All of the files of the backup are stored in this directory. The directory will be created the first time a backup is created.
Files	This directory contains all of the groups as well as the files contained in them (methods, deter- minations, etc.).
pc_lims_report	PC/LIMS reports are stored in this directory as TXT files. The directory will be created the first time a PC/LIMS report is printed out.
PDF_Report	PDF reports are stored in this directory. The direc- tory will be created the first time a report is saved as a PDF file.
Profiles	The identification profile is stored in this direc- tory. The directory will be created the first time an identification profile is generated.
SwUpdates	Files for software updates must be saved in this directory.
12.3 Creating backups / Restoring data

File manager: External memory 1 / External memory 2

You can use the **[Backup]** function to easily create a backup containing all the data and settings of your system. You should make a backup at regular intervals in order to avoid data loss.



NOTICE

Only **one** backup can be created on a storage medium.

If a backup has already been stored on the medium, then it will be overwritten when this function is carried out again.

12.3.1 Restoring data

You can use the function **[Restore]** to restore either a complete backup or only certain data.



CAUTION

All of the methods in the internal memory will be deleted.

Backups are not backward compatible, i.e. backups of the latest version cannot be restored using earlier versions.

Proceed as follows to restore backed-up data:

1 Select the storage medium

- Connect the storage medium on which the backup is located.
- Select the storage medium under **System** ▶ **File manager**.

2 Select data

• Tap on [Backup].

The selection of the data that can be restored separately is displayed (see the following).

- Deselect the data sets which are not to be restored.
- Tap on [Load data].

The selected data blocks are restored.

3 Complete the restoration

• Switch the Ti-Touch off and on again.

Restorable data blocks

The following data blocks can be loaded individually:

- Methods
 - All of the methods stored in the internal memory.
- Sample table
 - Current sample table.
- Result table
- Current result table.
- Current determination data

All the data for the current determination (including the method with which the determination was carried out).

- Control
 - Settings in the control dialog.
- User list

Settings for each user under **System settings / User administra-tion**.

• System settings / User admin.

All of the system settings, including device-specific dialog configuration and dialog options for the command list and fixed keys, device-specific settings for the user administration (login options and password options).

- Titrants
 - All titrants with all their data.
- Sensors

All sensors with all their data.

Device data

All of the devices configured in the device manager, with all of the data.

GLP data

All data from the GLP manager.

Deactivate if the backup is to be loaded onto a different system.

- Common variables
- All common variables.
- Templates

All templates for sample data, result calculations, etc.

- Routine dialog settings Current routine dialog settings (see Dialog options / Routine dialog).
- Sample racks

The sample racks present in the properties of the USB sample processor.

Own subsequences

All subsequences created and stored by the user.

13 GLP manager

Main dialog: System ► GLP manager

In the GLP manager you can document data for various GLP tests. The results of the automatic system tests carried out after switching on are also documented.

The following tests can be documented:

- GLP test "Measurement" (see chapter 13.3, page 133)
- GLP test "Titration" (see chapter 13.3, page 133)
- System validation (see chapter 13.4, page 137)

In addition, you can also:

- Create a list with your test tools (see chapter 13.2, page 132).
- Define a service interval for having routine maintenance carried out by a Metrohm service technician (*see chapter 13.5, page 141*).
- Define an interval for the regular performance of backups (see chapter 13.5, page 141).

Further information about quality management and validation is also given in the documentation series **Quality Management with Metrohm** and **Application Bulletin AB 255** (Validation of Metrohm Karl Fischer titrators in accordance with GLP/ISO 9001).

System / GLP manager			
Test	Last test	Next test	
Automatic system test	2010-08-30	Power on	
System validation	2010-08-02	2011-01-04	
GLP test "Measurement"	2010-07-01 2011-01-03		
GLP test "Titration"	2010-07-02	2011-01-04	
Test GLP tests tools HW/SW	System validation	Ionitoring View test data	

The table shows the last time that each test was carried out and when the next test is to be carried out. A test is entered in the list the first time that it is documented.

[Test tools]

Configuring the test tools for GLP tests (see chapter 13.2, page 132).

[GLP tests HW/SW]	
	Document the GLP tests "Measurement" and "Titration" (see chapter 13.3, page 133).
[System validation]	
	Document the system validation (see chapter 13.4, page 137).
[Monitoring]	
	Defining the time intervals for system maintenance and backups (see chapter 13.5, page 141).
[View test data]	
	Display the data of the selected test.

13.1 Automatic system test

The system test is carried out automatically when the Ti-Touch is switched on. The result of each individual test is shown in green if no error has occurred. If a result is shown in red, then an error occurred when the respective test was carried out. Switch the Ti-Touch off and back on again. If the error still occurs pleased notify Metrohm Service.

Print report at system start

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the result of the system test will be printed out automatically when the Ti-Touch is switched on.

13.2 Test tools

Main dialog: System ► GLP manager ► Test tools

You can create a list of test tools to be used in the tests in the GLP manager.

The following test tools have already been defined:

- **767 Calibrated Reference**: Device for checking measuring inputs and electrode cable.
- **822 Titr.Curve Simulator**: Curve simulator for checking the hard-ware and software.
- **773 pH/mV Simulator**: Device for checking measuring inputs and electrode cable.
- **868 UR Generator**: Device for checking measuring inputs and electrode cable.

[New]

Add a new test tool to the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected test tool from the list.

[Edit]

Change the designation of the selected test tool.

13.3 GLP tests for measurement and titration

Main dialog: System ► GLP manager ► GLP tests HW/SW ► GLP test "Measurement" / GLP test "Titration"

You can document the GLP tests for measurements and titrations in the dialog **GLP manager / GLP tests Hardware/Software** and its subdialogs. The following procedure describes the GLP test "Measurement," but also applies for the GLP test "Titration".

Proceed as follows:

1 Open the properties dialog

 In the System / GLP manager dialog, tap on the [GLP tests HW/SW] button and then on the [GLP test "Measurement"] button.

GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Measurement"				
Method		SOP_1231	la	
User		chk		
Test date	2011-08-01			
Test result		Test OK		
Comment				
			GLP test interval	Hardware

2 Edit data

 Define the test method, the test results, etc. (see "Dialogs "GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Measurement"" and "GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Titration""", page 134).

3 Define the hardware used

• Tap on [Hardware].

- Select the hardware used for the test (see "Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Hardware" and "GLP test "Titration" / Hardware"", page 136).
- Tap on the fixed key [<>].

The dialog **GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Measurement"** appears again.

4 Define the test interval

- Tap on [GLP test interval].
- Enter the time interval or the date for the next GLP test (see "Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Test interval" and "GLP test "Titration" / Test interval"", page 135).
- Tap on the fixed key [<>].

13.3.1 Parameter description

Dialogs "GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Measurement"" and "GLP tests HW/SW / GLP test "Titration""

	- Entry	32 characters maximum
	Entry	
	Selection	Selection of methods stored in the internal
	. <u></u>	memory
ser		
	User who carried	out the GLP test.
	Entry	24 characters maximum
	Selection	Selection of configured users
Fest date		
lest date	Date on which th	e GLP was carried out.
Test date	Date on which the Format: YYYY:MN	
		Л:DD
	Format: YYYY:MN	Л:DD
	Format: YYYY:MN Result of the test.	Л:DD
Test date Test result Comment	Format: YYYY:MN Result of the test. Selection	/:DD Test OK Test not OK

[GLP test interval]

Defining the time interval for the GLP test (see "Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Test interval" and "GLP test "Titration" / Test interval"", page 135).

[Hardware]

Documenting the hardware with which the GLP test was carried out (see "Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Hardware" and "GLP test "Titration" / Hardware"", page 136).

Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Test interval" and "GLP test "Titration" / Test interval"

Test date

Date on which the GLP was carried out.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which a GLP test has to be carried out again will be monitored.

GLP test interval

If you define a time interval for the GLP test, then the date in **Next GLP test** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Default value	999 days

Next GLP test

If you define a date for the next GLP test, then the **GLP test interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel determination
Default value	Display message For all three options it is documented in the deter- mination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

Dialogs "GLP test "Measurement" / Hardware" and "GLP test "Titration" / Hardware"

Test tool

Selection of the test tool. Test tools are defined at **GLP manager ► Test** tools.

Selection	Selection of configured test tools	
-----------	------------------------------------	--

Control device

Selection of the control device with which the GLP test has been carried out.

Measuring input

Selection of the measuring input used for the GLP test. The selection is not dependent on whether the control device has one or two measuring interfaces.

Selection	1 2
Default value	1

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4	
Default value	1	

13.4 System validation

Main dialog: System > GLP manager > System validation

In the dialog **GLP manager / System validation** and its subdialogs, you can document the system validation results and define the time interval after which validation must be carried out again.

Proceed as follows:

1 Open the properties dialog

In the System / GLP manager dialog, tap on the [System validation] button.

GLP manager / System validation			
Method	SOP_SYSVAL_02		
User	chk 🖤		
Test date	2011-07-01		
Test result	Test OK		
Comment			
	Note Validation Test (SOP) interval statistics		

2 Edit data

• Define the method, the result, etc. (see ""GLP manager / System validation" dialog", page 138).

3 Define the validation interval

- Tap on [Validation interval].
- Enter the time interval or the date for the next system validation (see "Dialog "System validation / Validation interval"", page 139).
- Tap on the fixed key [<>].

The dialog **GLP manager / System validation** appears again.

4 Enter statistical data

- Tap on [Test statistics].
- Enter the statistical data for the last system validation (see ""System validation / Test statistics" dialog", page 140).
- Tap on the fixed key [<>>].

The dialog **GLP manager / System validation** appears again.

5 Insert a note

- Tap on [Note (SOP)].
- Enter a brief description, e.g. a summary of the SOP (standard operating procedure) according to which the system validation was carried out (see ""System validation / Note (SOP)" dialog", page 139).
- Tap on the fixed key [<>].

13.4.1 Parameter description

"GLP manager / System validation" dialog

Method			
	Method with which	n the system validation has been carried out.	
	Entry	32 characters maximum	
	Selection	Selection of methods stored in the internal	
		memory	
User			
	User who carried out the system validation.		
	Entry	24 characters maximum	
	Selection	Selection of configured users	
Test date			
	Date on which the	system validation was carried out.	
	Format: YYYY:MM:	DD	
Test result			
lest result	Result of the test.		
	Selection Default value	Test OK Test not OK Test OK	
Comment			
	Entry	24 characters maximum	
[Note (SOP)]			
		otion, e.g. a summary of the SOP (standard operating ng to which the system validation has been carried out.	
[Validation interval]			
	5	nterval for the system validation <i>(see "Dialog "System ion interval"", page 139</i>).	

[Test statistics]

Documenting the statistical data of the system validation (see ""System validation / Test statistics" dialog", page 140).

"System validation / Note (SOP)" dialog

In this dialog, you can enter a brief text, e.g. a summary of the SOP (standard operating procedure) according to which the system validation was carried out.

Dialog "System validation / Validation interval"

Last validation

Date on which the last system validation was carried out.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which a system validation has to be carried out again will be monitored.

Validation interval

If you define a time interval for the system validation, then the date in **Next validation** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days	
Default value	999 days	

Next validation

If you define a time interval for the next system validation, then the **Validation interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel determination
Default value	Display message For all three options it is documented in the deter-
	mination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been
	expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

"System validation / Test statistics" dialog

In the dialog **System validation / Test statistics**, you can document the statistical data for the last system validation.

Number (n) Number of determinations carried out. Input range 1 to 9999999999 Default value empty Mean value Mean value out of single results. -9999999999.00000 to 999999999.00000 Input range Default value empty s abs Absolute standard deviation of the results. Input range 0.00000 to 999999999.00000 Default value empty s rel Relative standard deviation of the results. 0.00000 to 100.00000 % Input range Default value empty % d rel Systematic deviation of the results. 0.00000 to 100.00000 % Input range Default value empty % a sys Systematic error. Input range 0.00000 to 9999999999.00000 Default value empty

13.5 System monitoring

13.5.1 Service interval

Main dialog: System ► GLP manager ► Monitoring ► Service interval

In the dialog **GLP manager / Service interval**, you can define the time interval for the maintenance of the system by the Metrohm Service department. The service interval is checked each time the system is started.

Last service

Date on which the last servicing was carried out.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which system maintenance must be carried out again will be monitored.

Service interval

If you define a time interval for the system maintenance, then the date in **Next service** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Default value	999 days

Next service

If you specify a date for the next system maintenance, then the **Service interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

13.5.2 Backup interval

Main dialog: System ► GLP manager ► Monitoring ► Backup interval

In the dialog **GLP manager / Backup interval**, you can define the time interval for backups. The backup interval is checked each time the system is started.

Last backup

Date on which the last backup was created.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which a backup has to be created again will be monitored.

Backup interval

If you define a time interval for the creation of backups, then the date in **Next backup** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days	
Default value	999 days	

Next backup

If you specify a date for the next backup, then the **Backup interval** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

14 Common variables

Main dialog: System **>** Common variables

You can save 25 **method-independent variables**, or common variables. These variables can be used in future calculations (as variables **CV01... CV25**). Common variables are useful, e.g. for the following applications:

- Determination of a blank value which will be taken into account during the content determination of the sample.
- Determination of the content of a standard solution, which will be taken into account during the content determination of the sample.

Sys	System / Common variables				
cv	Name	Value			
01	Blank value	0.0143 mL			
02					
03					
04					
05	Density	0.986 g/mL			
06					
07					
08					
	Delete Edit				

The designation and the value (including the unit) are displayed for every common variable in the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected common variable from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected common variable, see following chapter.

14.1 Editing common variables

List of common variables: **Common Variable > Edit**

The common variables can be modified as follows:

- Edit manually, see the following.
- Automatic assignment from the determination run. A calculation result must be configured accordingly for this purpose (*see chapter 14.4, page 147*).

Common variables / Edit			
CV01: Blank value			
Name	E	Blank value	
Value	0.0143	mL	
		Validity	Properties

Name

Designation of the common variable.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Value

Value of the common variable.

Input range	-9999999999 to 9999999999
Default value	empty
Unit of the comm	on variable.
Entry	10 characters maximum
Default value	empty
Selection	% mol/L mmol/L g/L mg/L mg/mL mg/100 g ppm g mg µg mL µL mg/ piece °C µg/min mL/min µL/min
Default value	%

Next assignment

This parameter is displayed only if a validity has been defined for the common variable.

Date on which the validity of the common variable expires.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD		
--------------------	--	--

[Validity]

Defining the time interval for the validity of the common variable (see chapter 14.3, page 146).

[Properties]

Display the properties of the common variable, see following chapter.

14.2 Properties of common variables

Common variable: **Edit** ► **Properties**

Detailed information concerning the common variable is displayed in the **Edit common variables / Properties** dialog:

Status

Status of the common variable. If the time interval for the validity has expired, then **invalid** will be displayed.

- Method
 Method with which the value has been assigned to the common variable. If the value was entered manually, then manual will be displayed.
- **Method status** (only for automatic assignment from the determination run)
- **Determination status** (only for automatic assignment from the determination run)
- Last assignment Date and time of the last assignment.
- User User who assigned the value to the common variable.

14.3 Monitoring validity

Common variable: **Edit ► Validity**

In the dialog **Edit common variables / Validity**, you can define the time interval after which a new value must be assigned to the common variable.

Last assignment

Date on which the common variable was last assigned a value.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Monitoring

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the time interval after which the common variable must be assigned a new value will be monitored.

Validity

If you define a time interval for the validity of the common variable, then the date in **Next assignment** will be tracked automatically.

Input range	1 to 999 days
Default value	999 days

Next assignment

If you specify a date for the next assignment, then the time interval for the **Validity** will be tracked automatically.

Format: YYYY:MM:DD

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel
	determination
Default value	Display message
	For all three options it is documented in the deter-
	mination data (see dialog More determination
	data / Messages), that the time interval has been
	expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

14.4 Assigning a result automatically to a common variable



NOTICE

This instruction is based on the assumption that the method contains a calculation command with a calculation.

Proceed as follows to assign a result to a common variable:

1 Opening the editing dialog of the result

- In the command list, select the command **CALC**.
- Tap on the [Edit command] button.
- Select the result whose value is to be assigned to a common variable and tap on [Edit].

The editing dialog of the result is displayed.

2 Define result options

• Tap on the [Result options] button.

Edit calculation / Result options			
R1 Blank value			
Variable for mean value	SMN1		
Save as titer	off		
Save as common variable			
Variable	CV01		
		More	
		options	

- Activate the parameter Save as common variable.
- Define Variable = CV01...CV25.



3 Saving the settings

Tap on the fixed keys [< \neg] or [$\widehat{\Box}$].

In the future, the calculated result will be assigned to the selected common variable (result name, value and unit).

15 Templates

Main dialog: System > Templates

You have the option of defining **system-specific templates**. You can use these templates when editing the respective data.

You can create the following templates:

- **Sample data** (see chapter 15.1, page 149) Create sample identifications and sample assignments.
- Custom result templates (see chapter 15.2, page 153)
 Define formulas for result calculations.
- Input lines (see chapter 15.3, page 157)
 Define input signals on the remote interface.
- Output lines (see chapter 15.4, page 159)
 Defining output signals on the remote interface.
- **Report header** (*see chapter 15.5, page 162*) Create a system-specific report header that contains information concerning the laboratory, for example.

15.1 Sample data

Main dialog: System > Templates > Sample data



You can create the following templates in the dialog **Templates / Sample data**:

Sample identifications (see chapter 15.1.1, page 150)
 List with sample identifications. If you must enter the sample identification before starting a determination, then you can select the entries contained in this list.

• Sample assignments (*see chapter 15.1.2, page 151*) You can assign a particular method to a sample identification.

Use sample identification list

on | off (Default value: off)

Activate this parameter so that the sample identifications defined in the list will be displayed as selections.

Use sample assignment table

on | off (Default value: off)

Activating/deactivating the use of the sample assignment table.



NOTICE

If this parameter is activated, the following will no longer be possible:

- Carrying out determinations without their sample identification being defined in the sample assignment table.
- Defining a method in the sample table. Previously defined methods will be ignored.

Assignment ident.

Identification which is used as assignment identification to load the correct method.

Selection	Identification 1 Identification 2
Default value	Identification 1

Request assignment identification

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the sample identification will be requested automatically at the start of a determination.

15.1.1 Sample identification list

Main dialog: System ► Templates ► Sample data ► Sample identification list

Sample data / Sample identi	fication list		
Sam	ple identificat	ions	
	butter		
	folic acid		
	honey_1107		
	honey_1108		
	sun lotion		
	New	Delete	Edit

You can create a system-specific list with sample identifications in the dialog **Sample data / Sample identification list**. This list makes it easier for you to enter frequently used sample identifications, i.e. this list is available to you for entering them (main dialog, command **REQUEST**, etc.). It may be a good idea to define the unchanging part of the identification as a template and to add the variable part during sample data input.

[New]	
	Add a new sample identification to the list.
[Delete]	
	Delete the selected sample identification from the list.
[Edit]	
	Change the designation of the selected sample identification.

15.1.2 Sample assignment table

Main dialog: System ► Templates ► Sample data ► Sample assignment table

Sample data / Sample assignment table			
Sample ident.		Method	
butter		Me2115	
folic acid		Me4155	
honey*	Me3901		
sun lotion	Me4612		
	New	Delete	Edit

	ple identification. In the processed with the co	nent table, a particular method is assigned to a sam- nis way, you ensure that your samples will be rrect method; mix-ups are not longer possible. ermination, you need only enter the sample identifi- loaded automatically.
[New]		
	Add a new sample as	signment to the list, see following chapter.
[Delete]		
[]	Delete the selected sa	mple assignment
[[]]]		
[Edit]	Edit the selected samp	ble assignment, see following chapter.
	Editing the sample	e assignment
	Lutting the sample	
Identification		
	Identification of the sa	ample.
	NOTICE	
	ter string. Doing so a	s a wildcard at the beginning or end of the charac- allows you to prefix or suffix a sequential number, dentification, which will be ignored when methods
	Entry	24 characters maximum
	Selection	Selection of defined identifications in the
		sample identification list
Memory		
	•	method is loaded from. All memory locations are y are currently not accessible.
	Selection	Internal memory External memory 1 Exter-
		nal memory 2 Shared memory
	Default value	Internal memory
	Shared memory Shared directory in	the network.
Method		

Method that is loaded when a sample with the above-specified identification is processed. You can also enter a method that does not yet exist in the selected memory. When a determination is started there is a check whether the method is available.

Entry	32 characters maximum
Selection	Selection of methods stored in the selected
	memory

15.2 Custom result templates

Main dialog: System ► Templates ► Custom result templates

Templates / Custom result templates			
Custom templates for resu	t calculations		
Titer			
water content (%	6)		
water content (pp	water content (ppm)		
New	Delete	Edit	

In the dialog **Templates / Custom result templates**, you can define the result calculations which can be loaded in the calculation command **CALC**. With the exception of the following points, creating a result template is identical to editing a calculation in the command CALC *(see chapter 29.4.1.2, page 301)*:

- No result variable can be assigned to the template.
- The definition of limit values is not possible.



NOTICE

Up to nine **wildcards** can be inserted in the calculation formula, the **Variables F1...F9**. Use these variables, e.g. for the molar mass of your analyte. If you have loaded a result template with these wildcards in the calculation command, then you will automatically be prompted to enter the numerical values.

[New]

Add a new result template to the list, see following chapter.

[Delete]

Delete the selected result template from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected result template, see following chapter.

15.2.1 Editing result templates

List of result templates: **Result template** > **New / Edit**

Result name

The result name is the text which will be shown in the results display and in the report.

Entry	max. 24 characters
Default value	R

Calculation formula

Shows the calculation formula. A special editor is opened for the definition (*see chapter 29.4.3, page 307*).

Entry	max. 100 characters
Default value	empty

Decimal places

Number of decimal places used to display the result.

Input range	0 to 5
Default value	2

Result unit

[Note]

[Note for wizard]

[Result options]

The result unit is displayed and saved together with the result.

Entry	max. 10 characters
Selection	% mol/L mmol/L g/L mg/L mg/mL
	mg/100 g ppm g mg μg mL μL mg/
	piece °C µg/min mL/min µL/min
Default value	%

Entering a note on the calculation.

Enter a note on the calculation. This note is displayed when loading the result template.

Defining additional settings for the calculation.

"Edit result template / Result options" dialog

In the dialog **Edit result template / Result options**, settings for how to process the calculated result are defined.

Variable for mean value

If the statistic calculations have been activated (see method options), the mean value of the single results will be saved as variable SMN1 to SMN9. As default value, always the first free variable is being displayed.

Selection	SMN1 SMN9 off	

off

For the result not statistic calculations are carried out.

Save as titer

The result can be saved as titer for the selected titrant.



NOTICE

The titer is assigned to the titrant defined in the last titration command before the calculation. Please note that the CALC command containing the titer assignment is inserted after the titration command with which the titer is determined.

Selection	Single value Mean value off
Default value	off

Single value

The result of the current determination is saved as titer.

Mean value

If statistic calculations are carried out for the result, the current mean value of the determination series is saved.

off

The result is not saved as titer.

Save as common variable

on | off (Default value: off)

The calculated result can be saved as a method-independent variable, a so-called common variable. The result is then also available in other methods for calculations. In all cases, only the single value will be saved, even if the statistics function is enabled.

Variable

Selection of the common variable to which the result is being assigned.

Selection CV01 ... CV25

Display result

on | off (Default value: on)

If you deactivate this parameter, the result is neither displayed in the result dialog nor printed in the result report. This can be advisable for intermediate results.

Save result in result table

on | off (Default value: off)

The calculated result can be saved in the result table. This may be advisable if e.g. the results of all determinations carried out on a particular day are to be displayed clearly. A maximum of nine results from a determination can be saved in the result table.

Precision

Setting, with which accuracy the result is used in additional calculations.

Selection	Round Truncate Full precision
Default value	Round

Round

The result is rounded to the defined number of decimal places (commercial rounding, in accordance with the US Pharmacopeia USP). If the digit at the first dropped decimal place is **1**, **2**, **3** or **4**, then it will be rounded off; if this digit is **5**, **6**, **7**, **8** or **9**, then it will be rounded up. Negative digits will be rounded in accordance with their amount, i.e. away from zero.

Truncate

The result is cut to the number of decimal places defined.

Full precision

The result is used with full accuracy (floating point number either in "single precision" (32 bit) or in "double precision" (64 bit), according to the standard IEEE 754).

15.3 Input lines

Signal name		Input signal	
Cond OK		*****1*	
End1		****1***	
End2	*1*****		
EndMeter		***11***	
Ready*	**1****1		
Ready1		******1	
Ready2	**1****		
Sample ready		***1****	

Main dialog: System ► Templates ► Input lines

In the dialog **Templates / Input lines**, you can define the input signals at the remote interface as a template. You can select these templates in the command **SCAN**. The list can contain a maximum of 20 templates.

Table 7	List c	of predefined	input signals
		· j [· · · · j] · · ·	1 · · · · J · · ·

Signal name	Input signal	Function
Cond OK	*****1*	queries "Cond OK" condition of device.
End1	****1***	waits for the EOD pulse from Device 1 (Titrino, Titrando).
End2	*1****	waits for the EOD pulse from Device 2.
EndMeter	***11***	waits for the EOD pulse from 780/781 pH/Ion meter (stirrer 1 will be switched on during the waiting period).
Ready*	**1****1	queries the "Ready" condition of Devices 1 and 2 (Titrino, Titrando).
		The status of devices working in parallel can be scanned with this signal. In this case the "Ready" line of both devices must be statically set (i.e. con- stantly) at the end of a determination. Devices which only transmit a brief impulse cannot be controlled in parallel.
Ready1	*****1	queries the "Ready" condition of Device 1.
Ready2	**1****	queries the "Ready" condition of Device 2.

Signal name	Input signal	Function	
Sample ready	***1****	waits for a stepping pulse, of, for instance, a connected Sample Processor, as soon as it is ready.	
[New]			
	Add a new input sigr	nal to the list, see following chapter.	
[Delete]			
	Delete the selected in	nput signal from the list.	
[Edit]	Edit the data of the s	elected input signal, see following chapter.	
15.3.1 Editing	the input signal		
	List of input signals: I	Input signal ► New / Edit	
Signal name			
	Designation of the template.		
	Entry 24 characters maximum		
Input signal			
	Entering the desired	bit pattern:	
	Entering the bit patte	ern:	
	• 0 = line inactive		
	 1 = line active * = retain line stat 	us	
	The input lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal ******1 line 0 is expected to be active.		
		<u> </u>	
		asking lines that are of no interest or for which no an be predicted with an asterisk (*).	
	Entry	Bit pattern of exactly 8 characters	

15.4 Output lines

Signal name		Output signal	4
Continue		**************************************	
Init	0000000000000		
Meter Cal C	********1001*		
Meter Cal pH	********0101*		
Meter enter	*******1111*		
Meter Mode C	********1000*		
Meter Mode I	*******0100*		
Meter Mode pH		*********0001*	7

Main dialog: System

Templates

Output lines

In the dialog **Templates / Output lines**, you can define the output signals at the remote interface as a template. You can select these templates in the command **CTRL**. The list can contain a maximum of 20 templates.

T-1-1- 0	1:-+ - f		
Table 8	I IST OT	nreaetinea	output signals
TUDIC U	LIJUOJ	predejined	output signais

Signal name	Output signal	Function
Continue	***********************	sends a stepping pulse to the connected Sample Processor.
Init	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	initializes the remote interface.
Meter Cal C	*******1001*	switches the 781 pH/lon meter to concentration calibration.
Meter Cal pH	********0101*	switches the 780/781 pH/Ion meter to pH calibra- tion and starts the calibration.
Meter enter	*******1111*	simulates the [Enter] key of the 780/781 pH/lon meter; mandatory for pH calibration in order to start the measurement of the second buffer.
Meter Mode C	*******1000*	switches the 781 pH/lon meter to concentration measurement.
Meter Mode I	********0100*	switches the 780/781 pH/Ion meter to voltametric measurement with polarization current and starts the measurement.
Meter Mode pH	********0001*	switches the 780/781 pH/Ion meter to pH measurement and starts the measurement.

Cignal name	Quitaut signal	Function	
Signal name	Output signal	Function	
Meter Mode T	********0010*	switches the 780/781 pH/lon meter to tempera- ture measurement and starts the measurement.	
Meter Mode U	********0011*	switches the 780/781 pH/lon meter to voltage measurement and starts the measurement.	
Start device*	********p****p	starts Devices 1 and 2 (e.g. Titrino, Titrando, etc.) *).	
		The signal is transmitted as a short pulse of 200 ms.	
Start device1	**************************************	starts Device 1 (e.g. Titrino, Titrando, etc.) *).	
		The signal is transmitted as a short pulse of 200 ms.	
Start device2	**************	starts Device 2 (e.g. Titrino, Titrando, etc.) *).	
		The signal is transmitted as a short pulse of 200 ms.	
Start Dos*	*****p*p*****	starts Dosimat at Devices 1 and 2 (Titrino via "acti- vate").	
		The signal is transmitted as a short pulse of 200 ms.	
Start Dos1	***********	starts Dosimat at Device 1 (Titrino via "activate").	
		The signal is transmitted as a short pulse of 200 ms.	
Start Dos2	*****p******	starts Dosimat at Device 2 (Titrino via "activate").	
		The signal is transmitted as a short pulse of 200 ms.	

*) In the case of the 780/781 pH/Ion meter, a result report is triggered.

[New] Add a new output signal to the list, see following chapter.
[Delete] Delete the selected output signal from the list.
[Edit] Edit the data of the selected output signal, see following chapter.

15.4.1 Editing the output signal

List of input signals: **Output signal** > **New / Edit**

Signal name

Designation of the template.

Entry 24 characters maximum

Output signal

Entering the desired bit pattern:

Entering the bit pattern:

- 0 = line inactive
- 1 = line active
- * = retain line status
- p = set pulse

The output lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal *************************** line 0 is set.



NOTICE

We recommend masking lines that are of no interest or for which no defined condition can be predicted with an asterisk (*).

Entry	Bit pattern of exactly 14 characters
Default value	*****

Pulse length

Duration of the sent pulses.

Input range	100 to 1000 ms	
Default value	200 ms	

15.5 Report header

Main dialog: System Templates Report header

In the dialog **Templates / Report header**, you can create a system-specific report header that contains information concerning the laboratory, for example. The report header can contain a maximum of four lines of 46 characters each and will always be printed out in front of the standard report header. The standard report header contains the instrument type, serial number and program version of the software, instrument name and printing date.

Print logo

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the logo defined below will be printed out in the right margin.

Logo

Selection	Metrohm logo Custom logo
Default value	Metrohm logo

Custom logo

Select this setting if your logo is to be printed out in the report header. How to create a logo is described below.

Applying the custom logo

You can create a graphics file of your own and use it as a logo in the report header in place of the Metrohm logo.



NOTICE

Observe the size of the graphics object. The maximum size of your graphics file is 64 kB. We recommend a maximum of 500×200 pixels.

Proceed as follows to create your own logo:

1 Creating the logo

- Create a graphics file with the desired logo in an image processing program.
- Save the graph as a JPG file under the file name "CustomImage.jpg".

2 Copying the file to an external storage medium

- Copy the file "CustomImage.jpg" to the directory "915". If this structure is not maintained, the file will not be found because the software directly accesses the "915" directory.
- Plug in the external storage medium at the Ti-Touch.

3 Loading the graphics file

In the Templates / Report header dialog, tap on the [Load] button.

The file is copied to the internal memory.

• Switch the instrument off and back on again.

4 Applying the custom logo

- In the **Templates / Report header** dialog, activate the **Print logo** option.
- Define Logo = Custom logo.

Your logo will now be printed in the report header of all reports in the future.

16 Methods

16.1 Creating a new method

Proceed as follows to create a new method:

1 Opening the method table

- In the main dialog, tap on **[Load method]**.
- Tap on [New method].

The method table with the stored templates opens:

Load method / New method			
Metrohm method templates			
Karl Fischer Titra	tion		
Meas T			
	Empty method	Load template	

2 Loading the method

• Tap on [Empty method].

or

• Select the desired template and tap on [Load template].

The method is now loaded. **New method** is displayed in the main dialog in the title line.

If a new method has been created, then the individual parameters can be modified with **[Edit parameters]**.
16.2 Saving a method

If you modify method parameters, then you can save these as your own method.

To save a method, proceed as follows:

1 Open the command sequence

• In the main dialog, tap on [Edit parameters].

The command sequence of the method is displayed:

Par	Parameters / Sequence						
Cur	Current method: New method						
01	01 WAIT Wait						
02	REQU	JEST		Data request			
03	KFT Ipol		Karl Fischer titration Ipol				
04	4 CALC		Calculation				
05	5 REPORT		Report				
06	6						
	Save Methor method option			Insert command	Delete command	Edit command	

2 Modifying/applying the method name

• Tap on [Save method].

A method name will be suggested for new methods. If the method has already been saved once, then the method name will be displayed.

Sequence / Save metho		
Memory	Internal memory	
Group	Main group	
File name	Me2115	
Cancel		Save

Applying the name:

• Tap on [Save].

The method will be saved and the command sequence is displayed.

Entering a new name:

- Tap on the input field **File name**. The text editor opens.
- Enter a new file name (max. 32 characters) and confirm with [OK].
- Tap on [Save].

The method will be saved and the command sequence is displayed.

16.3 Loading a method

Proceed as follows to load a method:

1 Opening the method table

- In the main dialog, tap on [Load method].
 The selection of memory locations is displayed. This selection will be skipped if only the internal memory is accessible.
- Select the memory location where the desired method is saved. The selection of file groups is displayed (see chapter 12.1, page 123). If only one group is available, then the method table will be displayed directly.
- Select the group with the desired method.
- Tap on [Show files].

The method table with the stored methods opens:

Internal memory / Show files		
Main group		
Me2115		
Me3901		
Me4155		
Me4612		
	Delete	Load

2 Selecting the method

• Select the desired method.

3 Loading the method

• Tap on **[Load]**.

The method is now loaded. The method name is displayed in the main dialog in the title line.



NOTICE

The data of the current determination will be deleted when you load a method.

16.4 Editing a method

Main dialog: Edit parameters

Par	Parameters / Sequence							
Cur	Current method: New method							
01	01 WAIT Wait							
02	REQUEST	Data request						
03	KFT Ipol	Karl Fischer titration Ipol						
04	CALC	Calculation						
05	REPORT	Report						
06								
	Save Method Insert Delete Edit method options command command							

In the dialog **Parameters / Sequence**, you can define and edit the method commands which are executed successively during a determination.

The following data is displayed in the command list for each command:

- Line number
- Name
- Comment You can adjust the comment in accordance with your requirements.

[Save method]

Save the current method (see chapter 16.2, page 165).

[Method options]

Define various settings which refer to the entire method, e.g. statistics, automatic saving of determinations, settings for sample data, etc. (see chapter 16.5, page 169).

[Insert command]

Insert a new method command. It is inserted before the selected command.



NOTICE

Not all commands are available for subsequences. Commands which cannot be inserted into subsequences are disabled.

[Delete command]

Delete the selected method command.

[Edit command]

Edit the selected method command.

16.4.1 Inserting a command

A method is comprised of individual commands. When you start a determination, the commands are executed one after the other.

The following constraints apply:

- Maximum of 99 commands
- Maximum of nine commands for titrations and measurements

Inserting a command

To insert a command in a method, proceed as follows:

1 Open the command overview

- In the main dialog, tap on [Edit parameters].
- Tap on the **[Insert command]** button.

Sequence / Insert command					
Current method: New method					
Tituation					
Titration					
Measurement	Dosing				
Evaluation	Communication				
Calculation	Automation				
Report	Miscellaneous				

This dialog contains all of the commands which can be inserted into a method run, organized into thematic groups.

2 Select a command group

• Tap on the desired command group.

In the case of **[Report]**, the command is inserted directly into the command list. For all other command groups, the available commands will be displayed (titration / measuring commands, etc.).

3 Inserting a command

Tap on the desired command.

The dialog is closed and the command is displayed in the command list.

16.5 Method options

Main dialog: Edit parameters Method options

Sequence / Method options							
Current method: Me4155							
	Statistics Number of determinations						
Save automat.	Properties	Note	Start/Stop options	Sample data			

Method options are settings which apply to the method as a whole and not to an individual command.

The following settings are available:

- Activate/deactivate statistics calculations
- Save determination automatically
- Sign a method electronically
- Check the method when the determination starts
- Define a fixed sample size
- etc.

Statistics

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then statistics calculations will be carried out for all of the defined results. The prerequisite here, however, is that a variable for the mean value is defined in the result options (*see "Dialog "Edit calculation / Result options"", page 303*).

Number of determinations

The number of determinations that are carried out for the statistics calculations.

If an additional determination has to be added to the determination series, because one determination has been incorrect, for example, then this can be accomplished in the statistical overview (*see chapter 25, page 228*).

Input range	2 to 20	
Default value	3	

[Save automat.]

Define the settings for automatically saving the determination (see chapter 16.5.6, page 179).

[Properties]

Display the properties of the current method and sign electronically (see chapter 16.5.4, page 177).

[Note]

Enter a note on the method (see chapter 16.5.5, page 179).

[Start/Stop options]

Edit functions which are carried out immediately after the method is started or stopped, *see chapter Start options, page170* and *chapter Stop options, page 172*.

[Sample data]

Specify method-specific settings for the sample data, e.g. designation of the sample identifications, limits for the sample size (*see chapter 16.5.3, page 173*).

16.5.1 Start options

Main dialog: Edit parameters ► Method options ► Start/Stop options ► Start options

In the dialog **Method options / Start options**, you can configure the functions which are carried out when a determination is started.

Method check at start

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then the following tests are carried out at the method start.

- Are the required control and peripheral devices connected?
- Are the titrant and the sensor on hand?
- Have the monitoring intervals expired?
- etc.



NOTICE

We recommend that the method check only be deactivated if the titration must begin immediately after the start of the determination (e.g. with very rapid reactions such as enzyme-catalyzed reactions). If the method check is deactivated, it could happen that the determination run will be interrupted, e.g. because devices, titrants or sensors are not on hand.

The following settings can be implemented for a connected Sample Processor:

Rack reset

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the sample rack is initialized at the time of the method start. The following actions are carried out:

- The lift is moved upwards.
- The sample rack is rotated to the starting position.
- The rack code of the rack attached is being read out and the corresponding rack data is transferred to the Sample Processor.
- The sample variable is reset to the value 1.

Check rack

Definition of the sample rack which must be attached at the time of the method start. This ensures that the method will be carried out only with this sample rack.



NOTICE

The sample rack can, however, only be checked if the **Rack reset** option is activated.

For methods for the 885 Compact Oven SC, this parameter must be set to **no** as it has a fixed rack.

Selection	no Selection of the configured sample racks
Default value	no

Increase sample variable automatically

on | off (Default value: on)

The sample variable describes the current position of the sample on the rack of the Sample Processor. If this option is activated, then the sample variable is automatically increased by 1 at the end of each determination.

This option must be deactivated if the sample variable is to be altered specifically with a **SAMPLE** command.

Request rack position at start

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the rack position of the first sample to be processed is requested.

16.5.2 Stop options

Main dialog: Edit parameters ► Method options ► Start/Stop options ► Stop options

In the dialog **Method options / Stop options**, you can define the actions which are carried out when a method is canceled.

The method can be canceled as follows:

- Manual stop with the fixed key []
- Stop because of an error
- Stop by remote signal via the Control Remote Box

Switch off pumps

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then all of the connected pumps will be switched off.

Switch off stirrers

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then all of the connected stirrers will be switched off.

Set remote lines

Selection of the signal out of the templates or entering the required bit pattern. Templates are defined under **System ► Templates ► Output lines**.



NOTICE

A line set active is not being reset automatically, not even at the end of the determination.

Entering the bit pattern:

- 0 = line inactive
- 1 = line active
- * = retain line status
- p = set pulse

The output lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal **********1** line 0 is set. With a pulse, the length is set to 200 ms. If you wish to set pulses with other lengths, you have to define a corresponding template.

Entry	Bit pattern containing exactly 14 characters		
	or a max. of 24 characters for the name of		
	the template		
Default value	******		
Selection	Selection of the templates defined		

16.5.3 Sample data

Main dialog: Edit parameters > Method options > Sample data

You can define the following method-specific settings in the dialog **Method options / Sample data**:

- Modify the designation for the sample identifications
- Define a fixed sample size
- Define limits for the sample size
 If you define limits, these will be monitored at the start and at the end
 of the determination.

Below you will find an example demonstrating the effects on the main dialog of the settings in this dialog (*see "Modifying sample data", page 175*).

Identification 1, Identification 2

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, then the input field for the sample identification in the main dialog will be displayed.

Designation

A designation of your own choosing can be defined for the input field for each method.

Entry	16 characters maximum

Fixed sample size

on | off (Default value: off)

Activate this parameter if the same sample amount is always to be used for all determinations. If this is case, then you can define the sample size here. It will be displayed in the main dialog, but it can no longer be changed there.

Sample size

This parameter can only be edited when **Fixed sample size** is activated.

Input range	-9999999999 to 9999999999
Default value	1.0
Unit of sample size.	
Selection	g mg µg mL µL pieces
Default value	g

i

NOTICE

You can also use the parameter **Fixed sample size** if you would like to establish a default for the sample size.

Example: For a particular determination, you require 10 mL of sample. Now and again, however, you have too little sample available and you must perform the determination with 5 mL, for instance. In this case, proceed as follows:

- 1. Activate the parameter **Fixed sample size**.
- 2. Define the value and unit for the sample size, in the above example, for instance, **[10 mL]**.
- 3. Deactivate the parameter **Fixed sample size** again.
- 4. Save method.

 \Rightarrow Each time you load this method, 10 mL is entered as the sample size, but in the example mentioned you can enter the lesser quantity of 5 mL.

[Sample size limits]

This button is accessible only if **Fixed sample size** is deactivated.

Define the limit values for the sample size (see "Defining limit values for the sample size", page 176).

Modifying sample data

This instruction is for the purpose of clarifying the settings which are possible in this dialog. The following settings should be made:

- Change the designation for the input field of the first sample identification.
- Hide the input field for the second sample identification.
- Define a fixed sample size.

Proceed as follows:

1 Change the designation for the input field

- Tap on the input field **Identification 1**. The text editor opens.
- Change the designation in **Batch** and confirm with **[OK]**.
- Deactivate the parameter **Identification 2**.

2 Define a fixed sample size

• Activate the parameter **Fixed sample size**.

• Enter the value **10 mL** as **Sample size**.

3 Displaying the main dialog

Tap on the fixed key [$\widehat{\mathbf{m}}$].

The data is saved and the adjusted main dialog appears.

New method		09:08:1	3	
	User		jb	
Batch				
Sample size		10	mL	
		Que la M		
System	Load method	Control/ Logout	Edit parameters	Results

Only Identification 1 is shown with the title "Batch." The fixed sample size "10 mL" is shown, but cannot be edited.

Defining limit values for the sample size

In the dialog **Sample data / Sample size limits**, you can define the limit values for the sample size. These values are not monitored during sample data input, but rather:

- when the determination is started.
- when the determination is finished.
- upon automatic sample data query via the command **REQUEST**.
- when the determination is being recalculated.

An entry is made in the message list automatically when these limits are infringed (*see chapter 24.2, page 215*).

Monitoring sample size limits

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the sample size will be monitored.

Lower limit

Input range	-999999999 to 999999999
Default value	0

Upper limit

Input range	-9999999999 to 9999999999
Default value	9999999999

Display message

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, a message is displayed in case the limits are infringed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

If this parameter is deactivated, then the message will be entered only in the message list of the determination.

Timeout

The message is displayed during this time. Afterwards, the determination is continued automatically.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	30 s
Selection	off

off

The determination will not be continued until after the message has been confirmed.

16.5.4 Method properties

Main dialog: Edit parameters > Method options > Properties

Detailed information concerning the method is displayed in the **Method options / Properties** dialog and the methods can be signed electronically here:

Method status

Current status of the method.

– new

The method has been newly created and not yet saved.

saved

The current method has been saved.

modified

The current method has been modified.

reviewed

The current method has been signed at level 1.

released

The current method has been signed at level 2.

Created by

User who created the method.

Created on

Date and time at which the method was created.

- Last saved by User who saved the method most recently.
- Last saved on

Date and time at which the method was most recently saved. The version of the method is displayed as well. The version number will be increased by one each time the file is saved.

The following data is displayed only if the option **Saving modified method** under **Login options / Modification options** is activated:

Modified by

User who modified and saved the method most recently.

- Modified on Date and time at which the method was most recently modified and saved.
- Reason

Reason for the modification of the method.

Comment

Comment for the modification of the method.

The following information is only shown if the method has been signed at level 1:

Reviewed by

User who signed the method at level 1.

Reviewed on

Date and time at which the method has been signed at level 1.

Reason

Reason for the signing of the method.

Comment

Comment for the signing of the method.

The following information is only shown if the method has been signed at level 2:

Released by

User who signed the method at level 2.

Released on

Date and time at which the method has been signed at level 2.

Reason

Reason for the signing of the method.

Comment

Comment for the signing of the method.

[Delete signature]

Delete all of the signatures for the method or the determination. This button is inactive if level 2 has not yet been signed *(see chapter 17.2, page 182)*.

[Sign]

Sign the method or determination. This button is active only when working with activated login function and password (*see chapter 17.1, page 181*).

16.5.5 Note

Main dialog: Edit parameters ► Method options ► Note

In this dialog, you can enter a short text, e.g. important information about carrying out the determination.

[Display options]

Definition when the note is being displayed.

Automatically after loading the method

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, the note is displayed when loading the method. It can otherwise only be read in this dialog.

16.5.6 Saving a determination automatically

Main dialog: Edit parameters ► Method options ► Save automat.

In the dialog **Method options / Save automatically**, you can specify whether the determination is to be saved automatically and/or whether a PC/LIMS report is to be created.

Save determination automatically

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then the determination will be saved automatically.

Memory

Memory location where the determination will be saved.

Selection	External memory 1 External memory 2 Shared memory
Default value	External memory 1

Shared memory

The determination will be saved in a shared directory on the network. The shared directory is selected in the **Edit device / Shared memory** dialog (*see chapter 11.3.3, page 84*).

Group

Directory where the determination will be saved.

Entry

32 characters maximum

Selection	Selection of available directories empty
Default value	empty

File name

File name of the determination. The file name is always extended to include the date and the time of day (YYYYMMDD-hhmmss) in order to ensure that the file names are unique for all determinations.

Entry	max. 16 characters
Selection	Identification 1 Identification 2 Method
Default value	Identification 1

Identification 1

The first 16 characters of the text which was entered in the main dialog for Identification 1 + YYYYMMDD-hhmmss.

Identification 2

The first 16 characters of the text which was entered in the main dialog for Identification 2 + YYYYMMDD-hhmmss.

Method

The first 16 characters of the text, of the method name + YYYYMMDD-hhmmss.

Write protection

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then the file cannot be saved, deleted, or renamed. This is only an internal write protection feature and is independent of the write protection of the operating system on your computer. This write protection feature protects the saved determination data against accidental modifications or modifications by unauthorized persons.

Create PC/LIMS report

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, then a machine-readable report with all of the important data for the determination is created, a so-called PC/LIMS report.

The settings are implemented in the device manager (see chapter 11.3.2, page 83).

When you save the PC/LIMS report as a file, the file name will be generated automatically as follows: **PC_LIMS_Report-**first 16 characters of the value of the parameter **File name-Date-Time.txt**. If the value of the parameter **File name** contains one or more of the following characters, then these will be automatically converted in the file name into the character "_": / \: * ? " <> |.

17 Electronic signatures

17.1 Signing methods/determinations electronically

Methods: Main dialog ► Edit parameters ► Method options ► Properties ► Sign

Determinations: **Results dialog** ► **More data** ► **Properties** ► **Sign**

You can sign methods or determinations in the dialog **Electronic signature**. The following information is saved along with each electronic signature:

- User (complete name)
- Date and time
- Reason
- Comment

Methods can only be signed if they have the status **saved**. The status of a method can be found in the dialog **Method options / Properties**.

Signature

Selection of the level at which the determination should be signed.

Selection	Review (signature level 1) Release (signature level 2)
	A maximum of three signatures from up to three different users can given at each level. However, it is not possible for a user to sign at both level 1 and level 2.

Review (signature level 1)

If the method has never been signed before, then only level 1 can be selected.

Release (signature level 2)

If the method has been signed three times at level 1 or already once at level 2 then only level 2 can be selected.

User

Identification of the user who signs.

Password

Password of the user.

Reason

		Selection of the reasons for the signature. The list with reasons is compiled in the user administration (<i>see chapter 7.3.6, page 47</i>).	
	Selection	Selection of configured reasons	
Comment			
	Entry	24 characters maximum	

[Change password]

Change the current password.

[Sign]

Sign the method or determination with the data entered above.

17.2 Deleting electronic signatures

	If a released method must be revised, e.g. in order to adapt to altered conditions, then the signatures must be deleted. The method can other- wise not be modified. In the case of released determinations, the signa- tures can also be deleted. Signatures, however, cannot be deleted until after the method/determination has been signed at Level 2.
	Signatures are deleted automatically in the following cases:
	A method signed at Level 1 is being altered.A determination signed at Level 1 is being recalculated.
User	Identification of the user who deletes the signatures.
Password	
	Password of the user.
Reason	
	Selection of the reasons for the deletion of the signature. The list with reasons is compiled in the user administration (<i>see chapter 7.3.6, page 47</i>).
	Selection Selection of configured reasons
Comment	
	Entry 24 characters maximum
[Delete signature]	
	Delete all the signatures for the method or the determination. The method is assigned the status saved .

18 Control

Main dialog: Control

Control		
	Statistics	
	Sample table	
	Autostart	
	Number of autostarts Table	
	Sample number 0	
Logout	Favorites Delete Reset autostart	Delete statistics

In the dialog **Control**, the settings for the execution of a single determination or of one sample series are defined.

If you work with the login function activated, you can log off the system in this dialog. The login dialog will then be shown immediately.

Statistics

on | off (Default value: off)

With this option, you can enable or disable the statistics calculations for individual determinations (*see "Statistics", page 185*).



NOTICE

The parameter **Statistics** in the method options will not be changed as a result. This setting here will be adjusted automatically to match the one in the method options.

Sample table

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, the sample data for a sample series can be entered in a table (*see chapter 21, page 194*).

Autostart

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, a new determination is started automatically at the end of a determination. This continues until the number specified has been reached (siehe **Number of autostarts**).



NOTICE

If you deactivate this option while a determination is running, then that determination will be ended, although the next one will however also not be started. This can be used to cancel a sample series.

Number of autostarts

Number of automatic starts.

Input range	1 to 9999	
Selection	Table	
Default value	Table	

Table

The number of automatic starts corresponds to the number of samples in the sample table.

Sample number

The sample number is primarily used for documentation. Each time a determination is started, it is increased by one. The sample number can, however, also be entered manually. Each time the Ti-Touch is switched on, the value is reset to zero.

Input range	0 to 9999
Default value	0

[Logout]

User logout (visible only when work is done with activated login function).

[Favorites]

Save methods/sample tables as a favorite (*see chapter 19, page 187*). Depending on whether you are working with or without login function, user-specific or common favorites can be created. On the main dialog, a button is created for each favorite. This way, a method or a sample table can be started with one single mouse click.

Delete the sample table completely.

[Reset autostart]

[Delete table]

Reset the value of the autostart counter to zero.

[Delete statistics]

Delete all statistics data.

The statistics data should be deleted manually if a sample series has been canceled and a new sample series is to be started.

The statistics data is deleted automatically in following cases:

- when all of the determinations of the determination series have been carried out and a new determination has been started afterwards.
- when a new method is loaded.
- when a determination is loaded (the method with which the determination was carried out is loaded simultaneously with the determination).

Statistics

In the dialog **Control**, you can deactivate the statistics calculations for individual determinations. This option is required primarily in order to insert the processing of an "**urgent sample**" during the processing of a sample series when the urgent sample is not to be included in the statistics calculations.

Interrupting a determination series for an "urgent sample"

If the same method is required for the "urgent sample" as is being used for the sample series, then you need only deactivate the option **Statistics** and then reactivate it after the determination is completed. Proceed as follows if you need to process the "urgent sample" with a different method:

1 Deactivate statistics calculation

• Deactivate the option **Statistics**.

2 Saving the determination

• Save the current determination of the sample series (*see chapter 24.6, page 224*).

3 Carrying out the determination

- Load the method for the "urgent sample".
- Carry out the determination.

4 Load the last determination of the sample series

• Reload the previously saved last determination.

The determination, the method used for it and the current statistical data are loaded. The option **Statistics** is activated again and the

value of the statistics counter corresponds to that in effect before the interruption.

5 Continuing the sample series

• Carry out the remaining determinations in the sample series.

19 Favorites

Main dialog: **Control ► Favorites**

Main dialog: System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Edit ► Favorites

This chapter describes how you can create favorites. Favorites are comparable to the favorites/bookmarks in your Internet browser. In the main dialog, a button is created for each favorite. By pressing a single key, you can trigger an action without having to navigate through different dialogs.

Me4155			11:28:49	
	User			
PREP				Me4155
EMPTY				Me3901
				Sample table
System	Load method	Control	Edit parameters	Results

The following objects can be saved as favorites:

- Methods
- Sample tables

User-specific or common favorites can be created, depending on whether you are working with or without the login function.

Operation with login function:

If you are working with the login function activated, **user-specific favorites** can be created. These can only be used by a certain user. User-specific favorites are created as follows:

- in the user administration by a user with administrator rights
 (System ► System settings ► User admin. ► Edit).
- in the dialog **Control** for the user who is logged in.
- Operation without login function: If you are working without the login function, common favorites can be created. These favorites are available for all users. Common favorites are created in the Control dialog.

[New]

[Delete]

[Edit]

19.1 Creating favorites

Control / Favorites				
Name		Pos	ition	
PREP		1		
EMPTY	EMPTY		6	
Me4155		5		
Me3901		10		
	New	Delete	Edit	

The list of favorites gives the designation and position of the button on the main dialog of each favorite configured.

Add a new favorite to the list, see following chapter.

Delete the selected favorite from the list.

Edit the properties of the selected favorite, see following chapter.

19.1.1 Editing favorites

Favorites / Edit		
Position	5	
Name	Me4155	
Туре	Method	
Memory	Internal memory	
Method / Sample table	Me4155	
		More options

	g, a button is created for each favorite. These buttons ee rows at fixed positions. The position 1 can be found
lnput range Default value	1 to 14 1
The designation of	f the favorite is used for unambiguous identification.
Entry	24 characters maximum
Definition as to wh plete sample table	nether the favorite represents a single method or a com-
Selection Default value	Method Sample table Method
•	the method or the sample table is loaded from. Only the memory locations are selectable.
Selection Default value	Internal memory External memory 1 Exter- nal memory 2 Shared memory Internal memory
shared director	-
ble	
Method or sample	table of the favorite.
Selection	Selection of stored methods/sample tables
Parameterize the a	autostart function, see following chapter.
More options The autostart func	tion is parameterized under [More options] .
	are ordered in threadop left. Input range Default value The designation of Entry Definition as to whe plete sample table Selection Default value Memory location to currently accessible Selection Default value Shared memory The favorite with shared directory log (see chapter Selection Parameterize the action More options

Autostart

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, a new determination is started automatically at the end of a determination. This continues until the number specified has been reached (siehe **Number of autostarts**).

Number of autostarts

This option can only be edited when **Autostart** is activated.

Number of automatic starts.

Input range	1 to 9999	
Default value	1	
Selection	Table	

Table

The number of automatic starts corresponds to the number of samples in the sample table.

20 Sample data

You can enter the sample data (identification, sample size, etc.) in a variety of ways:

- Directly in the main dialog.
- Using the sample table. This is particularly useful with sample series. The sample table is a table in which the sample data for up to 999 samples can be entered (*see chapter 21, page 194*).
- Automatic request immediately after the start of the determination (see chapter 20.2, page 192).

You can also send the sample size and the unit from a connected balance in any case. With some balances, the sample identification and method can be also sent (*see chapter 32.4, page 357*).

20.1 Entering sample data in the main dialog

For a sample, you can enter the sample data directly in the main dialog, even while the determination is running (*see chapter 23, page 205*).

New method	13:49:0	18	
User			
Identification 1			
Identification 2			
Sample size	1.0	g	
System Load method	Control	Edit parameters	Results

Identification 1

Sample identification. The sample identification can be used in calculations as the variable **Cl1**. If you have defined a sample identification list *(see chapter 15.1.1, page 150)* then the entries can be selected here.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Identification 2

Sample identification. The sample identification can be used in calculations as the variable **CI2**. If you have defined a sample identification list *(see chapter 15.1.1, page 150)* then the entries can be selected here.

Entry	24 characters maximum
Default value	empty

Sample size

Sample size. The value of the sample size can be used in calculations as the variable **C00**.

Input range	-999999999 to 999999999
Default value	1.0
Unit of sample siz	ie.
Entry	6 characters maximum
Selection	g mg µg mL µL pieces
Default value	g
Unit defined in m	ethod:
The unit defined i	in the method is ignored. The unit entered in the sample
table is used.	
Deleverence	
Balance connecte	ed and configured:
Value from the co	onnected balance.

Fixed sample size defined in method:

The value will be entered in the corresponding line when the method is loaded. The existing entry will be overwritten.

20.2 Requesting sample data at the start of the determination

The sample data can be automatically requested immediately after the start of the determination in order to ensure that the sample data entry is not forgotten. This automatic inquiry is requisite for reweighing.

Me2115	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$
01 REQUEST Data request	
Identification 1	
Sample size 10 mL	
	Continue

To accomplish this, you must insert and configure the command **REQUEST** in the method (*see chapter 29.9.3, page 345*).

If the **Hold sequence** parameter is activated, then the run will be paused and must be continued with **[Continue]** after the sample data has been entered. If the **Hold sequence** parameter is deactivated, then the determination will continue in the background until the measured data is required for further processing. This dialog will be displayed until the entering of the sample data is confirmed with **[Continue]**, even if the titration/measurement is already completed. This ensures that the sample data is available for calculations.

If a fixed sample size has been defined in the method (*see chapter 16.5.3, page 173*), then it will be displayed at the time of the entry but it will not be editable.

21 Sample table

21.1 General

Main dialog: Sample table

The sample table is a table in which the sample data for up to 999 samples can be entered. If you are processing larger-sized sample series, it makes sense to enter the sample data in this table.

Activating the sample table

Proceed as follows to enable the sample table:

1 Opening the control dialog

• In the main dialog, tap on [Control].

The control dialog is displayed:

Control				
	Statistics			
	Sample ta	Sample table		
	Autostart			
	Number of autostarts Table			
	Sa	mple number	0	
Logout	Favorites	Delete table	Reset autostart	Delete statistics

2 Activating the sample table

- Activate the **Sample table** option.
- Tap on the fixed key [$\widehat{\mathbf{m}}$].

The main dialog is displayed:

New method	11:13:02		
User			
Sample table	Line 0 of 0		
	Sample table		
System Load method	Edit Control parameters Results		

The display will show the number of determinations already carried out and the total number of sample lines containing data. The sample table is still empty in this example.

The sample table contains numbered lines; each line represents one determination. In the standard settings, the first sample identification and the sample size of each sample are displayed. In the properties, you define the columns to be displayed (*see chapter 21.3, page 199*).

Sample table			
No.	Identification 1	Sample size	
1	#2370015	1.0 g	
2	#2370015	1.0 g	
3	#2370016	1.0 g	
4	#2370016	1.0 g	
5			
Load/ Save Properties Insert line Delete Edit		Delete Edit	

[Load/ Save] Load a saved sample table (see "Loading a sample table", page 197) or save the current sample table (see "Saving a sample table", page 196). [Properties] Edit the properties of the sample table (see chapter 21.3, page 199). [Insert line] Insert a new line above the line selected. [Delete]

Delete the selected line from the sample table.

[Edit]

Edit the data of the selected line (see chapter 21.2, page 197).

Saving a sample table



NOTICE

Sample tables can only be saved on external storage media or on a shared file system.

Proceed as follows to save a sample table:

1 Opening the dialog

• In the **Sample table** dialog, tap on the **[Load/ Save]** button.

The Sample table / Load/Save dialog is displayed.

If no external storage medium is plugged in or if no file system is shared, then **[Save]** is disabled.

2 Modify/apply a name

Tap on [Save].
 A name is suggested for new set

A name is suggested for new sample tables. If the sample table has already been saved, the previous name will be displayed.

Applying the name:

• Tap on [Save].

The sample table is saved.

Entering a new name:

- Tap on the input field **File name**. The text editor opens.
- Enter a new file name (max. 32 characters) and confirm with [OK].
- Tap on [Save].

The sample table is saved.

Loading a sample table

Proceed as follows to load a sample table:

- **1** Display the list of saved sample tables
 - In the Sample table dialog, tap on the [Load/ Save] button. The Sample table / Load/Save dialog is displayed.
 If no external storage medium is plugged in or if no file system is shared, then [Load] is disabled.
 - Tap on [Load].
 The selection of memory locations is displayed. This selection will be skipped if only one memory can be accessed.
 - Select the memory location where the desired sample table is stored.

The selection of file groups is displayed (*see chapter 12.1, page 123*). If only one group is available, then the list of the saved sample tables will be displayed directly.

- Select the group with the desired sample table.
- Tap on [Show files].

The list with the saved sample table is opened.

2 Select the sample table

• Select the desired sample table.

3 Loading a sample table

• Tap on [Load].

The sample table is now loaded.

21.2 Editing sample data

Sample table / Edit		
Line number	- 1 +	
Method	Me2115	
Identification 1	#2370015	
Identification 2		
Sample size	1.0 g 🔍	

At the very top you will see the line number of the selected line. In this example, the sample data of the first line is displayed. You can scroll between individual data sets with the keys [–] and [+] .				
between individual	data sets with the keys [-] and [+].			
Method				
Method used for processing the sample.				
If you use the sample assignment table (<i>see chapter 15.1.2, page 151</i>), then the method can no longer be defined here.				
Selection Default value	Selection of stored methods empty empty			
empty The currently lo	aded method is used.			
as the variable CI1	on. The sample identification can be used in calculations . If you have defined a sample identification list <i>(see ge 150)</i> then the entries can be selected here.			
Entry	24 characters maximum			
Default value	empty			
entification 2 Sample identification. The sample identification can be used in calculations as the variable CI2 . If you have defined a sample identification list (<i>see</i> <i>chapter 15.1.1, page 150</i>) then the entries can be selected here.				
Entry	24 characters maximum			
	empty			
Sample size. The va the variable C00 .	alue of the sample size can be used in calculations as			
Input range	-999999999 to 999999999			
Default value	1.0			
Unit of sample size				
Entry	6 characters maximum			
	g mg μg mL μL pieces			
	g			
Unit defined in method:				
The unit defined in table is used.	the method is ignored. The unit entered in the sample			
	example, the samp between individual Method used for p If you use the samp then the method c Selection Default value empty The currently lo Sample identification as the variable CI1 <i>chapter 15.1.1, pa</i> Entry Default value Sample identification as the variable CI2 <i>chapter 15.1.1, pa</i> Entry Default value Sample size. The variable CO0 . Input range Default value Unit of sample size Entry Selection Default value Unit defined in me The unit defined in me			

Balance connected and configured: Value from the connected balance.

Fixed sample size defined in method:

The value will be entered in the corresponding line when the method is loaded. The existing entry will be overwritten.



NOTICE

The sample size limits defined in the method are not monitored when the sample data is being entered in the sample table.

21.3 Properties

Sample table / Properties	
Sample table: New sample table	
Method memory	Internal memory
Display in table	Identification 1
Number of lines	99
Lock editing	
Disp	

Method memory

Memory location the method is loaded from. All memory locations are selectable, even if they are currently not accessible.

Selection	Internal memory External memory 1 Exter-
	nal memory 2 Shared memory
Default value	Internal memory

Shared memory

Shared directory in the network.

Display in table

Selection of the columns to be displayed in the sample table.

Selection	Method Identification 1 Identification 2
Default value	Identification 1

Number of lines	 Method Only the assigned method is displayed for each sample. Identification 1 The first sample identification and the sample size are displayed for each sample. Identification 2 The second sample identification and the sample size are displayed for each sample. 	
	Maximum number of lines which can be present in the sample table.	
	Input range 2 to 999 Default value 99	
Lock editing		
5	on off (Default value: off)	
	If this option is activated, then the sample data can no longer be altered.	
Display options		
	Configure the sample data to be displayed in the dialog Sample table / Edit (see ""Properties / Display options" dialog", page 200).	
Editing options	Specify the settings for the processing of the sample data (see ""Proper- ties / Editing options" dialog", page 200).	
Identifications	Define the designations for the input fields of Identification 1 and Identification 2 (see "Dialog "Properties / Identifications"", page 201).	
	"Properties / Display options" dialog	
	Sample table: Properties ► Display options	
	In this dialog, you can configure which of the following sample data can be edited in the sample table:	
	 Method Identification 1 Identification 2 Sample size 	
	"Properties / Editing options" dialog	
	Sample table: Properties Editing options	
	In this dialog, you can define the settings so that the input of the sample data becomes simpler and faster.	


End line with

Selection as to with which input the editing dialog for the next sample is automatically displayed.

Selection	Sample size Identification 1 Identification
	2 manual
Default value	Sample size

manual

The editing dialog for the next sample can be displayed with the **[New sample]** button in the editing dialog.

If, for example, you have to enter similar data for each sample, then you can automatically copy the data which is identical for each sample into the next line:

- Method
- Identification 1
- Identification 2
- Sample size

Dialog "Properties / Identifications"

Sample table: **Properties** > Identifications

In the dialog **Properties / Identifications**, you can alter the designations for the sample identifications in accordance with specific methods.

22 Determination run

This chapter provides a description of how to carry out a determination, i.e. how to process a single sample or a sample series. The current sample data is used for calculations.

22.1 Carrying out a single KF determination

When you carry out a determination, you can enter the sample data in various ways (*see chapter 20, page 191*). The following instructions describe how to enter the sample data in the main dialog.

To carry out a single determination, proceed as follows:

1 Loading the method

• See Chapter "Loading a method", Page 166.

2 Starting conditioning

Tap on the fixed key [\triangleright].

Conditioning starts. **Conditioning...** is displayed until the endpoint is reached. The working medium is titrated to the endpoint. This is indicated by **Conditioning OK**. The status is kept stable.

3 Starting a determination

- If Conditioning OK is displayed, tap on the [▷] fixed key.
 Conditioning is stopped. The request for adding the sample will be displayed.
- Tap on the fixed key [\triangleright].

4 Adding sample

NOTICE

Calculate the amount of the sample in such a way that a titrant consumption of 10...90% of the cylinder volume will result.

Add sample into the titration cell.
 Afterward, the request for the sample size is displayed.

5 Entering the sample size

- Tap on the input field **Sample size** in the dialog. The number editor opens.
- Enter the sample size and confirm with **[OK]**.

The KF titration is already executed in the background during the entry of the sample size.

After the confirmation of the sample size, the live curve of the titration is displayed.

Sequence of the determination

- After a determination is started, a check is made as to
 - whether all of the devices required are connected and ready for operation.
 - whether all titrants and sensors are present.
 - whether the monitoring intervals for titrants, sensors and common variables are still valid.
 - if a sample assignment table is activated (see chapter 15.1.2, page 151):

whether the entered sample identification is defined in the sample assignment table. If this is the case, then the assigned method will be loaded automatically and the actual determination will be started.

22.2 Performing a sample series

You can use the following functions with sample series:

Statistics for multiple determinations

The statistics calculations are enabled in the method options (see chapter 16.5, page 169).

Sample table

You can enter the sample data for an entire sample series in the sample table (see chapter 21, page 194).

Sequence of the sample series

- After a determination is started, a check is made as to
 - whether all of the devices required are connected and ready for operation.
 - whether all titrants and sensors are present.
 - -
 - whether the monitoring intervals for titrants, sensors and common variables are still valid.
 - —
 - if a sample assignment table is activated (see chapter 15.1.2, page 151):

whether the entered sample identification appears in the sample assignment table. If this is the case, then the assigned method will be loaded automatically and the actual determination will be started. If a different method has been entered in the sample table, then it will be ignored.

- At the end of the determination,
 - the line in the sample table is deleted.
 - the next determination is started (if you are working with the autostart function enabled (*see chapter 18, page 183*)).

22.3 Canceling determinations manually

You can cancel a determination at any time with the fixed key [\Box]. The command being carried out at that moment is canceled and only calculations and reports are executed or created.

If you are working with the autostart function activated (*see chapter 18, page 183*), the entire series will be canceled.



NOTICE

If you do not wish to cancel the entire determination, but only the current command, use the function **[Cancel command]** in the live display.

The subsequent method commands are carried out normally.

23 Live modifications

23.1 Editing the sample data of the running determination

The sample data can be entered or modified in the main dialog while a determination is running. The sample data entered at the end of the determination is always used in calculations.

Proceed as follows to edit the sample data:

1 Display the main dialog

Tap on the fixed key [<>].

The main dialog is displayed. The determination continues to run in the background.

2 Edit the sample data

• Edit the sample data and apply with [OK].

3 Display the live dialog

• Tap on [Live display].

The live dialog is displayed once again.



NOTICE

Make sure that the input dialogs are closed before the determination is ended. Otherwise the determination will have to be recalculated.

23.2 Editing the sample table while a determination is running

You can insert new lines or delete existing ones or edit sample data while a determination is running.



NOTICE

To ensure that no problems arise during the run and that the current data is always available for the calculation, we recommend that the input dialogs always be closed.

Editing the sample table

Proceed as follows to edit the sample table:

1 Display the main dialog

■ Tap on the fixed key [<¬].

The main dialog is displayed. The determination continues to run in the background.

2 Select the sample data

• Tap on **Sample table**.

The sample table is displayed. The first line always contains the sample data of the running determination.

- Select the desired line.
- Tap on the button [Edit].

3 Edit the sample data

• Edit the sample data and apply with **[OK]**.

NOTICE

In addition to the sample data, the method can also be modified, except in cases where the determination is running.

4 Display the live dialog

- Tap on the fixed key []. The main dialog is displayed.
- Tap on [Live display].

The live dialog is displayed once again.

23.3 Live display

Main dialog: Live display



The current method and the system status are displayed in the title line. The currently running command is displayed directly underneath the title line.

The following functions are available to you while a determination is running:

[Hold]

Pause the determination. The label changes to **[Continue]**. This can be used to continue the run.

[Cancel command]

Cancel the current method command. The next command is started.

- [View] (only for titrations/measurements) To modify the settings for the curve and measured value display, see below.
- **[Sample data]** (visible only if a titration or a measurement is not currently running)

Switch to the main dialog in order to edit the sample data.

- [Edit parameters] Edit the method options and live parameters (*see chapter 23.4, page 209*).
- [Results] Display the results dialog (see chapter 24, page 211).

Dialog "View"

Main dialog: Live display > View



View

Type of curve display.

Selection	Curve Curve & meas. values Measured val-
	ues Curve & sample data
Default value	Curve & meas. values

Curve

Only the curve is displayed.

Curve & meas. values

The measured values are displayed to the right next to the curve.

Measured values

Only the measured values are displayed.

Curve & sample data

The sample data is displayed to the right next to the curve.

[Meas. value options]

Define settings for the display of the measured values.

A maximum of three different values can be displayed at the same time. The selection depends on the titration/measuring mode. The settings are saved separately for each mode.

[Curve options]

Define the settings for the curve display (see "Curve options", page 225). The settings are saved separately for each titration/measuring mode and apply not only for the live display but also for the curve display in the results dialog.

23.4 Live parameters

Live display: Edit parameters

Certain method parameters can be edited while a determination is being carried out. The modified parameters are taken into account at once. If you modify, for instance, the start conditions after the start volume has been dosed, then these modifications will not be taken into account until the next determination.



NOTICE

If the live modifications are also to be used in the future, then the method must be saved after the determination has been completed. The live modifications are discarded as soon as you load a new method.

If you are working with the sample table and a different method is used for the next sample, then the live modifications will be discarded.

Proceed as follows to modify method parameters during an ongoing determination:

1 Select the method command

Tap on **Edit parameters**.

The command sequence is displayed.



[Edit command] is enabled only for those commands for which the live parameters can be edited.

All of the functions except for the method properties can be edited with **[Method options]**.

- Select the desired method command.
- Tap on [Edit command].

2 Edit the method parameters

• Change the desired parameters accordingly.

3 Display the live dialog

- Tap on the fixed key [
 ⁽m)]. The main dialog is displayed.
- Tap on [Live display].

The live dialog is displayed once again.

24 Results and more determination data

Main dialog: Results

Detailed specifications concerning the current determination are displayed in the **Results** dialog:

Results		
Current method: Me	4612	
Determination Determ. time	Sample 42-20110707-171336 2011-07-07 17:13:36	
KFT content (%)	5.13 %	
03 KFT lpol EP1	Karl Fischer titration Ipol 1.2977 mL	·
Result table Stat	istics Recalculate Curve	More data

Current method

Method with which the determination was carried out.

Determination

Name of the determination. Displayed only if the determination has been saved.

Determination time

Date and time at which the determination was carried out.

Results

Calculated results. If monitoring of the result limits is activated, then the result will be highlighted in color:

- Green lettering: The result is within the limits
- Red lettering: The result is outside the limits
- Commands

List of the data-generating commands (titrations, measurements, etc.). The most important data is displayed for each command.

[Result table]

Open result table (*see chapter 26, page 233*). The result table is a table in which the results for several determinations can be saved.

[Statistics]

Display the statistical overview of a determination series (*see chapter 25, page 228*).

[Recalculate]	
	Recalculate the determination. The procedure will be executed immedi- ately. Recalculation cannot be undone (<i>see chapter 24.8, page 226</i>).
[Sign]	
	Sign the current determination.
	If the method contains a command SIGN , then this button will be dis- played instead of [Recalculate] . The determination can be signed directly on level 1 (with a second command also on level 2).
[Curve]	
	Display the curve of the current determination (<i>see chapter 24.7, page 224</i>).
[More data]	
	Display detailed specifications for the determination (determination properties, measuring point list, endpoint details, etc.), save determination (<i>see chapter 24.1, page 212</i>).

24.1 More determination data

Results dialog: More data

Re	sults / More dete	rmination data	
Cu	rrent method: M	e4612	
03	KFT Ipol	Karl Fischer titration Ipol	
	Load/ Save Prop	Derties Messages View da	ata

All of the commands for which you can display other data (titrations, measurements, evaluations, etc.) are listed in the **Results / More determination data** dialog.

[Load/ Save]	
	Load saved determinations(<i>see chapter 24.5, page 218</i>) and save current determination (<i>see chapter 24.6, page 224</i>).
[Properties]	
	Display the properties of the current determination (<i>see chapter 24.4, page 216</i>).

[Local com. var.]	
	(available only with loaded determinations)
	Display the list of the common variables defined at the time of the deter- mination (see chapter 24.3, page 215).
[Messages]	
	Display list with all of the messages which occurred during the determina- tion (see chapter 24.2, page 215).
[View data]	
	Display all of the details for the selected command.

24.1.1 Details

Results dialog: More data ► View data

More determination data	/ View data				
03 KFT Ipol Karl Fische	er titration Ipol				1M
Stop criterion	Regular stop			MTS	
Titration duration		27.8	s	MCD	
Start volume		0.0000	mL	MSV	
End volume		1.2975	mL	MCV	
Temp. measurement	manual			MTM	
Initial measured value		636.7	mV	MIM	
Initial temperature		25.0	°C	MIT	
Start duration		1.2	s	MSD	
Start measured value		636.7	mV	MSM	
Start temperature		25.0	°C	MST	
End measured value		247.3	mV	мсм	
			dpoint etails	Measu point	~

All of the variables generated by the determination are listed in the **More determination data / View data** dialog. These can be used in calculations.

[Titrant data]

(available only with loaded determinations)

Display titrant data which was valid at the time of the determination (see "Titrant data", page 214).

[Endpoint details]

Display details for each endpoint found (see "Endpoint details", page 214).

[Measuring point list]

Display measuring point list of titrations and measurements (see "Measuring point list", page 214).

Measuring point list

Results dialog: More data ► View data ► Measuring point list Results dialog: Curve ► Display curve ► Measuring point list

View data / Measuring	j point list		
03 KFT Ipol Karl Fisc	cher-Titration Ipol	1	м
Time [s]	Volume [mL]	Meas.value [mV]	
0.0	0.00000	636.1	
2.0	0.00500	636.0	
4.0	0.02125	635.9	
6.0	0.07450	634.7	
8.0	0.15625	633.2	
10.0	0.26300	630.7	
12.0	0.39125	627.7	
		View	

The individual measured values are listed in the **View data / Measuring point list** dialog. You can configure which columns are displayed (**[View]** button). These settings are saved separately for each mode (KFT, MEAS, etc.).

Column 1 / Column 2 / Column 3

Quantity displayed in the columns 1, 2 and 3. Both the selection of the quantities and the default setting depend on the mode.

Selection	Volume Measured value Time Tempera-
	ture Volume drift Signal drift Index

Endpoint details

Results dialog: More data > View data > Endpoint details

Results dialog: Curve > Display curve > Endpoint details

Detailed information concerning each equivalence point or endpoint determined is displayed in the **View data / Endpoint details** dialog.

The volume, the measured value, the time and the temperature are specified for each equivalence point or endpoint determined.

Titrant data

Results dialog: More data > View data > Titrant data

The titrant data which was current at the time the determination was performed is displayed in the **View data / Titrant data** dialog.



NOTICE

Recalculation:

The titer of the titrant can be modified retroactively. The values displayed here are used for the recalculation of a loaded determination. The values saved in the dialog **System / Titrants** are not changed as a result.

24.2 Messages

Results dialog: More data
Messages

If messages occurred during a determination, they will be displayed in the **More determination data / Messages** dialog. The following data for the message is indicated under **[Details]**:

- Message number
 Unique identification number.
- Time Moment that the message occurred.
- Message Message text.

24.3 Local common variables

Results dialog: **More data > Local com. var.**

The list of common variables as it existed at the time of the determination is displayed in the **More determination data / Local common varia-bles** dialog.

NOTICE

Recalculation:

The common variables can be modified retroactively. The values displayed here are used for the recalculation of a loaded determination. The list of common variables in the **System / Common variables** dialog is not changed as a result.

24.4 Determination properties

Results dialog: **More data** > **Properties**

Detailed information concerning the determination is displayed in the **More determination data / Properties** dialog:

- User
 - User who carried out the determination.
- Sample number

Number which was entered in the dialog **Control** at the start of the determination.

Start counter

This value, just like the sample number, is increased by one each time a determination starts. In contrast to the sample number, this value cannot be modified by the user.

• Duration determ.

Duration of the entire determination.

- Method status
 - Current status of the method.
 - new
 - The method has been newly created and not yet saved.
 - saved
 - The current method has been saved.
 - modified

The current method has been modified but not saved yet (e.g live modification).

reviewed

The current method has been signed at level 1.

- released
 - The current method has been signed at level 2.
- Determination

Name of the determination. Displayed only with saved determinations.

- End of determin.
 - Way in which the determination was ended.

- Regular without errors

The determination was automatically ended at the end of the method.

- Manual stop

The determination has been canceled with the fixed key [\Box].

– Error

The determination has been canceled due to an error.

Status of deter.

- original

The determination has not been recalculated.

recalculated

The determination has been recalculated.

loaded

The determination has been loaded.

saved

The determination has been saved. The version number indicates how many times the file has been saved.

reviewed

The determination has been signed at level 1.

released

The determination has been signed at level 2.

The following data is displayed only if the option **Recalculating determination** under **Login options / Modification options** is activated:

Recalculated by

User who recalculated the determination.

Recalculated on

Date and time at which the determination was recalculated.

Reason

Reason for the recalculation of the determination.

Comment

Comment for the recalculation of the determination.

The following information is displayed only if the determination has been signed at level 1:

Reviewed by

User who signed the determination at level 1.

Reviewed on

Date and time at which the determination was signed at level 1.

Reason

Reason for the signing of the determination.

Comment

Comment for the signing of the determination.

The following information is displayed only if the determination has been signed at level 2:

Released by

User who signed the determination at level 2.

- Released on Date and time at which the determination was signed at level 2.
 - Reason

Reason for the signing of the determination.

	• Comment Comment for the signing of the determination.
	 Used devices Hardware that was used for the determination. Ti-Touch with program version of the software and the serial number. Measuring inputs with ADC type und serial number. MSB connector with peripheral devices connected to it (dosing device, stirrer).
[Delete signature]	
	Delete all of the signatures for the method or the determination. This but- ton is inactive if level 2 has not yet been signed (<i>see chapter 17.2, page</i>

182).

[Sign]

Sign the method or determination. This button is active only when working with activated login function and password (*see chapter 17.1, page 181*).

24.5 Loading a determination

Proceed as follows to load a determination:

1 Opening the determination list

- In the results dialog, tap on [More data].
- Tap on [Load/ Save].
- Tap on [Load].
 - The selection of memory locations is displayed. This selection will be skipped if only one external storage medium is available.
- Select the memory location where the desired determination is saved.

The selection of file groups is displayed (*see chapter 12.1, page 123*). If only one group is available, then the determination list will be displayed directly.

- Select the group with the desired determination.
- Tap on [Show files].

The determination list with the stored determination opens:

ternal me	mory 1 / Show files		
	Main group		
	Honey_sample_1-2011070	8-140812	
	Honey_sample_1-2011070	8-140927	
	Honey_sample_2-2011070	8-141052	
	Honey_sample_2-2011070	8-141205	
	Honey_sample_3-2011070	8-141412	
	Honey_sample_3-2011070	8-141528	
	Honey_sample_4-2011070	8-141724	
	Honey_sample_4-2011070	8-141850	V
View		Delete	Load

2 Selecting a determination

• Select the desired determination.

3 Loading the determination

• Tap on [Load].

The determination is now loaded. The properties are displayed in the results dialog.



NOTICE

When you load a determination, the method with which the determination was carried out will be loaded automatically.

For this reason, save any modifications which may have been made to the method currently loaded before you load a determination.

24.5.1 Determination list

Results dialog: More data ► Load/ Save ► Load ► Show files ► View

Sh	ow files / View		
	Sorted by Determ. time	27	
No.	Identification 1	Result	1
20	Honey_sample_1	16.72 %	16
21	Honey_sample_1	16.89 ዓ	6
22	Honey_sample_2	16.62 %	6
23	Honey_sample_2	16.70 ዓ	6
24	Honey_sample_3	16.67 %	6
25	Honey_sample_3	16.84 %	%
26	Honey_sample_4	16.87 %	%
F	Previous Next 100 100 Properties	Delete	Load

In the **Show files / View** dialog you can depict the individual determinations in greater detail. The sorting criterion and the number of saved determinations are displayed at the very top. The list contains numbered lines; each line represents one determination. In the default settings, the first sample identification and the first calculated result of each determination are displayed. In the properties, you define which data is displayed in the columns and the criteria according to which the determinations are sorted (*see "Properties", page 220*). In addition, you can define search filters to aid you in finding the desired determinations (*see "Filter criteria", page 222*).

[Previous 100]	page 222).
[]	Display the previous 100 determinations.
[Next 100]	
	Display the next 100 determinations.
[Properties]	
	Configure the display of the columns and define filter criteria.
[Delete]	
	Delete the selected file.
[Load]	
	Load the selected file.
	Properties
	Determination list: Properties

View / Properties		
Column 1	Identification 1	
Column 2	Result 1	
Sort by	Determ. time	
Sort sequence	descending	
		Filter

In the **View / Properties** dialog, you can define which data is displayed in the columns and the criteria according to which the determinations are to be sorted.

Column 1

Selection of what is to be displayed in the first column.

Selection	Identification 1 Identification 2 Determ. time Result name Method Sample size User
Default value	Identification 1

Column 2

Selection of what is to be displayed in the second column.

Selection	Result 19
	The numbering of the results corresponds to the
	order in which the results were calculated in the
	determination run.

Sort by

Selection according to which criterion the list is to be sorted.

Selection	Identification 1 Identification 2 Determ.
	time Result Method Sample size User
Default value	Determ. time

Identification 1

Sort alphabetically according to the first sample identification.

Identification 2

Sort alphabetically according to the second sample identification.

Determ. time

Sort chronologically according to the determination time.

Result Sort according to the numerical value of the result.

Method

Sort alphabetically according to the method name.

Sample size

Sort according to the numerical value of the sample size.

User

Sort alphabetically according to the user who carried out the determination.

Sort sequence

Selection	ascending descending	
Default value	descending	

[Filter]

Specify the filter criteria for the list.

Filter criteria

Determination list: **Properties Filter**

Properties / Filte	ər			
Filter	Date			
is equal to				
Date from	2011-07-01	to	2011-07-08	
Value from		to]

You can set filters in the **Properties / Filter** dialog. A filter is a rule defining what is to be displayed in the determination list. If a filter has been set, this is indicated with a corresponding symbol in the **Show files / View** dialog.

Filter

Define the criterion according to which the list is to be filtered. The only lines which will be displayed are those which fulfil the filter criterion.

Selection	no filter Identification 1 Identification 2 Date Result Method Sample size User
Default value	no filter

no filter

The list itself will not be filtered.

Identification 1

In the input field **is equal to**, select or enter the first sample identification according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Identification 2

In the input field **is equal to**, select or enter the second sample identification according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Date

In the input fields **Date from** ... **to**, specify the period of time according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Result

In the input fields **Value from** ... **to**, specify the value range according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Method

In the field **is equal to**, select or enter the method name according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Sample size

In the input fields **Value from** ... **to**, specify the value range according to which filtering is to be carried out.

User

In the field **is equal to**, select or enter the user according to whom filtering is to be carried out.



NOTICE

The filter can be applied to empty fields as well, for example, if no sample identification has been entered. In this case, select only the desired filter criterion and leave the fields below empty.

24.6 Saving a determination

Results dialog: More data ► Load/ Save ► Save

Determinations can be saved as follows:

• Manually in this dialog.

The suggested default setting for file names is the first 16 characters of Identification 1, followed by the determination time in the format YYYYMMDD-hhmmss. Extending the file name with the determination time has the advantage that the file names of all determinations are unique.

• Automatically at the end of the determination (see chapter 16.5.6, page 179).

The following data is stored for each determination:

- Calculated results
- Measuring point lists, equivalence points, curves and variables which were generated during the determination
- Determination properties
- Statistics (if carried out)
- Method with which the determination was carried out
- Common variables (values and properties of all common variables at the time of the determination)
- Titrant data of the titrant used

24.7 Curves

Results dialog: Curve



The curve of the current determination is displayed in the **Results / Curve** dialog. You can configure the curve display.

[Endpoint details]

Display details for each endpoint found *(see "Endpoint details", page 214)*.

[Measuring point list]

Display measuring point list of titrations and measurements (see "Measuring point list", page 214).

[Curve options]

Define the settings for the curve display (see "Curve options", page 225). The settings are saved separately for each titration/measuring mode and apply not only for the live display but also for the curve display in the results dialog.

Curve options

Results dialog: Curve > Curve options

Curve / Options					
Display of the curve for mode KFT					
x axis	Time				
y1 axis	Volume		Color		
y2 axis	none		Color		
Grid					
Display measuring points					

You can make the settings for the curve display in the **Curve / Options** dialog. These settings are saved separately for each mode (KFT, MEAS, etc.) and also apply for the live display. Both the selection of the quantities and the default setting depend on the mode.

x axis

Quantity which is shown on the x axis of the graph.

Selection	Volume Measured value Time Tempera-
	ture Volume drift Signal drift

y1 axis

Quantity which is shown on the y1 axis of the graph.

Selection	Volume Measured value Time Tempera-
	ture Volume drift Signal drift

y2 axis

Quantity which is shown on the y2 axis of the graph.

Selection	none Volume Measured value Time Tem-				
	perature Volume drift Signal drift				
Default value	none				

Color

Selection of a color for the curves.

Grid

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, grid lines are shown.

Display measuring points

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, the curve is shown with the single measured values.

24.8 Recalculation and reevaluation

Results dialog: Recalculate

You can use the **[Recalculate]** function to recalculate and reevaluate determinations. This is necessary in the following cases:

- If you have modified the evaluation parameters in a way that changes the recognized endpoints or equivalence points.
- If you have modified the calculations.
- If you have modified the variables used in calculations, e.g. sample size, titer or common variables.



NOTICE

Neither the recalculation nor the reevaluation can be undone.

We therefore recommend that the original determination be saved beforehand (*see chapter 24.6, page 224*). The best way of doing this is to use the **Save determination automatically** function (*see chapter 16.5.6, page 179*).

The following method commands are executed once again with the **[Recalculate]** function:

• EVAL commands:

All evaluations are carried out again. You can also insert new evaluations retroactively.

 CALC command: All calculations are carried out again. You can also define new calculations retroactively.

If you subsequently modify the titrant in a method, then the variable TITER of the "new" titrant will be used. If a result is assigned to the variable TITER in a calculation, then the titer of the "new" titrant will also be overwritten.

If a determination has been recalculated, this will be documented in the determination properties (*see chapter 24.4, page 216*).

Recalculation/reevaluation of loaded determinations

With loaded determinations, it is assumed that they were carried out a long time ago and that the **titrant data** and **common variables** of the system no longer correspond to those of the determination. This is why the most important titrant data of the titrants used and the list of **common variables** are stored with each determination. This data will be used if you recalculate a loaded determination. If you wish to recalculate the result with a corrected **common variable** or with a corrected titer, you must therefore modify the respective values in the **More determination data / Local common variables** or **More determination data / View data** dialog.

If a result is assigned to the variable TITER or to a **common variable**, then the titer or **common variable** which is currently valid in the system will not be overwritten until after a query has been confirmed.

If you modify the titrant retroactively in the method, this will not be taken into account.

The recalculated results of loaded determinations are not saved in the result table.

25 Statistics

Main dialog: **Results** > **Statistics**

In the dialog **Results**, you can use **[Statistics]** to display the statistical overview of a determination overview. You can statistically evaluate a maximum of nine results calculated in a determination. A statistical series can contain a maximum of 20 determinations.

Activating the statistics function

Proceed as follows to activate the statistics function:

1 Editing the method options

- In the main dialog, tap on [Edit parameters].
- Tap on [Method options].

Sequence / Method options	
Current method: Me4155	
Statistics Number of determinations	3
	urt/Stop Sample otions data

- Activate the **Statistics** option.
- Under Number of determinations, enter the desired number of determinations.

The results for which statistical calculations are performed are defined in the calculation command **CALC** (see "Variable for mean value", page 155).

Results / Statistics	
Current method: Me4155 3 of 3	
Result name	Mean value
KFT Titer	5.0080 mg/mL
Add determ.	Details

In this dialog, the method with which the determination was carried out is displayed in the first line. The second line shows how many determinations have already been carried out and the total number of determinations to be carried out. The name of the result and the mean value are shown for each result.

[Add determ.]

Add a further determination to the determination series (see chapter 25.3, page 231).

[Details]

Display the statistics results for the selected result and the single results from all determinations, see next chapter.



NOTICE

If you recalculate a determination, the statistics for this determination are also recalculated.

25.1 Displaying details for a result

	ult name: KFT Titer n value s	5.0080 mg/mL 0.02571 mg/mL 0.51 %	SMN1 n=03
No.	Sample size	Result	
1	1.2 g	5.0170 mg/mL	
2	1.7 g	4.9790 mg/mL	
3	1.4 g	5.0280 mg/mL	

Results dialog: **Statistics** > **Details**

In the dialog Statistics / Details, the following details are displayed:

Result name

	 Mean value
	On the right-hand side of the dialog the number of single results from which the mean value was calculated is displayed. In this example, it is
	3.
	 Absolute standard deviation (s abs)
	 Relative standard deviation (s rel)
	 Result and sample size of each single determination
	Results that could not be calculated are indicated with invalid and ignored.
[Sample data]	
	Display the sample data of the selected determination.
[Determ. on/off]	
	Remove all of the results of the selected determination from the statistics. All of the entries of this line are marked with an asterisk (*), the statistics will be recalculated automatically.
[Result on/off]	
	Remove the selected result from the statistics. The result is marked with an asterisk (*), the statistics will be recalculated automatically.



NOTICE

If the mean value has been assigned to a common variable or to the variable TITER (see command **CALC**), then the determination must be recalculated manually (*see chapter 24.8, page 226*).

25.2 Deleting statistical data

In the dialog **Control**, you can delete all of the statistics data manually with the function **[Delete statistics]**. The statistics data is deleted automatically in the following cases:

- when all of the determinations of the determination series have been carried out and a new determination has been started afterwards.
- when a new method is loaded (even if it is the same method)
 If the sample table or the sample assignment table is used, the
 statistics data is only deleted when another method is loaded.

25.3 Adding a determination to a determination series

You can use the function **[Add determ.]** to add an additional sample to a determination series, e.g. because a determination was faulty and had to be removed from the statistics.

Results / Statistics	
Current method: Me4155 3 of 3 (+2)	
Result name	Mean value
KFT Titer	5.0080 mg/mL
Add determ.	Details

The number of determinations by which the set statistics counter has been increased is shown above the list in brackets. This modification is also displayed in the main dialog and in the statistics report.



NOTICE

The number of samples defined in the method options does not, however, change as a result.

26 Result table

So	rted by Determ. time	6 of 100
No.	Identification 1	Result 1
1	Composite 5	4.7159 mg/mL
2	Composite 5	4.8095 mg/mL
3	Composite 5	4.6912 mg/mL
4	Honey1 #44	16.56 %
5	Honey1 #43	16.49 %
6	Honey1 #42	16.54 %

Main dialog: **Results** ► **Result table**

The result table is suitable for displaying in detail the results of all of the determinations performed on a single day, for instance. You can save the results of up to 200 determinations. A maximum of 9 results from a single determination can be saved in the result table. You define which results from this table are to be saved using the **CALC** command. Because the size of the display is not sufficient to display all of the data at the same time, it is practical to print out the result table.

The sorting criterion and the number of determinations from which results are saved in the result table are displayed at the top. The list contains numbered lines; each line represents one determination. In the default settings, the first sample identification and the first calculated result of each determination are displayed. In the properties, you define which data is displayed in the columns and the criteria according to which the determinations are sorted (*see chapter 26.1, page 234*). In addition, you can define search filters to aid you in finding the desired determinations (*see "Filter criteria", page 236*).

[Load/ Save]	
	Load a saved result table (<i>see chapter 26.3, page 238</i>) or save the current result table (<i>see chapter 26.2, page 238</i>).
[Properties]	
	Configure the display of the columns and define filter criteria.
[Delete all]	
	Delete the result table completely.

[Delete]

Delete the selected line from the result table.

[Details]

Display details concerning the selected determination.

"Result table / Details" dialog

The following determination data is displayed in this dialog:

- User
 User who carried out the determination.
 Method
 - Method with which the determination was carried out.
- Determ. time
 - Date and time at which the determination was carried out.
- Sample data (Identification 1 and 2 and sample size).
- All of the results of this determination saved in the result table.

26.1 **Properties**

Result table: Properties

Result table / Properties			
Result table: Results 2011-0	7-08		
Column 1	Identific	ation 1	
Column 2	Res	ult 1	
Sort by	Detern	n. time	
Sort sequence	desce	ending	
Max. number of lines	100		
		Filter	Delete automat.

In the **Result table / Properties** dialog, you can select the data to be displayed with each determination as well as the sorting criterion for the list.

Column 1

Selection of what is to be displayed in the first column.

Selection	Identification 1 Identification 2 Determ. time Result name Method Sample size
	User
Default value	Identification 1

Column 2

Sort by

Selection of what is to be displayed in the second column.

Selection of what is	to be displayed in the second column.
Selection	Result 19 The numbering of the results corresponds to the order in which the results were calculated in the determination run.
Selection according	to which criterion the list is to be sorted.
Selection	Identification 1 Identification 2 Determ. time Result Method Sample size User
Default value	Determ. time
Identification 2	ly according to the first sample identification. 2 ly according to the second sample identification.
Determ. time Sort chronologic	ally according to the determination time.
Result Sort according to	o the numerical value of the result.
Method Sort alphabetical	ly according to the method name.
Sample size Sort according to	the numerical value of the sample size.
User	ly according to the user who carried out the deter

Sort alphabetically according to the user who carried out the determination.

Sort sequence

Selection	ascending descending	
Default value	descending	

Max. number of lines

If the result table contains the quantity of lines defined here, then no further results can be saved. If this is the case, save the result table and create a new one.

Input range	10 to 200	
Default value	100	

[Filter]

Specify the filter criteria for the list.

[Delete automat.]

Define the settings for the automatic deletion of the result table (see "Deleting the result table automatically", page 237).

Filter criteria

Result table: **Properties** ► **Filter**

Properties / Filte	ər				
Filter	Date				
is equal to				7	
Date from	2011-07-01	to	2011-07-08]	
Value from		to]	

You can set filters in the **Properties / Filter** dialog. A filter is a rule defining what is to be displayed in the result table. If a filter has been set, this is indicated with a corresponding symbol in the **Results / Result table** dialog.

Filter

Define the criterion according to which the list is to be filtered. The only lines which will be displayed are those which fulfil the filter criterion.

Selection	no filter Identification 1 Identification 2
	Date Result Method Sample size User
Default value	no filter

no filter

The list itself will not be filtered.

Identification 1

In the input field **is equal to**, select or enter the first sample identification according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Identification 2

In the input field **is equal to**, select or enter the second sample identification according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Date

In the input fields **Date from** ... **to**, specify the period of time according to which filtering is to be carried out.
Result

In the input fields **Value from** ... **to**, specify the value range according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Method

In the field **is equal to**, select or enter the method name according to which filtering is to be carried out.

Sample size

In the input fields **Value from** ... **to**, specify the value range according to which filtering is to be carried out.

User

In the field **is equal to**, select or enter the user according to whom filtering is to be carried out.



NOTICE

The filter can be applied to empty fields as well, for example, if no sample identification has been entered. In this case, select only the desired filter criterion and leave the fields below empty.

Deleting the result table automatically

Result table: **Properties** ► **Delete automat.**

In the **Properties / Delete automatically** dialog, you define when the contents of the result table is to be automatically deleted.

Delete oldest line only

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated at the same time that the result table is full, the oldest entry will be deleted as soon as the results of a new determination are saved.

Time when result table is deleted:

Switch on

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the result table will be deleted each time you switch on the Ti-Touch.

Start a new sample series

on | off (Default value: off)

If this option is activated, then the result table will be deleted when you start a new sample series (with activated autostart function!).

Save result table

on | off (Default value: on)

If this option is activated, the result table will be deleted as soon as you have saved it.

26.2 Saving the result table

NOTICE

When you save the result table, the complete determination will not be saved with each entry. If you wish to save the determination data for each determination, use the **Save determination automatically** function (*see chapter 16.5.6, page 179*).

26.3 Loading the result table

Proceed as follows to load a result table:

1 Opening the current result table

- In the results dialog, tap on [Result table].
- Tap on [Load/ Save].
- Tap on [Load].

The selection of memory locations is displayed. This selection will be skipped if only one external storage medium is available.

Select the memory location where the desired result table is saved.

The selection of file groups is displayed (*see chapter 12.1, page 123*). If only one group is available, then the list of the saved result tables will be displayed directly.

- Select the group with the desired result table.
- Tap on [Show files].

The list with the saved result tables opens.

2 Selecting the result table

• Select the desired result table.

3 Loading the result table

• Tap on [Load].

The result table is now loaded and will be displayed immediately.

27 Printing

Reports can be printed out as follows:

- Manually with the [] fixed key in this dialog.
 The fixed key is disabled while a determination is running.
- Automatically in the determination run with the command **REPORT** (see chapter 29.5, page 313).

How to configure a printer is described in *Chapter 11.8, page 111*.

Print		
	Current sample data	
	Report seq. as def. in method	
	Print screenshot	
Report options	Clear spooler	More reports

This screenshot shows the printing dialog associated with the main dialog. The sample data is entered in the main dialog, which is why you can print out the sample data from there in a context-sensitive manner with **[Current sample data]**.

The following buttons are also available in the other print dialogs:

[Report seq. as def. in	method]
	Print out all of the reports which are defined in the loaded method.
[Print screenshot]	
	Activate the "Print Screen" function. The current screen contents will be printed out the next time the fixed key [🗠] is tapped on.
[Report options]	
	Defining the general settings for the report output.
[Clear spooler]	
	Delete all outstanding printing orders.
[More reports]	
	Open the list of available reports.

More reports

Fixed key []: More reports

The dialog **Print / More reports** displays a list of all of the available reports.

Print / More reports		
Result report		
Curve	#	
Measuring point list		
Calculations	#	
Statistics short		
Statistics overview		
Sample table		
Result table		
PC/LIMS report	V	
System Method reports Send Edit P	rint	

If you are using a **CUSTOM Neos** printer, you can print only the reports marked with a #. The designation on the reports is only visible once the **CUSTOM NEOS** printer is selected (see screenshot above).

[System reports]

Opening the list of reports for the system settings.



NOTICE

NOTICE

If you are using a **CUSTOM NEOS** printer, you cannot print system reports.

[Method reports]

Opening the list of reports for the current method.



NOTICE

If you are using a CUSTOM NEOS printer, you cannot print method reports.

[Send]	
	Create a PC/LIMS report.
[Edit]	
	Edit the settings of the selected report.
[Print]	
	Print the selected report.

27.1 General report options

Fixed key [📥]: Report options

The settings for the report printout can be adjusted in the dialog **Print / Report options** to indicate, for example, whether a report header, a signature line or a frame is to be printed.

Report header

Defining the output of the report header. The report header contains general information such as device type, serial number, program version and the printing date.



NOTICE

You can also define your own report header, which is printed in addition to this report header (**System ► Templates ► Report header**).

Selection	off once on each page	
Default value	on each page	

off

The report header will not be printed.

once

The report header will only be printed on the first page.

on each page

The report header will be printed on every page.

Signature line

Output of a special line for date and signature. This line will be printed at the very bottom of every page.

Selection	off once on each page	
Default value	off	

off

No signature line will be printed.

once

The signature line will only be printed on the last page.

on each page

The signature line will be printed on every page.

Frame

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, a frame is printed as lateral marking.

27.2 Settings of the individual reports

Fixed key [□]: More reports ► Report ► Edit

Command REPORT: **Report** ► **Edit**

Settings can be edited for the following reports (for details, see online help):

- Result report
- Curve

Definition of the curve size, display of the individual measuring points and grid lines, etc.

Measuring point list

Definition of the method command to which the measuring point list is to be printed.

Calculations
 Definition of the accuracy with

Definition of the accuracy with which the variables used as well as the results calculated are printed.

Statistics short

Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination or only at the end of a sample series).

Statistics overview

Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination or only at the end of a sample series).

- Sample table
- Result table

Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination, at the end of a sample series or at the end of the sample table).

- Used devices
- Variables
- Monitoring

27.3 List of all printable reports

The following reports can be printed out with the fixed key []:



NOTICE

If you have selected a **CUSTOM NEOS** printer, you can print only the reports that are marked with a **#** on the display.

Papart	Contents
Report	contents
Result report	# Report with determination properties, sample data, calcu- lated results, etc. If there are multiple determinations, the statistics will also be printed out.
Curve	Curve report. The settings for the curve print-out are adopted from the curve options of the live display.
Measuring point list	# Measuring point list report.
Calculations	# Details concerning the calculations carried out (parameter settings in accordance with the CALC command and the calculated results).
Used devices	The devices used for the determination, as displayed in the More determination data / Properties dialog.
Variables	All determination variables, as displayed in the results dia- log.
Monitoring	Details for the monitored quantities.
Statistics	
Statistics short	# Summary of the statistics calculations. The number of determinations, the mean value, and the absolute and rela- tive standard deviations are printed out for each result.
Statistics overview	Petailed statistical overview. The sample data and all individual results are printed out for each determination. The number of determinations, the mean value, and the absolute and relative standard deviations are printed out for each result.
PC/LIMS	

Report	Contents		
PC/LIMS report	Machine-readable report with all of the important data for a determination. This report can be saved as a TXT or UTF-8 file or sent to a terminal program or a LIMS via an RS-232 interface. The definition is carried out in the device manager (<i>see chapter 11.3.2, page 83</i>).		
Sample data			
Current sample data	Sample data of the current determination, <i>context-sensi-tive only</i> from the main dialog.		
Sample table	List of all determinations in the sample table with the respective sample data, as entered in the sample table.		
Result table			
Result table	List of all determinations in the result table with results and with the determination data, as saved in the result table.		
More reports ► Method reports			
Method sequence	Method properties and the list of all method commands.		
Parameters full	Method properties and options, all method commands with all parameters.		
	All parameters which no longer have their default settings will be printed in bold . All parameters which have been modified in comparison to the stored version of the method are indicated by an *.		
Titration & measuring param.	Method properties; titration and measuring commands with all parameters.		
	All parameters which no longer have their default settings will be printed in bold . All parameters which have been modified in comparison to the stored version of the method are indicated by an *.		
Modified parameters	Method properties, all method parameters which have been modified in comparison to the stored version of the method.		
Non default parameters	Method properties, all method parameters which no longer have any default settings.		
More reports ► System reports			
System settings			
System settings	Settings for acoustic signals and accuracy of the measured value display.		

Report	Contents	
Dialog options	Settings for routine dialog and expert dialog.	
User list	List with all of the users configured in the system, together with their data, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the user list.	
Login options	Login options, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the respective dialog.	
Titrants		
Titrant list	List of all the titrants configured in the system.	
All titrant data short	The most important titrant data of all titrants (name, con- centration, titer, last titer determination).	
All titrant data full	All of the titrant data of all of the titrants (working life, titer options, data concerning the exchange unit/dosing unit).	
Titrant data short	The most important titrant data of the selected titrant, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog.	
Titrant data full	All titrant data of the selected titrant, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog.	
Sensors		
Sensor list	List of all the sensors configured in the system.	
All sensor data short	The most important sensor data for all sensors.	
All sensor data full	All of the sensor data for all of the sensors (name, working life, etc.).	
Sensor data short	The most important sensor data of the selected sensor, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog.	
Sensor data full	All of the sensor data of the selected sensor, <i>context-sensi-tive only</i> from the editing dialog.	
Device manager		
Device list	List of all devices configured in the system.	
All device properties	Properties of all the devices configured in the system.	
Device properties	Properties of the selected device, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog.	
GLP manager		
GLP data	All data stored in the GLP manager.	
Common variables		

Report	Contents		
Common variable list	List of all the common variables defined in the system, together with their most important data (name, value, sta- tus).		
All common variable proper- ties	Properties of all common variables (name, value, validity, status).		
Common variable properties	Properties of the selected common variable (name, value, validity, status), <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog.		
Local Common variable list	List with the common variables available at the time of the determination, together with their most important data (name, value, status), <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the dialog "More determination data / Local common variables".		
Local common var. proper- ties	Properties of the selected common variable (name, value, validity, status), <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the dialog "More determination data / Local common variables".		
Templates			
Templates sample data	Sample identification list and sample assignment table.		
Result template list	List with all of the user-generated result templates.		
All result templates details	Details of the all of the user-generated result templates (calculation formula, result options, note).		
Result template details	Details of the selected result template, <i>context-sensitive only</i> from the editing dialog.		
Input/Output lines	List with all of the defined input and output lines at the remote interface (name, bit pattern).		
Rack tables			
Sample rack list	List with all of the sample racks configured in the system, together with designation, number of positions and rack code.		

28 Manual control



The following functions are available in the manual control:

[Measure]

Carrying out manual measurements (see chapter 28.2, page 249).

Measuring modes:

- Ipol (voltametric measurement with selectable polarization current)
- Upol (amperometric measurement with selectable polarization voltage)
- **T** (temperature measurement)

[Dosing]



NOTICE

Only active if a Dosino or dosing unit is connected.

Manual dosing (see chapter 28.3, page 251).

The following dosing functions are available:

- Preparing the exchange unit or dosing unit
- Emptying the dosing unit
- Filling the dosing cylinder of the exchange unit/dosing unit
- Dosing a specified volume
- Dosing continuously

[Stir]

Controlling the stirrer manually (see chapter 28.4, page 260).

[Remote]

Scanning the input lines on the remote interface and setting the output lines (see chapter 28.5, page 262).

[Sample Processor]

Controlling the Sample Processor manually (see chapter 28.6, page 263).

28.1 Opening and closing the manual control

Opening the manual control

1 Opening the dialog window

• Tap on the fixed key [🖑].

Manual control opens:

Manual control				
Please select the desired function.				
Measure		Dosing		
Stir				
Remote		Sample Processor		

2 Select the function

• Tap on the button for the desired function.

If the function can be carried out by several devices, a dialog to select the device will appear first; otherwise the dialog for the selected function will appear immediately.

Closing the manual control

1 • Tap on the fixed key [**1**].



NOTICE

Manual control can also be exited when a manual sequence has been started but has not yet ended. The fact that a sequence has been started in manual control can be recognized by the corresponding symbol in the title line *(see chapter 6.2.3, page 29)*.

28.2 Measuring

Manual control ► Measure

Manual control / Measure			
Device: Ti-Touch			
Sensor	Metal	electrode	
Measuring input	1		
Measuring mode	lpol		
Temperature	25	°C	
Pol. current	- 5.0	+ μΑ	
		Info sensor	Start

Manual measurements can be carried out with the function [Measure].

Proceed as follows:

1 Selecting a sensor

- Select the desired sensor from the sensor list.
 All of the sensors available in the sensor list are displayed. Sensors are defined under System ► Sensors.
- Select the measuring input at which the sensor is connected.

2 Select a measuring mode

Select the desired measuring mode.
 Only those measuring modes are displayed which are advisable for the selected sensor.

3 Enter a measuring temperature

• Enter the measuring temperature if no temperature sensor is connected. If a temperature sensor is connected, then the temperature will be measured automatically.

4 Starting the measurement

• Tap on [Start].

The measured value display is opened:

Measure / Measu	red value display
Device: Ti-Touch Sensor: Metal ele	
pol	126.9 mV
manual	25.0 °C
	Stop

The ongoing measurement is canceled with **[Stop]**. The label switches once again to **[Start]**.

28.2.1 Parameter description

"Manual control / Measure" dialog

Sensor

Selection of the sensor from the sensor list. Sensors are defined under **System ► Sensors**.

Selection	Selection of configured sensors	
-----------	---------------------------------	--

Measuring input

Selection of the measuring input the sensor is connected to. The selection depends on whether the control device has one or two measuring interfaces.

Selection	1 2	
Default value	1	

Measuring mode

Selection of the measuring mode. Only those measuring modes are displayed which are advisable for the selected sensor.

	Selection	Ipol Upol T
	Ipol voltametric me	asurement with selectable polarization current
	Upol	
	•	measurement with selectable polarization voltage
	т	
	temperature m	neasurement
Temperature		
		red manually. If a temperature sensor is connected, then vill be measured continuously.
	Input range	–20.0 to 150.0 °C
	Default value	25.0 °C
[Info sensor]		
	Display informatic	on on the sensor.

28.3 Dosing

Manual control ► Dosing

The following dosing functions are available:

- Preparing the exchange or dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.3, page 258)
- Emptying the dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.4, page 259)
- Filling the dosing cylinder of the exchange unit/dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.5, page 259)
- Dosing a specified volume (see chapter 28.3.2, page 255)
- Dosing continuously (see chapter 28.3.1, page 254)

Selecting the dosing device

If several dosing devices are connected to a control instrument, then the dialog for selecting a dosing device will be opened.

Manual control / Dosing	
Device: Ti-Touch	
Please select the desired do	sing device.
Dosing dev. 1 (800)	Composite 5
Dosing dev. 2 (805)	CombiTitrant2
All dosing devices	

[Dosing device X]

Selection of the dosing device. The MSB connector and the type of the connected dosing device are displayed.

Various information is shown next to the button:

Titrant

For dosing devices of the type 8XX with an intelligent exchange unit or dosing unit the titrant name is read off the data chip.

- Cylinder volume For dosing devices of the type 8XX with an exchange unit without data chip only the cylinder volume is displayed.
- ----
 - For exchange or dosing units which are not or not correctly attached.
- Manual busy When a dosing function is being carried out.

[All dosing devices]

Carrying out the functions **[Prepare]**, **[Empty]** and **[Fill]** at the same time with several dosing devices of the control device.

Selecting the dosing function

If only one dosing device is connected, then the properties of this dosing device will be shown directly. This information varies according to the type of dosing device:

• Type 8XX with integrated data chip:

If an exchange or dosing unit with integrated data chip is attached, the data stored on the data chip is displayed.

Manual control / Dosing device 1		
Device: Ti-Touch		
Dosing dev. type 800		
Cylinder volume 10 mL		
Titrant Composite 5		
Titer 4.827		
Empty Prepare Fill Dos fixed		

- Type 8XX without integrated data chip:
 - If an exchange unit without integrated data chip is attached, then the titrant can be selected from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the parameters defined for the titrant for the preparing are used. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**.

Manual control / Dosing device 2			
Device: Ti-Touch			
Dosing dev. type	805		
Cylinder volume	10 mL		
Titrant	Tit	rant 5	
Prepare	Fill	Dosing fixed vol.	Dosing

[Empty]

Empty the cylinder and the tubings of the dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.4, page 259).

[Prepare]

Rinse the cylinder and the tubings of the exchange / dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.3, page 258).

[Fill]

Fill the cylinder of the exchange / dosing unit (see chapter 28.3.5, page 259).

[Dosing fixed vol.]

Dose a specified volume (see chapter 28.3.2, page 255).

[Dosing]

Dose continuously (see chapter 28.3.1, page 254).

28.3.1 Continuous dosing

Manual control: **Dosing ► Dosing**



With the function **[Dosing]**, dosing is continuous for as long as you hold the button **[Dose]** pressed down.

Proceed as follows:

1 Configure the dosing function



NOTICE

- The dosing and filling rates should be decreased for viscous liquids.
- The maximum dosing and filling rates depend on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).
- Enter the dosing rate.
- Enter the filling rate.

2 Start dosing

• Tap on [Dose].

The volume dosed is displayed. When the volume of one cylinder has been dosed, the dosing cylinder will be refilled automatically.

3 Fill the cylinder

• Tap on [Fill].

The dosing cylinder is filled. The displayed volume value will be reset to 0.0000 mL.

NOTICE

If you exit the dialog with the fixed key [\triangleleft], the dosing cylinder is filled automatically.

Parameter description

Dosing rate

Rate at which it is dosed.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum dynamic
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

dynamic

This setting can only be selected when the dosing cylinder is filled. The dosing is being carried out faster and faster until the maximum dosing rate is reached (starting with 1 mL/min and then doubling the dosing rate every 1.5 s).

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

28.3.2 Dosing fixed volumes

Manual control: **Dosing ► Dosing fixed vol.**

Dosing device 1 / Dosing fixed volume		
Device: Ti-Touch Titrant: Solub.promoter: Formamid		
Volume	2.500	mL
Dosing rate	50	mL/min
Filling rate	50	mL/min
Fill automatic.		
	Fill	Start

You can dose a particular volume with the **[Dosing fixed vol.]** function.

Proceed as follows:

1 Configure the dosing function



NOTICE

- The dosing and filling rates should be decreased for viscous liquids.
- The maximum dosing and filling rates depend on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).
- Enter the desired volume.
- Enter the dosing rate.
- Enter the filling rate.

2 Start dosing

• Tap on [Start].

The volume display is shown. When the volume of one cylinder has been dosed, the dosing cylinder will be refilled automatically.



Continuous dosing is paused with **[Hold]**. The label changes to **[Continue]**. It can be used to resume the run.

3 Fill the cylinder

With the default settings (see "Fill automatic.", page 258) the dosing cylinder is filled automatically.

Otherwise:

• Tap on [Fill].

The dosing cylinder is filled. The displayed volume value will be reset to 0.0000 mL.

Parameter description

Volume

Volume which is dosed.

Input range	0.00000 to 99999.9 mL	
Default value	0.10000 mL	

Dosing rate

The rate at which dosing takes place.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

Fill automatic.

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then the dosing cylinder is being automatically filled at the end of the dosing.

28.3.3 Preparing

Manual control: **Dosing** > **Prepare**

The **Prepare** function is used to rinse and fill the cylinder and tubings of the exchange or dosing unit air bubble-free. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once a day.

If the titrant is selected (see "Selecting the dosing function", page 252), the parameters defined for the titrant for preparing/emptying and the tubing parameters will be used (dosing unit only). If the titrant is not selected, default parameters will be used (see Chapter 32.1.2, page 355 and Chapter 32.2.2, page 356).

The following two figures show the live display of an exchange unit and a dosing unit:



Figure 13 Live display "Preparing the dosing unit"



Figure 14 Live display "Preparing the exchange unit"

28.3.4 Emptying

Manual control: **Dosing • Empty**



The function **Empty** is possible only with dosing units.

The cylinders and the tubings of the dosing unit are emptied with this function.

If the titrant is selected (see "Selecting the dosing function", page 252), the parameters defined for the titrant for preparing/emptying and the tubing parameters will be used. If the titrant is not selected, default parameters will be used (see *Chapter 32.2.2, page 356* and *Chapter 32.1.2, page 355*).

28.3.5 Filling

Manual control: **Dosing** ► **Fill**

You can use the function **[Fill]** to fill the dosing cylinder of the exchange unit/dosing unit manually. The filling rate cannot be configured; the maximum filling rate will be used.

28.3.6 Replacing reagent



NOTICE

You can easily change the reagent in a dosing unit without no contact with the chemicals using the functions **Prepare** and **Empty**.

Proceed as follows:

- **1** Execute the function **[Empty]**.
- **2** Attach the dosing unit to the bottle with a suitable solvent.
- **3** Execute the function **[Prepare]**.

The last traces of the reagent in the cylinder and tubings are removed with the solvent.

- 4 Execute the function **[Empty]** again.
- **5** Attach the dosing unit to the bottle with the new reagent.
- **6** Execute the function **[Prepare]**. The dosing unit can now be used.

28.4 Stirring

Manual control ► Stir

Manual control / Stir		
Device: Sample Processor		
Stirrer 1 (Tower)		
Stirring rate	- 8 +	Stop
Stirrer 3 (804)		
Stirring rate	- 8 +	Start

The MSB connector and type of stirrer is indicated for each connected stirrer.

You can control a connected stirrer manually with the function [Stir].

Proceed as follows:

1 Setting the stirring rate

Tap on the [-] or [+] button.
 Each time one of the buttons is tapped, the stirring rate is reduced or increased by one level.

2 Switching on the stirrer

• Tap on [Start].

The stirrer is started.

3 Switching off the stirrer

• Tap on [Stop].

The stirrer is stopped.

Parameter description

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of -15 to +15. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "–": clockwise rotation

–15 to 15	Input range
8	Default value

If a stirrer is used in the determination run, it can still be manually controlled at the same time. For example, you can use the manual control to reduce the stirring rate of a stirrer which has been started in the determination run.

28.5 Remote

Manual control / Ren	note		
Device: Ti-Touch			
	Inputs	Outputs	
Remote Box 2	00000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
		<u>.</u>	
		S	et

Manual control ► Remote

With the function **[Remote]**, you can define manual output signals to the remote interface of a connected Remote Box. It is not possible to define input signals; the current status of the input lines is, however, displayed.

Inputs

Current status of the input lines.

Outputs

Selection of the signal out of the templates or entering the required bit pattern. Templates are defined under **System ► Templates ► Output lines**.

Entering the bit pattern:

- 0 = line inactive
- 1 = line active
- * = retain line status
- p = set pulse

The output lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal **000000000001** line 0 is set. With a pulse, the length is set to 200 ms. If you wish to set pulses with other lengths, you have to define a corresponding template.

Entry	Bit pattern containing exactly 14 characters
	or a max. of 24 characters for the name of
	the template
Default value	0000000000001
Selection	Selection of the templates defined

[Set]

Set a defined output signal.

28.6 Sample Processor

Manual control ► Sample Processor

Manual control / Sample F	Processor		
Device: Sample Processo	or		
[Tower 1		
Lift position	0 mm	Rack position	n
Home position		Previous	Next
Work position			
Reset rack Pump	Lift	Rack position	External position

With the function **[Sample Processor]**, you can control a connected Sample Processor manually. The following functions are available:

- Rotating the sample rack
- Moving the lift
- Defining specific lift positions (work position, rinse position, etc.)
- Switching pumps on and off
- Initializing the rack
- Defining external positions outside of the sample rack (only with Swing Head)

Tower for the manual control.

	Selection Tower 1 Tower 2
	Tower 1 View from the front, the right tower.
	Tower 2 View from the front, the left tower. This selection is only available for Sample Processors with two towers.
Lift position	
	Current lift position.
Rack position	
	Current rack position. If the rack is not set to a valid position, e.g. after a rack reset, is displayed to indicate this.

	I NOTICE
	Note that the rack has to be set to a valid position for all lift move- ments! Otherwise a corresponding error message will be displayed.
	Move to a valid rack position with [Previous] or [Next] . Alternatively, you can carry out a MOVE command.
[Home position]	
[Work position]	Move the lift to the home position (corresponds to lift position 0 mm).
	Move the lift to the work position of the current rack position or the exter- nal position.
	The work position can directly be defined here (see "Assigning lift posi- tions", page 266) or in the device manager (see "Lift positions Tower 1/2", page 102).
[↑]	
	Continuously move the lift upwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift rate used is defined in the dialog Sample Processor / Lift .
[↓]	
	Continuously move the lift downwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift rate used is defined in the dialog Sample Processor / Lift .
[Previous]	
	Move to the previous rack position.
[Next]	
	Move to the next rack position.
[Reset rack]	
	Initialize the rack. This function is identical with the command RACK . The following actions are carried out:
	 The lift is moved upwards. The sample rack is rotated to the starting position. The rack code of the rack attached is being read out and the corresponding rack data is transferred to the Sample Processor. The sample variable is being reset to the value 1.
[Pump]	Switch on and off the number mounted or connected to the tower
F1 • F/3	Switch on and off the pumps mounted or connected to the tower.
[Lift]	Move the lift to any or a specific lift position and assigning lift positions (see chapter 28.6.1, page 265).

[Rack position]

Move the rack to any sample position or to defined positions which are defined as special beakers (*see chapter 28.6.2, page 267*).

[External position]

This button is only enabled when a Swing Head is mounted to the Sample Processor.

Swing the robotic arm to an external position outside the sample rack and assign the swing angle and the lift position *(see chapter 28.6.3, page 268)*.

28.6.1 Moving the lift

Manual control: Sample Processor > Lift

Sample Processor / Lift		
Tower 1		
Current lift pos.	0 mm	
Move to lift pos.	Work position	
Lift rate	25	mm/s
Assign		
lift pos.		Start

In the dialog **Sample Processor / Lift**, you can move the lift to any lift position. You can also define frequently used positions (work position, rinse position, etc.) as specific lift positions and then to move to them with ease (*see "Assigning lift positions", page 266*). This definition is possible in this dialog for the attached rack, and in the device manager for all of the racks in the list.

Current lift pos.

Current lift position.

Move to lift pos.

Selecting a predefined lift position or enter any lift position.

	Input range Selection Default value	 O to 'maximum stroke path' mm A lift position of O mm corresponds to the "home position", i.e. the lift is located at the upper stop position. The maximum stroke path is defined in the properties of the tower (see "Maximum stroke path", page 93). If a higher value is entered, an error message will be displayed. Work position Shift position Rinse position Special position Work position
Lift rate	Rate at which the	lift is moved in the manual control.
	Input range Default value	5 to 25 mm/s 25 mm/s
	 well as for tower 1 available: General rack position and on position and on Special beake A specific work 	n are stored separately for every sample rack used as and tower 2. The following specific lift positions are positions < positions you can define one work position, one shift ne rinse position as well as one special position.
	• External positing see Chapter 28 For each of the tion can be defined for all for all for not possible.	nd special position of the affected tower. tions (only with robotic arm and mounted Swing Head, <i>a.6.3, page 268</i>) four possible external positions, a specific work posi- ined. Shift position and rinse position can only be four external positions commonly. A special position is to assign the current lift position to a specific lift posi-
	tion:	
	1 Move to liftEnter the or	position desired lift position in mm and tap on [Start] .

The lift moves to the desired lift position.

2 Assign lift position

Tap on [Assign lift pos.].
 The Lift / Assign lift position dialog is displayed:



• Select the desired specific lift position and tap on [Assign].

The current lift position is assigned to the specific lift position.

28.6.2 Moving to a rack position

Manual control: Sample Processor
Rack position

Sample Processor / Rack p	position	
Tower 1		
Current rack pos.	1	
Rack position	1	
Shift rate	Special beaker 1	°/s
Shift direction	auto	
Swing rate	55	°/s
		Start

In the dialog **Sample Processor / Rack position**, you can move to any position on the attached rack.

Current rack pos.

Current rack position. If the rack is not set to a valid position, e.g. after a rack reset, -- is displayed to indicate this.

Rack position

Desired rack position.

	Input range	1 to Number of positions on the rack attached.
	Default value	1
	Selection	Special beaker 116
	Special beak	depends on how many rack positions are defined as spe-
		ee "Editing special beakers", page 104).
Shift rate		
	Rate at which the	sample rack is moved.
	Input range	3 to 20 °/s
	Default value	20 °/s
Shift direction		
	Direction in which	n the rack is moved.
	Selection	auto + -
	Default value	auto
	auto	
		n, with which the shorter way has to be passed, is auto- ted.
	A shift directio	
	A shift directio matically selec	ted.
	A shift directio matically selec +	ted.
	A shift directio matically selec +	ted. vise rotation.
Suring under	A shift directio matically selec + Counterclockw -	ted. vise rotation.
Swing rate	A shift directio matically select + Counterclockw - Clockwise rota	ted. vise rotation. tion.
Swing rate	A shift directio matically select + Counterclockw - Clockwise rota	ted. vise rotation.
Swing rate	A shift directio matically select + Counterclockw - Clockwise rota	ted. vise rotation. tion.

28.6.3 External positions

Manual control: Sample Processor

External position

	Sample Processor / External position
	Tower 1
	Lift position 100 mm Angle 105.0 °
	Swing rate 55 °/s
	Move to ext. pos. External position 1
	Assign Assign Ext. pos. lift pos. Start
	This dialog is accessible only if you have a Swing Head with robotic arm attached to the Sample Processor.
	In the dialog Sample Processor / External position , you can swivel the robotic arm to an external position outside of the sample rack. As with the rack positions, here you can also define up to four frequently used external positions as specific positions. You can assign specific lift positions to these positions, analogous to the rack positions.
	External positions are required if you have, for example, a measuring ves- sel or a titration cell mounted in addition to the rack.
Lift position	
	Current lift position.
Angle	
	Current angle position of the robotic arm.
[↑]	Only enabled, when the robotic arm has been moved to a specific external position with [Start] .
	Continuously move the lift upwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift rate used is defined in the dialog Sample Processor / Lift .
[↓]	
	Only enabled, when the robotic arm has been moved to a specific external position with [Start] .
	Continuously move the lift downwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift rate used is defined in the dialog Sample Processor / Lift .

[⇔]			
	Swing the robotic an pressed down.	rm in clockwise direction as long as the button is	
[⇔]			
	Swing the robotic an is pressed down.	rm in counterclockwise direction as long as the button	
Swing rate			
	Rate at which the robotic arm is swung in the manual control.		
	lnput range Default value	10 to 55 °/s 55 °/s	
Move to ext. pos.			
more to extra poor	Selecting a predefined position or entering any swing angle.		
	Input range	(Offset) to (Offset + max. swing range) °	
		The offset is made up of a design-dependent angle (approx. 89°) together with the robotic arm offset	
		from the robotic arm properties. The maximum swing range is also defined under the robotic arm	
		properties (see "Properties – Robotic arm", page 96).	
	Selection	External position 14	
[Assign Ext. pos.]			
	Assign the current angle position of the robotic arm to an external posi- tion as swing angle.		
[Assign lift pos.]			
	Assign the current lift position to a preset lift position.		
	Assigning swing	angles and lift positions	
	For each of the four possible external positions, a specific work position can be defined. Shift position and rinse position can only be defined for all four external positions commonly. A special position is not possible.		
		to assign a swing angle to an external position and to ft position to a specific lift position:	
	1 Move to the	external position	
	 Swing the robotic arm to the desired position with the arrow keys [⇔] or [⇔]. 		

2 Assign the external position

• Tap on [Assign Ext. pos.].

The **External position / Assign swing angle** dialog is displayed:

External position / Assign swing angle				
Current robotic arm angle 98.0 °				
External position	Angle			
1	105.0 °			
2	60.0 °			
3	60.0 °			
4	60.0 °			
	Assign			

• Select the desired external position and tap on [Assign].

The current angle position of the robotic arm is assigned to the external position.

3 Move to the external position

- Tap on [].
 The next higher-level dialog is displayed.
- Select Move to ext. pos. = External position X (X = 1...4) and tap on [Start].

The robotic arm swings to the desired position.

4 Move to lift position

• Move the lift to the desired height with the arrow keys [♪] or [↓].

5 Assign lift position

Tap on [Assign lift pos.].

The Lift / Assign lift position dialog is displayed:

Lift / Assign lift position				
Current lift pos. 100 mm				
Position name	Position height			
Work position	130 mm			
Shift position	50 mm			
Rinse position	100 mm			
Special position	0 mm			
	Assign			

- Select the desired specific lift position.
- Tap on [Assign].

The current lift position is assigned to the specific lift position.

28.7 885 Compact Oven SC

Manual control / Sample Processor Tower 1 Lift position 0 mm Rack position Home position Work position

You can control a connected 885 Compact Oven SC manually with the **[Sample Processor]** function. The following functions are available:

Heater Gas flow

Initializing the rack

Reset rack

- Settings for the heating and the gas flow

Lift position

Current lift position.

Manual control ► Sample Processor
Rack position

Current rack position. If the rack is not set to a valid position, e.g. after a rack reset, -- is displayed to indicate this.

	NOTICE
	Note that the rack has to be set to a valid position for all lift move- ments! Otherwise a corresponding error message will be displayed.
	Move to a valid rack position with [Previous] or [Next] . Alternatively, you can carry out a MOVE command.
[Home position]	Move the lift to the home position (corresponds to lift position 0 mm).
[Work position]	
	Move the lift to the work position of the current rack position.
	The work position for sample beakers and conditioning beakers is defined in the device manager (<i>see chapter 11.7.2, page 109</i>).
[↑]	
	Move the lift continuously upwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift moves in 6 mm steps.
[↓]	Move the lift continuously downwards as long as the button is pressed down. The lift moves in 6 mm steps.
[Previous]	
[Move to the previous rack position.
[Next]	
	Move to the next rack position.
[Reset rack]	
	Initialize the rack. This function is identical with the command RACK . The following actions are carried out:
	The lift is moved upwards.The sample rack is rotated to the starting position.The sample variable is reset to the value 1.
[Heater Gas flow]	Display, control and settings of the current temperature and current gas flow.

28.7.1 Controlling the heating/gas flow

Manual control: **Sample Processor ► Heater Gas flow**

Sample Processor / Heater Gas flow		
Device: Sample Processor		
_		
Temperature	110 °C	
Gas flow	50.0 mL/min	
Gas flow Heater	Start Sta Gas flow Hea	

You can see, control and set the current temperature and current gas flow in the **Sample Processor / Heater Gas flow** dialog.

[Gas flow]

Edit parameters for the gas flow.

[Heater]

Edit parameters for the heater.

[Start / Stop Gas flow]

Starts or stops the gas flow.

[Start / Stop Heater]

Starts or stops the heater.

Settings for the gas flow

Flow rate

Flow rate for the gas flow.

Input range	10 to 150 mL/min (Increment: 1)
Default value	50 mL/min

Gas supply

Selection of the gas supply.

Selection	pump valve
Default value	pump

pump

The integrated air pump is used for the gas flow.

valve

The integrated inlet valve is used for the gas flow. The inlet valve in the 885 Compact Oven SC is connected to compressed air or nitrogen.

Gas type

Gas type of the carrier gas used.

Selection	air nitrogen
Default value	air

Settings for the oven temperature

Temperature

Temperature to which the oven is heated.

Input range	50 to 250 °C (Increment: 1)
Default value	110 °C

29 Parameters



NOTICE

For most of the numerical parameters, the result of a calculation can also be utilized in place of a number. A description of this can be found in the appendix *(see chapter 32.5, page 358)*.

29.1 Volumetric Karl Fischer titrations (KFT)

29.1.1 Start conditions

The parameters that are carried out before the start of titration are defined under **[Start conditions]**.

Pause 1

Waiting time, e.g. for the electrode to settle down before a start volume is added.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	0 s

Start volume

Volume that is dosed prior to the start of the titration.

Input range	0.00000 to 9999.99 mL	
Default value	0.00000 mL	

Dosing rate

Rate at which the start volume is dosed.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

Pause 2

Waiting time, e.g. for the electrode to settle down after the start or a reaction time after the dosing of a start volume.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	0 s

Initial measured value

The **[Initial meas. value]** is measured before carrying out the **start conditions**. This value is used for the **titration direction determination** when the titration direction is set to **auto**.

Signal drift

Maximum permissible drift for the measured value acceptance, i.e. maximum change of the measured value per minute. For this value, a suitable maximum waiting time is automatically calculated except you already have modified this waiting time.

Measuring mode Ipol:

Input range	0.1 to 999.0 mV/min	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Measuring mode Upol:

	1	
Input range	0.01 to 99.90 μA/min	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Min. waiting time

The measured value is not accepted until the minimum waiting time has elapsed, even if the signal drift has already been reached. The minimum waiting time is only important for drift-controlled measurements.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	0 s

Max. waiting time

If the signal drift has been switched off or has not yet been reached, then the measured value will be accepted when the maximum waiting time has elapsed. As default value, a suitable waiting time for the signal drift is automatically calculated.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	1 s

29.1.2 Control parameters

The control parameters for the endpoint are defined under **[Control parameters]**.

Endpoint at

Measured value for the endpoint.

The values that are actually measurable may vary from the values specified here, depending on the hardware. The binding measurement value ranges can be found in the .

Measuring mode Ipol:

	<i>I</i> ⁻ -
Input range	-2,000.0 to 2,000.0 mV
Default value	250.0 mV
Selection	off

Measuring mode Upol:		
Input range	–200.00 to 200.00 μA	
Default value	25.00 μΑ	
Selection	off	

Titration rate

Three predefined sets of parameters can be selected for the titration rate.

Selection	slow optimal fast user
Default value	optimal

slow

For samples with a low water content or samples which release their moisture only slowly.

optimal

For all standard titrations. The parameters have been optimized for the most frequent applications.

fast

For uncritical samples with high water content.

user

The individual titration parameters can be modified.

The settings of the individual titration rates are listed in table 9, page 279.

User-defined parameters

These parameters are only accessible when **Titration rate = user**.

Dynamics

This parameter defines the control range before the specified endpoint. Individual volume steps are dosed in the control range, the dosing is finely controlled. The closer the endpoint, the slower the dosing until the volume increment defined under **Min. increment** has been reached. The larger the control range, the slower the titration. Outside the control range, dosing is carried out continuously, and the dosing rate is defined under **Max. rate**.

The values that are actually measurable may vary from the values specified here, depending on the hardware. The binding measurement value ranges can be found in the .

Measuring mode Ipol:

Input range	0.1 to 2,000.0 mV	
Default value	100.0 mV	
Selection	off	

Measuring mode Upol:Input range0.01 to 200.00 µADefault value10.00 µASelectionoff

Max. rate

Rate at which dosing is carried out outside of the control range.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

Min. increment

Minimum volume increment that is dosed at the beginning of the titration and in the control range at the end of the titration. This parameter has a decisive influence on the titration rate and thus also on the accuracy. The smaller the selected minimum increment, the slower the titration.

Input range	0.10 to 99.90 μL
Selection	minimum
Default value	minimum

Table 9 Default values of the predefined titration rates for KFT

	Titration rate		
	slow	optimal	fast
Dynamics			
– Ipol	300.0 mV	100.0 mV	30.0 mV
– Upol	40.00 µA	10.00 µA	5.00 µA

	Titration rate		
	slow	optimal	fast
Max. rate	1.00 mL/min	maximum	maximum
Min. increment	minimum (= cylinder volume/10,000)	minimum (= cylinder volume/10,000)	5.00 µL

Stop criterion

Stop criterion

The titration is stopped when the endpoint has been reached and this stop criterion has been fulfilled. If no stop criterion has been selected then the titration will not be stopped. The stop conditions (*see chapter 29.1.4, page 282*) always lead to a stop, even if the stop criterion has not been reached.



NOTICE

In older instructions the delay time was usually defined as the stop criterion. The same delay time may however result in different stopping time points – because of different smallest possible volume increments (depending on the cylinder volume). In contrast, if the stop drift is used, the titration will always be stopped at the same curve slope dV/dt.

Selection	drift time rel. drift off
Default value	drift

drift

The titration is stopped when the stop drift has been reached.

time

The titration is stopped if the endpoint has been exceeded during a certain time period (**Delay time**).

rel. drift

The titration is stopped when the sum of the drift at the start of the titration and the relative stop drift has been reached.

off

The titration will not be stopped until the stop conditions have been fulfilled.

Stop drift

This parameter can only be edited with **Stop criterion = drift**.

The titration is stopped when the endpoint and the stop drift have been reached.

Input range	1 to 999 µL/min
Default value	20 μL/min

Delay time

This parameter can only be edited with **Stop criterion** = **time**.

When the endpoint has been reached, the specified time is allowed to elapse after the last dosing and the titration is then stopped.

Input range	0 to 999 s	
Default value	10 s	

Relative stop drift

This parameter can only be edited with **Stop criterion = rel. drift**.

The titration is stopped when the endpoint and the sum of the drift at the start of the titration and the relative stop drift have been reached.

Input range	1 to 999 µL/min	
Default value	10 μL/min	

29.1.3 Titration parameters

Under **[Titration parameters]**, the parameters influencing the run of the entire titration are defined.

Titration direction

Selection	+ - auto
	The default value depends on the measuring mode:
	Ipol = -, Upol = +
+	
	value change by the addition of titrant, i.e. in the ater voltage or greater current.
-	
5	ed value change by the addition of titrant, i.e. in the er voltage or lesser current.
auto	
	tion is determined automatically from the initial nd the set endpoint.
the extraction time, e titration is however s (see chapter 29.1.4,	f the titration. The titration will not be stopped during even if the endpoint has already been reached. The topped if a stop condition is fulfilled during this time <i>page 282</i>). The entering of an extraction time is e.g. samples that release water slowly or if a Karl Fischer
	+ Positive measured direction of a grea - Negative measure direction of a less auto The titration direct measured value a Minimum duration of the extraction time, e titration is however s (see chapter 29.1.4, recommended with s

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	0 s

Temperature

Temperature entered manually. The temperature is being continuously measured when a temperature sensor is connected and when **Temp**. **measurement = automatic** or **continuous** is defined (see sensor dialog of the command).

Input range	–20.0 to 150.0 °C	
Default value	25.0 °C	

Time interval MP

Time interval for entering a measuring point in the measuring point list. The measuring point list is limited to 1000 measuring points.

Input range	0.1 to 999999.0 s	
Default value	2.0 s	

29.1.4 Stop conditions

The conditions for canceling the titration are defined under **[Stop conditions]**, if this does not occur automatically. This could be the case when the endpoint set is not reached or if the stop criterion *(see "Stop criterion", page 280)* is not fulfilled.

Stop volume

The titration is stopped when the specified volume has been dosed since the start of the titration. This volume should be adjusted to the size of the titration vessel in order to prevent the contents from running over.

Input range	0.00000 to 9999.99 mL
Default value	100,000 mL
Selection	off

Stop time

The titration is stopped when the specified time has elapsed following the termination of the start conditions.

Input range	1 to 999999 s
Selection	off
Default value	off

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

29.1.5 Conditioning

The conditions required for conditioning are defined under **[Condition-ing]**.

Conditioning

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, then the first time the titration is started the working medium will be titrated to the endpoint with the specified control parameters. The status is kept stable. The actual method run does not begin until [\triangleright] has been pressed once more.

Start drift

Conditioning OK will be displayed as soon as this drift has been reached and the titration can be started.

Input range	1 to 999 µL/min	
Default value	20 μL/min	

Drift correction

The endpoint volume can be corrected by taking the drift value into account. For this, the drift is multiplied with the drift correction time and this value is then subtracted from the endpoint volume. The drift correction time is the time interval between the end of conditioning and the end of the determination.

Selection	auto manual off
Default value	off

auto

The value of the current drift is automatically applied at the start of the titration.

manual

If the drift is known throughout a longer period of time, this can be entered manually.

off

No drift correction takes place.

Drift value

This parameter can only be edited with **Drift correction = manual**. Drift for manual drift correction.

Input range	0.0 to 99.9 μL/min
Default value	0.0 μL/min

Measured value display

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, the currently measured value is displayed during the conditioning.

Conditioning options [Cond. options]

Cond. stop volume

Maximum permissible volume that can be dosed during conditioning. Conditioning is stopped when the specified volume is dosed. If conditioning is continued by pressing [\triangleright] once again, then the titrant volume that has already been dosed will not be taken into account; i.e. the dosing starts again at zero. The stop volume should be adjusted to the size of the titration cell in order to prevent any overflow.

Input range	0.00000 to 9999.99 mL
Default value	20.0000 mL
Selection	off

Cond. stop time

Maximum permissible time over which conditioning may take place. Conditioning is stopped when the specified time has elapsed.

Input range	1 to 999999 s	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Delay reconditioning

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, the conditioning will not start before all the method commands have been processed. Otherwise, the conditioning will immediately start after the titration command.



NOTICE

This parameter must be activated if commands follow which must not run simultaneously with the conditioning.

Example: Emptying the titration cell followed by adding new working medium.

29.1.6 Cell

The monitoring of the reagent used is activated or deactivated under **[Cell]**.

Reagent monitoring

Selection of the reagent from the list of reagents. The selection depends on the titration mode. Reagents are defined under **System ► Reagents**.

Selection	Selection of configured reagents off
Default value	off

off

The reagent monitoring is not active.

29.1.7 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.

•	NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

29.1.8 Sensor

The parameters for the sensor are edited under [Sensor].

Measuring input

Selection of the measuring input the sensor is connected to. The selection is not dependent on whether the control device has one or two measuring interfaces.

Selection	1 2		
Default value	1		

Sensor

Selection of the sensor from the sensor list. The selection depends on the measuring mode. Sensors are defined under **System ► Sensors**. You can also enter a sensor name which is not contained in the sensor list. When a

determination is started there is a check whether the sensor is contained in the sensor list.

l(pol)

The polarization current is the current that is applied to a polarizable electrode during voltametric measurement. This parameter is available only with I(pol) determinations.

The values that are actually adjustable may vary from the values specified here. The binding values can be found in the manual, in the "Technical specifications" chapter.

Input range	-125.0 to 125.0 μA (Increment: 2.5)
Default value	50.0 μΑ
Selection	–1.0 μA 1.0 μA

U(pol)

The polarization voltage is the voltage applied to the polarizable electrode during an amperometric measurement. This parameter is available only with U(pol) determinations.

The values that are actually adjustable may vary from the values specified here. The binding values can be found in the manual, in the *Technical specifications* chapter.

Input range	-1,250 to 1,250 mV (Increment: 25)
Default value	400 mV

Electrode check

on | off (Default value: off)

For the following electrodes, an electrode check can be carried out:

Metal electrodes

A check is made that the electrode is properly connected and that no short-circuit is present. The electrode check is carried out when this command is started.

Temp. measurement

Type of temperature measurement.

Selection	continuous automatic off	
Default value	automatic	

continuous

A temperature sensor must be connected. The temperature is measured continuously.

automatic

If a temperature sensor is connected then the temperature will be measured continuously. Otherwise, the temperature entered manually will be used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

off

The temperature will not be measured. The temperature entered manually is used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

29.1.9 Dosing device

The parameters for the dosing device are edited under [Dosing device].

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4	
Default value	1	

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the correct data (titer, etc.) is always used for the calculation. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without an integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

Selection	Selection of configured titrants not defined
Default value	not defined

not defined

No check takes place.

29.1.10 Stirrer

The parameters for the stirrer are edited under [Stirrer].

Stirrer

Selection of the MSB connector the stirrer is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4 off	
Default value	1	

off

No stirrer will be used.

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of -15 to +15. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*. The optimum stirring rate can be tested in the manual control.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "-": clockwise rotation

Input range	-15 to 15	
Default value	8	

Switch off automatically

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, the stirrer will be switched off automatically at the end of the titration, measurement, etc.

29.2 Measurements (MEAS)

29.2.1 Measuring parameters

Under **[Measuring parameters]**, the parameters influencing the run of the entire measurement are defined.

Signal drift

Maximum permissible drift for the measured value acceptance, i.e. maximum change of the measured value per minute. For this value, a suitable maximum waiting time is automatically calculated except you already have modified this waiting time. i

NOTICE

A constant measured value is often only reached after a certain time, as mixing and the reaction itself require a certain time. The response time of an electrode can also increase with time. i.e., reaching a constant

of an electrode can also increase with time, i.e., reaching a constant measured value takes longer and longer. Drift-controlled measured value acceptance is particularly advisable in such cases, as the measured values are only accepted when equilibrium has almost been reached.

Measuring mode Ipol:

Input range	0.1 to 999.0 mV/min
Default value	10.0 mV/min
Selection	off

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Measuring mode Upol:

Input range	0.01 to 99.90 μA/min
Default value	10.00 μA/min
Selection	off

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Measuring mode T:

Input range	0.1 to 999.0 °C/min
Default value	0.5 °C/min
Selection	off

off

Measured value acceptance will take place after the maximum waiting time has elapsed.

Min. waiting time

The measured value is not accepted until the minimum waiting time has elapsed, even if the signal drift has already been reached. The minimum waiting time is only important for drift-controlled measurements.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
Default value	0 s

Max. waiting time

If the signal drift has been switched off or has not yet been reached, then the measured value will be accepted when the maximum waiting time has elapsed. As default value, a suitable waiting time for the signal drift is automatically calculated.

Input range	0 to 999999 s
	The default value depends on the measuring mode.
Selection	off

off

The measurement is continued endlessly.

Stop meas. value

The measurement is canceled when the specified measured value has been reached since the start of the measurement.

The values that are actually measurable may vary from the values specified here, depending on the hardware. The binding measurement value ranges can be found in the .

Measuring mode Ipol:

	1	
Input range	-2000.0 to 2000.0 mV	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Input range	–200.00 to 200.00 μA	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Measuring mode T:	
Input range	–20.0 to 150.0 °C
Selection	off
Default value	off

Temperature

This parameter is not available with the **MEAS T** command (temperature measurement).

Temperature entered manually. The temperature is being continuously measured when a temperature sensor is connected and when **Temp**. **measurement = automatic** or **continuous** is defined (see sensor dialog of the command).

Input range	–20.0 to 150.0 °C
Default value	25.0 °C

Time interval MP

Time interval for entering a measuring point in the measuring point list. The measuring point list is limited to 1000 measuring points.

Input range	0.1 to 999999.0 s	
Default value	2.0 s	

29.2.2 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.



NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

29.2.3 Sensor

The parameters for the sensor are edited under [Sensor].

The parameters are valid for all measuring modes except for **Temp. measurement**. This parameter is not available with the **MEAS T** command (temperature measurement).

Measuring input

Selection of the measuring input the sensor is connected to. The selection is not dependent on whether the control device has one or two measuring interfaces.

Sensor

Selection of the sensor from the sensor list. The selection depends on the measuring mode. Sensors are defined under **System** \triangleright **Sensors**. You can also enter a sensor name which is not contained in the sensor list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the sensor is contained in the sensor list.

Selection Selection of configured sensors

l(pol)

The polarization current is the current that is applied to a polarizable electrode during voltametric measurement. This parameter is available only with I(pol) determinations.

The values that are actually adjustable may vary from the values specified here. The binding values can be found in the manual, in the *Technical specifications* chapter.

Input range	-125.0 to 125.0 μA (Increment: 2.5)
Default value	5.0 μΑ
Selection	–1.0 μA 1.0 μA

U(pol)

The polarization voltage is the voltage applied to the polarizable electrode during an amperometric measurement. This parameter is available only with U(pol) determinations.

The values that are actually adjustable may vary from the values specified here. The binding values can be found in the manual, in the *Technical specifications* chapter.

Input range	-1,250 to 1,250 mV (Increment: 25)
Default value	400 mV

Electrode check

on | off (Default value: off)

For the following electrodes, an electrode check can be carried out:

Metal electrodes

A check is made that the electrode is properly connected and that no short-circuit is present. The electrode check is carried out when this command is started.

Temp. measurement

Type of temperature measurement.

Selection	continuous automatic off
Default value	automatic

continuous

A temperature sensor must be connected. The temperature is measured continuously.

automatic

If a temperature sensor is connected then the temperature will be measured continuously. Otherwise, the temperature entered manually will be used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

off

The temperature will not be measured. The temperature entered manually is used (see dialog of the titration and measuring parameters).

29.2.4 Stirrer

The parameters for the stirrer are edited under [Stirrer].

Stirrer

Selection of the MSB connector the stirrer is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4 off
Default value	1

off

No stirrer will be used.

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of -15 to +15. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*. The optimum stirring rate can be tested in the manual control.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "–": clockwise rotation

Input range	–15 to 15	
Default value	8	

Switch off automatically

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, the stirrer will be switched off automatically at the end of the titration, measurement, etc.

29.3 Evaluations (EVAL)

Various **additional evaluations** (EVAL commands) can be carried out for titrations and measurements. The evaluation always refers to the last titration or measurement prior to the EVAL command. Only those evaluation commands which are available for the last titration or measurement prior to the EVAL command can be inserted in the list of commands. If a titration or measuring command is deleted before the EVAL command, then it will be shown in red in the list of commands, as the reference is missing.

EVAL commands can also be inserted in the method run at a later time and the determination can be reevaluated (**[Recalculate]** function in the results dialog).

Additional evaluations for KFT titrations

The following additional evaluations are possible:

• EVAL FIX-EP (fixed endpoints)

Measured quantities:

- Measured value
- Time
- Volume
- EVAL MIN/MAX (minimum/maximum)
- EVAL RATE (average dosing rate)

Additional evaluations for measurements

The following additional evaluations are possible:

• EVAL FIX-EP (fixed endpoints)

Measured quantities:

- Measured value
- Time
- EVAL MIN/MAX (minimum/maximum)
- EVAL BREAK (break points)

29.3.1 Fixed endpoint evaluation (EVAL FIX-EP)

For the fixed endpoint evaluation, the associated values are interpolated from the measuring point list for one quantity (measured value, volume, etc.). Up to nine fixed endpoints can be evaluated with one command.

Fixed quantity

Selection of the quantity to which the associated value is interpolated from the measuring point list.

Selection	Measured value Time Volume
Default value	Measured value

Fixed EP1 at

The fixed endpoint must lie between the first and the final entry in the measuring point list.

The values that are actually measurable may vary from the values specified here, depending on the hardware. The binding measurement value ranges can be found in the .

Measured value (measuring mode Ipol):

	measuring mode (pol):	
Input range	-2,000.0 to 2,000.0 mV	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	
Measured value (measuring mode Upol):	
Input range	-200.00 to 200.00 μA	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	
Maggurad value (maggyring mode T):	
	measuring mode T):	
Input range	–20.0 to 150.0 °C	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	
Time:		
Input range	0.0 to 999999.9 s	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	
Volume:		
Input range	0.00000 to 9,999.99 mL	
Selection	off	
Default value	off	

Fixed EP2 at...Fixed EP9 at

See Fixed EP1 at.

29.3.2 Minimum and maximum evaluation (EVAL MIN/MAX)

For the minimum or maximum measured value the associated volume, time and temperature are interpolated from the measuring point list. The evaluation begins as soon as the slope of the curve exceeds a particular threshold value.



Figure 15 Evaluation of minimum and maximum

Evaluation

Selection whether the minimum or the maximum of the titration curve is being evaluated. With a command either the minimum or the maximum can be evaluated. If both values are needed, a second command has to be defined in the method.

Selection	Minimum Maximum	
Default value	Maximum	

Threshold value

The evaluation of the minimum or maximum begins as soon as the slope of the curve exceeds the set threshold value. Use a lower threshold value if the minimum or maximum is not found.

Measuring mode Ipol:		
Input range	1.0 to 2,000.0	
Default value	25.0	
	With titrations the unit is mV/mL, with measure-	
	ments mV/s.	
Measuring mode Up	ol:	
Input range	0.5 to 10.0	
Default value	5.0	
	With titrations the unit is μ A/mL, with measure-	
	ments µA/s.	
Measuring mode T:		
Input range	0.1 to 20.0 °C/s	
Default value	1.0 °C/s	

29.3.3 Rate evaluation (EVAL RATE)

	(so-called window). ear regression throug ing is carried out wit	provides the median dosing rate in a defined range The median dosing rate is determined by means of lin- gh a minimum of three measuring points. If the dos- h only one dosing device and if more than one cylin- then the median dosing rate will be reduced as a me.	
	time range is already	is opened for the first time, a window over the entire defined. In contrary to the potentiometric evaluation in the individual windows may overlap. A maximum e defined.	
[New]			
	Define a new window	<i>N</i> .	
[Delete]			
	Delete the selected v	vindow.	
[Edit]			
	Edit the settings of the	ne selected window.	
Lower limit			
	Time for the lower lin	nit.	
	Input range	0 to 999999 s	
	Default value	0 s	
Upper limit			
	Time for the upper limit.		
	Input range	0 to 999999 s	
	Default value	999999 s	

29.4 Calculations

The following calculation commands are available:

CALC	Defining calculations of a determination.
CALC LIVE	Defining the calculation whose result will be dis- played in the live display (so-called live result) during a titration or measurement.

29.4.1 Calculations (CALC)

Calculations are defined with the command **CALC**. A method may contain a maximum of nine calculation commands. A maximum of nine calculations can be defined per command. A series of variables (raw data from the determination, previously calculated results, etc.) is available for the calculations.

The command contains the following options, among others:

- Save result as titer
- Save result as common variable
- Save result in result table
- Define result limits

Sequence / Edit c	ommanc	I.		
02 CALC			Calculation	
Result		Res	sult name	
R1		С	ontent	
		New	Delete	Edit

The result name is specified in the list for each calculation.

[New] Define a new calculation or load an existing template, see following chapter. [Delete] Delete the selected calculation from the list. [Edit] Edit the data of the selected calculation (see chapter 29.4.1.2, page 301).

29.4.1.1 Loading a result template

The most common calculations are already available, the so-called result templates, in order to facilitate the definition of a new calculation. You also have the option, however, of defining templates of your own (see dialog **System / Templates**).

Proceed as follows to load an existing template:

1 Select a result template

 In the Sequence / Edit command dialog, tap on the [New] button.

Edit command / New calculation	
Metrohm result templates	
KFC blank mean value]
KFC blank single value	
KFC cont (ppm) w blank	
KFC content (%)	
KFC content (%) w blank	
KFC content (ppm)	
KFT content (%)	
KFT content (ppm)	
Create Custom Load new templates templat	e

The list of Metrohm result templates is displayed:

Select the desired Metrohm result template and tap on **[Load** template].

or

Tap on **[Custom templates]** and select a template you generated yourself.

If a statistic variable SMN# (# = 1...9) is defined in the template which is already used in another calculation, then the following message will be displayed:



2 Confirm the message

Tap on [OK].

The Note dialog is displayed. This note is defined in the dialog **Edit** result template / Note for wizard.



3 Enter the numerical values of the wildcards

Tap on [Next].

The list of wildcards is displayed:

New calculation / Load temp	late		
F1= 10.0	2	F6=	
F2=		F7=	
F3=		F3=	
F4=		F9=	
F5=			
	Cancel	Back	Next

- Enter the numerical values of the wildcards.
- Tap on [Next].

The editing dialog of the new calculation is displayed:

Edit	Edit command / Edit calculation				
03	CALC	C	alculation		
		Result name		KFT Titer	
Calc. formula R1			C00/EP1*10.0	2	
Decimal places		4			
Result unit		mg/mL			
	Note	Result variable		Result limits	Result options

The calculation can now be edited further, e.g. define result limits, see following chapter.

29.4.1.2 Editing a calculation

Result name

The result name is the text which will be shown in the result display and in the report. The default name corresponds to the result variable.

Entry	max. 24 characters
Default value	R1R9

Calc. formula R1...R9

Shows the calculation formula. A special editor is opened for the definition (*see chapter 29.4.3, page 307*). The designation **R1...R9** corresponds to the result variable. Under **[Result variable]** this can later be modified.

Entry	max. 100 characters
Default value	empty

Decimal places

Number of decimal places used to display the result.

Input range	0 to 5	
Default value	2	

Result unit

The result unit is displayed and saved together with the result.

Entry	max. 10 characters
Selection	% mol/L mmol/L g/L mg/L mg/mL
	mg/100 g ppm g mg μg mL μL mg/ piece °C μg/min mL/min μL/min
Default value	%

[Note]			
	Entering a note on t	he calculation.	
[Result variable]			
	Modifying the result	variable.	
[Result limits]	Defining the limits fo	or the monitoring of the result.	
[Result options]			
	Defining additional s	settings for the calculation.	
	Dialog "Edit calc	ulation / Note"	
	In this dialog you ca used.	n enter a short text, e.g. to describe the variables	
	Dialog "Edit calc	ulation / Result variable"	
	When a new calculation is created, the result variable will be automatically issued. In this dialog, however, it can be modified at any time.		
Result variable			
		pelongs an unambiguous result variable. With this an use this result in additional calculations.	
	Selection	R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 The selection contains only those result variables which are not issued in this calculation command yet.	
	Dialog "Edit calc	ulation / Result limits"	
	For each result, limit tored when the calc	values can be defined. These result limits are moni- ulation is carried out. If monitoring is activated, the	

results are shown as follows in the result display:

- Green, if the result falls within the limit values
- Red, if the result lies outside the limit values

Monitoring result limits

on | off (Default value: off)

Enabling and disabling the monitoring function.

Lower limit

When the monitored quantity falls below this value, the action defined in the following is triggered.

Input range	0 to 9999999999
Default value	0

Upper limit

When this value is exceeded, the action defined in the following is triggered.

Input range	0 to 9999999999
Default value	9999999999

Action

Selection of the action, which is carried out when the result limits are exceeded.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel
	determination
Default value	Display message

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the result limits have been exceeded.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

Dialog "Edit calculation / Result options"

In the dialog **Edit calculation / Result options**, settings for how to process the calculated result are defined.

Variable for mean value

If the statistic calculations have been activated (see method options), the mean value of the single results will be saved as variable SMN1 to SMN9. As default value, always the first free variable is being displayed.

Selection	SMN1 SMN9 off
off	
For the resul	t not statistic calculations are carried out.

Save as titer

The result can be saved as titer for the selected titrant.



NOTICE

The titer is assigned to the titrant defined in the last titration command before the calculation. Please note that the CALC command containing the titer assignment is inserted after the titration command with which the titer is determined.

Selection	Single value Mean value off
Default value	off

Single value

The result of the current determination is saved as titer.

Mean value

If statistic calculations are carried out for the result, the current mean value of the determination series is saved.

off

The result is not saved as titer.

Save as common variable

on | off (Default value: off)

The calculated result can be saved as a method-independent variable, a so-called common variable. The result is then also available in other methods for calculations. In all cases, only the single value will be saved, even if the statistics function is enabled.

Variable

Selection of the common variable to which the result is being assigned.

Solaction		
Selection	CV01 CV25	

Display result

on | off (Default value: on)

If you deactivate this parameter, the result is neither displayed in the result dialog nor printed in the result report. This can be advisable for intermediate results.

Save result in result table

on | off (Default value: off)

The calculated result can be saved in the result table. This may be advisable if e.g. the results of all determinations carried out on a particular day are to be displayed clearly. A maximum of nine results from a determination can be saved in the result table.

Precision

Setting, with which accuracy the result is used in additional calculations.

Selection	Round Truncate Full precision
Default value	Round

Round

The result is rounded to the defined number of decimal places (commercial rounding, in accordance with the US Pharmacopeia USP). If the digit at the first dropped decimal place is **1**, **2**, **3** or **4**, then it will be rounded off; if this digit is **5**, **6**, **7**, **8** or **9**, then it will be rounded up. Negative digits will be rounded in accordance with their amount, i.e. away from zero.

Truncate

The result is cut to the number of decimal places defined.

Full precision

The result is used with full accuracy (floating point number either in "single precision" (32 bit) or in "double precision" (64 bit), according to the standard IEEE 754).

29.4.2 Calculations (CALC LIVE)

The command **CALC LIVE** can be used to define a calculation, the result of which will be shown in the live display during a titration or measurement. The current volume or measured value, respectively, is used for this purpose. This is helpful, e.g. for Karl Fischer titrations, in order to be able to track the water content directly during the titration.



CAUTION

The command must be inserted directly before the corresponding titration or measuring command.

This command is identical with the **CALC** command except for the following differences:

- The number of variables is limited.
- There are no result options.
- The result cannot be monitored.
- The result variable cannot be modified.
- The result will only be displayed in the live display. It appears neither in the results dialog nor in a report.

Result name

With live calculations no custom result name can be defined, the designation **LR** cannot be modified.

Calculation formula

Shows the calculation formula. A special editor is opened for the definition (*see chapter 29.4.3, page 307*).

		23. 1.3, page 307).
	Entry Default value	max. 100 characters
		empty
Decimal places		
	Number of decima	al places used to display the result.
	Input range	0 to 5
	Default value	2
Result unit		
	The result unit is d	lisplayed and saved together with the result.
	Entry	max. 10 characters
	Selection	% mol/L mmol/L g/L mg/L mg/mL mg/100 g ppm g mg µg mL µL mg/ piece °C µg/min mL/min µL/min
	Default value	%
	-	lculation / Note" can enter a short text, e.g. to describe the variables
	FIOCEEU as TOHOWS	s to display the live result in the live display:
	1 Starting a d	letermination
	 Tap on [D 	>].
	The determin	nation starts and the live display is shown:
	2 Define the d	display options
	 Tap on the A maximu display. 	e [View] button. e [Meas. value options] button. Im of three measured values can be shown in the live option Live result at one of the three parameters.

3 Display the live display

■ Tap twice on [<>].

The current result is displayed,

29.4.3 Formula editor

The formulas for the calculations are entered with the formula editor. The maximum formula length is 100 characters.

The formula editor contains buttons for entering numbers, mathematical operators and variables. The variables can be selected from lists. This is advisable in order to avoid spelling mistakes. The formula editor is equipped with an automatic syntax check, which is activated when applying the formula. The standard rules of priority apply for the calculation operations.

E	dit cal	culation	/ Calcul	ation fo	rmula				
	R1=	C00/EI	P1*10.0	2					
	7	8	9	1	C00	CI	EP		X
	4	5	6	*	cv	R	М.		lete try
	1	2	3	_	TITER	CONC	C.	E.	
	0	±		+	()	٨		
	Cano	cel			Variable		Math. nctions		ок

Кеу	Description
C00	Sample size
CI	Sample identification CI# ($\# = 1 - 2$)
EP	Volume of endpoint EP# ($\# = 19$)
CV	Common Variable CV# (# = 125)
R	Result R# (# = 1 - 9)
TITER	Titer of the titrant selected in the previous command
CONC	Concentration of the titrant selected in the previous command
	The character in front of the cursor is deleted.
Delete entry	The content of the input field is deleted completely.

Кеу	Description
¢	The cursor within the input field is shifted to the left by one character.
⇔	The cursor within the input field is shifted to the right by one character.

If the method contains more than one data-generating command (titration, measurement etc.) before the calculation command, then you will have to indicate the command identification in front of the variable:

Variable	Description
#M.	Titration or measuring command
#C.	Calculation command
#E.	Evaluation command

"#" stands for a sequential number that you must enter manually. The number for each command identification will be counted separately and does not necessarily correspond to the number of the command line.

Example: The variable **1M.TITER** corresponds to the titer of the titrant selected in the first titration command.



CAUTION

The command identifications are not adjusted automatically when additional commands are subsequently inserted into the method. Check the formula for correctness in such cases.

[Variables]

Opening the list of additional variables (see chapter 29.4.3.1, page 308).

[Math. functions]

Opening the list with mathematical functions (see chapter 29.4.3.2, page 309).

29.4.3.1 Variables

All of the variables which can be used for calculations are divided up according to subject in the dialog **Calculation formula / Variables**:

System variable

List of the system-specific variables. These variables describe the current status of the system.

• **Result and statistics variables** List of the variables which are required for calculating results and statistics for the current determination.
Common variables

List of common variables. All of the common variables are listed, no matter whether they possess a value or not.

You will find a detailed description of all of the variables in *chapter* 29.4.3.3, page 310.

29.4.3.2 Mathematical functions

The following mathematical functions can be utilized in a calculation formula:

Function	Description	
y^z	Power function	
	Example: 4^2 = 16	
SQRT(X)	square root of X	
	Example: √(EP1)	
ABS(X)	absolute value of X	
	Example: ABS(C00); in order, e.g. with reweighings, to convert the negative sample size to a positive value for later calculations	
LN(X)	natural logarithm of X	
LOG(X)	decimal logarithm of X	
FRAC(X)	Fraction of X	
	Example: FRAC(2.5971) = 0.5971	
INT(X)	integer part of X	
	Example: INT(2.5971) = 2	
TST(X,Y)	Test function	
	If invalid variables (e.g. missing endpoints) occur in a calculation, then these can be replaced with a valid value by using this function. In this way invalid results can be avoided.	
	 Syntax: X = variable to be tested Y = substitute value 	

29.4.3.3 Variable list

The following table contains all of the variables which can be used for calculations. For variables having an index (e.g. **'EP1'**), the index must be entered manually. In the following table, this index is characterized with the character "#".

Variable	Description
C00	Sample size
CI1, CI2	Sample identifications
	The sample identifications can be used in calculations only if numerical values are entered.
DD	Duration of the entire determination
Titrants	
TITER	Titer of the titrant selected in the titration command
CONC	Concentration of the titrant selected in the titration command
Titrations, me	asurements, calibrations
EP#	Volume/quantity of endpoint EP# ($\# = 1 - 9$)
EC#	Charge at endpoint EP# (# = 1 - 9)
EM#	Measured value of endpoint EP# ($\# = 19$)
EF#	ERC of endpoint EP# (# = 1 - 9)
ET#	Temperature at endpoint EP# (# = 19)
ED#	Time at endpoint EP# ($\# = 19$)
ESI#	Recognition of endpoint EP# ($\# = 1 - 9$)
	Endpoint found = 1, no endpoint = 0
FMN	Mean gas flow during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF
TMN	Mean temperature during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF
TMI	Minimum temperature during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF
TMA	Maximum temperature during MEAS T/F ON to MEAS T/F OFF
MIM	Initial measured value, i.e. measured value prior to the processing of the start conditions
MIT	Initial temperature, i.e. temperature prior to the processing of the start conditions
MSA	Volume for start volume
MSP	Volume for start measured value
MSS	Volume for start slope
MSV	Volume for all the start conditions
MSD	Duration of start conditions
MSM	Start measured value, i.e. measured value after the processing of the start conditions
MST	Start temperature, i.e. temperature after the processing of the start conditions

MTM Type of temperature measurement (Pt1000, NTC or manually) Format = Text MDD Duration of effective dosing, i.e. without filling times, pauses MDC Drift for drift correction DDC Time for drift correction MCV End volume, i.e. total dosed volume at the end of the titration MCQ End quantity, i.e. total amount of removed water or of generated bromine, respectively, at the end of the titration (in µg) MCC Final charge, i.e. total charge in mAs at the end of the titration MCM End measured value MCT End temperature MMP Number of measuring points in measuring point list MTS Stop type Format = Text V V Current duration of the ongoing determination LL Current duration of the ongoing determination LL Current temperature of the ongoing determination JL Current temperature of the ongoing determination VEN Electrode sope VVA Elect	Variable	Description	
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	HP#	Volume of pK value / half neutralization potential HP#	
	HM#	Measured value of pK value / half neutralization potential HP#	
+T# Temperature at pK value / half neutralization potential HP#	HT#	Temperature at pK value / half neutralization potential HP#	
HD# Time at pK value / half neutralization potential HP#	HD#	Time at pK value / half neutralization potential HP#	
XIP Volume/quantity of minimum measured value	XIP	Volume/quantity of minimum measured value	

Variable	Description
XIM	Minimum measured value
XIT	Temperature at minimum measured value
XID	Time at minimum measured value
ХАР	Volume/quantity of maximum measured value
XAM	Maximum measured value
XAT	Temperature at maximum measured value
XAD	Time at maximum measured value
BP#	Volume of break point BP# (# = 1 - 9)
BM#	Measured value of break point BP# ($\# = 1 - 9$)
BT#	Temperature at break point BP# (# = 1 - 9)
BD#	Time at break point BP# (# = 1 - 9)
RD#	Mean rate in time slot # (# = 1 - 9)
RDS#	Standard deviation for RD# (# = 1 - 9)
RDC#	Correlation coefficient for RD# ($\# = 1 - 9$)
RM	Mean rate for whole range
RMS	Standard deviation for RM
RMC	Correlation coefficient for RM
Results, statistics	
R#	Result (# = 1–9)
SMN#	Mean value of result $R# (# = 1-9)$
SSA#	Absolute standard deviation of SMN# ($\# = 1 - 9$)
SSR#	Relative standard deviation of SMN# in % ($\# = 1 - 9$)
SNR#	Number of results from which the mean value SMN# was calculated $(# = 1 - 9)$
SSD	Number of determinations that are carried out for the statistics calculations
SNT	Statistics status (statistics activated = 1, statistics deactivated = 0)
Common variable	25
CV#	Common variable (# = 125)
System variables	
%RN	Sample number, i.e. number that is increased by one at each start of a determination
%SC	Start counter, see dialog More determination data / Properties
%AS	Autostart status (autostart activated = 1, autostart deactivated = 0)
%AC	Autostart counter, i.e. number of autostarts already carried out
%AD	Autostart setpoint counter, i.e. number of autostarts to be carried out

Variable	Description
%SS	Status of the sample table (sample table activated = 1, sample table deactivated = 0)
%SL	Number of the current sample table line
%SE	Last sample in the sample table processed (yes = 1, $no = 0$)

29.5 Reports (REPORT)

The reports to be printed out are defined with the command **REPORT**. A maximum of ten reports can be defined for each command. The following reports can be inserted, among others:

- Result report
- Calculation report
- Parameter report
- System reports (system settings, sensor list, GLP data etc.)
- Method reports (method run, method parameters etc.)

Sec	Sequence / Edit command			
0:	3 REPORT		Report	
01		Result repo	ort	
02		Curve		
03				
	Report options	Insert	Delete	Edit

[Report options]

Defining the general settings for the report output.

[Insert]

Add a new report to the list.

[Delete]

Delete the selected report from the list.

[Edit]

Edit the settings of the selected report.

29.5.1 General report options

The settings for the report printout can be adjusted in the dialog **Edit command / Report options** to indicate, for example, whether a report header, a signature line or a frame is to be printed.

Report header

Defining the output of the report header. The report header contains general information such as device type, serial number, program version and the printing date.



NOTICE

You can also define your own report header, which is printed in addition to this report header (**System ► Templates ► Report header**).

Selection	off once on each page
Default value	on each page

off

The report header will not be printed.

once

The report header will only be printed on the first page.

on each page

The report header will be printed on every page.

Signature line

Output of a special line for date and signature. This line will be printed at the very bottom of every page.

Selection	off once on each page
Default value	off

off

No signature line will be printed.

once

The signature line will only be printed on the last page.

on each page

The signature line will be printed on every page.

Frame

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, a frame is printed as lateral marking.

29.5.2 Settings of the individual reports

Fixed key [□]: More reports ► Report ► Edit

Command REPORT: **Report ► Edit**

Settings can be edited for the following reports (for details, see online help):

Result report

Curve

Definition of the curve size, display of the individual measuring points and grid lines, etc.

- Measuring point list Definition of the method command to which the measuring point list is to be printed.
- Calculations
 Definition of the accuracy with which the variables used as well as the results calculated are printed.
- Statistics short

Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination or only at the end of a sample series).

Statistics overview

Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination or only at the end of a sample series).

- Sample table
- Result table

Definition of the time at which the report is to be printed (with each determination, at the end of a sample series or at the end of the sample table).

- Used devices
- Variables
- Monitoring

29.5.3 List of reports

The following reports can be inserted in the command **REPORT**:



NOTICE

If you are using a **CUSTOM NEOS** printer, you can print only the reports that are marked with a **#** on the display.

Report	Contents
Result report #	Report with determination properties, sample data, calculated results, etc. If there are multiple determinations, the statistics will also be printed out.

Report	Contents
Curve	# Curve report.
Measuring point list	# Measuring point list report.
Calculations	# Details concerning the calculations carried out (parameter settings in accordance with the CALC command and the calculated results).
Used devices	The devices used for the determination, as displayed in the More determination data / Properties dialog.
Variables	All determination variables, as displayed in the results dialog.
Monitoring	Details for the monitored quantities.
Statistics	
Statistics short	# Summary of the statistics calculations. The number of determinations, the mean value, and the absolute and relative standard deviations are printed out for each result.
Statistics overview	# Detailed statistical overview. The sample data and all individual results are printed out for each determination. The number of determinations the mean value, and the absolute and relative standard deviations are printed out for each result.
Sample data	
Sample table	List of all determinations in the sample table with the respective sampl data, as entered in the sample table.
Result table	
Result table	List of all determinations in the result table with results and with the determination data, as saved in the result table.
More reports Method reports	
Method sequence	Method properties and the list of all method commands.
Parameters full	Method properties and options, all method commands with all parameters.
	All parameters which no longer have their default settings will be prin- ted in bold . All parameters which have been modified in comparison t the stored version of the method are indicated by an *.
Titration & measuring param.	Method properties; titration and measuring commands with all parameters.
	All parameters which no longer have their default settings will be prin- ted in bold . All parameters which have been modified in comparison t the stored version of the method are indicated by an *.
Modified parameters	Method properties, all method parameters which have been modified comparison to the stored version of the method.
Non default parameters	Method properties, all method parameters which no longer have any default settings.

Report	Contents
System settings	
System settings	Settings for acoustic signals and accuracy of the measured value display.
Dialog options	Settings for routine dialog and expert dialog.
Titrants	
Titrant list	List of all the titrants configured in the system.
All titrant data short	The most important titrant data of all titrants (name, concentration, titer, last titer determination).
All titrant data full	All of the titrant data of all of the titrants (working life, titer options, data concerning the exchange unit/dosing unit).
Sensors	
Sensor list	List of all the sensors configured in the system.
All sensor data short	The most important sensor data for all sensors.
All sensor data full	All of the sensor data for all of the sensors (name, working life, etc.).
Device manager	
Device list	List of all devices configured in the system.
All device properties	Properties of all the devices configured in the system.
GLP manager	
GLP data	All data stored in the GLP manager.
Common variables	
Common variable list	List of all the common variables defined in the system, together with their most important data (name, value, status).
All common variable properties	Properties of all common variables (name, value, validity, status).
Templates	
Templates sample data	Sample identification list and sample assignment table.
Result template list	List with all of the user-generated result templates.
All result templates details	Details of the all of the user-generated result templates (calculation for- mula, result options, note).
Input/Output lines	List with all of the defined input and output lines at the remote interface (name, bit pattern).
Custom calibration buffers	Temperature tables for all defined custom calibration buffers.
Rack tables	
Sample rack list	List with all of the sample racks configured in the system, together with designation, number of positions and rack code.
Miscellaneous	

29.6 Dosing and Liquid Handling

The following dosing commands are available:

Preparing the exchange unit or dosing unit (PREP)	Rinsing the cylinder and the tubings of the exchange unit / dosing unit.
Emptying the dos- ing unit (EMPTY)	Emptying the cylinder and the tubings of the dosing unit.
Dosing a fixed vol- ume (ADD)	Dosing a specified volume.
Liquid Handling (LQH)	Carrying out complex dosing tasks with a Dos- ino.

29.6.1 Preparing an exchange or dosing unit (PREP)

The **PREP** command is used to rinse and fill air bubble-free the cylinder and tubings of the exchange or dosing unit. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once a day.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

Selection	Selection of configured control devices

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4
Default value	1

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the parameters defined for the titrant for the preparing as well as the tubing parameters (dosing unit only) are used. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

Selection	Selection of configured titrants not defined
Default value	not defined

not defined

No check takes place. The command is carried out with default parameters (*see Chapter 32.1.2, page 355* and *Chapter 32.2.2, page 356*).

Cylinder volume to

This parameter can only be edited with **Titrant = not defined**.

Selection of the port via which the titrant is ejected. This setting is only relevant for dosing units, in case of preparing an exchange unit, this setting is ignored.

Selection	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4
Default value	Port 1

29.6.2 Emptying a dosing unit (EMPTY)

The **EMPTY** command is used to empty the cylinder and tubings of the dosing unit.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

Selection	Selection of configured control devices
-----------	---

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4
Default value	1

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the parameters defined for the titrant for the preparing as well as the tubing parameters (dosing unit only) are used. Titrants are defined under **System** \triangleright **Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

Selection	Selection of configured titrants not defined
Default value	not defined

not defined

No check takes place. The command is carried out with default parameters (*see Chapter 32.1.2, page 355* and *Chapter 32.2.2, page 356*).

Air inlet

This parameter can only be edited with **Titrant = not defined**.

Selection of the port via which air is aspirated. This setting is only relevant for dosing units, in case of preparing an exchange unit, this setting is ignored.

Selection	Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4
Default value	Port 4

29.6.3 Dosing a specified volume (ADD)

You can dose a specified volume with the command **ADD**.

29.6.3.1 Dosing parameters

The parameters for the dosing are defined under [Dosing parameters].

Volume

Volume which is dosed.

Input range	0.00000 to 99999.9 mL	
Default value	10.0000 mL	

Dosing rate

The rate at which dosing takes place.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum dosing rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min
Selection	maximum
Default value	maximum

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (*see chapter 32, page 355*).

29.6.3.2 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System ► Device manager**.



NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

Selection	Selection of configured control instruments
-----------	---

29.6.3.3 Dosing device

The parameters for the dosing device are edited under [Dosing device].

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4
Default value	1

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the correct data (titer, etc.) is always used for the calculation. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without an integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

Selection	Selection of configured titrants not defined
Default value	not defined

not defined

No check takes place.

Tandem dosing

A second dosing device can be defined under **[Tandem dosing]** in order to enable uninterrupted dosing. Dosing is carried out with a combination of two dosing devices so that the second dosing device is dosing while the first one is being filled and vice versa.

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4 off
Default value	off

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. Titrants are defined under **System ► Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, only the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit is checked at the start of the determination. i

NOTICE

The concentration, validity of the titer and the working life of the titrant are ignored.

Selection	Selection of configured titrants not defined
Default value	not defined

not defined

No check takes place.

Filling rate

Rate at which the dosing cylinder is filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min	
Selection	maximum	
Default value	maximum	

maximum

The maximum filling rate depends on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

However, in order to ensure uninterrupted dosing, the following points must be taken into account:

- Use the highest possible filling rate in order to keep the filling times as short as possible. The filling rate should be decreased for viscous liquids.
- When you use two buret units with different dosing cylinders, the filling rate for the larger sized cylinder must be at the minimum:

$$v_{2,Fill} \ge v_{1,Fill} \cdot \frac{V_{Cyl,2}}{V_{Cyl,1}}$$

 $v_{2,Fill}$ = filling rate in mL/min for the larger sized cylinder

 $v_{1,Fill}$ = filling rate in mL/min for the smaller cylinder

- $V_{Cyl.2}$ = cylinder volume in mL of the buret unit of the second dosing device
- $V_{Cyl.1}$ = cylinder volume in mL of the buret unit of the first dosing device

Example:

Dosing device 1: volume = 20 mL, filling rate = 50 mL/min

Dosing device 2: volume = 50 mL

Filling rate 2 \geq 50 mL/min \cdot 50 mL / 20 mL \geq 125 mL/min

 The dosing rate must not exceed 75% of the filling rate of the smaller cylinder. These values are listed in the following table, valid at maximum filling rate:

Cylinder volume	maximum dosing rate		
	Exchange unit	Dosing unit	
1 mL	2.25 mL/min	_	
2 mL	-	5.00 mL/min	
5 mL	11.25 mL/min	12.50 mL/min	
10 mL	22.50 mL/min	25.00 mL/min	
20 mL	45.00 mL/min	50.00 mL/min	
50 mL	112.50 mL/min	124.50 mL/min	

Table 10	Maximum	dosing rate	for different	dosing cylinders
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29.6.3.4 Stirrer

The parameters for the stirrer are edited under [Stirrer].

Stirrer

Selection of the MSB connector the stirrer is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4 off
Default value	1

off

No stirrer will be used.

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of -15 to +15. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*. The optimum stirring rate can be tested in the manual control.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "-": clockwise rotation

Input range	-15 to 15	
Default value	8	

Switch off automatically

on | off (Default value: on)

If this parameter is activated, the stirrer will be switched off automatically at the end of the titration, measurement, etc.

29.6.4 Liquid Handling (LQH)

The command **LQH** can be used to carry out Liquid Handling tasks with a dosing device of the type **Dosino 800**. The manifold options of the Dosino can be exploited in full in combination with a USB Sample Processor. The four ports of the dosing units can be used at will as output or input ports. This means that not only simple dosing and filling procedures are possible. Complex Liquid Handling tasks such as pipetting or sample transfers can be carried out without difficulty. Several LQH and automation commands are required for this purpose which are best combined into subsequences.

29.6.4.1 Liquid Handling parameters

The parameters for the Liquid Handling function are defined under **[Liq-uid Handling param.]**.

Function

Type of Liquid Handling function.

Selection	Dose Fill Aspirate Eject Exchange posi-		
	tion Change port Compensate End volume		

Dose

The given volume is dosed. The dosing cylinder neither is automatically filled before nor afterwards.

Fill

The dosing cylinder is filled. The valve disc then remains at the selected port.

Aspirate

Liquid is aspirated. The dosing cylinder neither is automatically filled before nor afterwards. The aspirating volume has to be aspirated with a single piston stroke.

Eject

The whole cylinder content is ejected. The piston is, in contrast to the function **End volume**, lowered to the stop point, i.e. past the maximum volume mark. This function should only be carried out for preparing a dosing unit before the pipetting procedure.

Exchange position

The dosing cylinder is filled. This means that, for example, air can be aspirated via Port 4. The valve disc is then rotated to Port 2 and the dosing drive can be removed from the dosing unit.

Change port

The stopcock is moved to the given port, but no piston movement takes place.

Compensate

Because of the fact that the dosing units are interchangeable, the coupling of the Dosino piston rod (spindle) exhibits a low mechanical tolerance that can be noticed when the piston changes its direction of movement. This tolerance can be compensated with this function. A short piston movement is first made in the same direction as the previous movement, which is then followed by a piston movement in the reverse direction.

End volume

The whole cylinder content is ejected. The piston is lowered to the maximum volume mark i.e. until 10'000 pulses have been dosed. This command should be used for pipetting functions for emptying the cylinder.

In-/Outlet

Selection of the port via which the Liquid Handling command is carried out.

Port 1	
Default value	when Function = Dose, Aspirate and End volu
Port 2	
Default value	when Function = Fill , Exchange position and
Change por	t.
Port 4	
Default value	when Function = Eject and Compensate.
	an only be edited with Function = Dose and Aspi dosed or aspirated.
	dosed or aspirated.
Volume which is $\frac{Function = Dose}{Input range}$	dosed or aspirated. 0.00000 to 99999.9 mL
Volume which is <i>Function = Dose</i>	dosed or aspirated.
Volume which is $\frac{Function = Dose}{Input range}$	dosed or aspirated. 0.00000 to 99999.9 mL 1.00000 mL
Volume which is <u>Function = Dose</u> Input range Default value	0.00000 to 99999.9 mL 1.00000 mL

Flow rate

Volume

This parameter can only be edited with **Function** = **Dose**, **Fill**, **Aspirate**, **Eject**, **Exchange position** and **End volume**.

Rate at which it is dosed or filled.

Input range	0.01 to 166.00 mL/min	
Selection	maximum	
Default value	maximum	

maximum

The maximum dosing and filling rates depend on the cylinder volume (see chapter 32, page 355).

29.6.4.2 Control instrument

The control instrument the determination is carried out with is selected under **[Control device]**. Control instruments are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.



NOTICE

This button will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control instrument.

Control device

Selection of the control instrument from the list of devices. Only those devices are displayed which are able to carry out the command.

29.6.4.3 Dosing device

The parameters for the dosing device are edited under [Dosing device].

Dosing device

Selection of the MSB connector to which the dosing device is connected. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4	
Default value	1	

Titrant

Selection of the titrant from the titrant list. We recommend always selecting the titrant. This ensures that the correct data (titer, etc.) is always used for the calculation. Titrants are defined under **System** \triangleright **Titrants**. You can also enter a name which is not contained in the titrant list. When a determination is started there is a check whether the solution is contained in the list.

For buret units with integrated data chip, a check is made in the method run to verify whether the correct titrant has been attached and whether the type of dosing drive matches. For buret units without an integrated data chip, the cylinder volume and the type of dosing drive are checked. For the selected titrant, the validity of the titer, the working life of the titrant and the time interval for the GLP test of the buret unit are checked at the start of the determination.

Selection	Selection of configured titrants not defined
Default value	not defined

not defined

No check takes place.

29.7 Communication

The following communications commands are available:

Scanning remote lines (SCAN)	Defining remote signals which are awaited before the next method command is started.
Setting remote lines (CTRL)	Defining remote signals.
Receiving RS-232 commands (SCAN RS)	Defining RS-232 commands which are awaited before the next method command is started.
Sending RS-232 commands (CTRL RS)	Defining the RS-232 commands which are sent.

29.7.1 Scanning remote lines (SCAN)

The command **SCAN** can be used to define input signals at the remote interface which are awaited before the next method command is started.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

Selection	Selection of configured control devices
Selection	Selection of configured control devices
Sciection	selection of compared control defices

Remote Box

Selection of the MSB connector the Remote Box is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument. The remote signal defined is requested on this Remote Box.

Selection	1 2 3 4	
Default value	1	

Input signal

Selection of the signal out of the templates or entering the required bit pattern. Templates are defined under **System ► Templates ► Input** lines.

Entering a bit pattern:

- 0 = line inactive
- 1 = line active
- * = retain line status

The input lines are always numbered from right to left, i.e. with the signal ********1** line 0 is expected to be active.

1	
---	--

i	NOTICE
	mend masking lines that are of no interest or for which no indition can be predicted with an asterisk (*).

Bit patterns containing exactly 8 characters or a max. of 24 characters for the name of the template

Selection of the templates defined

Timeout

When this time interval has expired without recognizing the remote signal, the action defined in the following is triggered.

Input range	0 to 999 s	
Default value	0 s	

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel determination
Default value	Display message
	For all three options it is documented in the deter-
	mination data (see dialog More determination
	data / Messages), that the time interval has been
	expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

29.7.2 Setting remote lines (CTRL)

The command **CTRL** can be used to define output signals at the remote interface.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

Selection Selection of configured control devices	
---	--

Remote Box

Selection of the MSB connector the Remote Box is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument. The remote signal defined is sent via this Remote Box.

Selection	1 2 3 4	
Default value	1	

Output signal

Selection of the signal out of the templates or entering the required bit pattern. Templates are defined under **System ► Templates ► Output lines**.



NOTICE

A line set active is not being reset automatically, not even at the end of the determination.

Entering a bit pattern:

- 0 = line inactive
- 1 = line active
- * = retain line status
- p = set pulse



NOTICE

We recommend masking lines that are of no interest or for which no defined condition can be predicted with an asterisk (*).

Entry	Bit patterns containing exactly 14 characters or a max. of 24 characters for the name of the template
Default value	*****
Selection	Selection of the templates defined

29.7.3 Scanning the RS-232 interface (SCAN RS)

The command **SCAN RS** can be used to define RS-232 commands which are awaited before the next method command is started.

Serial port

Selection of the serial interface the peripheral device is connected to. The RS-232 command defined is requested on this interface.

Selection	COM1 COM2 COM3 COM4 COM5
	COM6 COM7 COM8
Default value	COM1

Character string

Input of the RS-232 command as character string. All characters of the ASCII code page can be used. Control characters (Esc, FF etc.) have to be entered as a three-place, decimal ASCII code, starting with a slash. Each command is automatically terminated with the ASCII characters **CR** and **LF**. The * can be used for one or more characters.

Entry	ASCII string with a max. of 24 characters
Default value	!*.R

Timeout

When this time interval has expired without recognizing the RS-232 command, the action defined in the following is triggered.

Input range	0 to 999 s
Default value	0 s

Action

Selection of the action which is carried out when the time interval has expired.

Selection	Display message Document message Cancel determination
Default value	Display message For all three options it is documented in the deter- mination data (see dialog More determination data / Messages), that the time interval has been expired.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.

Document message

In the determination data it will be documented, that the time interval has been expired.

Cancel determination

The determination is stopped.

29.7.4 Defining RS-232 commands (CONTROL RS)

The command **CONTROL RS** can be used to define the RS-232 commands which are sent.

Serial port

Selection of the serial interface the peripheral device is connected to. The RS-232 command defined is sent via this interface.

Selection	COM1 COM2 COM3 COM4 COM5
	COM6 COM7 COM8
Default value	COM1

Character string

Input of the RS-232 command as character string. All characters of the ASCII code page can be used. Control characters (Esc, FF etc.) have to be entered as a three-place, decimal ASCII code, starting with a slash. Each command is automatically terminated with the ASCII characters **CR** and **LF**.

Entry	ASCII string with a max. of 24 characters
Default value	୫M;\$G

29.8 Automation

29.8.1 Rotating sample rack (MOVE)

The command **MOVE** is used to move to a rack position or an external position.

Tower

Selection of the tower, with which the command is carried out. Both Tower 1 and Tower 2 can always be selected, even if your Sample Processor has only one tower.

Selection	1 2
Selection	1 Z
Default value	1

1

View from the front, the right tower.

2

View from the front, the left tower.

Destination

Selection of the required target position.

Selection	Sample Ext. position Special beaker Rack position Current sample + Current sample -
	Next position Prev. position Calibration pos. rotate + rotate - swing + swing -
Default value	Sample

Sample

Rack position, which is defined by the sample variable. The sample variable is automatically increased by 1 after every method run or it can selectively be modified with the command **SAMPLE**.

Ext. position

One of the four external positions which can be moved to with the Swing Head. Enter the number of the external position (1...4) in the field to the right.

Special beaker

Special beakers, which are defined in the rack table, can be directly moved to. Enter the number of the special beaker (**1...16**) in field to the right.

Rack position

Any rack position. Enter the number of the rack position (**1...999**) in the field to the right.

Current sample +

Starting from the current sample (defined by the sample variable) the rack is moved forward by the number of rack positions (**1...999**) entered in the field to the right.

Current sample -

Starting from the current sample (defined by the sample variable) the rack is moved backward by the number of rack positions (**1...999**) entered in the field to the right.

Next position

Starting from the current rack position, the rack is moved forward by one position.

Prev. position

Starting from the current rack position, the rack is moved backward by one position.

Calibration pos.

For automatic calibrations with a Sample Processor (relevant only if the Ti-Touch supports calibrations).

rotate +

Moving the rack forward by a certain increment. The rotation increment is defined in the properties of the tower.

rotate -

Moving the rack backward by a certain increment. The rotation increment is defined in the properties of the tower.

swing +

Swinging the robotic arm outward by a certain increment (towards higher angular degrees). The swing increment is defined in the properties of the Swing Head.

swing -

Swinging the robotic arm towards the center of the rack by a certain increment (towards lower angular degrees). The swing increment is defined in the properties of the Swing Head.

Beaker test action

This parameter can only be edited with **Destination** = **Sample**, **Next position** or **Prev. position**.

Selection of the action which is carried out when the beaker sensor does not detect any vessel at the sample position moved to. In addition, enable the beaker sensor in the rack table.

Selection	Rotate rack Display message
Default value	Display message

Rotate rack

The rack is moved to the next vessel on a sample position. **Exception**: If the sample variable is newly defined in the method before this command (command SAMPLE), then the option Display message is automatically valid.

Display message

A message is displayed. You can select whether you want to continue with the determination or cancel the run.



NOTICE

This parameter is ignored with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

Options

Shift rate

Rate at which the sample rack is moved.

Input range	3 to 20 °/s
Default value	20 °/s



NOTICE

This parameter is ignored with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

Shift direction

Direction in which the rack is moved.

Selection	auto + -
Default value	auto

auto

A shift direction, with which the shorter way has to be passed, is automatically selected.

+

Counterclockwise rotation.

Clockwise rotation.

Swing rate

Rate at which the robotic arm is swung.

Input range	10 to 55 °/s	
Default value	55 °/s	

29.8.2 Moving the lift (LIFT)

The lift of a Sample Processor is moved with the command **LIFT**. The movement can, however, only be carried out if the Sample Processor is located at a valid rack position. This will not be the case, for example, after a Rack Reset.

Tower

Selection of the tower, with which the command is carried out. Both Tower 1 and Tower 2 can always be selected, even if your Sample Processor has only one tower.

Selection	1 2	
Default value	1	

1

View from the front, the right tower.

2

View from the front, the left tower.

Lift position

Selecting a predefined lift position or enter any lift position. The predefined lift positions are defined in the device properties of the Sample Processor. They can, however, also be assigned in the manual control.

Input range	0 to 235 mm
Selection	Work position Shift position Rinse position
	Special position Home position
Default value	Work position

Home position

The lift is being located at the upper stop position, i.e. at the position 0 mm.

For the 885 Compact Oven SC, the position 0 mm is approached when **Shift position**, **Rinse position** and **Special position** is selected.

Lift rate

Speed at which the lift is moved.

Input range	5 to 25 mm/s
Default value	20 mm/s

	NOTICE

This parameter is ignored with the 885 Compact Oven SC.

29.8.3 Controlling pumps (PUMP)

The **PUMP** command is used to control the pumps mounted on or connected to the tower of the sample changer.

Tower

Selection of the tower, with which the command is carried out. Both Tower 1 and Tower 2 can always be selected, even if your Sample Processor has only one tower.

Selection	1 2	
Default value	1	

1

View from the front, the right tower.

2

View from the front, the left tower.

Pump

Selection of the pump.

Selection	1 2 1 + 2	
Default value	1	

1

Pump 1 of the selected tower is switched.

2

Pump 2 of the selected tower is switched.

1+2

Both pumps of the selected tower are switched at the same time.

Status/Duration

Switching the pump(s) on and off.

Input range 0 to 999 s (Increment: 1)		
	The pump is running during this time.	
Selection	on off	
Default value	on	

on

The pump is switched on. The pump is running until it is explicitly switched off. If the determination is canceled with the key [\Box], the pump is also switched off.

off

The pump is switched off.

29.8.4 Resetting the rack (RACK)

The following actions are carried out with the command **RACK**:

- Rack, lift and robotic arm are being reset.
- The rack code of the rack attached is being read out and the corresponding rack data is transferred to the Sample Processor.
- The sample variable is reset to the value 1.

Check rack

on | off (Default value: off)

Activate this parameter when the rack attached is to be checked. For this you, however, have to additionally select the rack in the dialog **Method options / Start options** at the option **Check rack**.



This option is not available with the 885 Compact Oven SC. Therefore, this parameter must be set to **no**.

29.8.5 Defining the sample variable (SAMPLE)

The sample variable describes the current position of the sample on the rack of the Sample Processor. It is automatically increased by 1 after the end of a method run. In the following cases, the sample variable is automatically reset to the value 1:

- if the autostart counter is reset.
- if the sample rack is reset.

The sample variable can be altered specifically with the command **SAM-PLE**.

Sample variable

Modifying the sample variable.

=

The sample variable corresponds to the number entered in the field **Value**.

+

The sample variable corresponds to the current value plus the number entered in the field **Value**.

The sample variable corresponds to the current value minus the number entered in the field **Value**.

Value

Value by which the current sample variable is to be modified.

1	NOTICE
The sample	e variable can only be set on rack positions which are not
defined as	special beakers.

Input range	1 to 999	
Default value	1	

29.8.6 Creating a subsequence (SUBSEQ)

It is useful, particularly with more complex tasks, e.g. rinsing sequences or Liquid Handling, to combine individual command sequences into a single subsequence. Subsequences are managed the same as method commands. A maximum of 99 commands can be combined to form a single subsequence. There is no limit to the number of subsequences within one method.

[Load/ Save]

Loading a saved subsequence or saving the current subsequence.

[Subseq. options]

Defining various settings which correspond to the entire subsequence.

[Insert command]

Insert a new method command. It is inserted before the selected command.



NOTICE

Not all commands are available for subsequences. Commands which cannot be inserted into subsequences are disabled.

[Delete command]

Delete the selected method command.

[Edit command]

Edit the selected method command.

29.8.6.1 Loading / saving a subsequence

[Load/ Save] is used to load stored subsequences or to save new subsequences. This means that they are available for all methods and only have to be created once.

Loading a subsequence



[Own subseq.]

Opening the list of own subsequences.

[Load]

Loading the selected subsequence.

Saving a subsequence

Custom-made subsequences are saved in the internal memory.



In order to be able to use the subsequences also for other titration systems, you have to create a backup. You can only restore the subsequences from this backup on another system.

File name

File name of the subsequence.

Entry	max. 32 characters	
-------	--------------------	--

[Save]

Saving the subsequence to the internal memory.

29.8.6.2 Subsequence options

In this dialog, the settings can be defined which correspond to the entire subsequence.

Subsequence type

Selection	Sample sequence Start sequence End
	sequence Stop sequence Cond. sequence
Default value	Sample sequence

Sample sequence

The subsequence is carried out with every determination.

Start sequence

This subsequence is only carried out at the start of a sample series when the autostart counter = 1.

End sequence

This subsequence is only carried out at the last sample of a series when the autostart counter has reached the setpoint value (number of autostarts).

Stop sequence

The stop sequence is only carried out when canceling a method because of one of the following cases: Manual stop with [], stop because of an error, stop via remote signal.

Cond. sequence

This subsequence is carried out directly before the conditioning. This gives you the possibility to start e.g. a connected Polytron[®] high-frequency homogenizer before the conditioning as well as to set its stirring rate. Use the command **CONTROL RS** for this.

Cycles

Number of directly consecutive repetitions of the subsequence.

Input range	0 to 999	
Default value	1	
Selection	Calibration	

Calibration

For automatic calibrations with a Sample Processor (relevant only if the Ti-Touch supports calibrations).

[Note]

Entering a note on the subsequence.

Dialog "Subsequence options / Note"

A short text can be entered in this dialog, e.g. for the description of the subsequence commands or for the application purpose.

[Display options]

Definition when the note is being displayed.

Automatically after loading the subsequence

on | off (Default value: off)

If this parameter is activated, the note is displayed when loading the subsequence. It can otherwise only be read in this dialog.

29.8.7 Controlling the heating (HEATER)

The heating on the 885 Compact Oven SC is controlled with the **HEATER** command.

Status

Switch the heater on or off.

Selection	on off
Default value	on

on

The heater is switched on. The command is displayed in the method run until the specified temperature is reached. The heater runs in the background until it is explicitly switched off. The current temperature can be seen in the Manual control.

off

The heater is switched off.

Temperature

Temperature to which the oven is heated.

Input range	50 to 250 °C (Increment: 1)
Default value	110 °C

29.8.8 Controlling the gas flow (FLOW)

The gas flow is controlled on the 885 Compact Oven SC with the FLOW command.

Status

Switch the gas flow on or off.

Selection	on off	
Default value	on	

on

The gas flow is switched on. The gas flow runs until it is switched off. The current gas flow can be seen in the Manual control.

off

The gas flow is switched off.

Flow rate

Flow rate for the gas flow.

Input range	10 to 150 mL/min (Increment: 1)
Default value	50 mL/min

Gas supply

Selection of the gas supply.

Selection	pump valve	
Default value	pump	

pump

The integrated air pump is used for the gas flow.

valve

The integrated inlet valve is used for the gas flow. The inlet valve in the 885 Compact Oven SC is connected to compressed air or nitrogen.

Gas type

Gas type of the carrier gas used.

Selection	air nitrogen	
Default value	air	

29.8.9 Starting the measurement for temperature and gas flow (MEAS T/F ON)

Data acquisition and evaluation of the data of the 885 Compact Oven SC is started with the **MEAS T/F ON** command.

The following values are output as raw data and are available as variables:

- Mean gas flow (evaluation starts after 10 s).
- Mean temperature
- Minimum temperature
- Maximum temperature

After a **MEAS T/F ON** command, there must also be a **MEAS T/F OFF** command present in the method run. If one of the two commands is missing or the order is not followed, the command is depicted in red. No parameters can be edited for this command.

29.8.10 Exiting the measurement for temperature and gas flow (MEAS T/F OFF)

The data acquisition evaluation of the data of the 885 Compact Oven SC is finished with the **MEAS T/F OFF** command. There must be a **MEAS T/F ON** command present before a **MEAS T/F OFF** command in the method run. The command will be depicted in red if this is not fulfilled. No parameters can be edited for this command.

29.9 Miscellaneous commands

29.9.1 Controlling a stirrer (STIR)

A stirrer is controlled with the command **STIR**.

Control device

This parameter will only be shown when, in addition to the Ti-Touch, a Sample Processor has been configured as control device. Control devices are defined under **System** ► **Device manager**.

Selection of the control device from the list of devices.

Selection	Selection of configured control devices

Stirrer

Selection of the MSB connector the stirrer is connected to. The selection does not depend on the number of MSB connectors of the control instrument.

Selection	1 2 3 4
Default value	1

Status/Duration

Switching the stirrer on or off.

Input range	0 to 999 s (Increment: 1)
	During this time the stirrer is running.
Selection	on off
Default value	on

on

The stirrer is switched on. The stirrer runs until it is explicitly switched off. If the determination is canceled with the key [\Box], the stirrer is also switched off.

off

The stirrer is switched off.

Stirring rate

Setting the stirring rate. It can be set in steps of -15 to +15. The default setting **8** corresponds to 1000 rpm. The formula for calculating the rotational speed is specified in *chapter 32.3, page 356*. The optimum stirring rate can be tested in the manual control.

The algebraic sign of the stirring rate changes the direction in which the stirring is done. When the stirrer is viewed from above, this means:

- "+": counterclockwise rotation
- "–": clockwise rotation
| Input range | –15 to 15 |
|---------------|-----------|
| Default value | 8 |

29.9.2 Pausing the method run (WAIT)

The method run can be paused with the command **WAIT**.

Hold sequence on | off (Default value: off) If this parameter is activated, then the method run is paused until it is continued manually. Waiting time This parameter can only be edited when **Hold sequence** is deactivated. The method run is automatically continued after this waiting time. Input range 0 to 99999 s Default value 30 s Message on | off (Default value: off) If this parameter is activated, the text message defined in the following is displayed during the waiting time. Message text This parameter can only be edited when **Message** is activated. Text which is displayed during the waiting time. max. 28 characters Entry Default value empty 29.9.3 Scan data (REQUEST) The following data can be scanned in the method run with the command **REQUEST**: Sample data - Sample identification 1 - Sample identification 2 Sample size (value and unit)

Common variable

You can select thereby whether the sequence should be paused or resumed in the background.

Sample ident.

Selection of the sample identification that is queried in the method run.

	Selection	off Identification 1 Identification 2 ID1 &
		ID2
	Default value	off
Sample size		
	on off (Default val	ue: on)
	If this parameter is a requested.	ictivated, then the value for the sample size will be
Sample size unit		
	on off (Default val	ue: off)
	lf this parameter is a requested.	ctivated, then the unit for the sample size will be
Common variable		
	Selection of the com	nmon variable which is queried in the method run.
	SelectionCV01CV25 offDefault valueoff	
Hold sequence		
·	on off (Default val	ue: on)
	request. If this paran	activated, then the run will be paused during the neter is deactivated, then the method continues in the e following measurement or titration has been com-
29.9.4 Defining	an acoustic sign	al (BEEP)
	-	d can be used to produce an acoustic signal.

Duration

Approximate playing time in seconds of the permanently stored melody.

Input range	1 to 9	
Default value	1	

29.9.5 Signing a determination (SIGN)

A determination can be signed with the **SIGN** command. The method run is automatically paused as soon as this command is reached. At the same time a switch is made to the result view. The run will not be continued until the determination has been signed or the **SIGN** command has been canceled. You can specify whether a routine user is allowed to cancel the **SIGN** command in the setting **System ► System settings ► Dialog options ► Routine dialog**. No parameters can be edited for this com-

mand. The parameters for signing determinations are described in *chapter 17.1, page 181*.



NOTICE

Methods with this command can only be started if you are working with login and password protection.

The command should always be inserted at the end directly before the **REPORT** command or at the end of the method sequence if a PC/LIMS report is to be sent automatically.

29.9.6 Canceling the method run (END)

The method run will cancel as soon as the **END** command is reached. This is a good idea if you wish to test only the first part of a method. No parameters can be edited for this command.

30 Operation and maintenance

30.1 System initialization

In very rare instances, a faulty file system (e.g. because of a program crash) may lead to an impairment of program functioning. The internal file system must be initialized in such cases.



CAUTION

If you carry out a system initialization, then all user data except the methods will be deleted.

We recommend creating a backup of the system at regular intervals in order to avoid data losses.

Proceed as follows for the system initialization:

1 Switching off the instrument

• Press the power switch at the rear.

2 Switching on the instrument

- Press the power switch at the rear.
 An image with a frog will be displayed after a couple of seconds.
- While the image is being displayed, press the power switch again and hold it down.
- Do not release the power switch until an acoustic signal sounds.

A system message is displayed.

3 Confirm system initialization

- Confirm the message with **[Yes]**.
 - A second security prompt is displayed.
- Confirm this message with **[Yes]** as well.

Initialization is started. After the initialization has been completed, the 915 KF Ti-Touch is started automatically.

30.2 Maintenance

Maintenance

The electronic and mechanical functional groups of Metrohm instruments can and should be checked by specialist personnel from Metrohm as part of a regular preventive maintenance schedule. Please ask your local Metrohm representative regarding the precise terms and conditions involved in concluding a corresponding maintenance agreement.

For detailed information on this topic, please visit *www.metrohm.com*.

Cleaning

Cleaning the surfaces of the instrument

Prerequisites

- The instrument is disconnected from the power grid.
 - 1 Clean the surfaces with a damp cloth.



NOTICE

Water or ethanol can be used as a cleaning medium.



NOTICE

The connectors at the rear of the instrument must only be cleaned with a dry cloth.

31 Troubleshooting

31.1 Editing methods

Problem	Cause	Remedy
The method com- mand cannot be inserted.	No control instrument which supports the method command is con- figured in the device man- ager.	Add a control instrument which supports the desired method command to the list of devices <i>(see chapter 11, page 79)</i> .
The additional eval- uations (EVAL com- mands) cannot be inserted.	A titration or measuring command to which the evaluation can be applied is missing.	 Insert a titration or measuring command. Insert the EVAL command directly after it.
A MEAS T/F ON command or MEAS T/F OFF command is depicted in red in the command list.	The corresponding MEAS T/F ON command or MEAS T/F OFF command is miss- ing or not inserted in the correct order in the method run. To be able to execute a method, both MEAS T/F commands are needed in the method run.	Insert the missing MEAS T/F command and observe the logical order of the commands.
An EVAL command is depicted in red in the command list.	The associated titration or measuring command has been deleted or replaced by a different one.	 Delete the EVAL command. Insert a titration or measuring command. Insert the EVAL command directly after it.

31.2 Sample table

Problem	Cause	Remedy
The method cannot be entered in the sample table.	The option Use sample assignment table is acti- vated. The method assigned to the sample identification will be loa- ded automatically at the start of the determination.	Deactivate the option <i>(see chapter 15.1, page 149)</i> .

31.3 Results/Statistics

Problem	Cause	Remedy
No statistics are car- ried out for a result.	Statistics is not activated.	In the method options, activate the option Statistics (see chapter 16.5, page 169).
	No statistics variable has been assigned to the calculation.	In the result options (command CALC), define a variable for the mean value (see "Variable for mean value", page 155).
	Statistics is not activated.	In the control dialog, activate the Statistics option (<i>see chapter 18, page 183</i>).
A result has been removed from the statistics, the mean value has not been reassigned to the common variable or to the TITER varia- ble.	Assignment is not carried out automatically with ret- roactive modifications.	Recalculate the determination manually (see chapter 24, page 211).
The result is not dis- played in the result table.	The column display in the result table is incorrectly configured.	Modify the settings for the display accordingly (see chapter 26.1, page 234).
	The parameter Save result in result table is not acti- vated.	In the result options (command CALC), activate the parameter <i>(see "Save result in result table", page 156</i>).

31.4 Printing

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Tapping on the fixed key [🕒] has no effect.	The fixed key is disabled.	In the Dialog options / Fixed keys dialog, activate the Print option (<i>see chapter 7.2, page 34</i>).
	A determination is running.	Wait until the determination is finished.

31.5 Manual control

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Tapping on the fixed key [🖞] has no effect.	The fixed key is disabled.	In the Dialog options / Fixed keys dialog, activate the Manual control option (<i>see chapter 7.2, page 34</i>).
A button in the manual control is disabled.	The required hardware is either not connected or incorrectly connected.	 Switch off the 915 KF Ti-Touch. Connect the hardware correctly. Switch the 915 KF Ti-Touch back on.
	The required hardware is being used in the ongoing determination.	Wait until the determination is finished.

31.6 Titration stand with pump

Problem	Cause	Remedy	
Solvent is added at the same time dur- ing aspiration.	The adsorber tube is blocked.	 Enlarge the hole of the drying tube cover to 2 mm at least. Refill the adsorber tube, pack not too tightly, perhaps remove some of the molec- ular sieve. 	
The pump conveys no liquid.	The add/aspirate key is not pressed tightly enough.	 Usually the bottle attachments are not screwed tightly enough to the reagent and waste bottles. Check all connections for leak-tightness. 	
The solvent flows on into the titration vessel after the addition, without the add key being pressed.	The solvent bottle is not positioned correctly.	Position the solvent bottle in such a way that the liquid level in the bottle is lower than that in the titration vessel.	

31.7 Miscellaneous

Problem	Cause	Remedy
The 915 KF Ti-Touch	The Ti-Touch is connected	Plug in the Ti-Touch at the Controller connec-
cannot be switched	to an MSB socket on the	tor (see manual for control instrument).
on.	control instrument.	

31.8	Volumetric Karl Fischer	r Titration
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Problem	Cause	Remedy
The drift is very high during conditioning.	The titration cell is leaking.	Check the seals and the septum. Replace if necessary.Replace the molecular sieve.
The drift becomes greater after each titration.	The sample releases water very slowly.	 Adjust the method. Add solubility promoter. Increase the temperature (possibly using a KF oven). See technical literature.
	A side reaction is taking place.	 Use special reagents. Adjust the method (increase/decrease the temperature, external extraction). See technical literature.
	The pH value is no longer in the optimum range.	Add buffer, see technical literature.
The titration will not be finished.	The titration cell is leaking.	 Check the seals and the septum. Replace if necessary. Replace the molecular sieve.
	The minimum increment is too low.	Define Titration rate = user and increase the minimum volume increment (Min. incre-ment) (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278).
	The stop criterion is unsuitable.	Adjust the control parameters (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278):
		Increase the stop drift.Select a short delay time.
	See also: The drift becomes greater after each titration.	
The sample is over- titrated.	The increments at the end of the titration are too high.	 Define Titration rate = user and reduce the dosing rate (Max. rate) (see chapter 29.1.2, page 278). The following experiment provides a clue for the optimum dosing rate: During condi- tioning, display the drift and add sample without starting the titration. Select a value below the highest drift as dosing rate.

Problem	Cause	Remedy
		 Stir faster.
	The amount of methanol in the working medium is too low.	 Replace the working medium. Reduce the amount of solubility promoter, if working with solvent mixtures, see technical literature.
	The electrode may be cov- ered.	Wipe off the electrode with ethanol or a suit- able solvent.
The solution becomes darker		Replace the working medium.
after each titration.	The electrode may be cov- ered.	Wipe off the electrode with ethanol or a suit- able solvent.
	The electrode has a short circuit.	 Check the Pt wires. Activate the electrode check.
The endpoint is reached too quickly.	The dosing rate outside the control range is too high.	Define Titration rate = user and reduce the dosing rate (Max. rate) (<i>see chapter 29.1.2, page 278</i>).
The titration times with volumetric titration are con- stantly longer.	The buffer capacity of the solvent can be exhausted for two-component reagents.	Replace the working medium.

32 Appendix

32.1 Dosing unit

32.1.1 Maximum dosing and filling rate

The maximum dosing rate and maximum filling rate for the dosing unit depend on the cylinder volume:

Cylinder volume	Maximum rate
2 mL	6.67 mL/min
5 mL	16.67 mL/min
10 mL	33.33 mL/min
20 mL	66.67 mL/min
50 mL	166.00 mL/min

Independent of the cylinder volume, values ranging from 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min can always be entered. When the function is carried out the rate will be, if necessary, decreased automatically to the highest possible value.

32.1.2 Default parameters for preparing (PREP) and emptying (EMPTY)

The **PREP** command is used to rinse and fill the cylinder and tubings of the dosing unit air bubble-free. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once per day.

The command **EMPTY** is used to empty the cylinders and the tubings of the dosing unit.

If no titrant is selected in the command, preparing and emptying will be carried out with the following default parameters:

- The entire cylinder volume is dosed at the maximum dosing rate through Port 1.
- The cylinder is filled at the maximum filling rate through Port 2.
- The following dimensions apply for the tubings:
 - Tubing at Port 1: length = 40.0 cm, diameter = 2 mm
 - Tubing at Port 2: length = 25.0 cm, diameter = 2 mm

32.2 Exchange unit

32.2.1 Maximum dosing and filling rate

The maximum dosing rate and maximum filling rate for the exchange unit depend on the cylinder volume:

Cylinder volume	Maximum rate
1 mL	3.00 mL/min
5 mL	15.00 mL/min
10 mL	30.00 mL/min
20 mL	60.00 mL/min
50 mL	150.00 mL/min

Independent of the cylinder volume, values ranging from 0.01 to 166.00 mL/min can always be entered. When the function is carried out the rate will be, if necessary, decreased automatically to the highest possible value.

32.2.2 Default parameters for preparing (PREP)

The **PREP** command is used to rinse and fill the cylinder and tubings of the exchange unit air bubble-free. You should carry out this function before the first determination or once per day.

If no titrant is selected in the command, preparing will be carried out with the following default parameters:

- The entire cylinder volume is dosed twice at the maximum dosing rate.
- The cylinder is filled at the maximum filling rate.

32.3 Stirring rate

The stirring rate can be adjusted in steps from -15 to +15.

The approximate rotational speed for the internal magnetic stirrer (depends on the product version) can be calculated with the following formula:

Rotational speed/min (r/min) = $125 \cdot \text{Stirring rate}$

Example:

Configured stirring rate: 8

Rotational speed in revolutions per minutes = $125 \cdot 8 = 1,000$



Figure 16 Rotational speed depending on the stirring rate

The information on the separately connectable 802 propeller stirrer can be found in the "802 Stirrer" manual.

32.4 Balance

The sample size and the associated unit can be sent from a connected balance. The sample size is transmitted as a number with up to ten characters (including algebraic sign and decimal point).

Sample size and unit are sent as a single character string. They are separated by a space character. The string is terminated with the ASCII characters **CR** and **LF**.

If the balance sends a negative sample size (e.g. when you are reweighing a sample), then the algebraic sign is adopted. The algebraic sign is, however, ignored for the calculations.



NOTICE

With some balances, the sample identification and the method can be sent in addition to the sample size.

Make sure that the balance does not send the sample size until the end.

Mettler AX

For the Mettler AX balance, the fields that contain the sample identification or the method must be designated as follows:

- Designation for the field with the method name: **METHOD**
- Designation for the field with sample identification 1: ID1
- Designation for the field with sample identification 2: ID2

32.5 Result variables as parameter setting

For most of the numerical parameters, the result of a calculation can also be utilized in place of a number. This result must be calculated in a preceding calculation command (command **CALC**). A typical application is the use of a relative start volume.

The following example is used to explain how this method is used to define a sample size-dependent start volume for a titration. Proceed as follows:

1 Create a new calculation

- Insert the calculation command **CALC** in front of the titration command.
- Enter the calculation formula, e.g. R1 = C00*3.

Edit	Edit command / Edit calculation				
01	CALC	Ca	alculation		
	Result na	me	Rel	ative start volu	ıme
	Calc. formula R1			C00*3	
	Decimal places		3		
Result unit		mL			
	Note Result variable			Result limits	Result options

2 Define a result variable as parameter setting

• In the titration command, enter the variable **R1** as the start volume.

Edit	command /	Start conditions		
03	KFT Ipol	Karl F	Fischer titration Ipol	
		Pause 1	3	s
		Start volume	R1	mL
		Dosing rate	maximum	mL/min
		Pause 2	0	s
				Initial meas. value

The selection of the result variables is displayed in the number editor.



If the method before the command with the result variables applied contains more than one calculation commands (possibly with result variables bearing the same name), then the result variable of the preceding calculation command will always be used.

Please note that the result must be within the input range of the parameter, as otherwise the determination run will be stopped when the parameter is accessed.

32.6 Using AuditTrailViewer

When you work in accordance with the *FDA Guidance 21 CFR Part 11*, logs with detailed user activities (Audit Trail) are important. The *AuditTrailViewer* supports you in your efforts to compile, filter and export logs of this type as TXT files.

First you must install the *AuditTrailViewer* on your PC. Afterwards, you must create a backup of your Ti-Touch *(see chapter 12.3, page 129)*. The Audit Trail is generated automatically when you create the backup. The file name of the Audit Trail is **log.madt**. In the following you will find detailed information about how you must proceed.

32.6.1 Installing AuditTrailViewer

You will find the file for installing the *AuditTrailViewer* on the USB flash drive provided.

	915 AuditTrailViewer ———— 💮 SetupAuditTrailViewer 🚛 exe Documentation MetrohmTools
Proc	eed as follows:
1	Double-click on the file SetupAuditTrailViewer 1.2.2.exe.
	The dialog Welcome to the AuditTrailViewer Setup Wizard is displayed.
2	Click on [Next >] .
	The License Agreement dialog is displayed.
3	Click on [I Agree] to accept the contractual conditions.
	The Choose Install Location dialog is displayed. A memory location for the <i>AuditTrailViewer</i> is suggested in this dialog.
4	If you accept the suggested memory location, click on [Next >].
	or
	Select a different memory location and click on [Next >] .
	The Confirm Installation dialog is displayed.
5	Click on [Install] to install the AuditTrailViewer.
	As soon as the installation is completed, the dialog Installation Complete is displayed.
6	Click on [Next >] .
	The dialog Completing the AuditTrailViewer Setup Wizard is displayed.
7	If the <i>AuditTrailViewer</i> should not be started immediately, deactivate the check box Run AuditTrailViewer .
8	Click on [Finish] .

If the preceding instruction step has been skipped, then the *AuditTrailViewer* will start.

32.6.2 Opening the Audit Trail

Create a backup of the data and of the settings of your Ti-Touch (see chapter 12.3, page 129).



Open the file **log.madt** with the *AuditTrailViewer*.

File	File Filter Info						
8		ð 🍞	7				
No.		Date		User	Category	Action	Details
		2011-10-31 11:30:2		Johnson	Method	New	01 Dynamic Titration pH
	i	2011-10-31 11:30:3	34	Johnson	Method	Delete command	New method V0 03 REPORT
	i	2011-10-31 11:30:4	10	Johnson	Method	Edit	New method V0 01 DET pH Stirrer off
	i	2011-10-31 11:30:4	13	Johnson	Method	Edit	New method V0 01 DET pH Titrant not defined
	i	2011-10-31 11:30:4	13	Johnson	Method	Edit	New method V0 01 DET pH Titrant
	i	2011-10-31 11:30:4	18	Johnson	Method	Load result template	New method V0 Content (g/L)
	i	2011-10-31 11:30:5	52	Johnson	Method	Edit	New method V0 Calc. formula EP1*CONC*TITER*3/C00
	•	2011-10-31 11:31:0)8	Johnson	System	Message	003-908 Number of autostarts Yes/OK
	H	2011-10-31 11:31:1	4	Johnson	Method	Start	Start key pressed
0	i	2011-10-31 11:31:1	5	Johnson	Method	Start	New method V0 1.0 g
1	⚠	2011-10-31 11:31:2	28	Johnson	Method	Manual stop	New method V0
2	Δ	2011-10-31 11:31:3	36	Johnson	System	Message	002-907 Method modified Yes/OK
3	H	2011-10-31 11:31:3	36	Johnson	Security	Logout	
4	•	2011-10-31 11:31:5	55	Meier	Security	Login message	Wrong password
5	Δ	2011-10-31 11:31:6	57	Johnson	System	Message	002-102 Wrong password Yes/OK
6	H	2011-10-31 11:31:5	58	Meier	Security	Log in	
7	H	2011-10-31 11:32:2	27	Meier	Method	Load	KFT 2 V1 Internal memory
8	H	2011-10-31 11:32:3	32	Meier	Security	Logout	
9	•	2011-10-31 11:32:4	15	Meier	Security	Login message	Wrong password
0	۸	2011-10-31 11:32:4	17	Meier	System	Message	002-102 Wrong password Yes/OK
1	Δ	2011-10-31 11:33:0)1	Meier	Security	Change password	
2	•	2011-10-31 11:33:0)3	Meier	Security	Login message	Wrong password
3	۸	2011-10-31 11:33:0)5	Meier	System	Message	002-102 Wrong password Yes/OK
4	H	2011-10-31 11:33:0)8	Meier	Security	Log in	
5	_	2011-10-31 11:33:1		Meier	Method	Start	Start key pressed
6	-	2011-10-31 11:33:1		Meier	Method	Start	KFT 2 V1 1.0 g
7	•	2011-10-31 11:33:1	4	Meier	System	Message	009-111 Stirrer missing Yes/OK
8	-	2011-10-31 11:33:1		Meier	Security	Logout	-
9		2011-10-31 11:33:2		Chang	Security	Log in	
0		2011-10-31 11:33:3		Chang	Method	New	01 Dynamic Titration pH
1	_	2011-10-31 11:33:3		Chang	Method	Delete command	New method V0 03 REPORT
2		2011-10-31 11:33:4		Chang	Method	Edit	New method V0 01 DET pH Start volume 5 mL
3		2011-10-31 11:33:4		Chang	Method	Load result template	New method V0 Content (α/L)
-					L		

AuditTrailViewer dialog window

32.6.3 Contents of the Audit Trail

In the following you will find a description of the dialog window and of the menu bar of the *AuditTrailViewer*.

Table 11Dialog window

Column	Content
No.	Each entry is numbered in sequence.

Column C	ontent		
Symbol C	lassification of the entry:		
•	Actions that are neither relevant to safety nor alter the determination data.		
Date P	Precise time of the event.		
User U	User who triggered the action.		
Category	Category to which the entry belongs.		
Action D	Designation of the action.		
Details D	etails of the action.		
Menu bar			
🖨 Print	Print Audit Trail.		
	An Audit Trail can be printed by means of the 🖨 symbol.		
🕄 Update	Update view.		
	The list is updated automatically only at the time the dialog window is opened.		
yuick filter	Filter the Audit Trail.		
Show all Display all entries once again.			

32.6.4 Filtering the Audit Trail

The entries in the Audit Trail can be filtered. You can set the following filter criteria:

- Date
- User
- Category
- Action

Proceed as follows:

1 Click in a cell that contains the desired filter criterion (e.g. **Category** = **Method**).

2 Click on the $\overline{\mathbb{Y}}$ icon or the menu item Filter \blacktriangleright Quick filter.

The only entries which will be displayed are those which correspond to the desired filter criterion.

³ Click on the [™] icon or the menu item **Filter ► Show all**.

All of the entries are displayed once again.

32.6.5 Exporting the Audit Trail

You can export the Audit Trail as .txt file. This way, the Audit Trail can be archived and is available as required for inspections.

Proceed as follows:

- 1 Use the menu item **File** ► **Export** to open the dialog window for the export.
- 2 Enter the path and file name with the extension **.txt**.
- 3 Click on [Open] and then on [Export].

The Audit Trail is exported.

32.7 Diagnosis

System ► Diagnosis

The electronic and mechanical functional groups of Metrohm instruments can and should be checked by specialist personnel from Metrohm as part of a regular maintenance schedule. Please ask your local Metrohm representative regarding the precise terms and conditions involved in concluding a corresponding maintenance agreement.

The following functions are available:

- LCD test Check the display for faulty pixels (see chapter 32.7.1, page 365).
- Format storage medium Format the external storage medium (see chapter 32.7.2, page 365).
- **Remove storage medium** Remove the external storage medium safely (*see chapter 32.7.3, page 366*).
- Touch adjustment Adjust the touch-sensitive screen (see chapter 32.7.4, page 366).

Touch screen test

Test the function of the touch-sensitive screen (*see chapter 32.7.5, page 367*).

Software update

Update the software of Ti-Touch and of the control instruments (see chapter 32.7.6, page 368).

Service

Special functions for the service technician (see chapter 32.7.7, page 371).

32.7.1 LCD test

System ► Diagnosis ► LCD test

You can use the LCD test to check the display for faulty pixels. To do this, various test images are displayed one after the other.



NOTICE

The [\triangleleft] fixed key is used to display the preceding test picture; the test can be stopped at any time with the [] fixed key.

Proceed as follows:

1 • Tap on **[LCD test]**.

The entire display turns white.

- **2** Check the display for pixel errors and other irregularities.
 - Continue the test with [\triangleright].

Other colors and patterns will be displayed one after the other.

- **3** Repeat step 2 until the **System / Diagnosis** dialog is displayed again.
- 4 Contact your Metrohm representative in the event of faults or irregularities.

32.7.2 Formatting an external storage medium

System ► Diagnosis ► Format storage medium

With this function, you have the option of formatting an external storage medium directly on the 915 KF Ti-Touch (quick formatting).

The following file systems can be selected:

• FAT

•	FAT32
•	ExFAT



CAUTION

If you format the storage medium with the **ExFAT** file system, it is possible that it will no longer be recognized by a PC. Read the pertinent information from Microsoft Support at *http://support.microsoft.com*.

Do not use this file system unless you need to be able to save more than 999 files in a single group.

32.7.3 Removing an external storage medium

System ► Diagnosis ► Remove storage medium

As long as the stored data is not being accessed (reading/saving data), you can plug in and disconnect the storage medium without difficulty at any time. The **[Remove storage medium]** function offers additional protection. This ensures that the storage medium cannot be removed while any data is being transferred.

32.7.4 Adjusting the touch screen

System ► Diagnosis ► Touch adjustment

With time the touch-sensitive screen may not register touches at their precise position. You can readjust the screen in this dialog.

Proceed as follows:

- 1 In the main dialog, tap on **[System]**.
- 2 Tap on [Diagnosis].
- 3 Tap on [Touch adjustment].

A message in English and a cross hair will appear in the center of the screen.

- **4** Touch a stylus (a special pen-shaped instrument for operating devices with touch screens) to the center of the cross hair and maintain this position until the cross hair moves to a new position on the screen.
- **5** Repeat this process as long as the cross hair continues to be repositioned on the screen.

A message in English will appear.

6 Tap at any location on the screen to confirm the adjustment.

7 Press $[\widehat{\ }]$ to finish the adjustment.

32.7.5 Testing the touch screen

System ► Diagnosis ► Touch screen test

You can use this test to check the function of the touch-sensitive monitor screen.

A calibration is not possible with this test. If the Touch screen does not work correctly anymore, it will need to be replaced. For that please contact your Metrohm representative.



You can use the [$\widehat{\mathbf{m}}$] fixed key to stop the test at any time.

Proceed as follows:

1 Tap on [Touch screen test].

A red square is displayed at the upper left.

2 Tap on the square as close to the center as possible.

The actual detected point of contact will be displayed by a cross hair, and the deviation from the center will also be displayed on the lower edge of the image.

The next red square will also be displayed.

1/-1
17-1

- 3 Repeat step 2 until all of the areas in the display have been tested.A list with fixed keys will appear.
- 4 Tap on all of the fixed keys one after the other in any sequence.

The result is displayed in each case with a short information text, e.g. **[Print] key OK**.

5 Finish Touch screen test with $[\widehat{\ }]$.

32.7.6 Software update (loading program versions and language files) System ► Diagnosis ► Software update

New program versions or language files can be loaded from an external storage medium (e.g. USB flash drive). The corresponding files must be stored on the storage medium in the **915/SwUpdates** directory (*see* "*Directory structure*", *page 128*).



NOTICE

If you wish to update a connected Sample Processor together with the Ti-Touch, then do not fail to update the control software of the Ti-Touch first and then afterwards the device program (firmware) of the Sample Processor.



NOTICE

The memory will be reformatted when updating from software version 5.915.0043.

Before carrying out the software update, make a backup in order to save your data and the system settings (see chapter 12.3, page 129).

Use a separate USB flash drive for the software update. It must be removed from the instrument after the successful software update.

Program files

The files are instrument-specific. The file names are structured as follows:

• Control software for 915 KF Ti-Touch:

5XXXyyyy.BIN 5XXXyyyy.MBIN

- XXX = instrument type (i.e. "915" for the 915 KF Ti-Touch)
- yyyy = program version

- Firmware of the control instrument: 5XXXyyyy.BIN
 - XXX = instrument type (e.g. 814 for the 814 USB Sample Processor)
 - yyyy = program version

Language files

Language files may have the following content:

- one or more additional dialog languages
- the online help for one or more additional dialog languages
- supplements for existing dialog languages/online help documents

They can be recognized by means of the two-digit language code in the file name. The file name has the following structure:

5XXXyZZZML.BIN

5XXXyZZZML.MBIN

- XXX = instrument type (i.e. "915" for the 915 KF Ti-Touch)
- y = version number of the language package
- ZZZ = program version

32.7.6.1 Carrying out a software update



CAUTION

Make sure that the power supply is guaranteed during the entire update process. Otherwise there is the chance that the instrument will no longer be able to be switched on and that it will need to be sent in for repair.



NOTICE

Make sure that no USB/RS-232 adapter is connected!

Proceed as follows:

1 Copying files to an external storage medium



NOTICE

In the case of the program versions and language files for the Ti-Touch, it is imperative that both the BIN file and the associated MBIN file be copied.

- Copy the files to the "SwUpdates" directory.
- Copy also the "MetrohmTools" folder with the "MUpdate-Tool.exe" file to the external storage medium.
 Make sure that the file is stored at the top level of the external storage medium. This also applies to the "915" folder.



For the software update from version 5.915.0043, an additional folder that is on the same level as Metrohm-Tools with the name SRVPRF900 containing the file St900_SrPrf.cfg is required

If this structure is not maintained, then the files will not be found, because the directories are accessed directly during the update process.

• Plug in the external storage medium at the Ti-Touch.

2 Opening the update dialog

Under System ► Diagnosis, tap on the button Software update.

3 Selecting the instrument

 Tap on the **Control device** list box and select the instrument to be updated.

4 Selecting the file

- Tap on the **Binary file** list box. The selection list with the BIN files saved in the "SwUpdates" directory is opened.
- Select the required file.
- Tap on [Select].
- Update of the Ti-Touch: Continue with Step 5. Update of the Sample Processor: Continue with Step 6.

5 Starting the update (915 KF Ti-Touch)

- Tap on the **[Start]** button (NOT on the **[** ▷ **]** fixed key).
- The message **023-102 Program update** is displayed.
- Confirm the message with [Yes]. The update process is started, it runs automatically. The device is automatically switched off and back on during this process, possibly several times. No user intervention is required.
- After successfully updating the software, remove the external storage medium (USB flash drive) from the instrument.

6 Starting the update (control instruments)

- Tap on the [Start] button (NOT on the [▷] fixed key).
 If Result = No errors is displayed, then the update has been successful.
- Remove the external storage medium (USB flash drive) from the instrument.
- Switch the 915 KF Ti-Touch off and then back on again.

32.7.7 Service

System ► Diagnosis ► Service

Access to the service functions is password-protected and only accessible to Metrohm service technicians. We recommend that you have maintenance performed on the system regularly by the Metrohm Service Department. You can automatically monitor the time interval after which the next service visit is due *(see chapter 13.5.1, page 141)*.

33 Technical specifications

33.1 Touch screen

VGA color display (640 pixels x 320 pixels), diagonal approx. 5.7"

Touch panel resistive

Resistance to chemicals

Display

- resistant to the following chemicals (no visible changes after 24 h of duration of action):
- without protective cover:
 - Methanol
 - Toluene
 - Ethyl acetate
 - Acetone
 - Dichloromethane
 - Hydrochloric acid c(HCl) = 2 mol/L
- with protective cover (order number 6.2723.300):
 - Methanol
 - Propanol
 - Toluene
 - Xylene
 - Acetone
 - Chloroform
 - Formamide
 - Sulfuric acid $c(H_2SO_4) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$
 - Hydrochloric acid c(HCI) = 2 mol/L
 - Caustic soda c(NaOH) = 2 mol/L
 - Composite 5
 - 1-butanol
 - 1-hexanol
 - Decanol

Measuring inputs 33.2

The measuring cycle is 100 ms for all measuring modes.

33.2.1 Polarizer

	One measuring input (Pol.) for polarizable electrodes.
Measuring mode Ipol	Determination with adjustable polarization current.
Polarization cur- rent	-120 to +120 μ A (increment: 1 μ A) -125 to -121 μ A / +121 to +125 μ A: non-guaranteed values, dependent on reference voltage +2.5 V
Measuring range	-1200 to +1200 mV
Resolution	0.1 mV
Measuring accuracy	±0.2 mV (±1 digit, without sensor error, under reference conditions)
Measuring mode Upol	Determination with adjustable polarization voltage.
Polarization voltage	-1200 to +1200 mV (increment: 10 mV) -1250 to -1210 mV / +1210 to +1250 mV: non-guaranteed values, dependent on reference voltage +2.5 V
Measuring range	-120 to +120 μA
Resolution	0.01 μΑ
Measuring accuracy	_

33.2.2 Temperature

A measuring input (Temp.) for temperature sensors of the Pt1000 or NTC type with automatic temperature compensation.

R (25 °C) and B value can be configured for NTC sensors.

Measuring range		
Pt1000	-150 to +250 °C	
NTC	−5 to +250 °C	
	(For an NTC sensor with R (25 °C) = 30'000 Ω and B (25/50) = 4'100 K)	
Resolution		
Pt1000	0.1 °C	
NTC	0.1 °C	

Measuring accu-	
racy	
Pt1000	±0.2 °C (Applies for measuring range –20 to +150 °C)
NTC	±0.6 °C (Applies for measuring range +10 to +40 °C)

33.3 Built-in magnetic stirrer

Rotational speed +(1700-1900) rpm

Maximum rota- tional speed	±(1700–1900) rpm
Rotational speed settings	±15 steps
Change in rota- tional speed per step	±(115–125) rpm
Power consump- tion	4 W
Fuse	Electronic overload protection

33.4 Pump

Add	> 600 mL/min (at 25 °C; standard accessories)
Aspirate	> 400 mL/min (at 25°C; standard accessories)

33.5 Interfaces

USB connector	Type A, for connecting USB devices.
MSB connector	For connecting dosing devices, stirrers or a Remote Box.
Ethernet connec- tor	For connection to a data network (LAN).

33.6 Power supply

Instrument	
Input voltage	24 V DC
Max. power consumption	2.0 A
External power supply unit	6.2164.010, LPS conformity according to UL60950-1
Input current	1.5 A
Max. output current	2.7 A

33.7 Declarations of Conformity

Up-to-date information on the *EU conformity* and the *requirements for electromagnetic compatibility* for your product can be found on the Internet under *https://www.metrohm.com/en-us/products-overview/*.

Using the article number, you can download the *Declaration of conformity for* ... under the documents of the product.

33.8 Ambient temperature

Nominal function	+5 to +45 °C
range	at max. 80% relative humidity, non-condensing
Storage	+5 to +45 °C

33.9 Reference conditions

Ambient tempera- ture	+25 °C (±3 °C)
Relative humidity	≤ 60%
Operating temper- ature status	Instrument in operation at least 30 min
Validity of the data	After adjustment

33.10 Dimensions

Width	193 mm
Height	
without support rod	135 mm
with support rod	430 mm
Depth	438 mm
Weight (including power supply unit)	5650 g
Material	
Housing	Poly(butylene terephthalate) (PBT)
Base	Steel, stainless, coated

33.11 Storage capacity

Random access memory	128 MB
Internal memory	1 GB of which 900 MB available.
Required memory	3–6 KB
per method	

34 Accessories

Up-to-date information on the scope of delivery and optional accessories for your product can be found on the Internet. You can download this information using the article number as follows:

Downloading the accessories list

together with the manual for reference purposes.

1	Enter https://www.metrohm.com/ into your Internet browser.	
2	Enter the article number (e.g. 915) into the search field. The search result is displayed.	
3	Click on the product.	
	Detailed information regarding the product is shown on various tabs.	
4	On the Included parts tab, click on Download the PDF .	
	The PDF file with the accessories data is created.	
I NOTICE		
Once you have received your new product, we recommend download- ing the accessories list from the Internet, printing it out and keeping it		

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